SecuriNets Quals CTF 2023 Submission

Fits under Misc, Codenamed Couch Potato

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1 Introduction

This is a writeup for the Securinets Quals CTF 2023 possible challenge, which fits under the Misc category with a touch of OSINT. The challenge could be named Couch Potato by adm.

1.1 Description

It's past one, I was probably sleeping in front of my screen, I'm not even sure if I was awake for a bit or not, I'm not even sure if I'm dreaming or not... All I know is that I left the device on my favorite channel and that piece of crap failed me. Agh I need to fix it now. It is no longer responding to the commands I give it, and it is no longer showing my favorite channel! I hate my life, can you help me fix it?

I am looking for three stuff: - What nonsense was I watching the night the device failed me? - I might need the Up and Down key codes? - The expiration date of my IPTV subscription.

The flag should be: **Securinets{show_name_upkeycode_downkeycode_YYYYMMDD}** Thanks!

Score: 500 points I guess. Solves: TBA.

1.2 Attachment

A file called dump.bin was provided in a zip. Weighing 8 MB. Dating back to February the 1st, 2020. 1:07 AM.

Another file is what seems to be an updated firmware for the device, Firmware.bin weighing 4 MB. And dating back to August the 25th, 2020.

2 Analysis

A Couch potato is a lazy guy that sits in front of the TV screen, indicating that we are dealing with a console, set-top-box STB or Digital Video Recorder DVR and not a PCI card satellite/Tuner card or a computer. The user mentioned that he was watching his favorite channel when he fall asleep which make it more likely an STB, or a receiver for simplicity. This also means that the show name we are looking for was broadcasted in his favorite channel.

The user also mentioned that the device failed him, which means that the device is not responding to the commands he is sending to it. Kind of talking about a control unit, or that's clearly a remote control that has some keys malfunctioning, specifically the UP and DOWN arrow keys as we know.

On other hand, the user is suspecting that the IPTV subscription was the thing behind the interruption of his channel. This means that the IPTV subscription was a service provided by the device itself or maybe a third party service. This also means that the STB we're dealing with is a hybrid device, meaning that it can receive satellite signals and also IPTV, making it a 2nd generation STB and there are plenty in the market today, for third world countries.

However, the user could be mistaken as the channels that you can shortlist in the favorites are more likely to be satellite channels, hence the IPTV subscription is not the reason behind the interruption of his favorite channel rather than the satellite signal itself or the cardsharing service he is using.

Note for the readers: I can switch the last part of the flag to cardsharing expiration date instead of IPTV subscription expiration date.

With all that in mind, we can start our information gathering phase.

2.1 Information Gathering

TL;DR.

The thing is devices like this are hard to find in UK, Europe and the US. Unlike Africa and Asia. That's because in European countries and the US, they are mostly banned due to the fact that they are used for cardsharing and IPTV piracy. However, in Africa and Asia, they are still widely used and sold.

So where to look? These devices are not open source nor they have some kind of documentation is to where to look in their ROMs. Satellite forums, subreddits, and Facebook groups are good resources and some deep search would yield some useful tools and details to deal with dump. We kind of need to know how the memory is splitted. The file is indeed a ROM/EEPROM snapshot, so it has a mapping of the memory. We just need to know where the information part is, channel list is, and applications or services are.

The mapping generally includes the following:

- Bootloader
- · Kernel or maincode
- User data
- Menu
- ...

Each at specific offsets and specific lengths. The user data is the most important part as it contains the channel list.

Keep in mind that if the IPTV subscription was provided by the device itself, then the expiration date could be stored in the device itself or their renewal website. If the IPTV subscription was provided by a third party service, then the expiration date is stored in the third party service database or user panel. In both cases, we need to find the device serial number or MAC address to be able to identify the device and the user. I believe that how they are likely to be stored in the memory dump rather than a plain expiration date.

