

## Week 7 – part 4 : Generalized Linear Model (GLM)



# Neuronal Dynamics: Computational Neuroscience of Single Neurons

## Week 7 – Optimizing Neuron Models For Coding and Decoding

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### ✓ 7.1 What is a good neuron model?

- Models and data

### ✓ 7.2 AdEx model

- Firing patterns and analysis

### ✓ 7.3 Spike Response Model (SRM)

- Integral formulation

### 7.4 Generalized Linear Model

- Adding noise to the SRM

### 7.5 Parameter Estimation

- Quadratic and convex optimization

### 7.6. Modeling in vitro data

- how long lasts the effect of a spike?

### 7.7. Helping Humans

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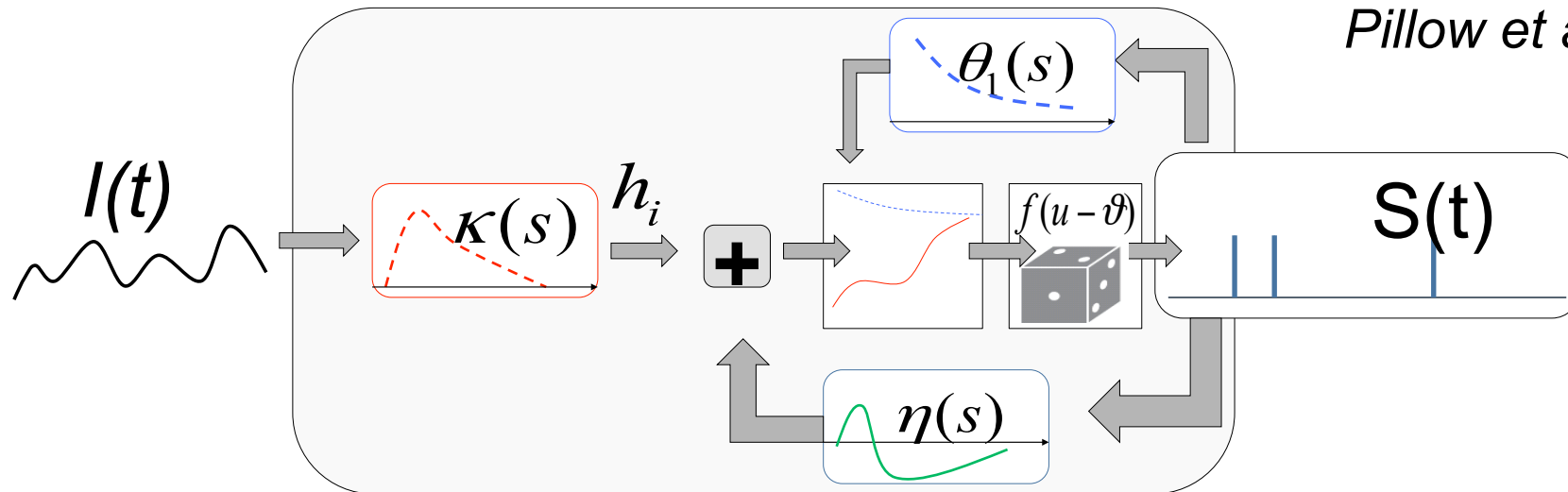
### 7.6. Modeling in vitro data

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### 7.7. Helping Humans

# Spike Response Model (SRM) Generalized Linear Model GLM

*Gerstner et al.,  
1992, 2000  
Truccolo et al., 2005  
Pillow et al. 2008*



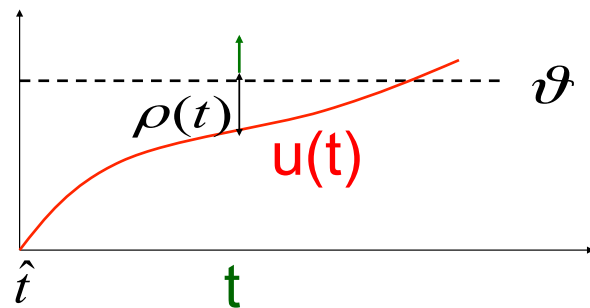
**potential**  $u(t) = \int \eta(s) S(t-s) ds + \int_0^\infty \kappa(s) I(t-s) ds + u_{rest}$

