

Advanced Data Analysis

Homework Week - 11

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1. Question

We are asked to prove,

$$\sum_{i,i'=1}^n W_{i,i'} \|Tx_i - Tx_{i'}\|^2 = 2 \operatorname{tr} (TXLX^T T^T) \quad (1)$$

given,

$$\begin{aligned} X &= (x_1, \dots, x_n) \\ L &= D - W \\ D &= \operatorname{diag} \left(\sum_{i,i'=1}^n W_{i,i'} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

also we use the properties,

$$\begin{aligned} a^T b &= \operatorname{tr} (ba^T) \\ TT^T &= I_m \\ W_{i,i'} &= W_{i',i} \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

Starting with LHS of (1),

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{i,i'=1}^n W_{i,i'} \|Tx_i - Tx_{i'}\|^2 \\ &= \sum_{i,i'=1}^n W_{i,i'} (Tx_i - Tx_{i'})^T \cdot (Tx_i - Tx_{i'}) \\ &= \sum_{i,i'=1}^n W_{i,i'} (x_i^T T^T Tx_i - x_i^T T^T Tx_{i'} - x_{i'}^T T^T Tx_i + x_{i'}^T T^T Tx_{i'}) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{i'=1}^n W_{i,i'} (\operatorname{tr} (Tx_i x_i^T T^T) + \operatorname{tr} (Tx_{i'} x_{i'}^T T^T) - \operatorname{tr} (Tx_i x_{i'}^T T^T) - \operatorname{tr} (Tx_{i'} x_i^T T^T)) \\ &= 2 \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{i'=1}^n W_{i,i} (\operatorname{tr} (Tx_i x_i^T T^T)) - 2 \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{i'=1}^n W_{i,i'} \operatorname{tr} (Tx_i x_{i'}^T T^T), \text{ using property of trace, (3)} \\ &= 2 (\operatorname{tr} (TXDX^T T^T) - \operatorname{tr} (TXWX^T T^T)) \text{ using (2)} \\ &= 2 \operatorname{tr} (TXLX^T T^T) \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$