2.2 Resources

- https://www.satellites.co.uk/forums/
- https://www.reddit.com/r/satellite/
- https://www.tunisia-sat.com/forums/
- https://sat-universe.com/

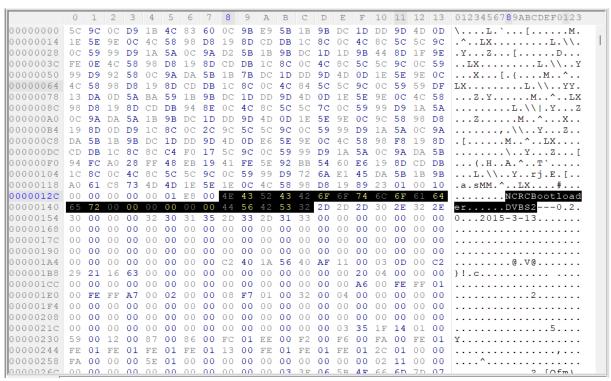
2.3 Tools

HexWorkshop / HxD Editor is a good tool to start with. It is a hex editor that can be used to view and edit files in hexadecimal and binary formats. It is a good tool to start with as it can be used to view the memory dump and search for strings. It can also be used to search for patterns and hex values.

2.4 Writeup

First, let's investigate the dump file.

NCRCBootloader is the start point, which is the bootloader used for these chipsets as indicated in the Hex Editor screen: - ALI3329 - ALI3606 - ALI3601 - ALI3511 - ALI3510 - ALI3516 - ALI3618 - ALI3821



Devices with those chipset have these brands *Starsat*, *Sunplus*, *Tiger*, *StarMax*, *Geant*, *Mediastar*, *QMAX*, *AzAmerica*, *Samsat and many more*...

And all of their built-in subscriptions are part of **Gosat**.

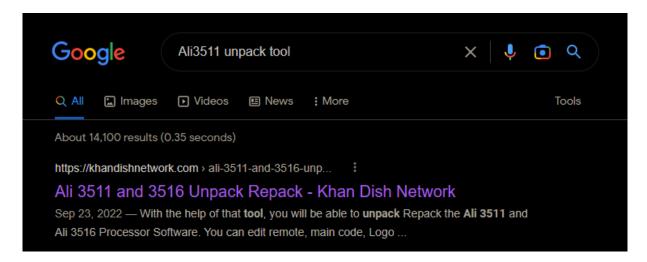
Now, to actually find the specific brand and model, we need to inspect the firmware update file.

To clear things up, the memory dump serves for user data mainly the channels and services as I said while the firmware update file will indicate the remote control being used.

The memory dump is a mapping and can be splitted manually and further investigated. However the firmware is encrypted, you can tell by a first glance, no strings or something in there, and can't help us much to delve into the remote control unit in use.

Time to google for a way to decrypt such chipset firmware. Let's use the keyword ALI3329 or ALI3511 as they are the most common chipset used in these devices and combine the search with decrypt or unpack tool.

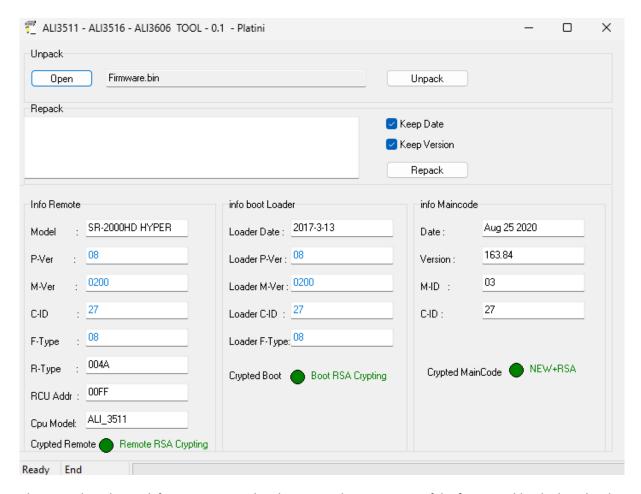
For example:



And in Arabic:



Using the tool, we determine that the model is SR-2000HD HYPER and the remote control is SR-2000HD HYPER. Hence the brand is Starsat.



