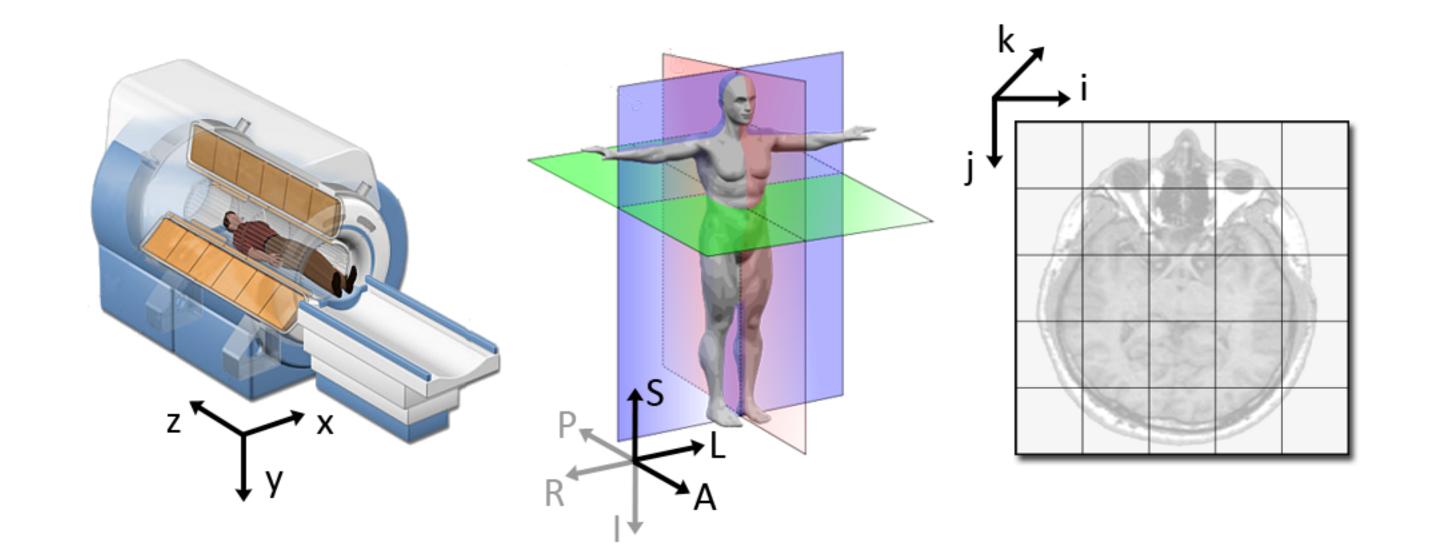
Module 4: Terminology of Brain Organization

Arnold Bakker

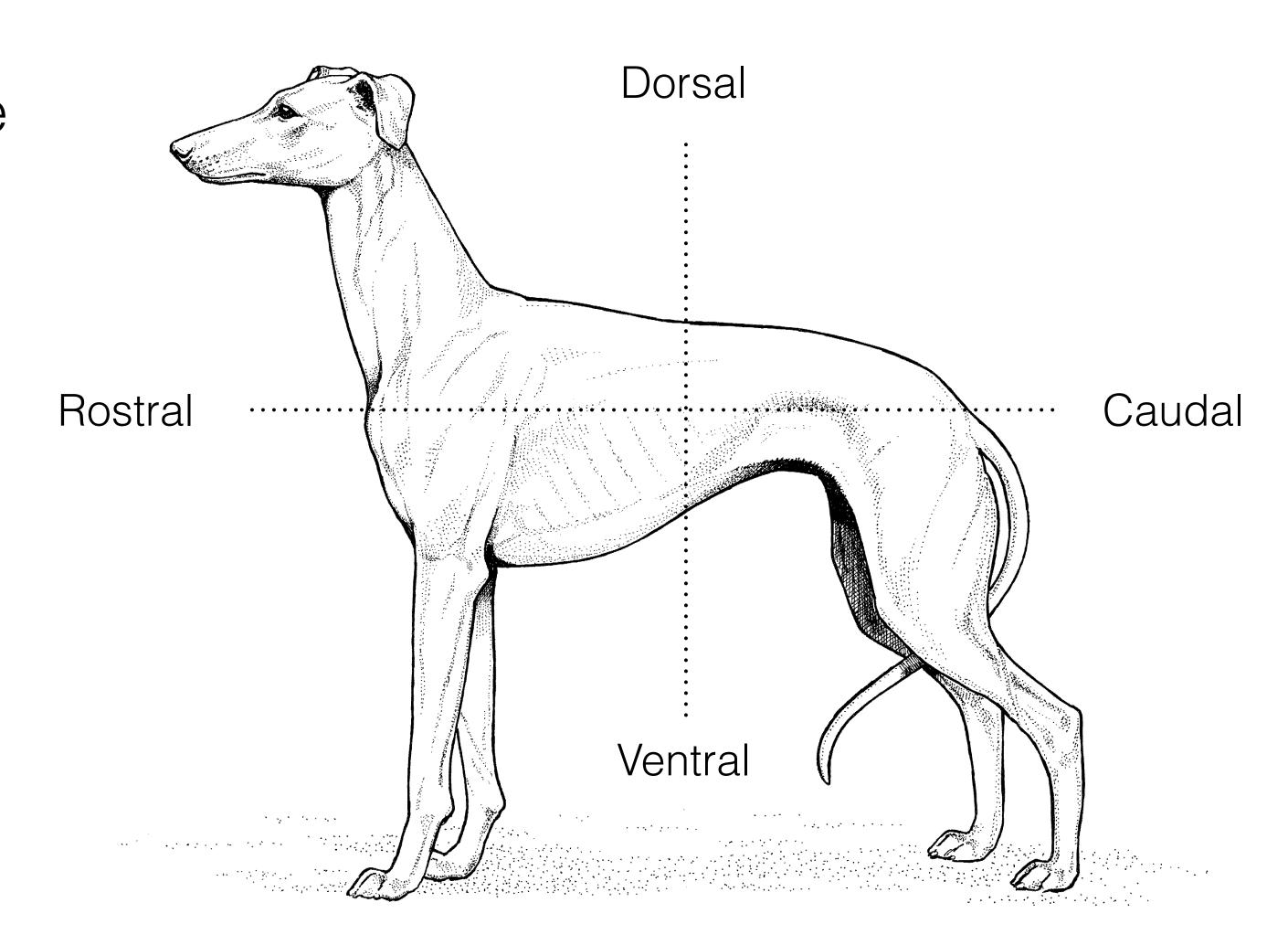
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 To describe locations and physical relationships in the brain a standard nomenclature is used for the vertebrate nervous system.

