SVM

October 5, 2020

Coding Assignment 6

SVM

Dataset: Pima Indians Diabetes Database

Author: Sreejith S

Dataset: https://www.kaggle.com/uciml/pima-indians-diabetes-database

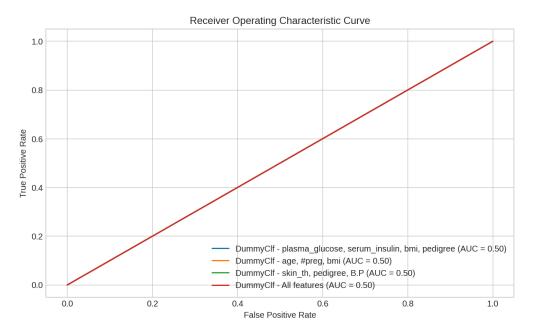
```
[21]: import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import pandas as pd
      %reload_ext autoreload
      %matplotlib inline
      %autoreload 2
      %config InlineBackend.figure_format = 'retina'
      #classifiers
      from sklearn.dummy import DummyClassifier
      from sklearn import svm
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      #evaluation metrics
      from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix, confusion_matrix,_
       →ConfusionMatrixDisplay
      from sklearn.metrics import plot_roc_curve, roc_curve, roc_auc_score
      from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
      from sklearn.metrics import plot_precision_recall_curve, precision_recall_curve,
       →precision_score, recall_score
      from sklearn.metrics import matthews_corrcoef, average_precision_score
      #plotting utils
      from utils import plot_table, plot_confusion
```

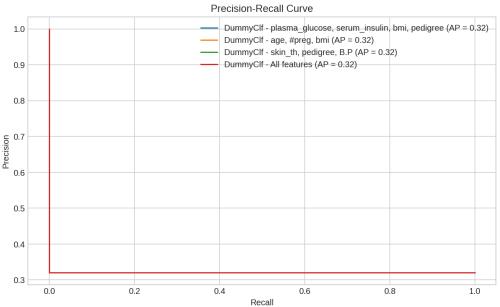
```
[40]: #set pd display options
      pd.set_option('display.max_columns', 10)
      pd.set_option('display.width', 80)
      # Importing the dataset
      dataset = pd.read_csv('../datasets/pima-indians-diabetes.csv')
      #selecting features
      f_best = ['plasma_glucose', 'serum_insulin', 'bmi', 'diab_pedigree']
      f_a = ['age', 'pregnant', 'bmi']
      f_b = ['skin_thickness', 'diab_pedigree', 'dia_BP']
      f_all = ['pregnant', 'plasma_glucose', 'dia_BP', 'skin_thickness', __
      def test_model(classifiers, feature_sets, short_titles, titles):
         Arguments:
             classifiers - list of classifiers
             feature_sets - list of featuresets to be used
         y = dataset[['Diab']].values.ravel()
         confusion_matrices = []
         eval_metrics_list = []
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 20))
         plt.style.use("seaborn-whitegrid")
         ax_roc = fig.add_subplot(3, 1, 1)
         ax_roc.set_title("Receiver Operating Characteristic Curve")
         ax_pre = fig.add_subplot(3, 1, 2)
         ax_pre.set_title("Precision-Recall Curve")
         ax_table = fig.add_subplot(3, 1, 3)
         ax_table.set_title("Evaluation Metrices")
         for i, (clf, feature) in enumerate(zip(classifiers, feature_sets)):
             X = dataset[feature]
             X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3,
                                                              random state=0)
             clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
             y_preds = clf.predict(X_test)
             y_proba = clf.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
             plot_roc_curve(clf, X_test, y_test, ax=ax_roc, name=titles[i])
```

```
plot_precision_recall_curve(clf, X_test, y_test, ax=ax_pre,_
→name=titles[i])
      confusion_matrices.append(confusion_matrix(y_test, y_preds))
      eval_metrics = [clf.score(X_test, y_test),
                      precision_score(y_test, y_preds, zero_division=0),
                      recall_score(y_test, y_preds),
                      f1_score(y_test, y_preds),
                      matthews_corrcoef(y_test, y_preds),
                      roc_auc_score(y_test, y_proba),
                      average_precision_score(y_test, y_proba)]
      eval_metrics = [f"{i:.2f}" for i in eval_metrics]
      eval_metrics_list.append(eval_metrics)
  ax pre.legend(loc='upper right')
  plot_table(eval_metrics_list, ax_table, short_titles)
  plot_confusion(confusion_matrices, short_titles)
  plt.show()
```

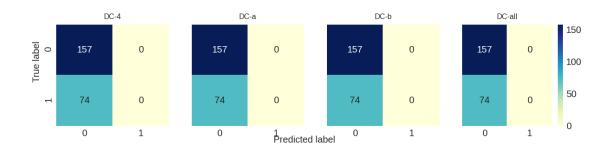
6.1. [1 marks] Create a dummy classifier (see model evaluation video from AnacondaCon), fit it using the three featuresets (a) all features, (b) Only age, pregnant, bmi and (c) only skin_thickness, diab_pedigree, and dia_BP as the input features.