The unpack and repack features are used to decrypt and extract parts of the firmware like the bootloader, maincode, user data if any was supplied by the manufacturer, the menu, the remote, and sometimes a softcam (that's out of our scope today, maybe in another challenge!). And the repack to insert modified parts and RSA encrypt the whole thing again. Like for instance, we can insert the main menu (including themes and applications) or the remote control unit of a different model or brand and repack it to be used with the device we have, as long as they are using the very same chipset. Well this time, rest assured it is the Hyper remote control and when we talk about key code we mean the IR Infrared key code.

So the whole memory dump thing and the firmware kind of contain similar stuff at least, one being encrypted and the other not.

See here, the content of the folder when unpacked.

Bootloader.bin	2/10/2023 6:32 PM	BIN File	128 KB
header.bin	2/10/2023 6:32 PM	BIN File	1 KB
maincode.bin	2/10/2023 6:32 PM	BIN File	3,304 KB
menu.bin	2/10/2023 6:32 PM	BIN File	1,408 KB
part9.bin	2/10/2023 6:32 PM	BIN File	1 KB
sattp.bin	2/10/2023 6:32 PM	BIN File	5 KB
softcam.bin	2/10/2023 6:32 PM	BIN File	52 KB
Bootloader	2/10/2023 6:32 PM	File folder	
menu	2/10/2023 6:32 PM	File folder	

So why not, giving the dump a try and unpack it as well, we are chasing the user data part anyway. And the tool might very much help. Otherwise I will show how to proceed manually knowing the offsets and lengths found on a forum.

2.4.1 Finding the show

As I said before, we can deal with this part either using the tool or manually. Well, the tool was able to yield this:

∨ Today			
Bootloader.bin	2/10/2023 6:09 PM	BIN File	128 KB
Database.sdx	2/10/2023 6:09 PM	SDX File	192 KB
header.bin	2/10/2023 6:09 PM	BIN File	1 KB
maincode.bin	2/10/2023 6:09 PM	BIN File	3,328 KB
menu.bin	2/10/2023 6:09 PM	BIN File	1,408 KB
Reserved.bin	2/10/2023 6:09 PM	BIN File	1,024 KB
softcam.bin	2/10/2023 6:09 PM	BIN File	128 KB
UserDB.bin	2/10/2023 6:09 PM	BIN File	1,984 KB
maincode	2/10/2023 6:09 PM	File folder	

Very nice, I can see database.sdx file there!

Well, to proceed manullay you need to know the offsets and lengths beforehand. This is what I meant:

Name: Bootloader.bin

SIZE : 128,00 KB CRC : 0x00AF7F6C

offset: 0x00000128

Name : maincode.bin

SIZE: 3,25 MB CRC: 0x19E8C348 offset: 0x00020128

SIZE: 1,38 MB CRC: 0x10934143 offset: 0x00360128

Name : Database.sdx

SIZE: 9,80 KB
CRC: 0x00146C71
offset: 0x004C0128

Name : softcam.bin SIZE : 42,38 KB CRC : 0x008D5F15

offset : 0x004C2860

Name: sattp.bin
SIZE: 12,54 KB
CRC: 0x00097FDA
offset: 0x004CD1E8

Name : Padding.bin SIZE : 522,06 KB

CRC: 0x040E1F6B offset: 0x004D040C

Found here: https://www.tunisia-sat.com/forums/threads/3242761/page-47

We know database.sdx holds the user data meaning the channels. sattp is another file that holds the different satellites and their frequencies aka transponders.

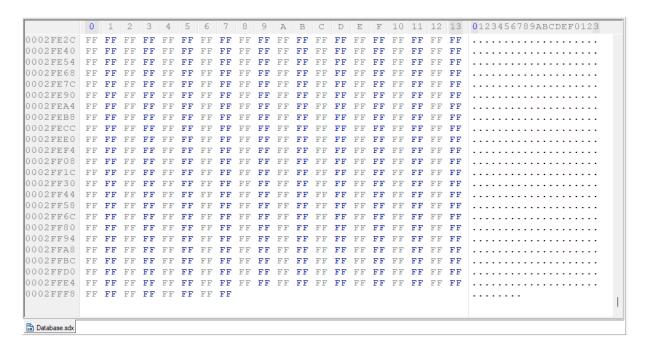
When we open the file in a hex editor, We can't read any useful information out of it. This means that there should be a tool in place to view and edit the channels for the specific chipset family we are dealing with as the file seems highly compressed.

