

6. Exercise: Chebyshev versus Markov

Exercise: Chebyshev versus Markov

1/2 points (graded)

Let \mathbf{X} be a random variable with zero mean and finite variance. The Markov inequality applied to $|\mathbf{X}|$ yields

$$\mathbf{P}(|\mathbf{X}| \geq a) \leq \frac{\mathbf{E}[|\mathbf{X}|]}{a},$$

whereas the Chebyshev inequality yields

$$\mathbf{P}(|\mathbf{X}| \geq a) \leq \frac{\mathbf{E}[\mathbf{X}^2]}{a^2}.$$

a) Is it true that the Chebyshev inequality is stronger (i.e., the upper bound is smaller) than the Markov inequality, when a is very large?

Yes ▼

✓ Answer: Yes

b) Is it true that the Chebyshev inequality is always stronger (i.e., the upper bound is smaller) than the Markov inequality?

Yes ▼

✗ Answer: No

Solution:

a) Yes, because for very large a , the term $1/a^2$ will be much smaller than $1/a$.

b) No. For example, suppose that $a = 1$. It is certainly possible to have $\mathbf{E}[\mathbf{X}^2] > \mathbf{E}[|\mathbf{X}|]$, in which case the Markov inequality provides a stronger bound.

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You have used 1 of 1 attempt