Blinky

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# Description

This project was designed to be used as a ‘hello world’ for Real-Time (RT) Cadmium. It is for new users to walk through compiling a project, simulating it, then flashing it to the board. This will identify if there are any installation and setup problems with their RT-Cadmium. When flashed to a board blinky will turn the on-board LED on and off. When the on-board button is pressed the light will flash twice as quickly. If the user sees this behavior, then they have successfully setup RT-Cadmium on their computer and flashed a project to the board. This model also shows how to create a DigitalInput and DigitalOuput atomic model and couple them with a user made model.

# Block Diagram



# Formal Model

ATOMIC: Blinky

This model will use its internal transitions to time the flashing of the light. Its input will be used to choose the fast or slow time advance value.

**State Variables:**  
**sigma** = , **phase** = Passive;

**LightOn** = false  bool; /\* Is the LED on, used to toggle state\*/

**FastToggle** = false  bool; /\*Represents the buttons state \*/

**Formal specification:**

**X** = { in  bool } /\* Used to receive input from the button’s digital input model \*/

**Y** = { dataOut  bool } /\* Used to output light state to the LED’s digital output model \*/

**S** = { { phase, sigma, LightOn, FastToggle } }

**ext** (s= { phase, sigma, LightOn, FastToggle }, e, x = { in })) {

case x

in:

FastToggle = x;

}

**int** (s= { phase, sigma, LightOn, FastToggle }) {

case phase

busy:

LightOn = !LightOn;

passive: /\* Never happens \*/

}

****s) { send LightOn to the port dataOut }