**threshold**  $v(t) = \theta_0 + \int \theta_1(s) S(t-s) ds$

**firing intensity**  $\rho(t) = f(u(t) - v(t))$

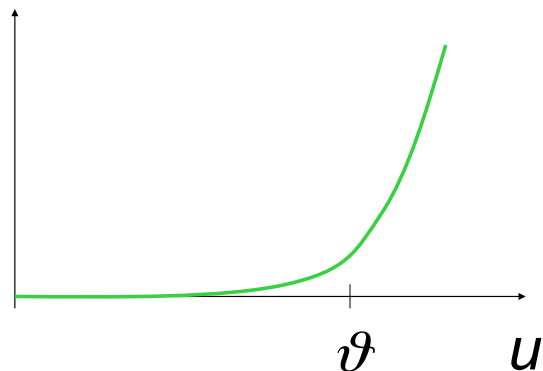
# Neuronal Dynamics – review from week 6: Escape noise

escape process



escape rate

$$\rho(t) = f(u(t) - \vartheta)$$



escape rate

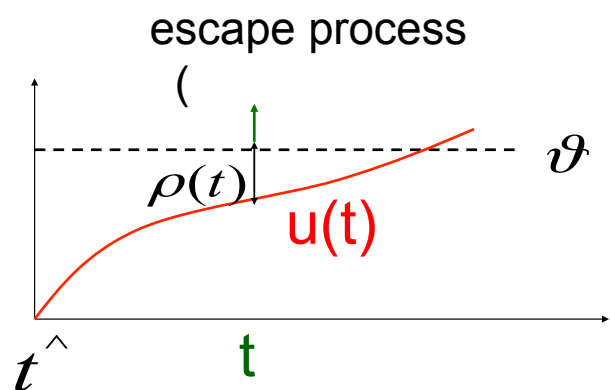
$$\rho(t) = \frac{1}{\Delta} \exp\left(\frac{u(t) - \vartheta}{\Delta}\right)$$

Example: leaky integrate-and-fire model

$$\tau \cdot \frac{d}{dt} u = -(u - u_{rest}) + RI(t)$$

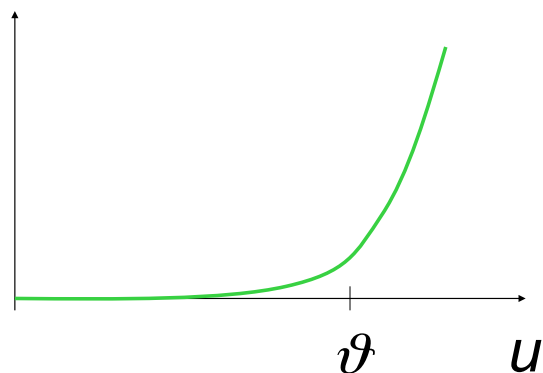
$$\text{if spike at } t^f \Rightarrow u(t^f + \delta) = u_r$$

# Neuronal Dynamics – review from week 6: Escape noise



escape rate

$$\rho(t) = f(u(t) - v(t))$$



Survivor function

$$\frac{d}{dt} S_I(t|\hat{t}) = -\rho(t) S_I(t|\hat{t})$$

$$S_I(t|\hat{t}) = \exp\left(-\int_{\hat{t}}^t \rho(t') dt'\right)$$


Interval distribution

$$P_I(t|\hat{t}) = \underbrace{\rho(t)}_{\text{escape rate}} \cdot \underbrace{\exp\left(-\int_{\hat{t}}^t \rho(t') dt'\right)}_{\text{Survivor function}}$$

Good choice

$$\rho(t) = f(u(t) - v(t)) = \rho_0 \exp\left[\frac{u(t) - v(t)}{\Delta u}\right]$$

