ACL 2021

Natural language processing
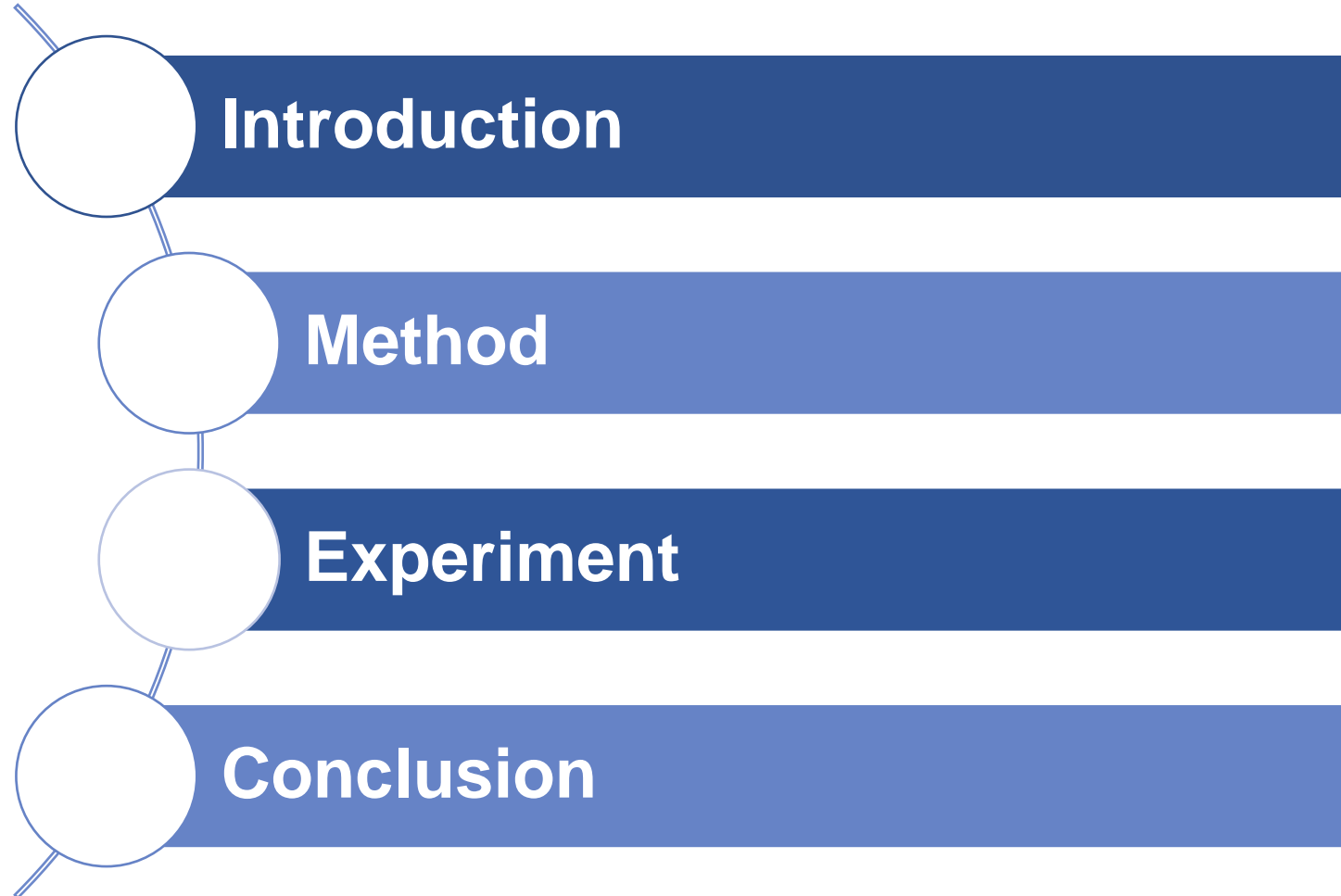
DefSent: Sentence Embeddings using Definition Sentences
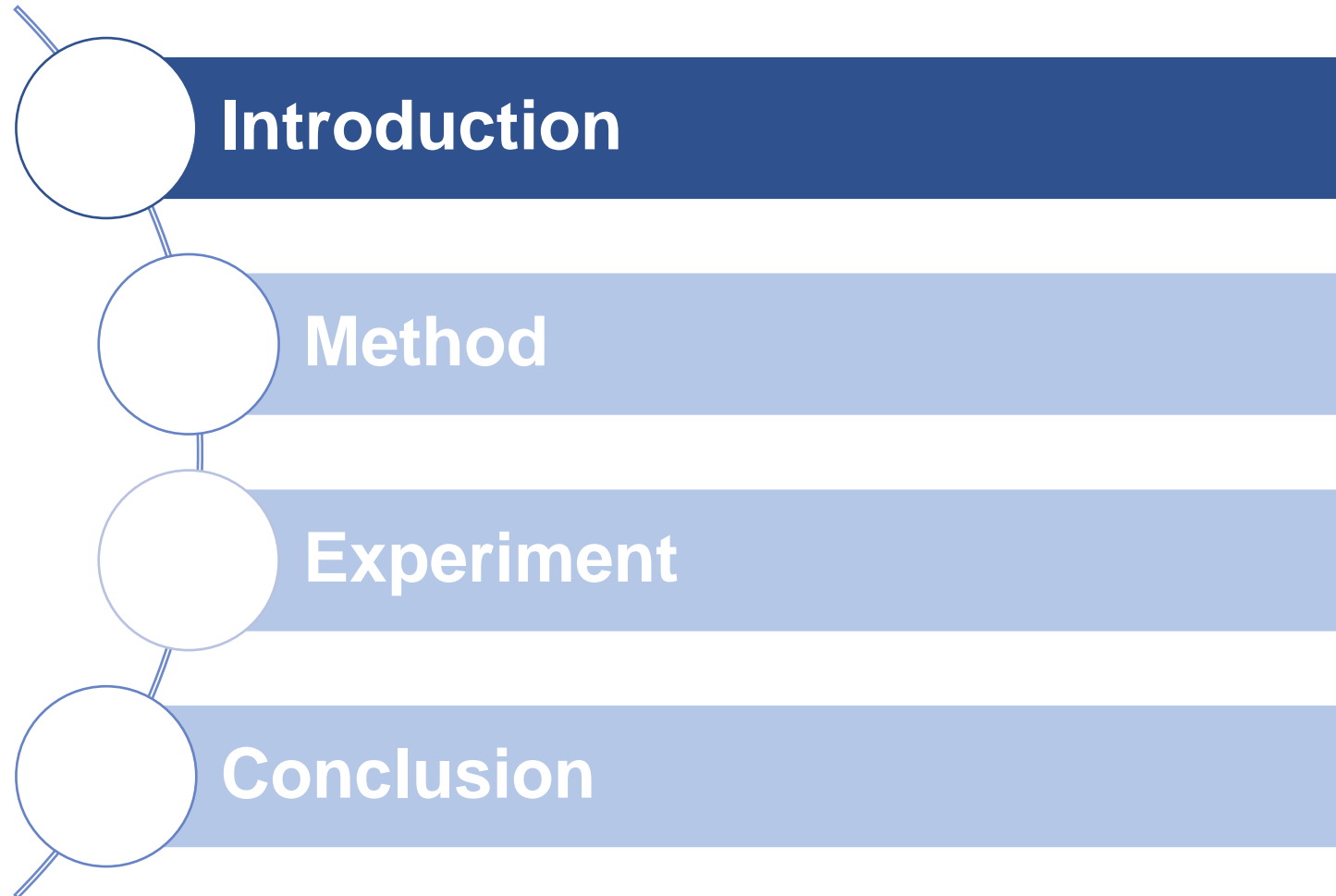
Hayato Tsukagoshi, Ryohei Sasano, Koichi Takeda

