



About me:

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Our Products:

Multi-Tenant OpenID **Connect Identity Provider**



Enterprise Application Framework for .NET



www.proauth.net

www.reafx.net

Slide Download



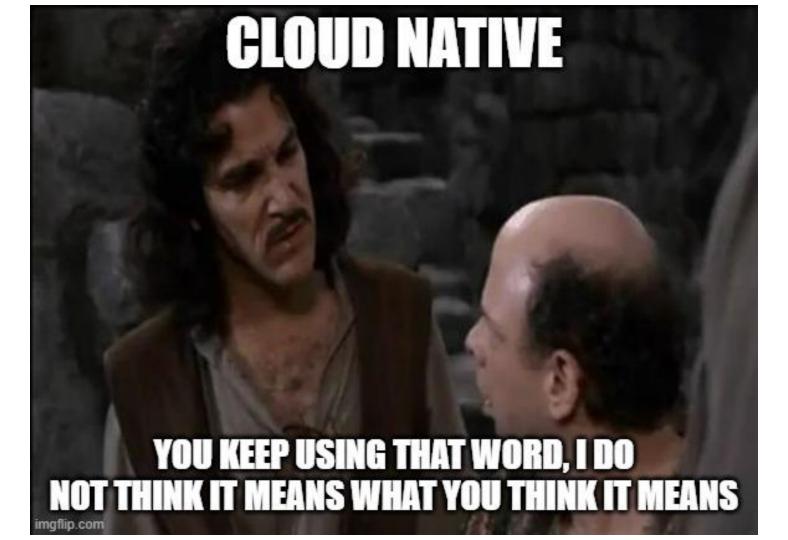
https://www.4tecture.ch/events/techorama2024

Agenda

- Intro
- Dapr Basics
 - BB: Service Invocation
 - BB: Pub/Sub
 - BB: State Management
 - BB: Virtual Actors
 - BB: Secret Management
 - BB: Observability
- Conclusion







Cloud computing characteristics by NIST

- On-demand self-service
- Broad network access
- Resource pooling
- Rapid elasticity
- Measured service

CNCF cloud native definition

Cloud native technologies empower organizations to build and run scalable applications in modern, dynamic environments such as public, private, and hybrid clouds. Containers, service meshes, microservices, immutable infrastructure, and declarative APIs exemplify this approach.

These techniques enable loosely coupled systems that are resilient, manageable, and observable. Combined with robust automation, they allow engineers to make high-impact changes frequently and predictably with minimal toil.

The Cloud Native Computing Foundation seeks to drive adoption of this paradigm by fostering and sustaining an ecosystem of open source, vendor-neutral projects. We democratize state-of-the-art patterns to make these innovations accessible for everyone.

Cloud native applications

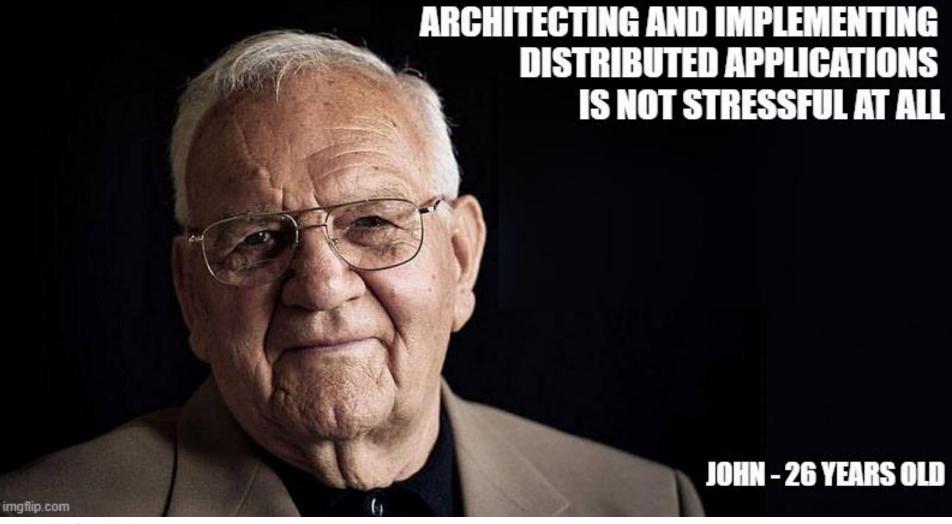
Cloud-native applications should be designed and implemented to use and take advantage of the cloud computing characteristics.