## Neuronal Dynamics – 7.4 Likelihood of a spike train in GLMs

$$S(t) = \sum_f \delta(t - t^f)$$


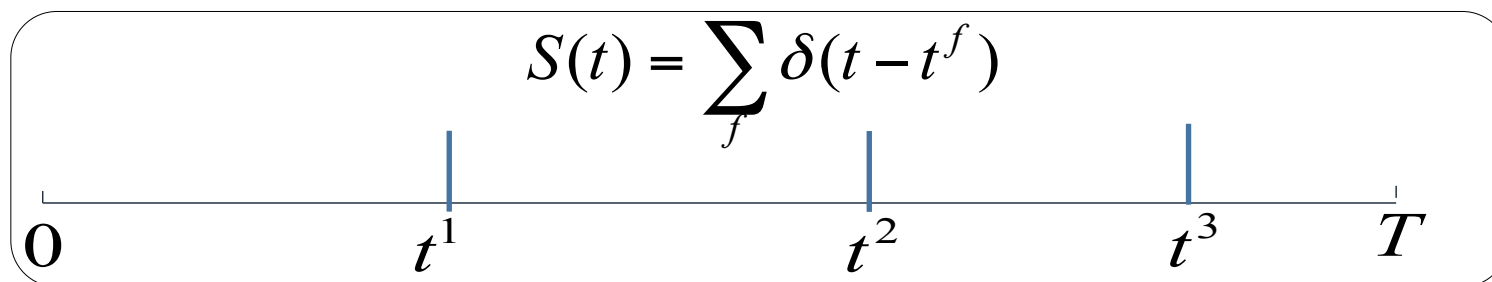
$$t^1, t^2, \dots, t^N$$

**Measured spike train with spike times**

Likelihood  $L$  that this spike train  
could have been generated by model?

$$L(t^1, \dots, t^N) = \exp\left(-\int_0^{t^1} \rho(t') dt'\right) \rho(t^1) \cdot \exp\left(-\int_{t^1}^{t^2} \rho(t') dt'\right) \dots$$

## Neuronal Dynamics – 7.4 Likelihood of a spike train

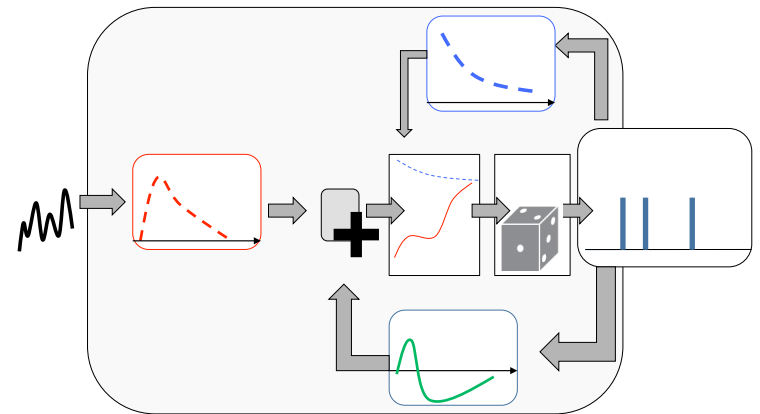


$$L(t^1, \dots, t^N) = \exp\left(-\int_0^{t^1} \rho(t') dt'\right) \rho(t^1) \cdot \exp\left(-\int_{t^1}^{t^2} \rho(t') dt'\right) \rho(t^2) \dots \exp\left(-\int_{t^N}^T \rho(t') dt'\right)$$

$$L(t^1, \dots, t^N) = \exp\left(-\int_0^T \rho(t') dt'\right) \prod_f \rho(t^f)$$

$$\log L(t^1, \dots, t^N) = -\int_0^T \rho(t') dt' + \sum_f \log \rho(t^f)$$

## Neuronal Dynamics – 7.4 SRM with escape noise = GLM



- linear filters
- escape rate
- likelihood of observed spike train

→parameter optimization of neuron model