Instructor Mas. Nguyễn Thị Quý

Introduction

Method

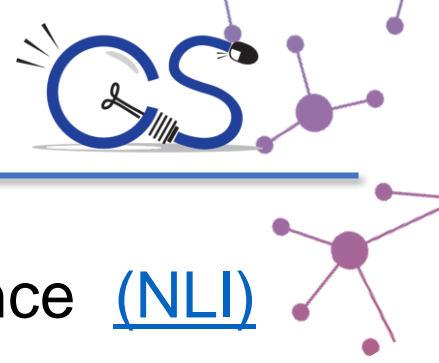# Experiment

Conclusion

Introduction

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- Sentence embedding methods using natural language inference (NLI) datasets have been successfully applied to various tasks.
- These methods are only available for limited languages due to relying heavily on the large NLI datasets
- In this paper, They propose **DefSent**, a sentence embedding method that uses definition sentences from a word dictionary
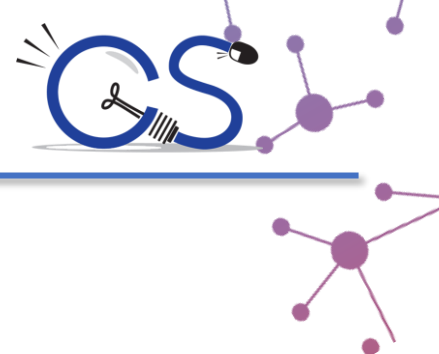
→ This have more applicable uses
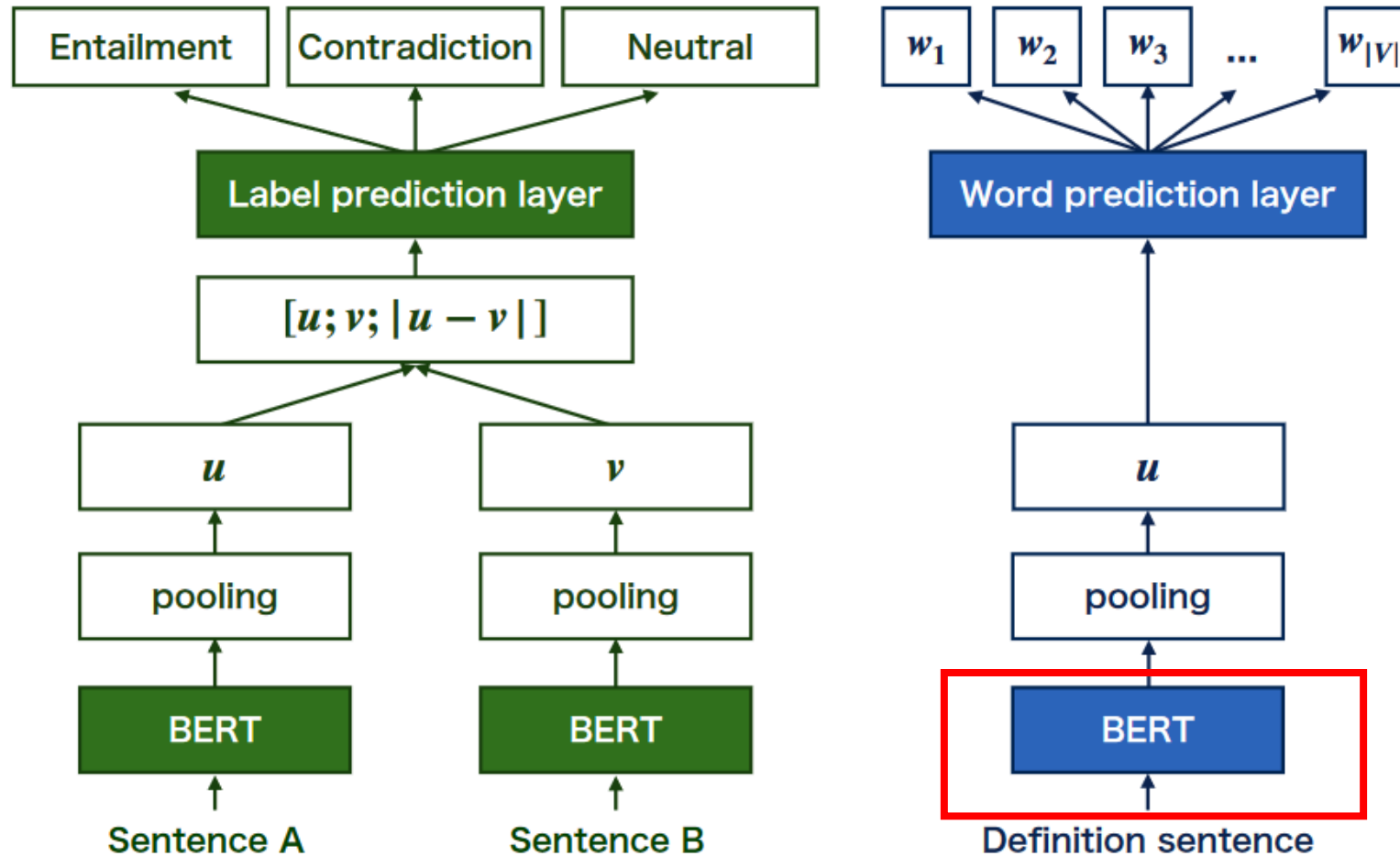
Sentence-BERT (left) and DefSent (right).

Introduction

日本語から

「有休はいつ取るの？」。上司からこんな質問をされる場面が今後、増えてきそうだ。今国会で、年5日分の有給休暇の取得を義務化する労働基準法改正案が提出されたためだ。成立すれば、来年4月に施行される。休みをスムーズに取るには、どんな"働き方改革"が求められるのだろうか。

六花亭製菓（北海道帯広市）の流通部門のリーダー、村部千鶴子さん（49）は毎年、有休を使って旅行に出かけている。村部さんは「みんな気兼ねなくリフレッシュしている」と話す。