Evaluate each of these above models using the metrics of precision, recall, F1-score, and AUROC (area under receiver operating characteristics).



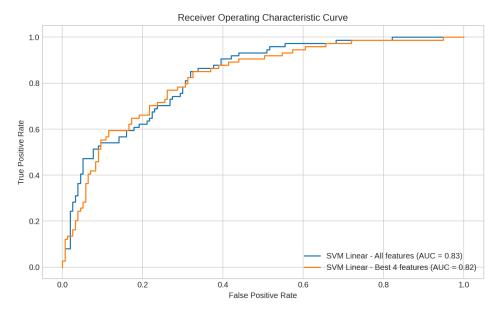


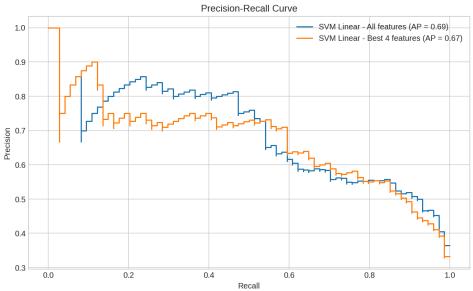
	Score	Precison	Recall	F1 Score	MCC	AUROC	Avg. Precision
DC-4	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.32
DC-a	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.32
DC-b	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.32
DC-all	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.32



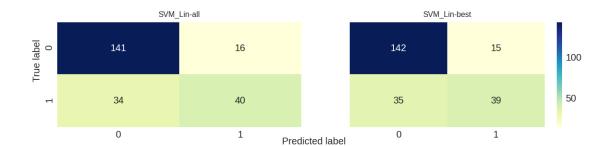
6.2. [3 marks] Write the code to build an SVM classification model with linear kernel. Use training data to fit and test data to evaluate. For this question, build the model using all features.

Evaluate the SVM model that you have created using the metrics of precision, recall, F1-score, and AUROC (area under receiver operating characteristics), and tabulate the results below.





	Score	Precison	Recall	F1 Score	MCC	AUROC	Avg. Precision
SVM_Lin-all	0.78	0.71	0.54	0.62	0.48	0.83	0.69
SVM_Lin-best	0.78	0.72	0.53	0.61	0.48	0.82	0.67

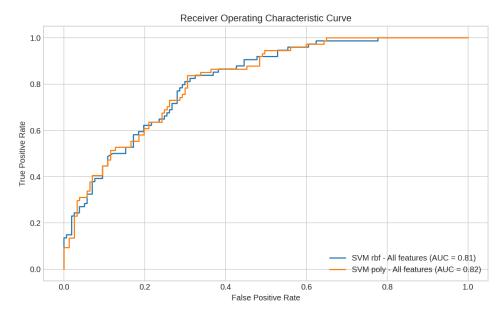


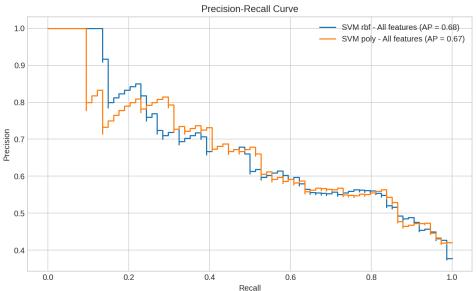
6.3. [2 marks] Write code to build SVM classification models with 'rbf' kernel and 'poly' kernel. Use training data to fit and test data to evaluate. For this question, build the model using all features. Evaluate the SVM model that you have created using the metrics of precision, recall, F1-score, and AUROC (area under receiver operating characteristics), and tabulate the results below.

```
[26]: short_titles = ["SVM_rbf-all", "SVM_poly-all"]
  titles = ["SVM rbf - All features", "SVM poly - All features"]
  feature_sets = [f_all, f_all]

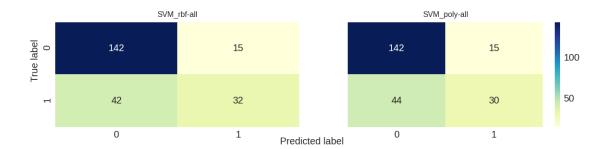
svm_clf_rbf = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', probability=True)
  svm_clf_poly = svm.SVC(kernel='poly', probability=True)

classifiers = [svm_clf_rbf, svm_clf_poly]
  test_model(classifiers, feature_sets, short_titles, titles)
```





