

López Pérez Alberto Andrei

Lista 1.

15: $f_1(x) = x \rightarrow Ax + B$

$f_2(x) = x^2 \rightarrow \cancel{Ax^2 + Bx + C} \rightarrow Cx^2 + Dx + F$

$f_3(x) = 4x - 3x^2 \rightarrow (Ax + B) - (Cx^2 + Dx + F)$

f_1 y f_2 son dependientes de f_3

16: $f_1(x) = 0, f_2(x) = x, f_3(x) = e^x$

$f_1(x) = 0 \rightarrow A$

Son linealmente independientes.

$f_2(x) = x \rightarrow Bx + C$

$f_3(x) = e^x \rightarrow Fe^x$

17: $f_1(x) = 5 \rightarrow A$

f_2 y f_3 son dependientes.

$f_2(x) = \cos^2(x) \rightarrow B \cos^2(x) + C \sin^2(x)$

$f_3(x) = \sin^2(x) \rightarrow D \cos^2(x) + E \sin^2(x)$

19: $f_1(x) = \cos 2x \rightarrow A \cos 2x + B \sin 2x$

$f_2(x) = 1 \rightarrow C$

Son linealmente independientes.

$f_3(x) = \cos^2 x \rightarrow D \cos^2(x) + E \sin^2(x)$

20: $f_1(x) = 2 + x$, $f_2(x) = 2 + ix$

$f_1(x) = 2 + x \rightarrow A + (Bx + C)$

$f_2(x) = 2 + ix \rightarrow D + (F|x| + E)$

Son dependientes.

21:

$f_1(x) = 1 + x \rightarrow A + (Bx + C)$

$f_2(x) = x \rightarrow Dx + E$

$f_3(x) = x^2 \rightarrow Ex^2 + Fx + G$

f_1 y f_2 son dependientes

22:

$f_1(x) = e^x \rightarrow Ae^x$

$f_2(x) = e^{-x} \rightarrow Be^{-x}$

son linealmente independientes.

$f_3(x) = \sinh(x) \rightarrow C \sinh(x)$