Here's a view from hex editor first.

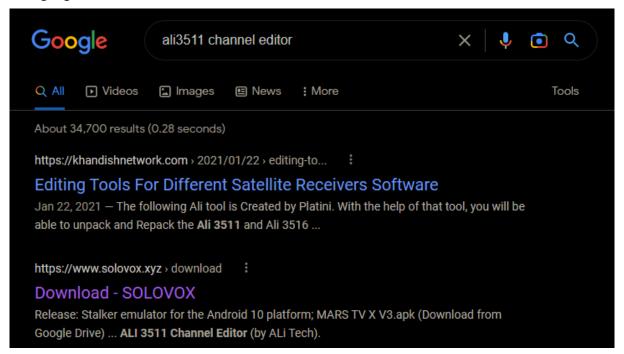
Starts off like this

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	C	D	E	F	10	11	12	13	0123456789ABCDEF0123
00000000	43	44	58	0.0	4 D	53	54	44	61	74	61	62	61	73	65	56	31	2 E	30	30	CDX.MSTDatabaseV1.00
00000014	2E	73	64	78	00	00	00	00	10	51	06	00	24	00	08	06	4 D	13	AD	00	_sdxQ\$M
00000028	34	00	50	00	24	01	00	00	00	00	08	00	BC	04	64	00	37	E2	01	00	4.P.\$d.7
0000003C	00	00	00	00	78	9C	9C	7 D	09	60	1B	C5	D5	FF	48	ВВ	2B	AD	EC	95	x}.`H.+
00000050	25	DB	71	62	E7	68	36	E1	B2	2 D	C9	96	12	02	86	8 F	16	AD	25	D9	%.qb.h6%.
00000064	72	22	D9	8 A	25	27	4 E	В8	AC	24	4 A	24	E2	0B	1F	89	13	A 0	55	2E	r"%'N\$J\$U.
00000078	70	A8	53	9C	72	D4	6D	29	В8	F4	3B	DC	94	16	97	F6	E3	33	2 D	ΕD	p.S.r.m);3
0000008C	67	48	E8	E7	50	87	ЗА	2 D	B4	6E	1B	A 8	29	В4	38	9C	2E	E5	30	2 D	gHP.:n).80-
0A00000A0	25	FF	79	6 F	25	AD	ЕC	18	вЗ	F9	EЗ	52	7E	9E	9 D	F9	CD	9B	37	6 F	%.yo%R~7o
000000B4	DE	BC	39	76	5D	1D	6В	8C	B4	87	3B	44	87	DD	51	EΑ	BO	13	В2	$\mathbf{F}0$	9v].k;DQ
000000C8	D2			45																	.hQE!!?a9:
000000DC	1 D	В1	AD	62	79	AC	6D	9B	28	97	59	65	9 F	ΒF	8 C	37	D6	DE	1A	C6	by.m.(.Ye7
000000F0	8 A	CA	4B	1 D	2 E	В9	8 C	55	33	7 F	99	AA	E6	8E	48	23	94	В9	CA	7E	KU3H#~
00000104	25	AD	06	CB	E4	1A	E6	2 F	13	8 A	В6	B4	45	C4	В2	8 D	24	24	FF	0E	%/E\$\$
00000118	65	02	66	CD	FC	ED	69	EF	68	0B	8B	97	4B	E9	65	EC	F9	C9	32	73	e.fi.hK.e2s
0000012C	FF	33	97	0E	6E	37	CF	2 F	9B	Α7	AB	В5	2 D	D2	DE	2E	ΑE	96	94	7A	.3n7./z
00000140	9A	F3	2 F	5C	D7	01	F1	33	CA	34	В5	В4	8B	8E	D2	55	A2	Α8	D4	53	/\3.4US
00000154																					X.RJL0l
00000168				ΑE																	.WSyLq.\$
0000017C	26	CA	54	04	54	96	В9	0 A	8B	60	99	CD	F5	72	99	3C	ΕD	67	D5	E3	&.T.T`r.<.g
00000190		95						DE						77							H0.=Y.Tw2
000001A4			вЗ	2A																	j*UOed{s.JRG.
000001B8				4B				Α4													\f.Km=W]\M=e
000001cc				6D																	2mP.*w.j.T
000001E0		5A						CA													.Zz.U.e]e=.bJ6
00000124	F7	2₽	13	FΔ	60	ΠR	29	RR	1.0	Δ5	3 D	57	7 n	₽7	ВЗ	65	43	312	5 D	5 D	/ 1 \ =W\ a >11