同社の取得率は1989年度以降、25年連続で100％だ。その秘訣（ひけつ）を、同社の小田豊社長は「経営の姿勢を変えたこと」だと強調する。きっかけは、80年代、休みが取りづらい職場で離職者が相次ぎ、規模拡大の先行きにも限りがみえたこと。「社員が健康でなければ、おいしいお菓子はできないという原点に立ち返った」と小田社長は振り返る。
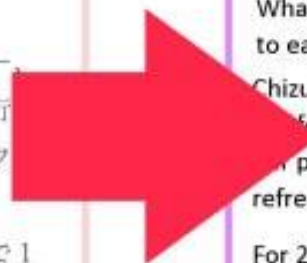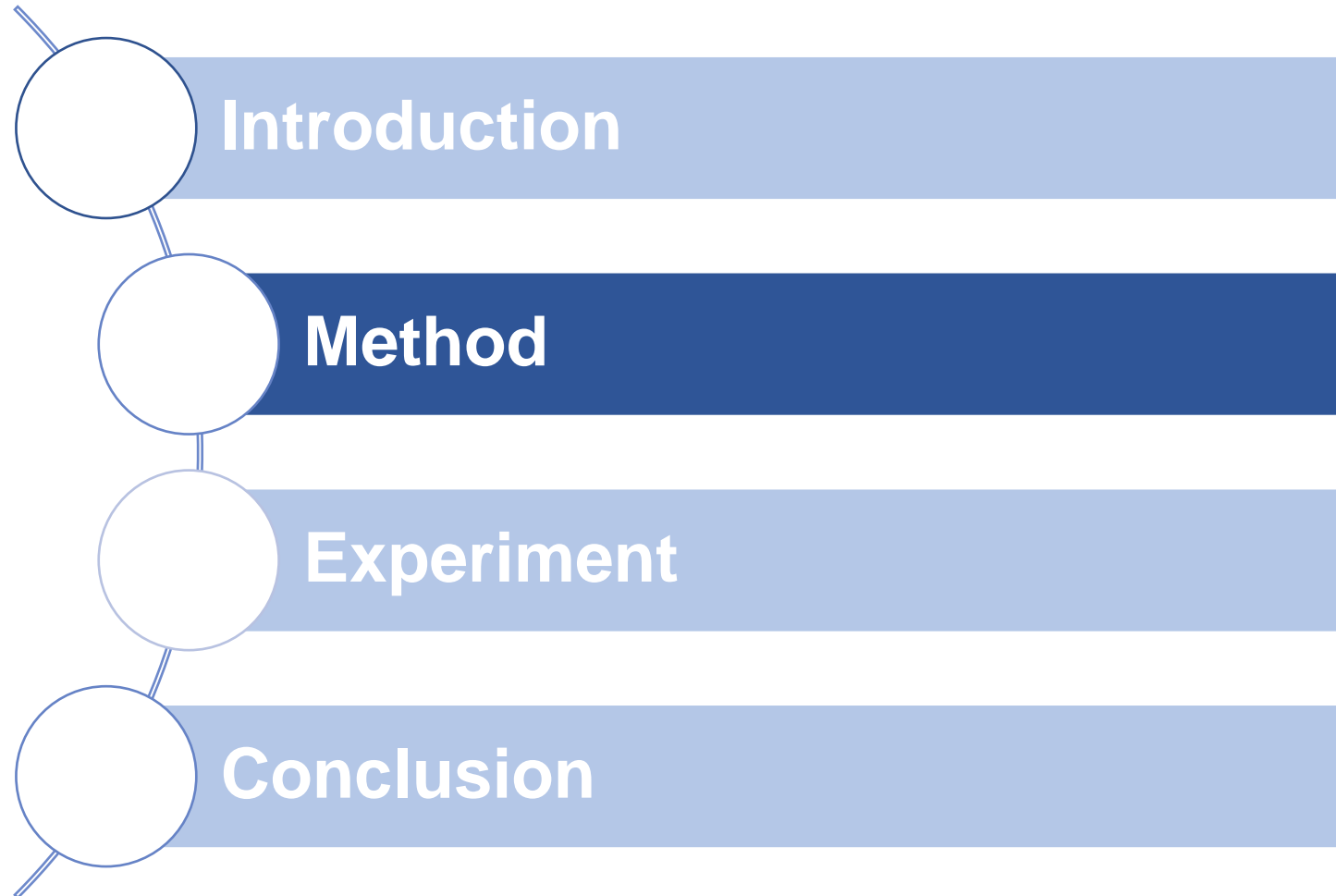
To English

"When are you taking your paid vacation?"

It seems soon more will be getting asked this question by their bosses. The reason being, during the current Diet session, a proposal was made to reform the Labor Standards Act to require workers to take 5 paid holidays a year. If it passes, it'll go into effect April of next year. What kind of "work reform" are they asking for workers to easily take vacations?

Chizuko Murabe (49) oversees distribution for Rokkakei fectionery (Obihiro, Hokkaido). Every year she uses paid vacation and goes on a trip. "Everyone is refreshed and not stressed out," says Murabe.

For 25 years straight at this company, 100% of employees have taken paid vacations. The company president, Yutaka Oda, emphasizes that the secret was a "change in management's attitude." It stemmed from the 80s when it was difficult to take a vacation, leading to employees retiring. Management saw how this limited future expansion. "It all comes back to the fact that if my employees aren't healthy, they can't make good candy," reflects Oda.

Introduction

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BERT

Figure 1: The Transformer - model architecture.

- BERT stand for: Bidirectional Encoder Representation from Transformer
- Transformers are made up of stacks of **transformer blocks**
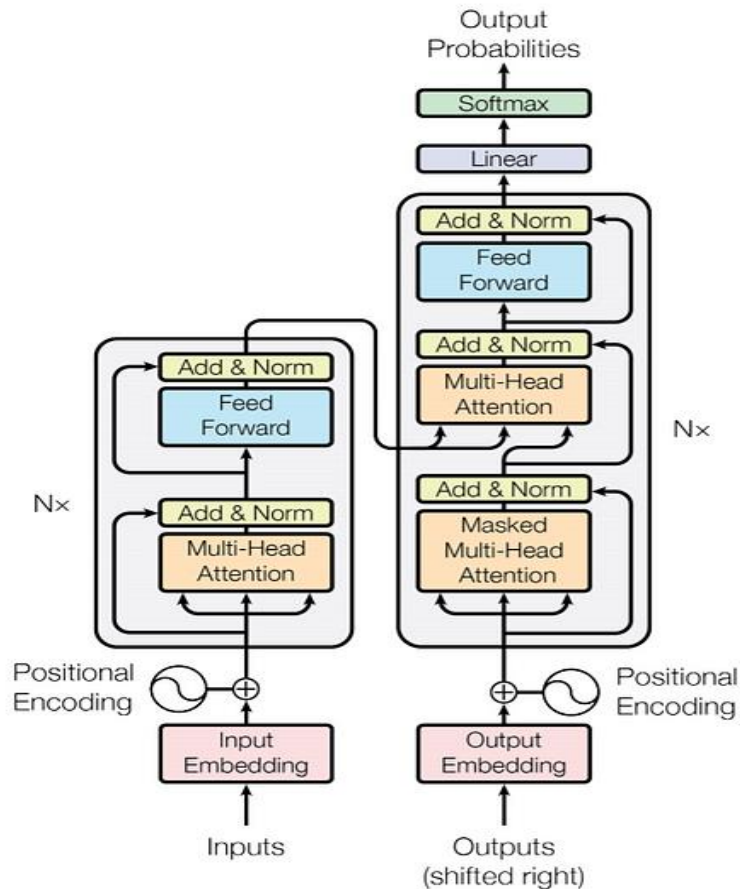- Simple linear layers feedforward networks, and **self-attention layers**

NLP

BERT

Figure 1: The Transformer - model architecture.