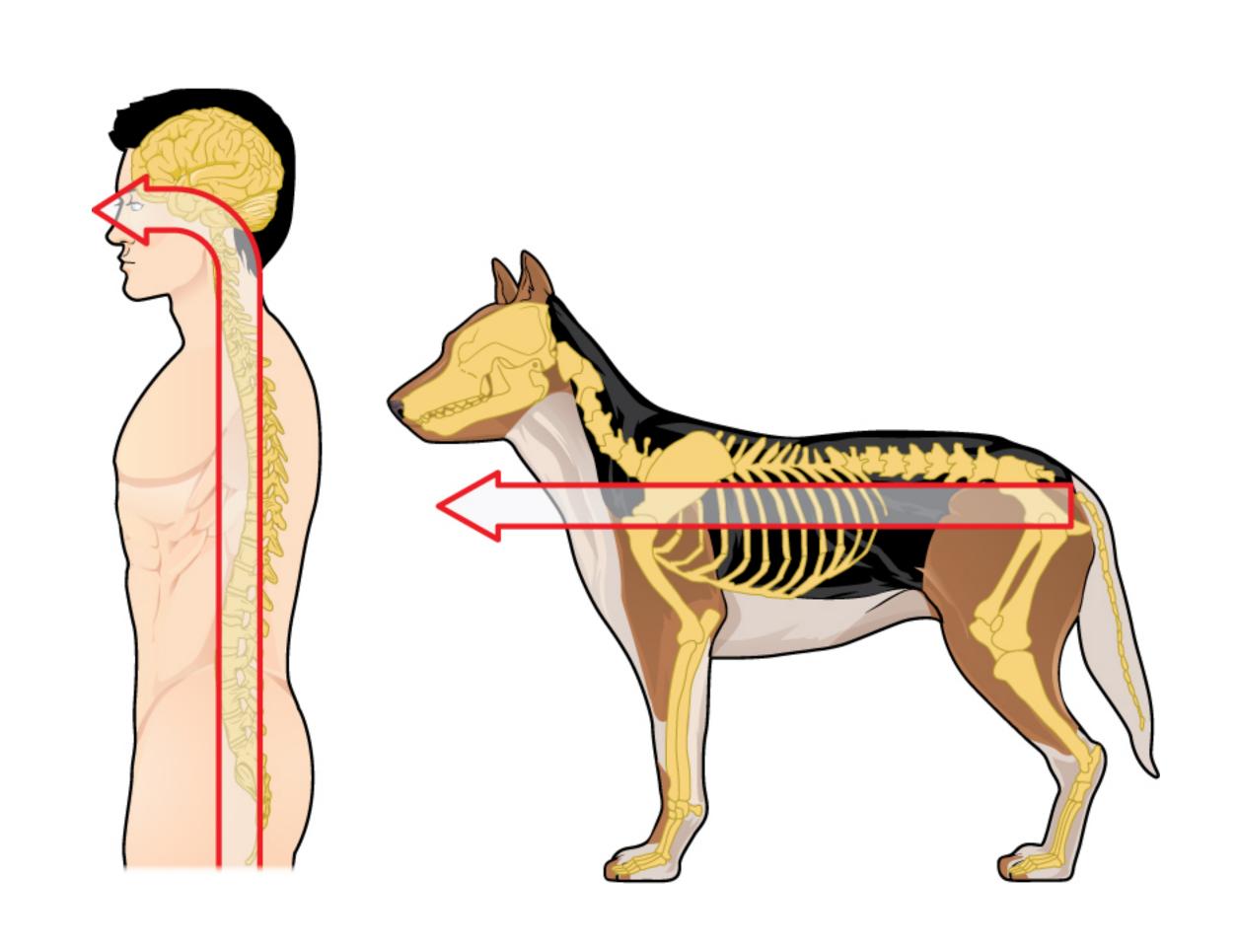
 These terms are commonly used in MRI research to denote relative location of structures and activation findings.