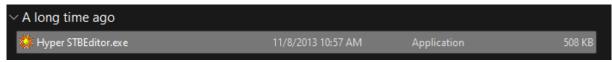
And ends padded with 0xFF



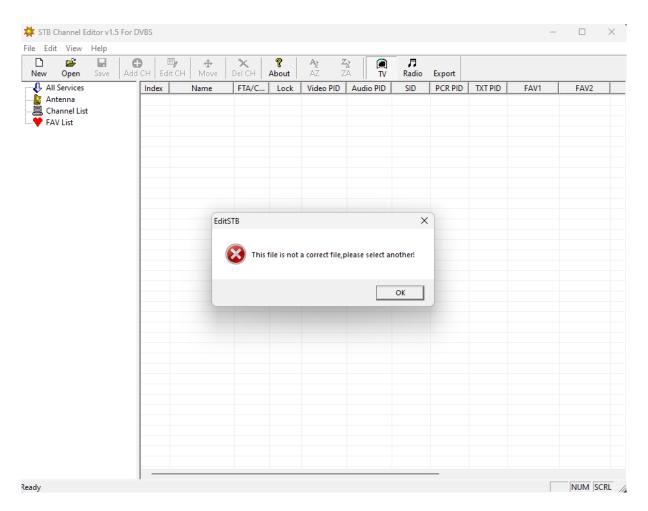
Let's google a bit...



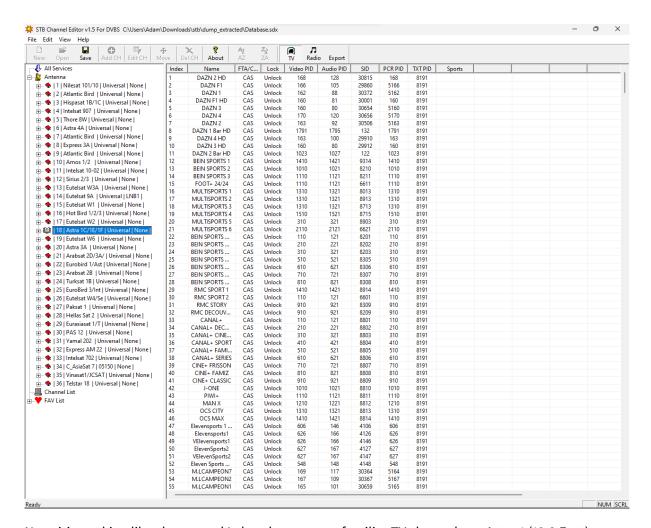
I got this



When trying to first open the database, I got this error message

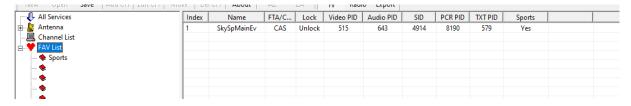


And the issue is that the Userdata has a static size as indicated before. As the receiver's capacity fits a maximum of 6100 channels. So the database file is padded with 0xFF to reach the maximum size. Let's get rid of the padded data and try again..



Now, it's working like charm, and I already see some familiar TV channels on Astra 1 (19.2 East).

Let's expand the favorites section



And there is Sky Sports Main Event, UK-based sports channel that is part of BSkyB or Sky Group, paytelevision channel and availble for satellite subsribers via Eurobird 1, Astra 2 (28.2 East). Sky Sports Main Event broadcasts the biggest events of sports in the UK.

Now, great work to reach this point, but we are not done yet. We need to find the right show at that past date, meaning at 1:07 AM on February the 1st, 2020.