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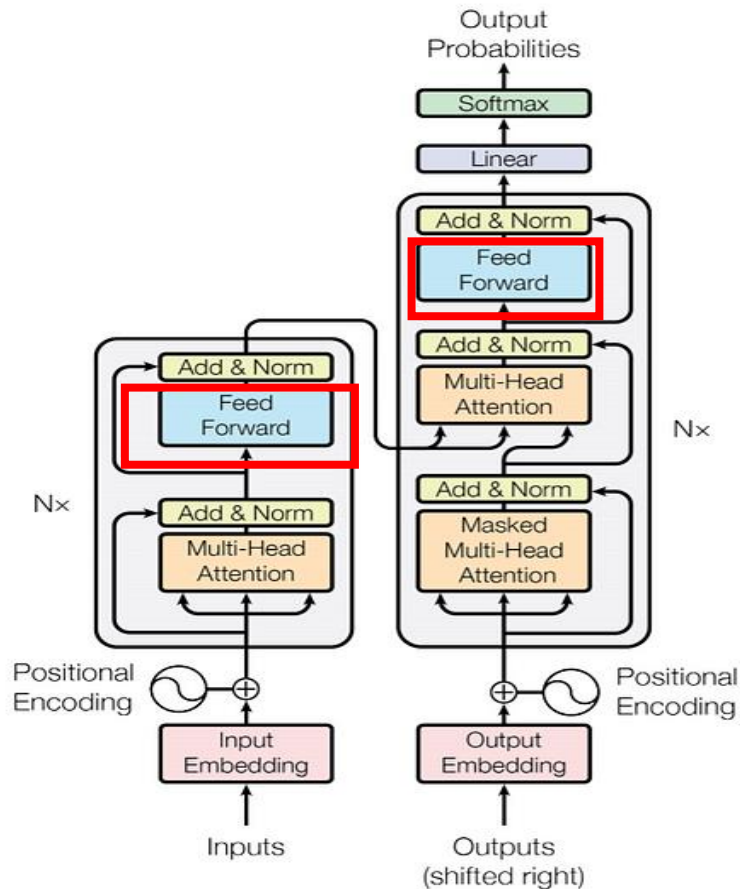
NLP

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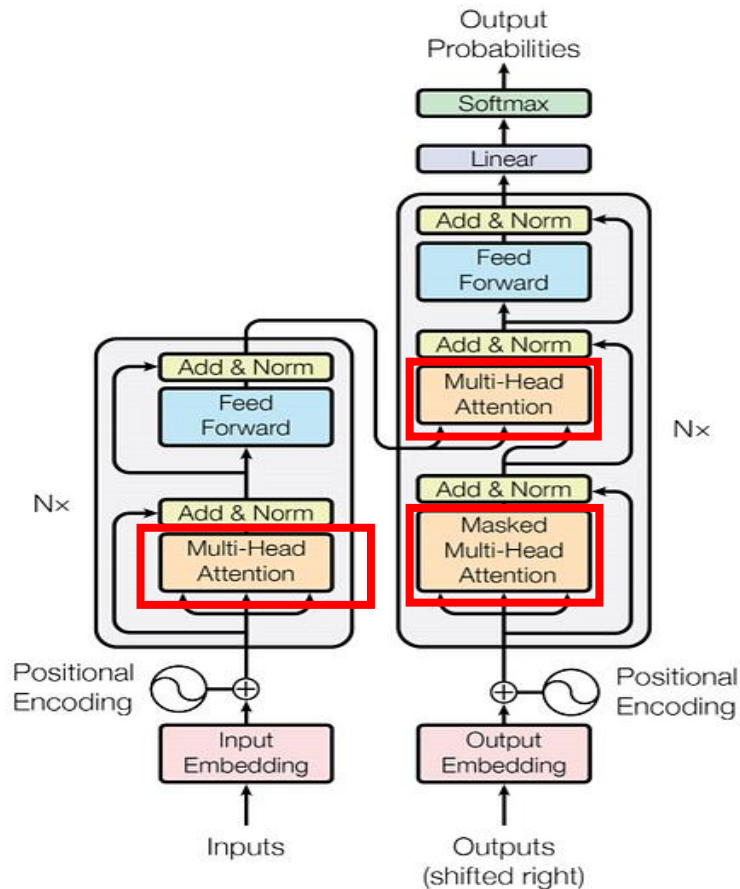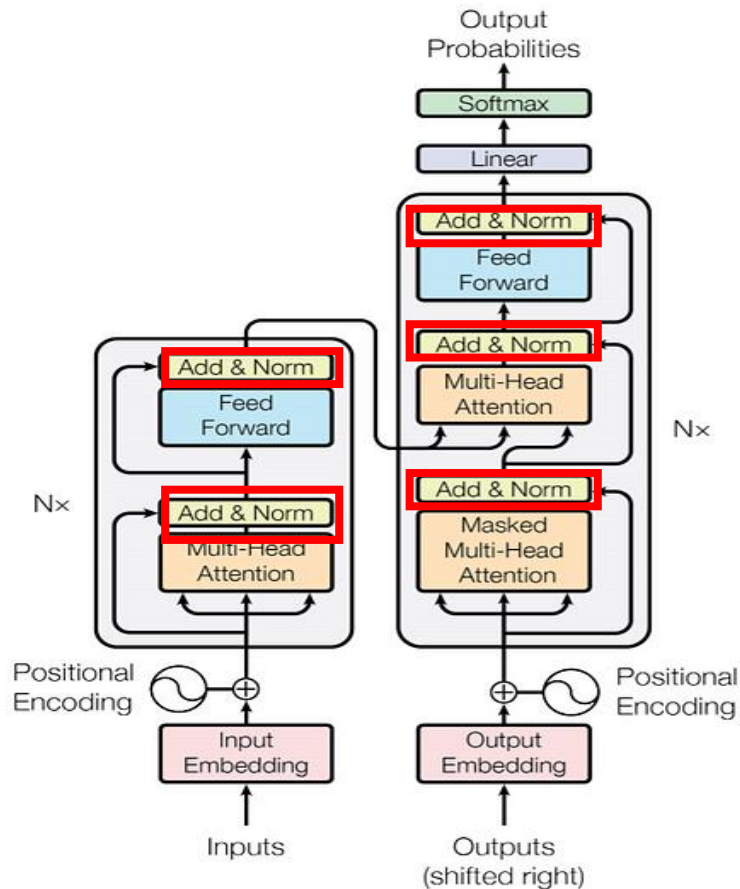
NLP

BERT

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NLP

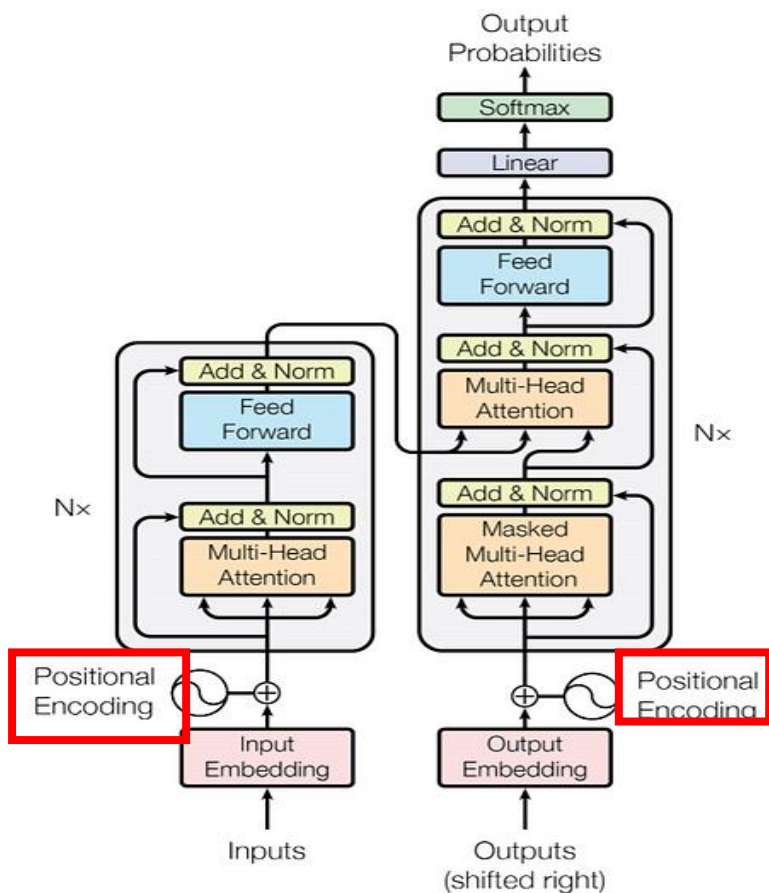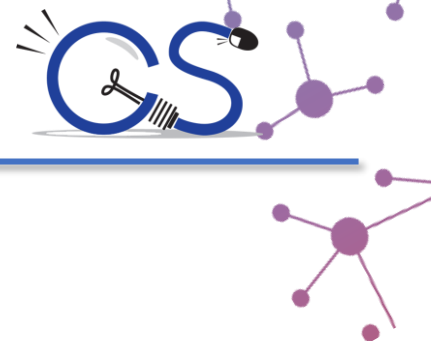Figure 1: The Transformer - model architecture.

NLP

Figure 1: The Transformer - model architecture.

NLP

Transformer

NLP
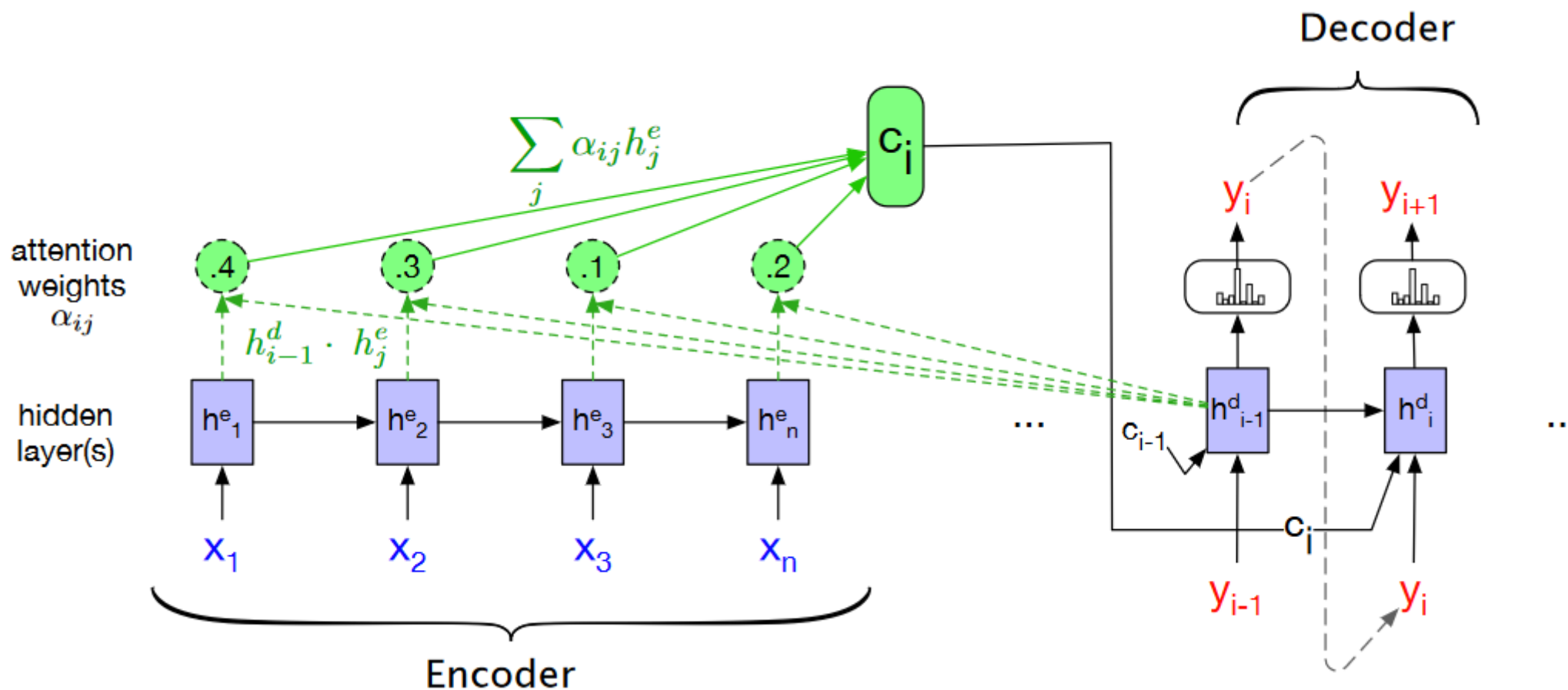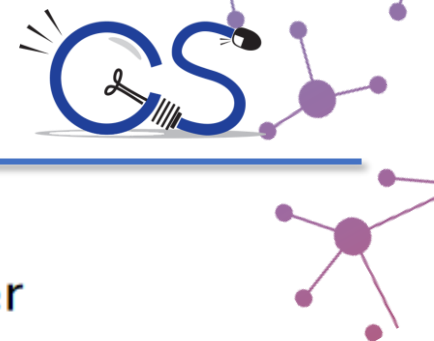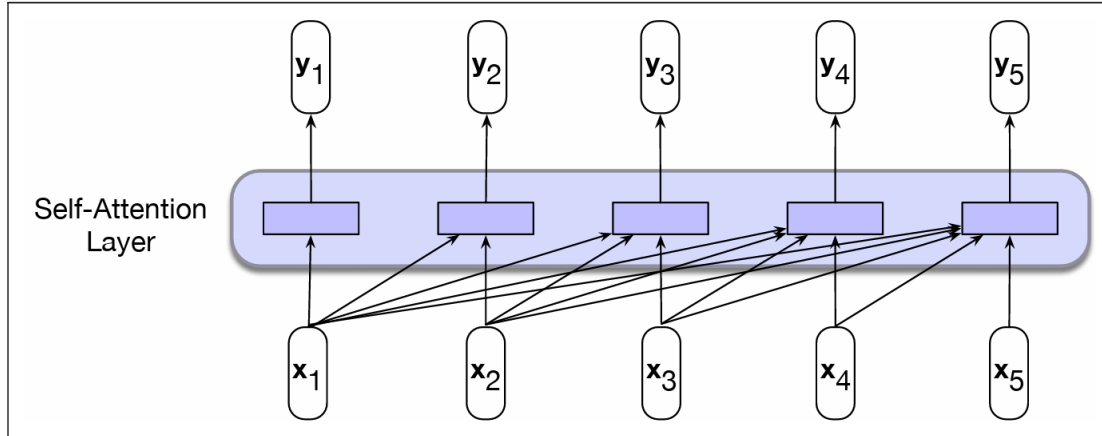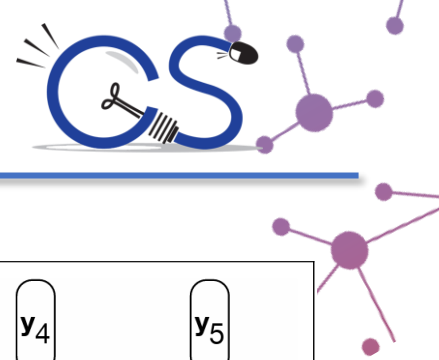
Self- Attention

Backward-looking self-attention model
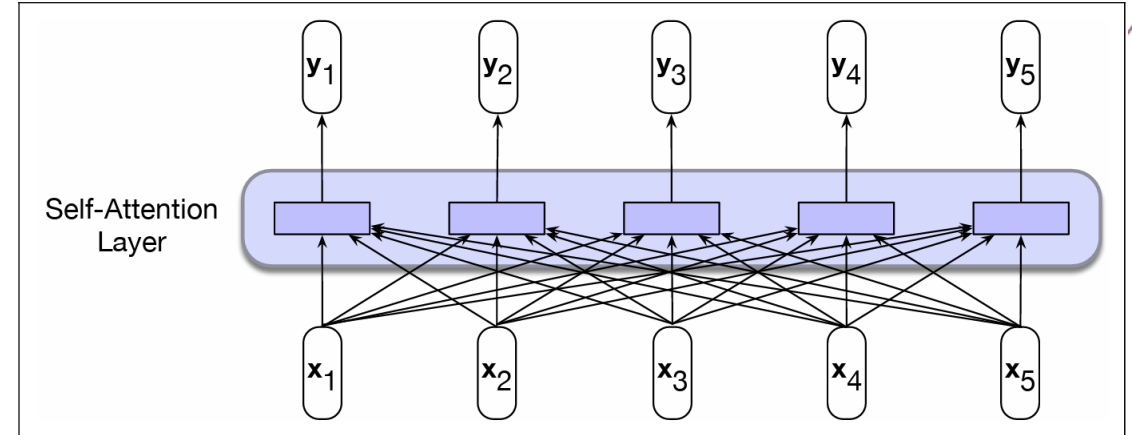
Bidirectional self-attention model

Compare with LSTMs : Can scalable, run paralel → Reduce time and utilize computation

Masked Language Model

- **Masked Language Modeling (MLM)**: learns to perform a fill-in-the-blank task, technically called the **cloze task**

- In BERT, **15%** of the input tokens in a training sequence are sampled for learning

Token distribution

80%

10%

10%

■ [Mask]   ■ [Replace]   ■ [Unchanged]

Masked Language Model

RoBERTa
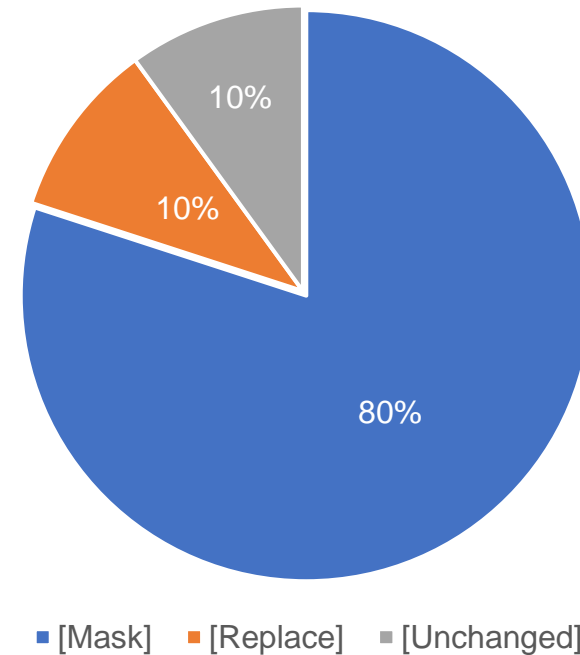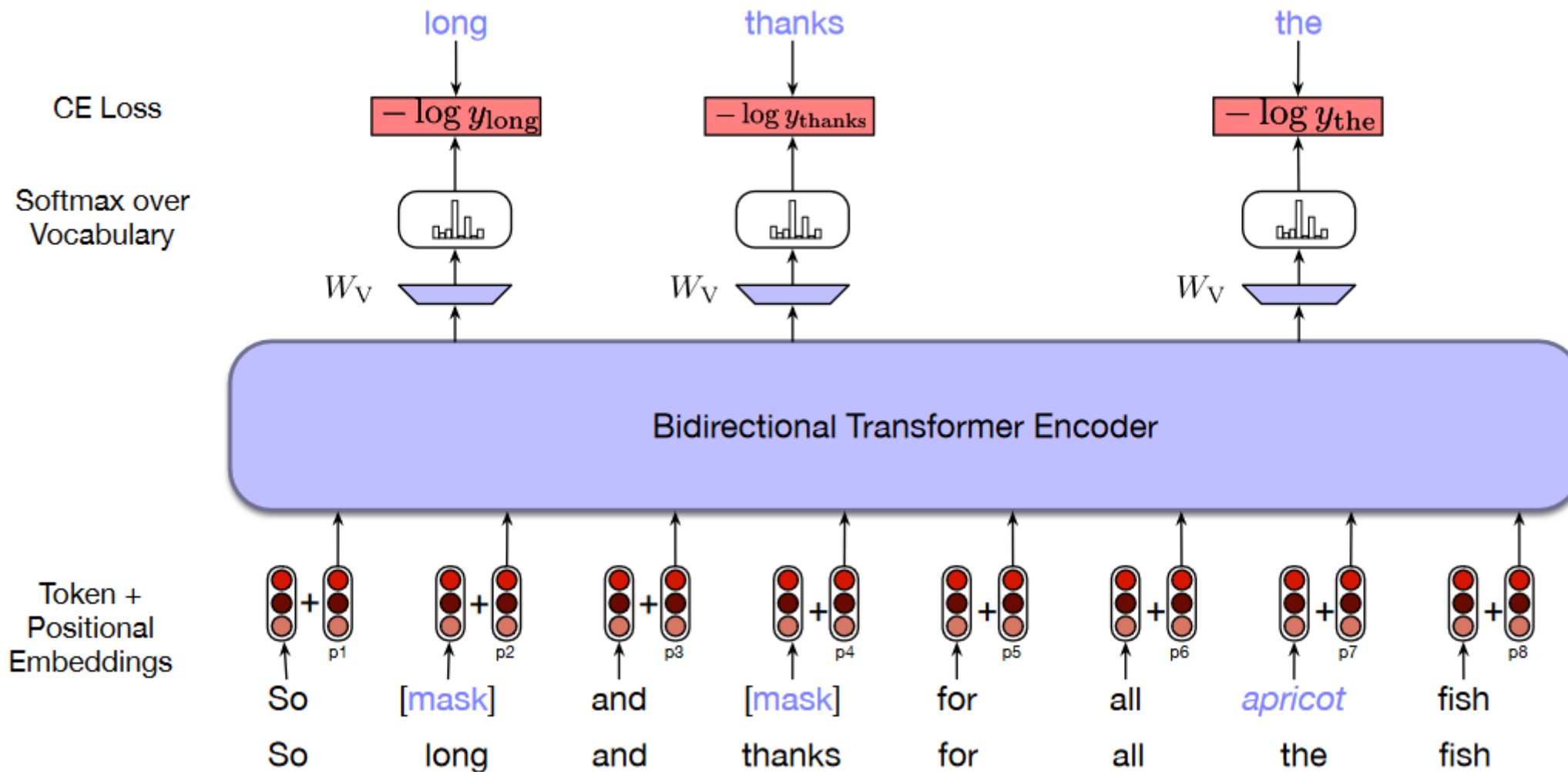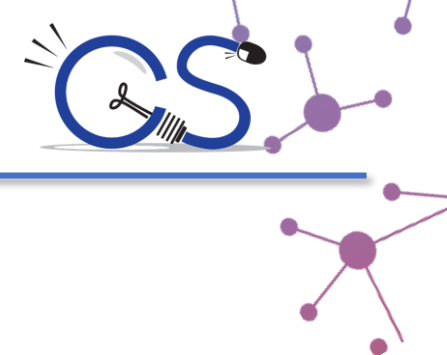
1. Training the model longer, with bigger batches, over more data;

