

# Advanced Data Analysis

## Homework Week 3

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### Homework 3

Given the linear model  $f_\theta(x) = \sum_{j=1}^b \theta_j \phi_j(x)$ , where  $\{\phi_j(x)\}_{j=1}^b$  are the basis functions, the weighted least squares objective is given by,

$$\hat{\theta} = \min_{\theta} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \tilde{w}_i \left( f_\theta(x_i) - y_i \right)^2$$

To derive the analytical solution we rewrite the above objective using the weighting matrix  $\tilde{W} = \text{diag}(\tilde{w}_1, \dots, \tilde{w}_n)$  in matrix format as shown below.

$$\hat{\theta} = \min_{\theta} \left[ \frac{1}{2} (\Phi\theta - \mathbf{y})^T \tilde{W} (\Phi\theta - \mathbf{y}) \right]$$

where  $\Phi$  is the design matrix and  $\mathbf{y} = (y_1, \dots, y_n)^T$ . Expanding the brackets and then taking the derivative w.r.t  $\theta$  we get,

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\theta} &= \min_{\theta} \left[ \frac{1}{2} (\Phi\theta - \mathbf{y})^T \tilde{W} (\Phi\theta - \mathbf{y}) \right] \\ &= \min_{\theta} \left[ \frac{1}{2} (\theta^T \Phi^T - \mathbf{y}^T) \tilde{W} (\Phi\theta - \mathbf{y}) \right] \\ &= \min_{\theta} \left[ \frac{1}{2} (\theta^T \Phi^T - \mathbf{y}^T) \tilde{W} (\Phi\theta - \mathbf{y}) \right] \\ &= \min_{\theta} \frac{1}{2} \left[ \theta^T \Phi^T \tilde{W} \Phi \theta - \theta^T \Phi^T \tilde{W} \mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}^T \tilde{W} \Phi \theta + \mathbf{y}^T \tilde{W} \mathbf{y} \right] \quad \text{Taking derivative w.r.t } \theta \\ &= \left[ \Phi^T \tilde{W} \Phi \theta - \Phi^T \tilde{W} \mathbf{y} \right] = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Thus we get the required result,

$$\hat{\theta} = (\Phi^T \tilde{W} \Phi)^{-1} \Phi^T \tilde{W} \mathbf{y}$$