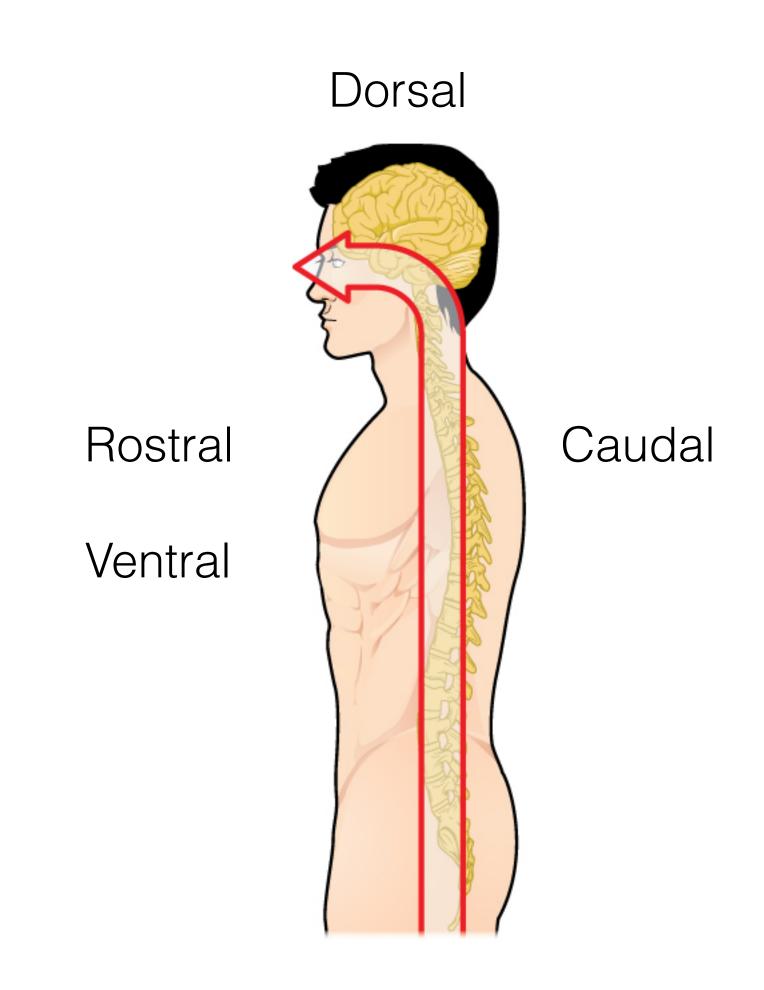
- The major axis of the body is the rostral-caudal axis:
 - Rostrum (beak)
 - Cauda (tail)
- The vertical axis of the body is the dorso-ventral axis:
 - Dorsum (back)
 - Ventrum (belly)