Well, Sky TV Guide won't keep such data for more than a week or two, so we need to find another way.

I guess you know what I mean, what else than the way back machine!

Head over to archive.org and submit the link for the Sky TV Guide and try to narrow your search to a date that's equal or close to the date in question, as shown below!



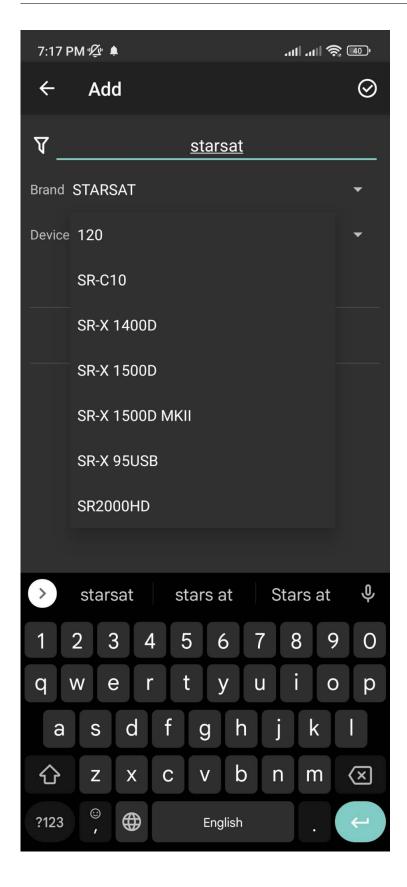
And that is the first part of the flag: live_rugby_7's or live_rugby_7s

2.4.2 Finding the keycodes

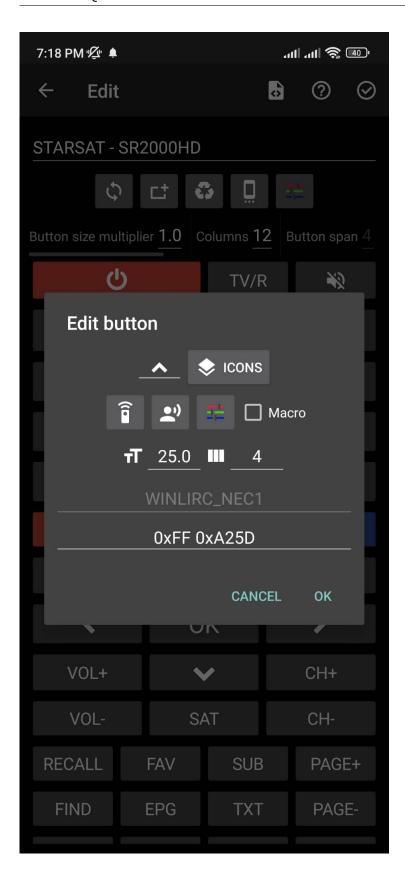
We know it is Starsat SR-2000HD Hyper's remote control, well unless you have the same remote control or probably a remote of the same brand and an Arduino card embedded with an IR receiver, you will need to improvise! Like check online there GitHub repos that keep track of IR key codes for different remotes. Or you can use a forum like https://www.remotecentral.com/ to find the key codes for the remote control.

However for this part, I will use an Android app like IRplus or any alternatives and pick the device in question from the list then head over to check the keys, I will provide screenshots for what I've found. net.binarymode.android.irplus

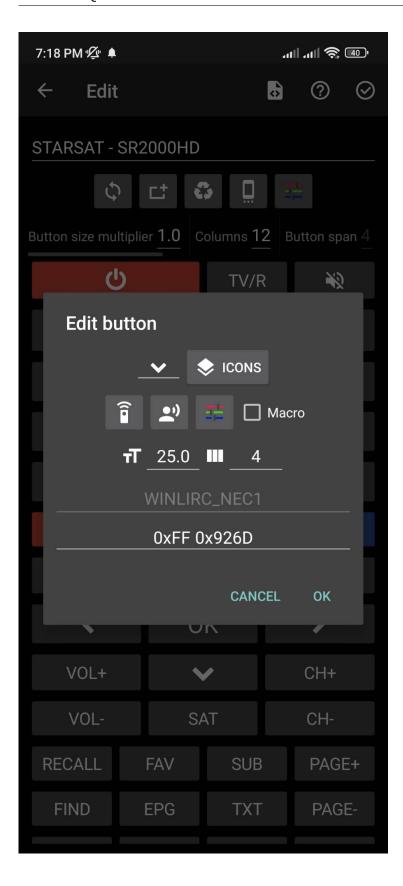
1. Selecting the remote control from the list:



2. Editing the remote and checking the Up arrow



3. Checking the Down arrow



And that is the second part of the flag: 0xffa25d_0xff926d

2.4.3 Finding the expiration date

Now for the fun part, if you dig around the web about Starsat 2000 Hyper you will end up with one official built in service, Apollo that offers IPTV as well as VOD Video on Demand.

And there is an online service to renew and check your current subscription by just providing the serial number.

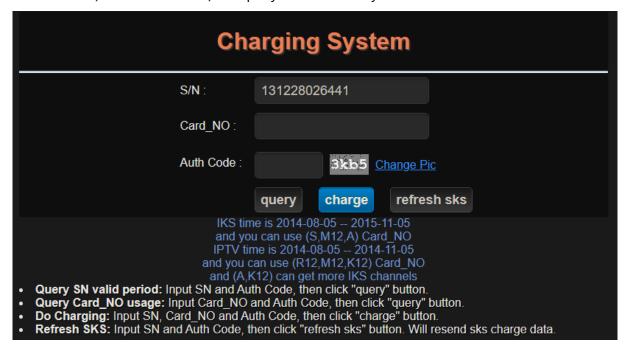
www.renewbox.net

The serial number in most cases is a long number like consists of maybe more than 10 digits. And it can't be in the firmware since it is released to the public to update their devices. So it must be within the memory of the device itself.

Let's grep that easily!

```
/mnt/c/Users/Adam/Downloads/stb > strings dump.bin | grep -oP '\d{10,}'
000000000000000
131228026441
```

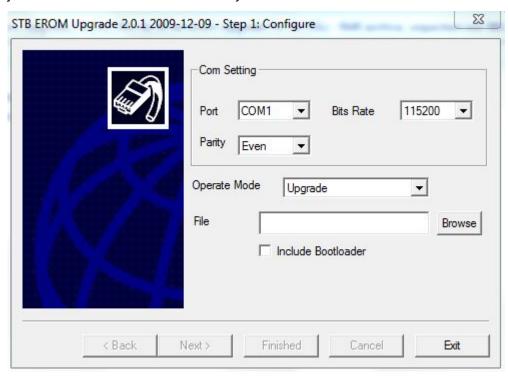
And there it is, the serial number, let's query the IPTV validity.



And the last part of the flag is 20141105

3 The Idea

To do such challenge, you need to have the device first, a Serial cable RS232, a USB to RS232 converter if needed, and a loader utility. The loader is used to pull the memory as well as to pass another memory dump or even firmware to the device. The loader itself allows you to select what parts to dump, like just the userdata or the whole memory.



4 Final Words

First here is the flag: Securinets{live_rugby_7s_0xffa25d_0xff926d_20141105}

This is a proposed draft Misc challenge for the Securinets Quals CTF 2023. I must disclouse that I take no responsibility in loading/flashing this whole dump to a similar device to the one in the challenge as it was customized to fit my needs. I also don't publicly support TV shows piracy, cardsharing and IPTVs. I am open to any feedback and suggestions that could help improve this challenge. I hope you enjoyed reading this writeup. Feel free to let me know if you have any questions or comments.

Please keep in mind that this is a draft and that the challenge is not yet released. I will update this writeup if any changes are made to the challenge. Furthermore, it is a proprietary and confidential challenge, so please do not share it with anyone. Thank you for your understanding.

4.1 Acknowledgements

Ahmed T., Rachad A., and Ayoub B.: Highly skilled custom firmware developers and porting specialists. Tunisia-sat forum member.

Nacef: My cousin, for introducing me to such stuff at an early age.

Thanks for reading!