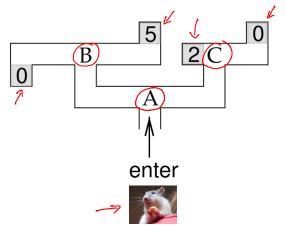


Example: Rat in a barn



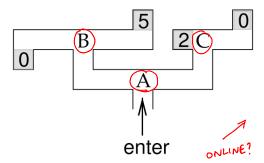
States = locations A, B, or C

Actions= L (go left) or R (go right)

If the rat chooses L or R at random (random "policy"), what is the expected reward (or "value") v for each state?

Image Source: Dayan & Abbott textbook

Policy Evaluation



For random policy:

$$v(B) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5 = \underline{2.5}$$

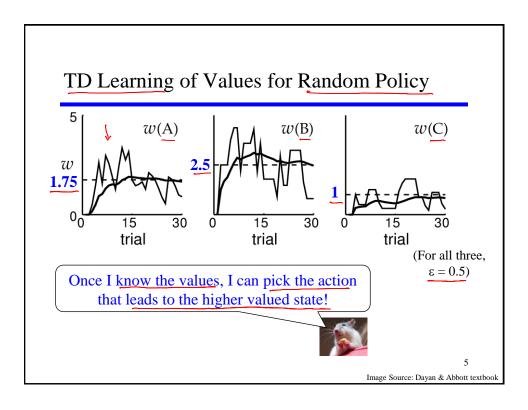
$$v(C) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 0 = 1$$

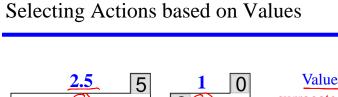
$$v(A) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot v(B) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot v(C) = 1.75$$

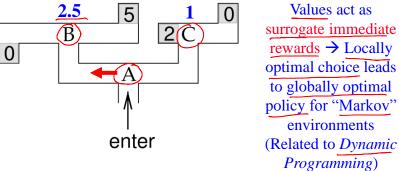
Let value of state uv(u) = weight w(u) Can learn value of states using TD learning:

$$\rightarrow$$
 $w(u) \leftarrow w(u) + \varepsilon [r(u) + v(u') - v(u)]$

(Location, action) \Rightarrow new location i.e., $(u,a) \Rightarrow u$







Putting it all together: **Actor-Critic Learning**

- Two separate components: Actor (selects action and maintains policy) and Critic (maintains value of each state)
- Critic Learning ("Policy Evaluation"):

Value of state u = v(u) = w(u)

$$w(u) \leftarrow w(u) + \varepsilon [r(u) + v(u') - v(u)]$$
 (same as TD rule)

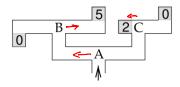
- Actor Learning ("Policy Improvement"):
 - $\underline{P(a;u)} = \frac{\exp(\beta Q_a(u))}{\sum_{b} \exp(\beta Q_b(u))}$ Softmax
 Probabilistically select an action a state.

For all actions *a*':

$$Q_{a'}(u) \leftarrow Q_{a'}(u) + \varepsilon [r(u) + v(u') - v(u)] (\delta_{aa'} - P(a'; u))$$

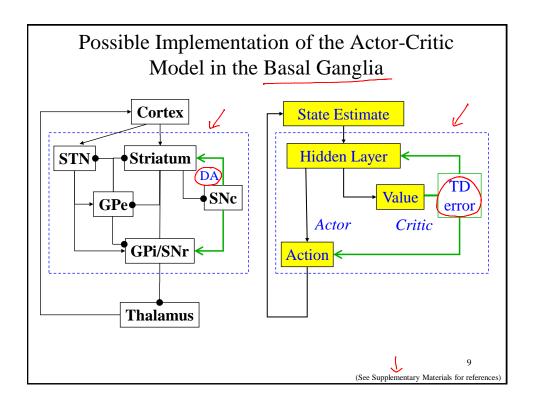
Repeat 1 and 2

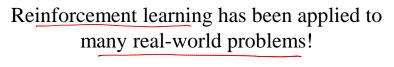
Actor-Critic Learning in our Barn Example



Probability of going Left at each location u = Bu = C50 50 100 50 100 100 trial trial trial

Image Source: Dayan & Abbott textbook





Example:

Autonomous Helicopter Flight

(learned from human demonstrations)



(Videos and papers at: http://heli.stanford.edu/)