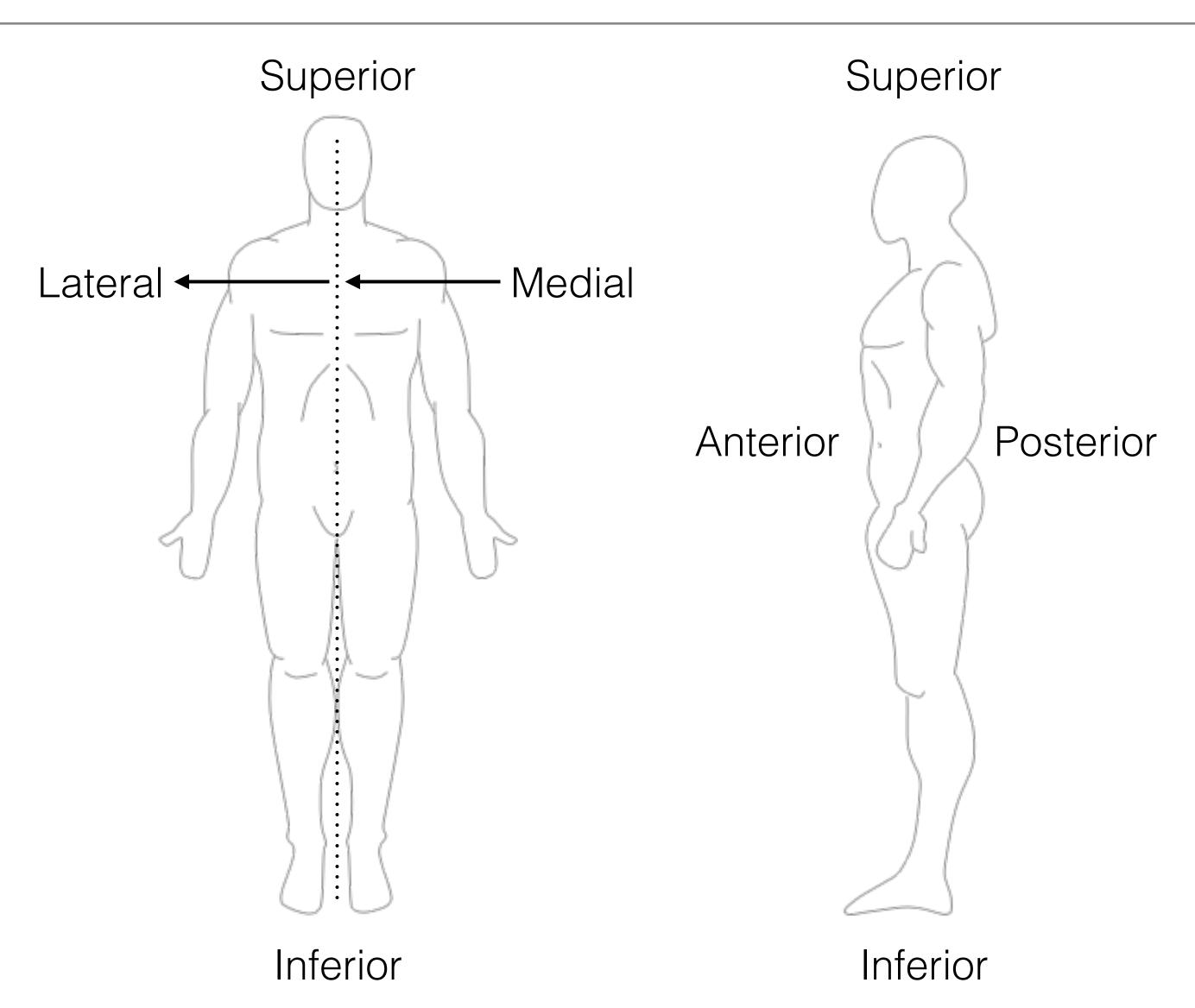
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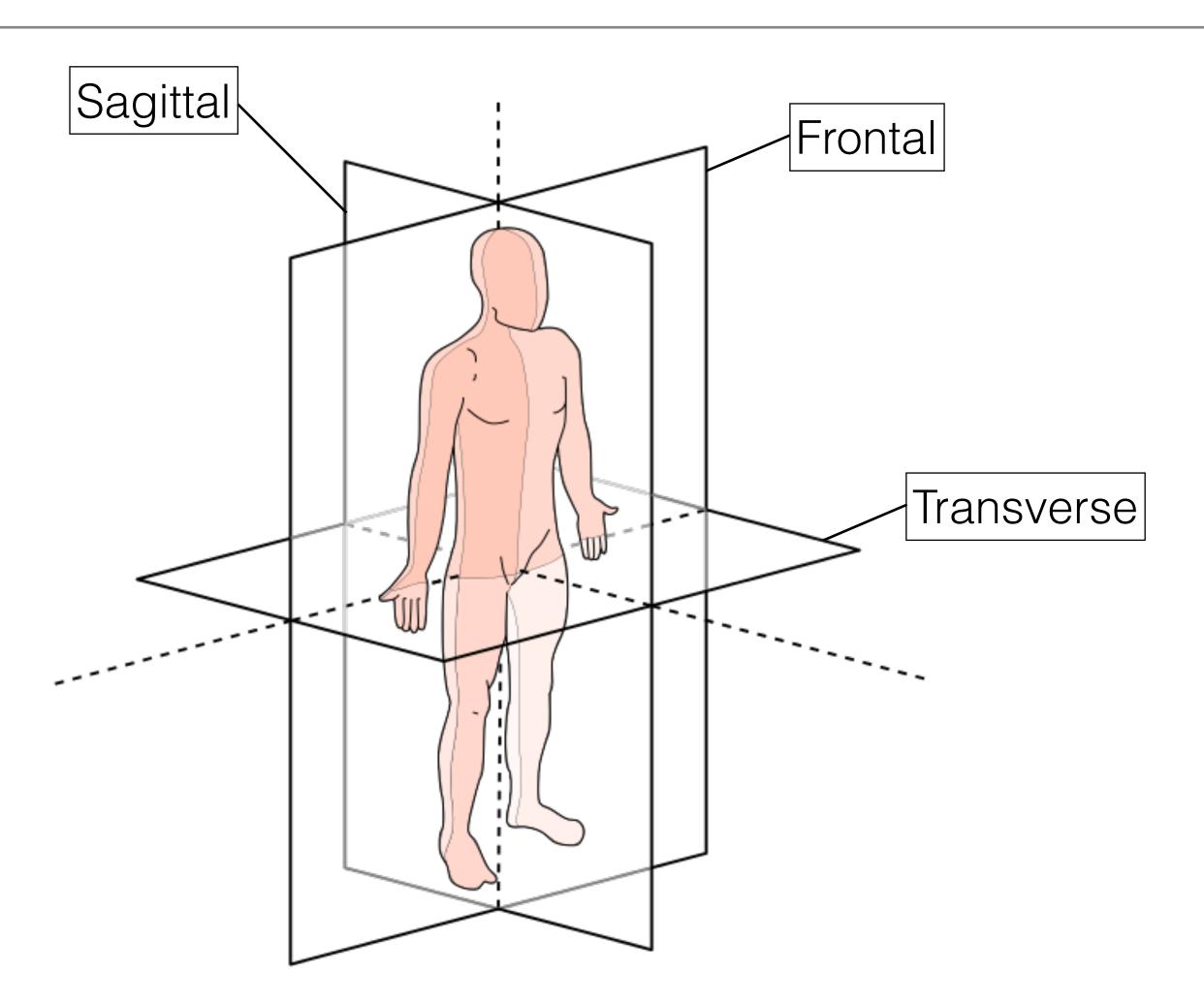
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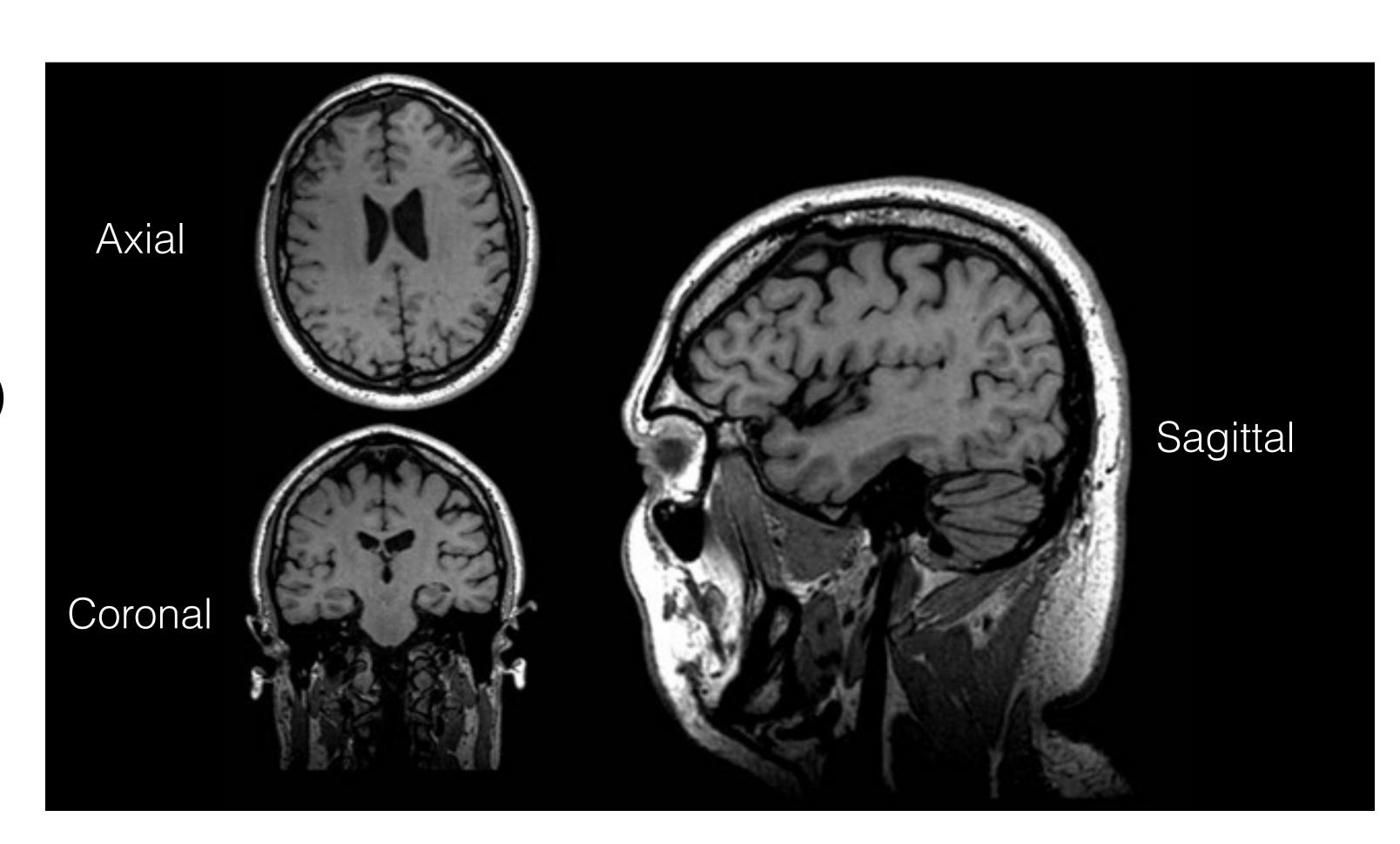
- In humans a different set of terms is commonly used:
 - Anterior (front)
 - Posterior (back)
 - Superior (top)
 - Inferior (bottom)
 - Medial (towards center)
 - Lateral (away from center)



