

13. Exercise: Erlang r.v.'s

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1/1 point (graded)

Let \mathbf{X} and \mathbf{Y} be independent Erlang random variables with common parameter λ and of order \mathbf{m} and \mathbf{n} , respectively. Is the random variable $\mathbf{X} + \mathbf{Y}$ Erlang? If yes, enter below its order in terms of \mathbf{m} and \mathbf{n} using standard notation. If not, enter 0.

✔ Answer: m+n

STANDARD NOTATION

Solution:

The random variable \mathbf{X} can be viewed as the sum of \mathbf{m} i.i.d. exponential random variables. Similarly, \mathbf{Y} can be viewed as the sum of \mathbf{n} i.i.d. exponential random variables. Furthermore, since \mathbf{X} and \mathbf{Y} are independent, we take these two collections of random variables to be independent. Thus, $\mathbf{X} + \mathbf{Y}$ can be interpreted as the sum of $\mathbf{m} + \mathbf{n}$ i.i.d. exponentials, and is Erlang of order $\mathbf{m} + \mathbf{n}$.

提交

你已经尝试了2次（总共可以尝试3次）

❗ Answers are displayed within the problem

讨论

显示讨论

主题: Unit 9 / Lec. 22 / 13. Exercise: Erlang r.v.'s