Cloud native applications characteristics

- Immutable Packaging & Execution
- Decoupled Configurations and Secrets
- Statelessness and Statefulness
- Modular Applications / Microservices
- Polyglot Paradigm (multi lang / tech)
- Centralized Logging and Monitoring
- DevOps and SRE processes
- Automation
- API-Centric

Commonly used with cloud native apps

- Microservices
- Cloud platforms
- Containers
- Kubernetes
- immutable infrastructures
- declarative APIs
- Continuous Delivery technologies



Challenges with Distributed Apps

- Lots of components / services
- Service-to-service communication
- Decoupling by using events
- Handling state across multiple instances
- Stateful services / actors
- Local dev environment vs. cloud environment

dapr.io



Portable, event-driven runtime



Build connected distributed applications faster

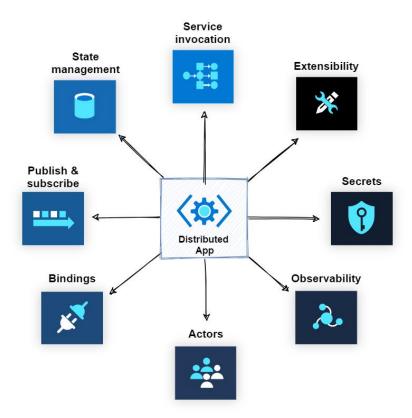


APIs for solving distributed application challenges

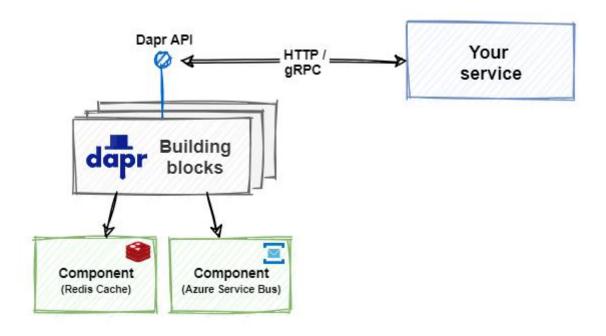


Cloud and Edge

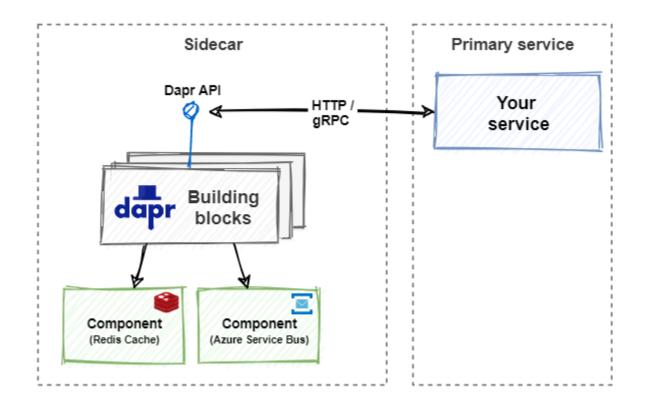
Dapr Building Blocks



Dapr Building Blocks Abstraction



Dapr Sidecar Architecture





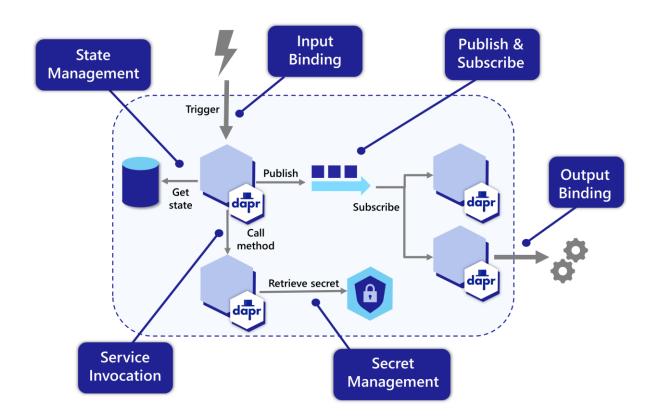
Dapr

- dapr.io
- Open source
- Originated at Microsoft
- Cloud Native Computing Foundation (CNCF)