- Planes of orientation:
 - Frontal plane
 - Transverse plane
 - Sagittal plane

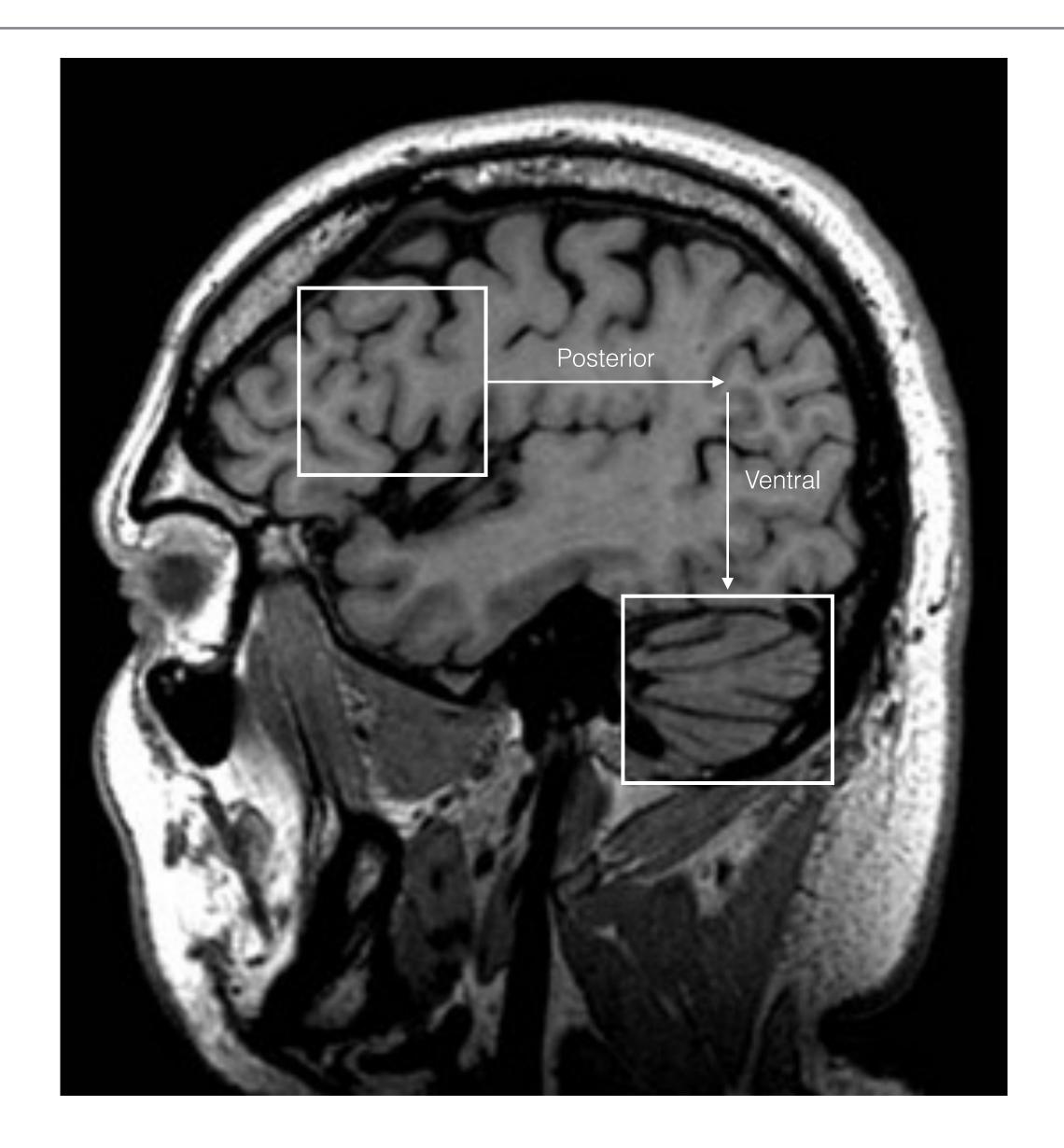


- In human MRI images the planes of orientation are commonly labeled:
 - Coronal (Frontal plane)
 - Axial (Transverse plane)
 - Sagittal plane



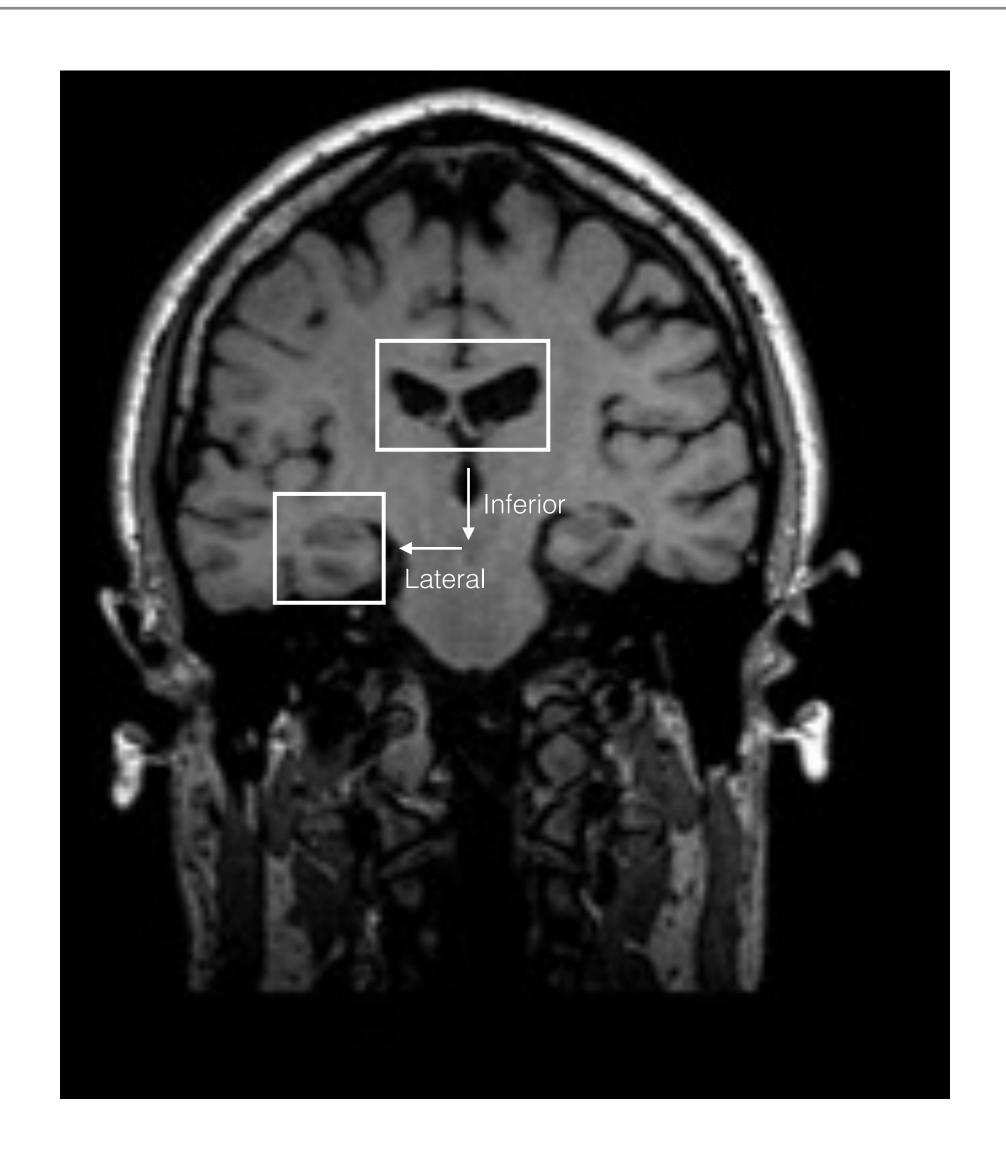
Relative locations of brain structures:

 This sagittal view shows the cerebellum which is posterior and ventral to the frontal cortex.



