

## 5. True or False

### Problem 5. True or False

3/3 points (graded)

Determine whether each of the following statement is true (i.e., always true) or false (i.e., not always true).

1. Let  $X$  be a random variable that takes values between  $0$  and  $c$  only, for some  $c \geq 0$ , so that  $\mathbf{P}(0 \leq X \leq c) = 1$ . Then,  $\mathbf{Var}(X) \leq c^2/4$ .

True ▼

✓ Answer: True

2. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be continuous random variables. If  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  (i.e., normal with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ ),  $Y = aX + b$ , and  $a > 0$ , then  $Y \sim N(a\mu + b, a\sigma^2)$ .

False ▼

✓ Answer: False

3. The expected value of a non-negative continuous random variable  $X$ , which is defined by  $\mathbf{E}[X] = \int_0^\infty x f_X(x) dx$ , also satisfies  $\mathbf{E}[X] = \int_0^\infty \mathbf{P}(X > t) dt$ .

True ▼

✓ Answer: True

#### Solution:

1. The statement is true. Since  $0 \leq X \leq c$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{E}[X^2] &= \mathbf{E}[XX] \\ &\leq \mathbf{E}[cX] \\ &= c\mathbf{E}[X]. \end{aligned}$$

Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Var}(X) &= \mathbf{E}[X^2] - (\mathbf{E}[X])^2 \\ &\leq c\mathbf{E}[X] - (\mathbf{E}[X])^2 \\ &= c^2 \left( \frac{\mathbf{E}[X]}{c} \right) - c^2 \left( \frac{\mathbf{E}[X]}{c} \right)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= c^2 \left( \frac{\mathbf{E}[X]}{c} \left( 1 - \frac{\mathbf{E}[X]}{c} \right) \right) \\
&= c^2 [\alpha(1 - \alpha)] \\
&\leq c^2/4,
\end{aligned}$$

where  $\alpha = \mathbf{E}[X]/c$ . The last inequality is obtained by noticing that the function  $\alpha(1 - \alpha)$  is largest at  $\alpha = 1/2$ , where it takes a value of  $1/4$ .

2. The statement is false. The correct statement is:  $Y \sim N(a\mu + b, a^2\sigma^2)$ .
3. The statement is true. By changing the order of integration, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned}
\int_0^\infty \mathbf{P}(X > t) dt &= \int_0^\infty \int_t^\infty f_X(x) dx dt \\
&= \int_0^\infty \int_0^x f_X(x) dt dx \\
&= \int_0^\infty x f_X(x) dx \\
&= \mathbf{E}[X].
\end{aligned}$$

This result is analogous to the result for discrete random variables that was the subject of a Unit 4 solved problem.

提交

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

**i** Answers are displayed within the problem

讨论

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