Dapr – High Level Definition

- Any language or framework
- Portable APIs
- Building blocks applying best practices
 - Use the blocks you need
 - No big bang framework
- Platform agnostic
- Extensible and pluggable components

Dapr Building Blocks Overview



Single API - Multiple Components

```
var weatherForecast = await
daprClient.GetStateAsync<WeatherF
orecast>("statestore", "AMS");
daprClient.SaveStateAsync("statesto
re", "AMS", weatherForecast);
```

- AWS DynamoDB
 - Aerospike
 - Azure Blob Storage
- Azure CosmosDB
- Azure Table Storage
 - Cassandra
 - Cloud Firestore (Datastore mode)
- CloudState
- Couchbase
- Etcd
- HashiCorp Consul
- Hazelcast
- Memcached
- MongoDB
- PostgreSQL
- Redis
- RethinkDB
- SQL Server
- Zookeeper

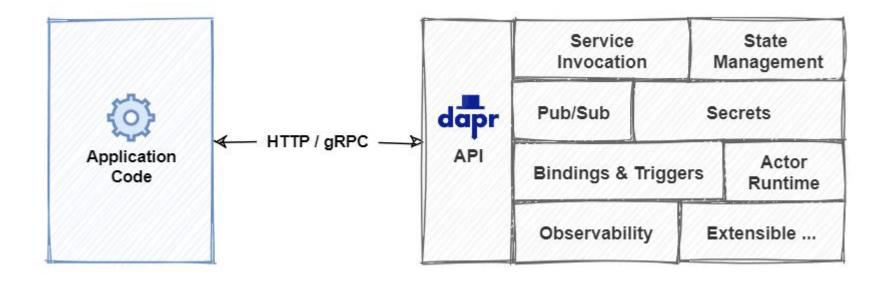




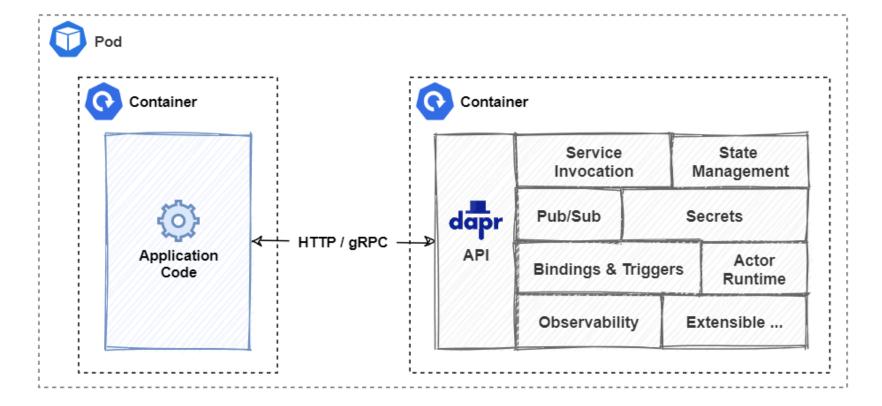
The Dapr sidecar provides built-in security, resiliency and observability capabilities.

Speeds up application development by providing an integrated set of APIs for communication, state, and workflow.

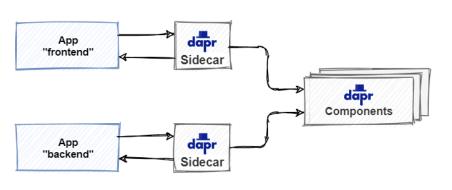
Self-hosted Sidecar



Kubernetes-hosted Sidecar



Sidecar Performance Considerations



- Dapr operation:>= 1 out-of-process network call
- Heavily optimized sidecar implementation
 - gRPC with multiplexing, bidirectional full-duplex, streaming
- Overhead should be submillisecond