	Score	Precison	Recall	F1 Score	MCC	AUROC	Avg. Precision
SVM_rbf-all	0.75	0.68	0.43	0.53	0.39	0.81	0.68
SVM_poly-all	0.74	0.67	0.41	0.50	0.37	0.82	0.67



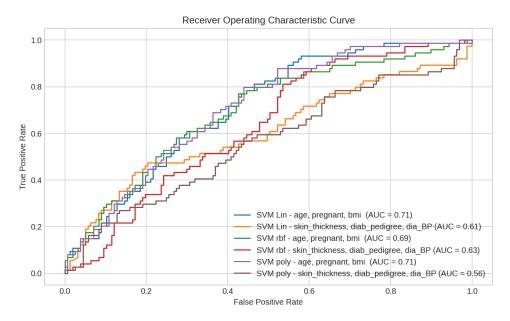
6.4. [3 marks] Write code to build SVM classification models with 'linear', 'rbf' and 'poly' kernels using input featuresets as: (a) Only age, pregnant, bmi and (b) only skin_thickness, diab_pedigree, and dia_BP. Use training data to fit and test data to evaluate. Evaluate the SVM model that you have created using the metrics of precision, recall, F1-score, and AUROC (area under receiver operating characteristics), and tabulate the results below.

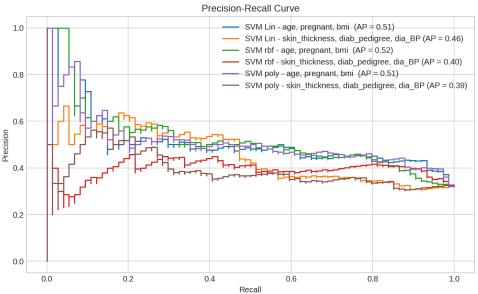
```
[39]: short_titles = ["SVM_lin-a", "SVM_lin-b", "SVM_rbf-a", "SVM_rbf-b",

¬"SVM_poly-a", "SVM_poly-b"]
      titles = ["SVM Lin - age, pregnant, bmi ", "SVM Lin - skin_thickness, u
       →diab_pedigree, dia_BP",
                "SVM rbf - age, pregnant, bmi ", "SVM rbf - skin_thickness, u

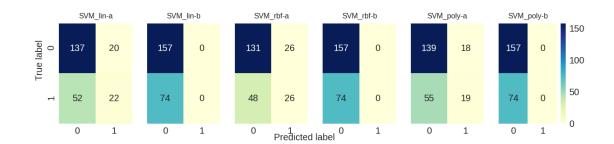
→diab_pedigree, dia_BP",
                "SVM poly - age, pregnant, bmi ", "SVM poly - skin_thickness, _

→diab_pedigree, dia_BP"]
      feature_sets = [f_a, f_b,
                      f_a, f_b,
                      f_a, f_b]
      svm_clf_lin = svm.SVC(kernel='linear', probability=True)
      svm_clf_rbf = svm.SVC(kernel='rbf', probability=True)
      svm_clf_poly = svm.SVC(kernel='poly', probability=True)
      classifiers = [svm_clf_lin, svm_clf_lin, svm_clf_rbf, svm_clf_rbf, svm_clf_poly,_
       →svm_clf_poly]
      test_model(classifiers, feature_sets, short_titles, titles)
```





	Score	Precison	Recall	F1 Score	MCC	AUROC	Avg. Precision
SVM_lin-a	0.69	0.52	0.30	0.38	0.21	0.71	0.51
SVM_lin-b	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.46
SVM_rbf-a	0.68	0.50	0.35	0.41	0.21	0.69	0.52
SVM_rbf-b	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.40
SVM_poly-a	0.68	0.51	0.26	0.34	0.18	0.71	0.51
SVM_poly-b	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.39



- 6.5. [1 mark] According to your analysis, answer the following with proper reasoning.
- 1. Which SVM classification model kernel performed the best in the classification task? rbf kernel performed marginally better than linear kernel when considering recall and F1_score, while linear has better precision.
- **2.** Did any SVM model perform as bad as the dummy classifier? All kernels using the feature set skin_thickness, diab_pedigree, dia_BP performed similar to the DummyClassifier even though when looking at the ROC it becomes clear that the this feature set performs better on average across all threshold values than the DummyClassifier.

The reason for precision=undefined & recall=0 when using features skin_thickness, diab_pedigree, dia_BP is most likely because $\theta^T f < 0$ and thus the predictions are always $\hat{y} = 0$, which is also evident from the confusion matrices.

3. Which featureset (full, (a), (b)) performed the best in the classification? The full featureset performed the best.

[]: