

OWOMO

PROBLEMS

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# 1 Info

- These guys ARE integers.
- At worst the questions are like AIME question 5 difficulty probably
- They increase in difficulty?? maybe???
- Have fun :)

**Problem 1**

$S = \{a, b, c, d\}$  where  $a, b, c$  and  $d$  are distinct, positive integers. For all odd  $s \in S$ , there exists a  $6s \in S$ . What is the smallest value of  $a + b + c + d$ ?

**Problem 2**

The average of a series is given by  $k$ :

$$k = \frac{5 + 9 + \dots + 4n + 1}{n}$$

Find the largest integer  $n$  such that  $k = n^2 - 41n + 225$ .

**Problem 3**

Shapes are friends if in total, they have 33 sides. The probability that two shapes with different number of sides (less than 33) will be friends is given by  $\frac{m}{n}$ . Where  $m$  and  $n$  are relatively prime, what is  $(m \cdot n)$ ?

**Problem 4**

Suppose  $a, b$ , and  $c$  are all unique integers and roots of  $f(x)$ , where  $f(x) = ax^3 + bx + c$ . What is  $\underline{a^2} \underline{b^2} \underline{c^2}$ ?

**Problem 5**

Consider a  $4 \times 4$  array of points where any 2 distinct points may be chosen at once. Call the bottom left point  $A$  and the bottom right point  $B$ , and call the two randomly selected points  $C$  and  $D$ . This means  $C$  and  $D$  may not be at points  $A$  or  $B$  or on each other. The probability that  $\overline{AC}$  intersects  $\overline{BD}$  is given by  $\frac{m}{n}$  where  $m$  and  $n$  are relatively prime. Find  $m + n$ .

### Problem 6

Let  $y = \binom{x-1}{x-3} \cdot \binom{x-2}{x-4} \cdot \binom{x-3}{x-5} \cdot \dots \cdot \binom{x-2023}{x-2025}$ , it sure makes a polynomial. How many times does it hit  $y = -\tanh(x)$ ?

### Problem 7

There is a equilateral triangle inscribed within a unit circle, and a circle inscribed within the triangle. If we continue inscribing triangles and circles until there are  $n$  circles, the smallest circle will have radius  $f(n)$ . Find the largest  $f(n)$  such that  $\frac{1}{f(n)} \leq 666$ .

### Problem 8

A  $n$ -*pinwheel* consists of  $n$  many isosceles triangles with area  $A$  where  $\frac{A_{i+1}}{A_i} = \frac{1}{4}$  such that  $A_n$  is smallest. If the areas of a 3-*pinwheel* and a 4-*pinwheel* are equal, the ratio of their perimeters is given by  $\frac{\text{perimeter}_3}{\text{perimeter}_4} = \frac{m}{n} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{170}{21\sqrt{3}}}$  where  $m$  and  $n$  are relatively prime. Find  $\lceil m + n \rceil$ .