SDK Overview

Language	Status	Client SDK	Server extensions	Actor SDK
.NET	Stable	✓	ASP.NET Core	✓
Python	Stable	✓	gRPC FastAPI Flask	✓
Java	Stable	✓	Spring Boot	✓
Go	Stable	✓	✓	✓
PHP	Stable	✓	✓	✓
Javascript	Stable	✓		√
C++	In development	✓		
Rust	In development	✓		

Runtimes



Self-Hosted

- Dedicated process next to your application process
- Executable or Docker Image

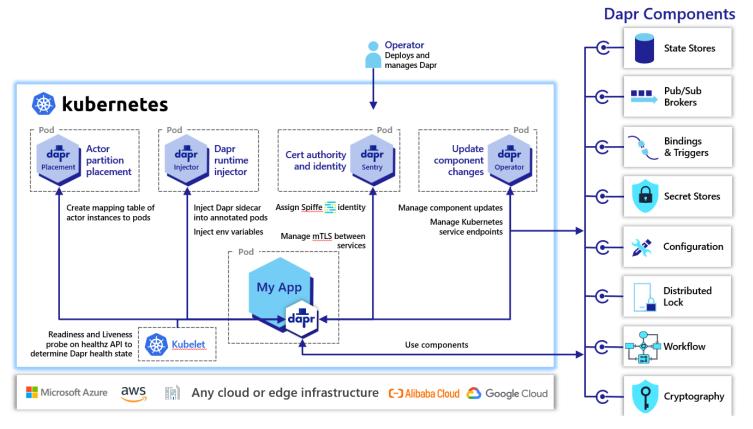
Kubernetes

- Sidecar container in your pod, uses localhost interface
- Usually injected based on attributes

Serverless

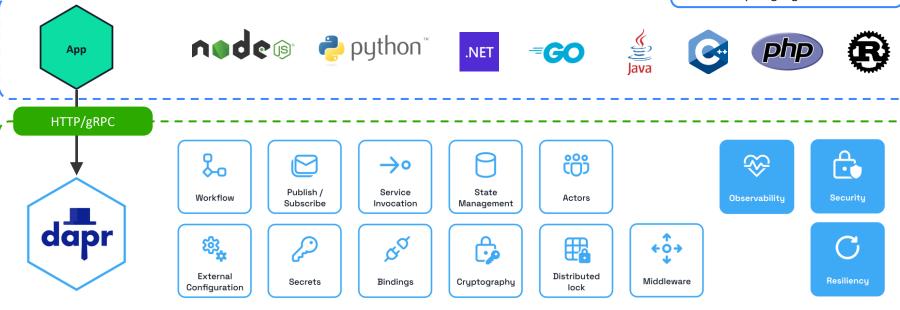
- Integrated in Azure
- i.e. Container Apps

Dapr in Kubernetes



Dapr from development to hosting

Use any language or runtime



Host on any cloud or edge infrastructure

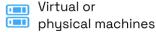








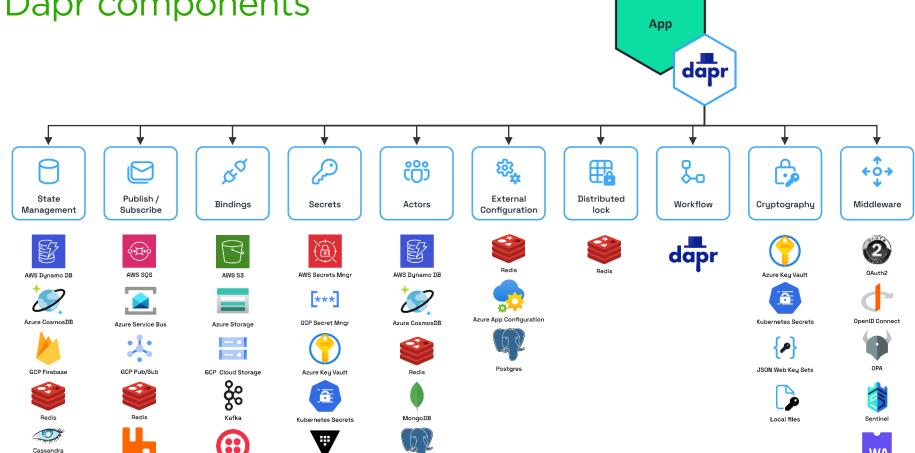






Dapr components

RabbitMO

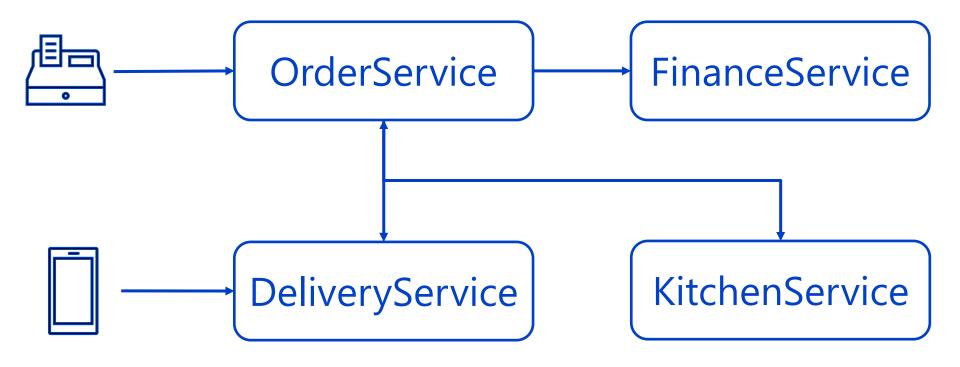


Postares

Hashicorp Vault



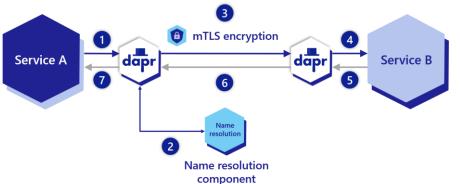
Fast Food Company







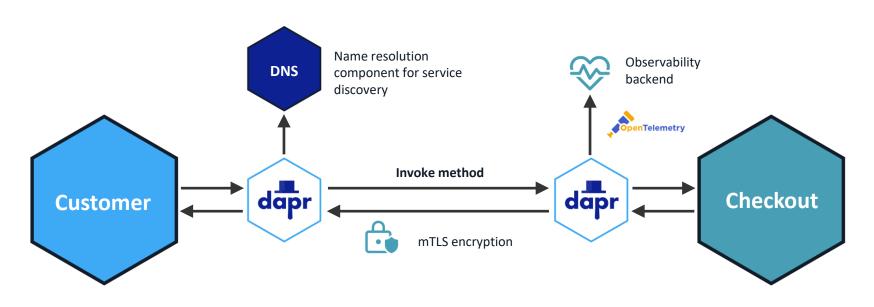
Service Invocation



- HTTP and gRPC
- mTLS (with Dapr Sentry)
- Resiliency including retries
- Tracing and metrics with observability
- Access control (policies)
- Namespace scoping
- Load balancing (round robin with mDNS)
- Pluggable service discovery

Service Invocation





POST

http://localhost:3500/v1.0/invoke/checkout/method/order

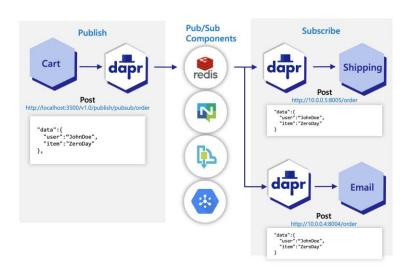
POST

http://localhost:5100/order



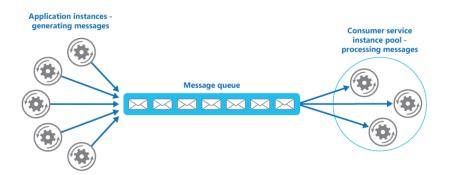


Publish & Subscribe



- Platform-agnostic API to send and receive messages
- At-least-once message delivery guarantee
- Integration with various message brokers
- CloudEvents 1.0 specification
- Message content type
- Content-based Routing
- Dead letter topics
- Namespace consumer groups
- Scoping topics

