

Quiz 2.2: Nernst equation

Reversal potential

0 points possible (ungraded)

Using the Nernst equation, $E_{rev} = -\frac{KT}{ze} \log\left(\frac{C_{int}}{C_{ext}}\right)$, where $k = 1.4 \times 10^{-23} J/K$ is the Boltzmann constant, $T = 300K$ is the absolute temperature, $e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} C$ is the electron's charge, and z is the valence of the ion species.

1. Calculate the reversal potential for Na^+ , K^+ , and Ca^{2+} in mV assuming the following concentrations:

$C_{int}[K^+] = 140, C_{ext}[K^+] = 5$

$C_{int}[Na^+] = 10, C_{ext}[Na^+] = 145$

$C_{int}[Ca^{2+}] = 10^{-4}, C_{ext}[Ca^{2+}] = 1.5$

You should not worry about the exact value of these numbers. Numerical tolerance is considered.

$E_{rev}[K^+]=?$

-0.08747036839209908

✖ Answer: -83.0

−0.08747036839209908

$E_{rev}[Na^+]=?$

0.07019640204744637

✖ Answer: +66.0

0.07019640204744637

$E_{rev}[Ca^{2+}]=?$

0.09598601758056019

✖ Answer: +120.0

0.09598601758056019

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You have used 1 of 1 attempt

Answers are displayed within the problem

Temperature effect

0 points possible (ungraded)

2. What happens to the absolute value of the reversal potential if you change the temperature from 37 to 18.5 degree celsius?

☐ does not change

☐ increase a little bit

☒ decrease a little bit

☐ increase by factor 2

☐ decrease by factor 1/2



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