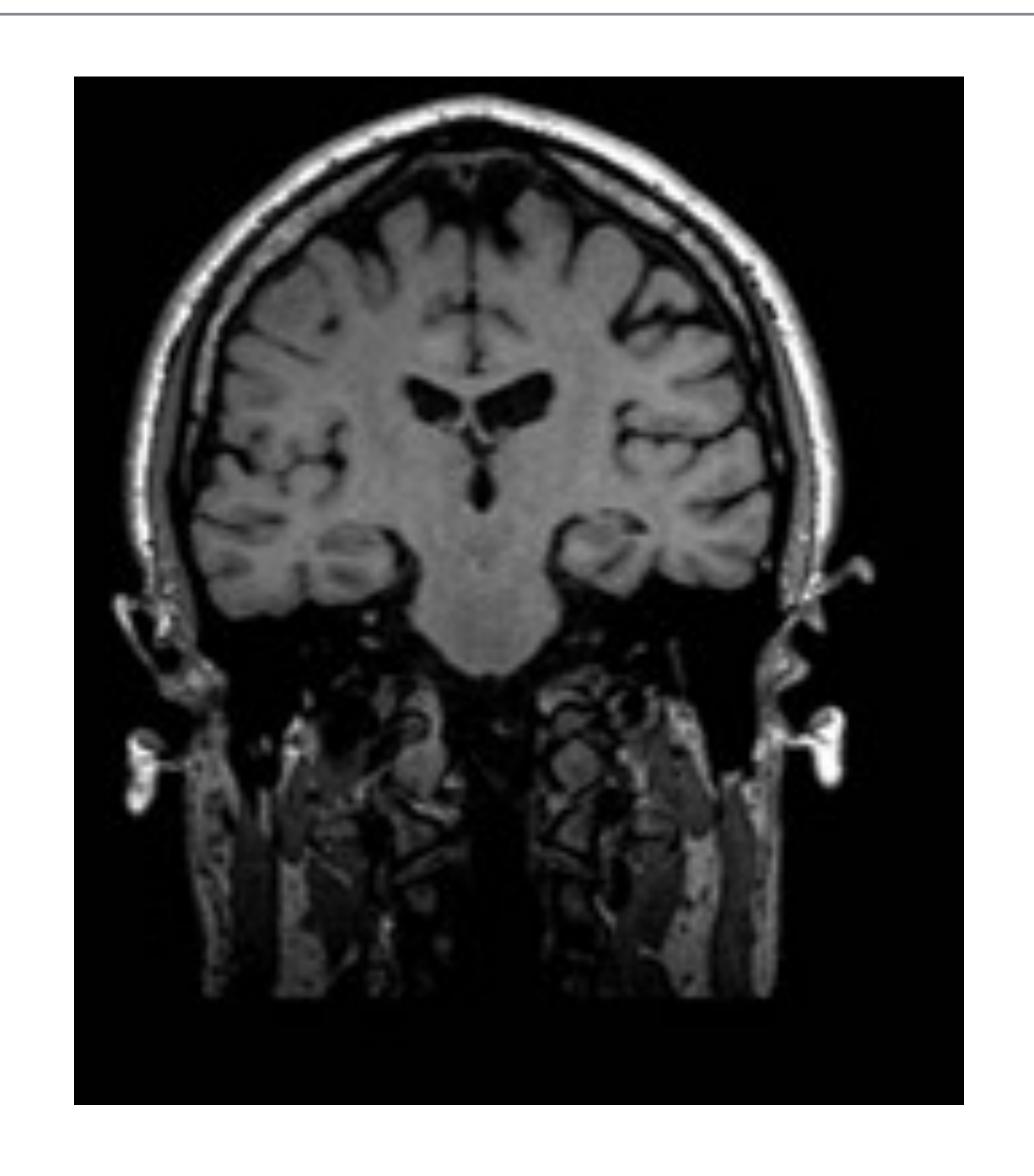
Relative locations of brain structures:

 The hippocampus is inferior and lateral to the third ventricles



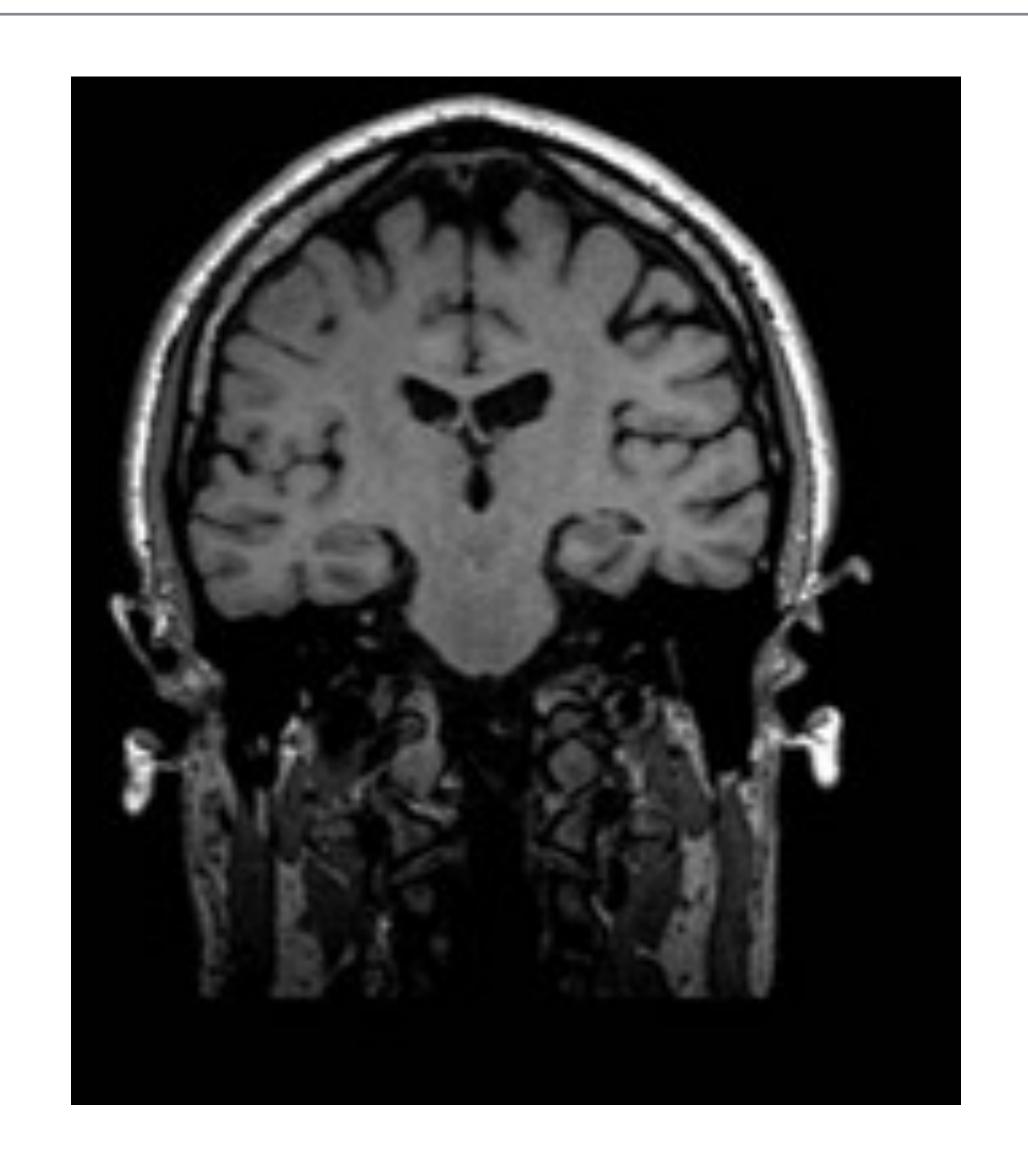
Left versus right is an important issue in MRI studies:

- It's impossible to see which side of the coronal image here is left
- The same image could be seen facing the subject or by standing behind the person

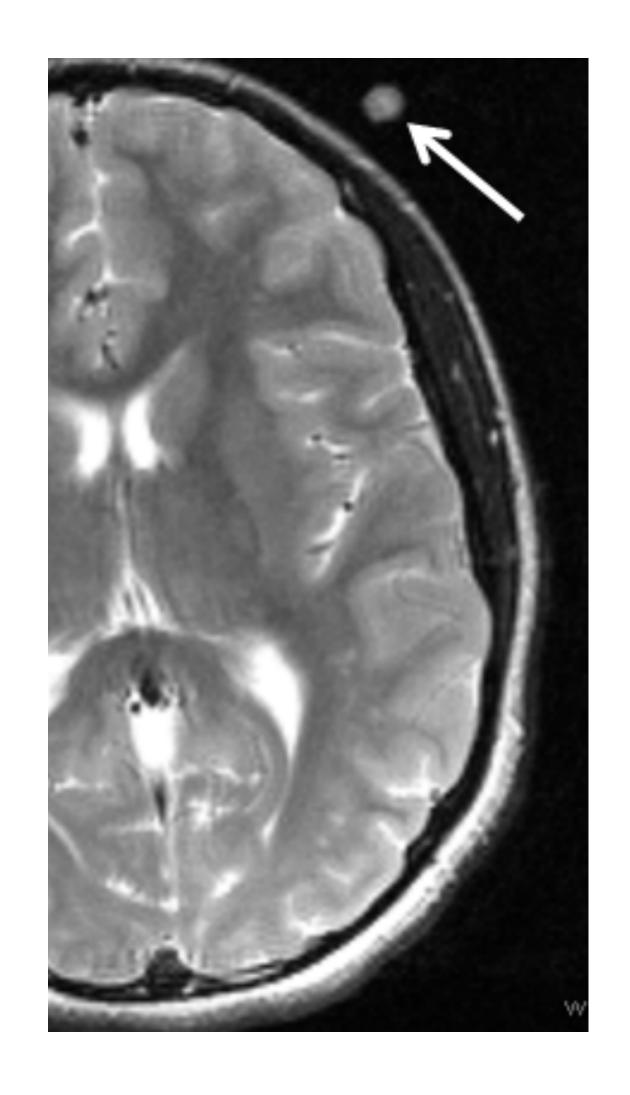


Two conventions to determine left versus right:

- Radiological convention shows the left side of the patient on the right side of the image
- Neurological convention shows the left side of the patient on the left side of the image



- In research both conventions are used and is usually defined in software packages used to process MRI data.
- Care must be taken to consistently apply these preferences to accurately report results
- To make sure a fiduciary marker is used during scanning to ensure correct left versus right labeling



Other commonly used terms in brain organization include:

- Proximal (closer to point of attachment)
- Distal (further point of attachment)
- Ipsilateral (same side of brain)
- Contralateral (other side of brain)
- Oblique plane (angled plane)