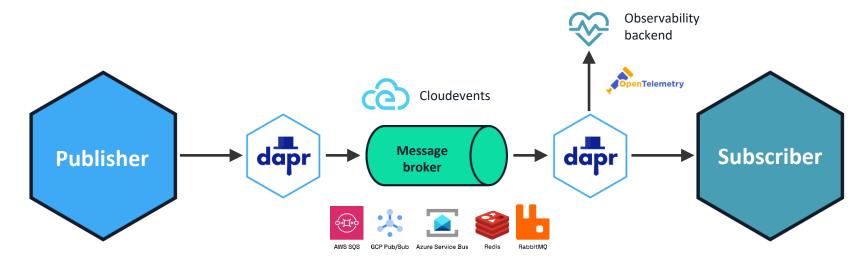
Competing consumers pattern



- Multiple application instances using a single consumer group
- Same app id = same consumer group
- Dapr delivers each message to only one instance of that application

Publish / Subscribe





POST http://localhost:3500/v1.0/publish/mybroker/order-messages

POST http://localhost:5100/orders

Pub/Sub Brokers

Generic

Component	Status	Component version	Since runtime version
Apache Kafka	Stable	v1	1.5
In-memory	Stable	v1	1.7
JetStream	Beta	v1	1.10
KubeMQ	Beta	v1	1.10
MQTT3	Stable	v1	1.7
NATS Streaming	Deprecated	v1	1.11
Pulsar	Stable	v1	1.10
RabbitMQ	Stable	v1	1.7
Redis Streams	Stable	v1	1.0
RocketMQ	Alpha	v1	1.8
Solace-AMQP	Beta	v1	1.10

Amazon Web Services (AWS)

Component	Status	Component version	Since runtime version
AWS SNS/SQS	Stable	v1	1.10

Google Cloud Platform (GCP)

Component	Status	Component version	Since runtime version
GCP Pub/Sub	Stable	v1	1.11

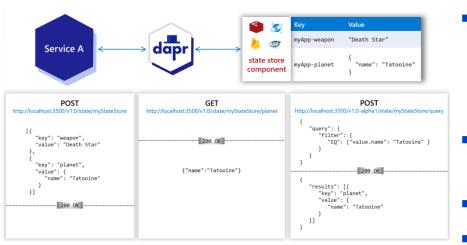
Microsoft Azure

Component	Status	Component version	Since runtime version
Azure Event Hubs	Stable	v1	1.8
Azure Service Bus Queues	Beta	v1	1.10
Azure Service Bus Topics	Stable	v1	1.0





State Management



- Configurable state store behavior (default eventually consistent, last-write-wins concurrency pattern)
- Optimistic concurrency with ETag
- Time to live (TTL)
- State encryption
- Querying state

State Stores

Generic

Component	CRUD	Transactional	ETag	TTL	Actors	Query	Status	Component version	Since runtime version
Aerospike							Alpha	v1	1.0
Apache Cassandra				~			Stable	v1	1.9
CockroachDB	<u>~</u>	$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	\checkmark			Stable	v1	1.10
Couchbase							Alpha	v1	1.0
etcd	<u>~</u>		\checkmark	\checkmark	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$		Beta	v1	1.11
Hashicorp Consul							Alpha	v1	1.0
Hazelcast							Alpha	v1	1.0
In-memory							Developer- only	v1	1.8
JetStream KV	<u>~</u>						Alpha	v1	1.7
Memcached	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$			~			Stable	v1	1.9
MongoDB	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$		$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$	~	\checkmark	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	Stable	v1	1.0
MySQL & MariaDB							Stable	v1	1.10
Oracle Database	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$		$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$		Beta	v1	1.7
PostgreSQL			$ lap{}$	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$			Stable	v1	1.0
Redis	~	~	~	<u>~</u>	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	<u>~</u>	Stable	v1	1.0
RethinkDB	<u>~</u>						Beta	v1	1.9
SQLite	<u>~</u>	~	\checkmark	~	<u>~</u>		Stable	v1	1.11
Zookeeper			<u>~</u>				Alpha	v1	1.0