2. Removing the next sentence prediction objective;

3. Training on longer sequences

4. Dynamically changing the masking pattern applied to the training data.

DefSent

Using Cross-entropy as loss function to train

CLS, Mean, Max

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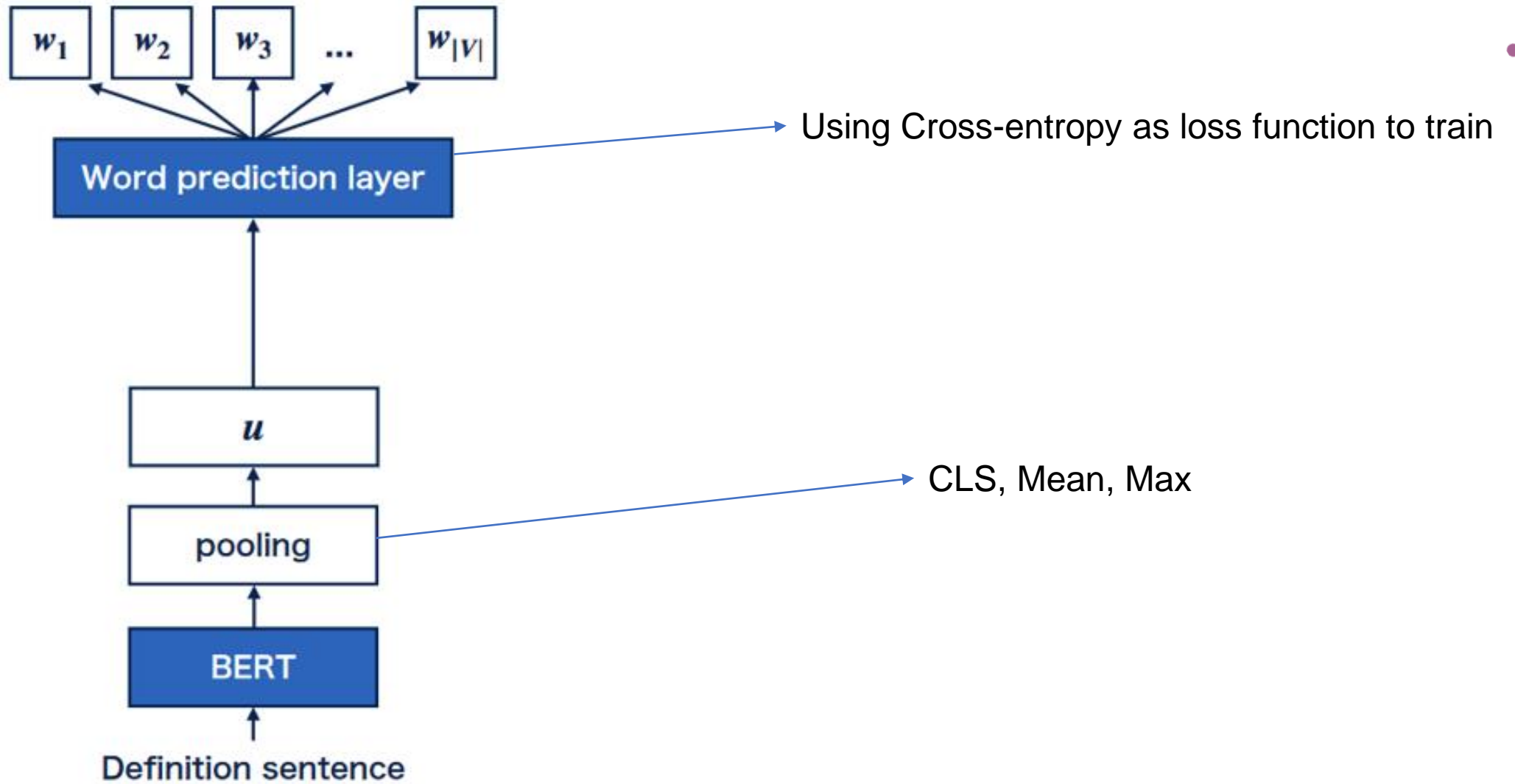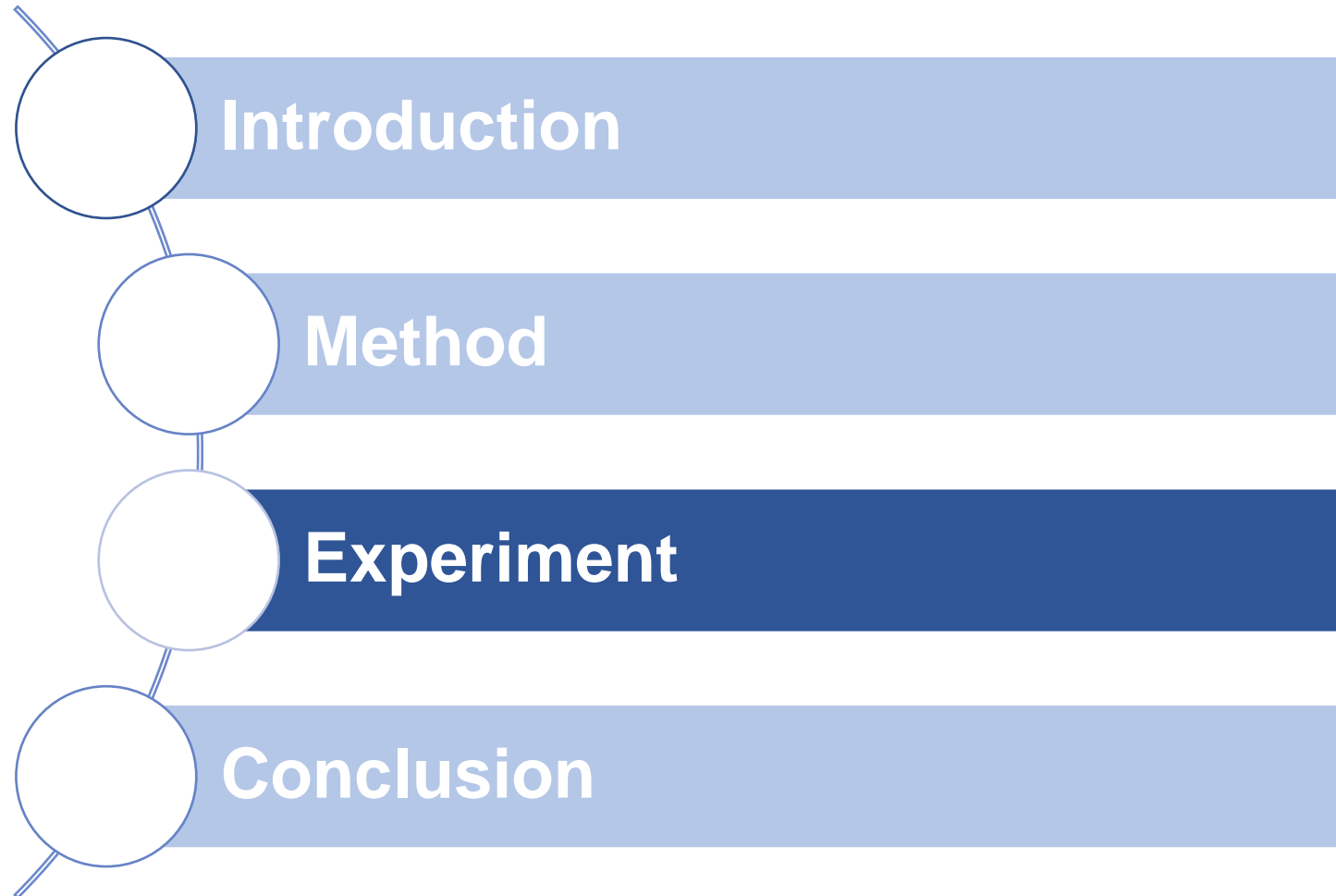
Word prediction
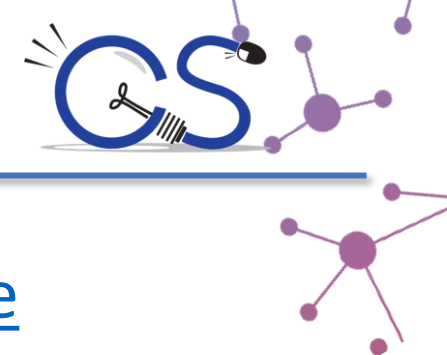
Oxford Dictionary dataset from [Learning to Describe Unknown Phrases with Local and Global Contexts](#)