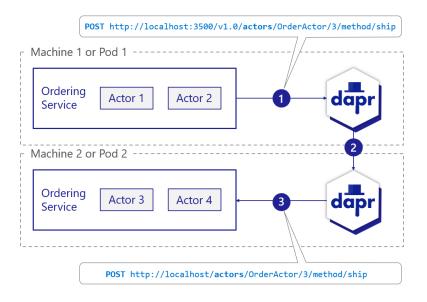
Microsoft Azure

Component	CRUD	Transactional	ETag	TTL	Actors	Query	Status	Component version	Since runtime version
Azure Blob Storage	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$		$\overline{\checkmark}$				Stable	v1	1.0
Azure Cosmos DB	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$		<u>~</u>				Stable	v1	1.0
Azure Table Storage	<u>~</u>		<u>~</u>				Stable	v1	1.9
Microsoft SQL Server	<u>~</u>		~	~			Stable	v1	1.5





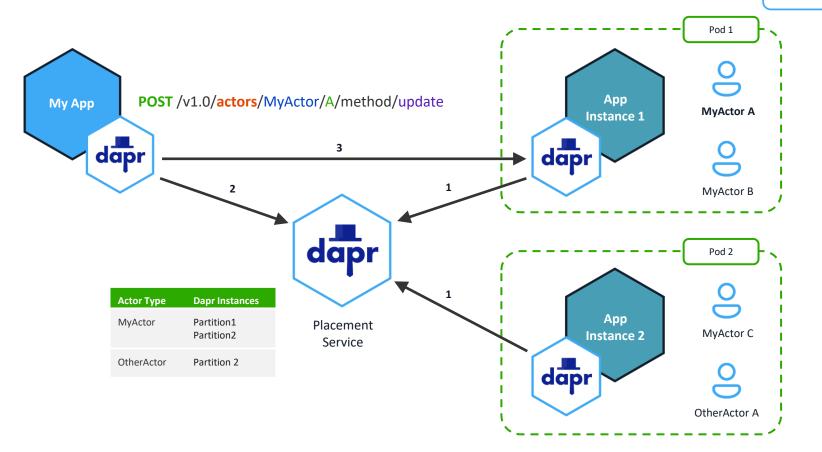
Actors



- Virtual Actor pattern
- Stateful, long running objects with identity
- Encapsulate state and behavior within a distributed system
- Actor state store
- Actor timers and reminders

Actor placement

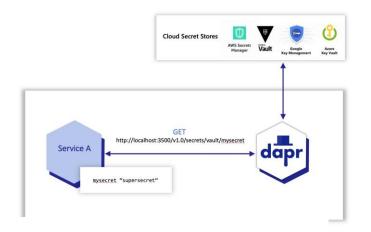


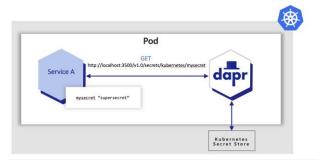




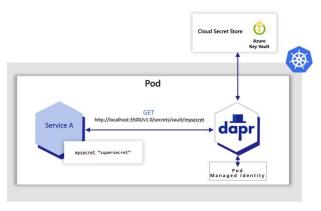


Secret Management





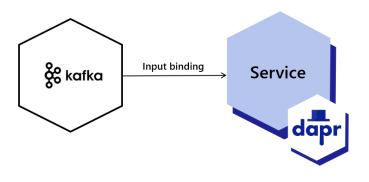
- Access secret stores through generic Dapr API
- Secret scoping (limit access)

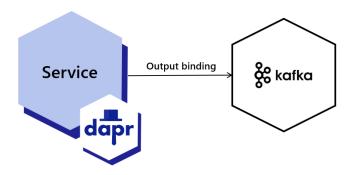






Input/Output Binding





- Trigger your app with events coming from external systems
- Handle retries and failure recovery
- Portable app with environment-specific bindings

Bindings

Generic

Component	Input Binding	Output Binding	Status	Component version	Since runtime version
Apple Push Notifications (APN)		$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	Alpha	v1	1.0
Cron (Scheduler)			Stable	v1	1.10
GraphQL		$\overline{\mathbf{C}}$	Alpha	v1	1.0
НТТР			Stable	v1	1.0
InfluxDB		$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	Beta	v1	1.7
Kafka			Stable	v1	1.8
KubeMQ			Beta	v1	1.10
Kubernetes Events			Alpha	v1	1.0
Local Storage		$\overline{\mathbf{C}}$	Stable	v1	1.9
MQTT3			Beta	v1	1.7
MySQL & MariaDB		$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	Alpha	v1	1.0
PostgreSQL			Stable	v1	1.9
Postmark		$\overline{\mathbf{C}}$	Alpha	v1	1.0
RabbitMQ			Stable	v1	1.9
Redis		$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	Stable	v1	1.9
SendGrid			Alpha	v1	1.0
SMTP		$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	Alpha	v1	1.0
Twilio		$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	Alpha	v1	1.0
Wasm		✓	Alpha	v1	1.11

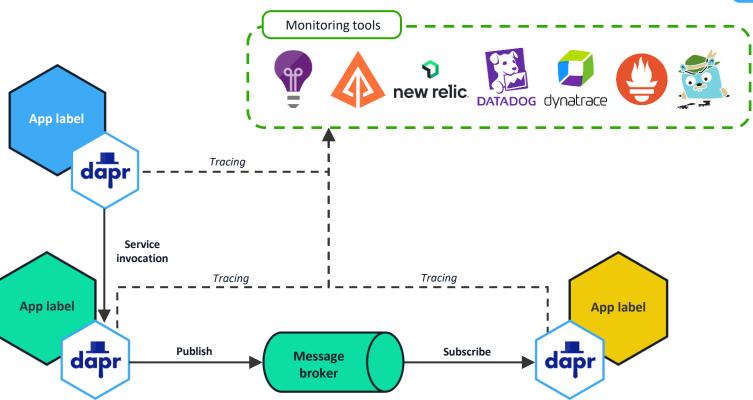
Microsoft Azure

Component	Input Binding	Output Binding	Status	Component version	Since runtime version
Azure Blob Storage			Stable	v1	1.0
Azure Cosmos DB (Gremlin API)			Alpha	v1	1.5
Azure CosmosDB			Stable	v1	1.7
Azure Event Grid			Beta	v1	1.7
Azure Event Hubs			Stable	v1	1.8
Azure Service Bus Queues			Stable	v1	1.7
Azure SignalR			Alpha	v1	1.0
Azure Storage Queues			Stable	v1	1.0

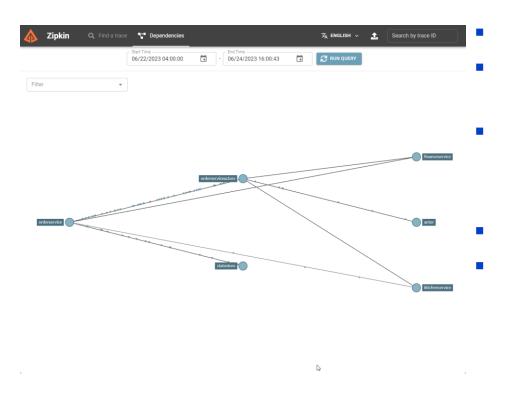


Distributed tracing





Observability



Distributed tracing

- Open Telemetry (OTEL) and Zipkin protocols
- Used with service invocation and pub/sub APIs

Sidecar health

App health checks

- Unsubscribing Pub/Sub
- Stop input binings
- Short-circuiting all service-invocation requests



Resiliency

Resiliency patterns can be applied across Dapr APIs:

- Retries
- Timeouts
- Circuit breakers

Declarative and decoupled from application code.

Available across all component types, service invocation, and actors.

```
apiVersion: dapr.io/v1alpha1
kind: Resiliency
metadata:
name: myresiliency
scopes:
 - order-processor
spec:
 policies:
  retries:
   retryForever:
    policy: constant
    duration: 5s
    maxRetries: -1
  circuitBreakers:
   simpleCB:
    maxRequests: 1
    timeout: 5s
    trip: consecutiveFailures >= 5
 targets:
  components:
   statestore:
    outbound:
     retry: retryForever
     circuitBreaker: simpleCB
```





Pros / Cons

Advantages

- Develop faster
- Best practices
- Portability
- Focus on your logic

Disadvantages

- Additional hop / network overhead
- Common API less features

Conclusion

- Suitable for most teams and applications
- Base your development on proven best practices
- Ideal, if portability is key (different environments / clouds, local, etc.)



Thank you for your attention!

If you have any questions do not hesitate to contact us:

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