Shonosuke Ishiwatari, Hiroaki Hayashi, Naoki Yoshinaga, Graham Neubig, Shoetsu Sato, Masashi Toyoda, Masaru Kitsuregawa

NAACL 2019

All	Words	Definitions	Avg. length
Train	29,413	97,759	9.921
Dev	3,677	12,127	9.874
Test	3,677	12,433	9.846
In BERT vocab.	**Words**	**Definitions**	**Avg. length**
Train	7,732	54,142	9.531
Dev	936	6,544	9.512
Test	979	6,930	9.551
In RoBERTa vocab.	**Words**	**Definitions**	**Avg. length**
Train	7,269	53,935	9.376
Dev	901	6,625	9.372
Test	925	6,945	9.41

Word prediction
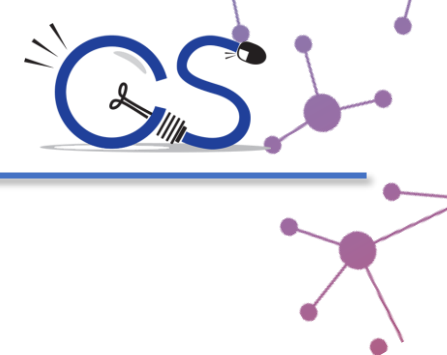
Model	Pooling	MRR	Top1	Top3	Top10
BERT-base (no fine-tuning)	CLS	.0009	.0000	.0000	.0000
	Mean	.0132	.0001	.0043	.0242
	Max	.0327	.0157	.0320	.0626
BERT-base	CLS	.3200	.2079	.3670	.5418
	Mean	.3091	.1972	.3524	.5356
	Max	.2939	.1840	.3350	.5207
BERT-large	CLS	**.3587**	**.2388**	**.4139**	**.6011**
	Mean	.3286	.2091	.3792	.5723
	Max	.2925	.1814	.3356	.5194
RoBERTa-base	CLS	.3436	.2241	.3983	.5836
	Mean	.3365	.2170	.3906	.5783
	Max	.3072	.1941	.3523	.5386
RoBERTa-large	CLS	.3863	.2611	.4460	.6364
	Mean	**.3995**	**.2699**	**.4634**	**.6599**
	Max	.3175	.2015	.3646	.5543

0.299	**0.202**	**0.356**	**0.528**

0.317	**0.217**	**0.374**	**0.560**

Semantic Textual Similarity(STS)
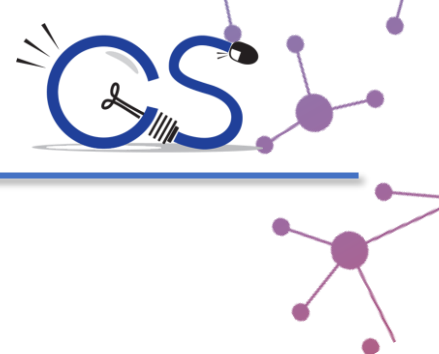
Model	STS12	STS13	STS14	STS15	STS16	STS-B	SICK-R	Avg.
Avg. GloVe embeddings (Pennington et al., 2014)	55.14	70.66	59.73	68.25	63.66	58.02	53.76	61.32
Avg. BERT embeddings	38.78	57.98	57.98	63.15	61.06	46.35	58.40	54.81
BERT CLS-vector	20.16	30.01	20.09	36.88	38.08	16.50	42.63	29.19
InferSent - Glove (Conneau et al., 2017)	52.86	66.75	62.15	72.77	66.87	68.03	65.65	65.01
Universal Sentence Encoder (Cer et al., 2018)	64.49	67.80	64.61	76.83	73.18	74.92	**76.69**	71.22
Sentence-BERT-base (Mean)	70.97	76.53	73.19	79.09	74.30	77.03	72.91	74.89
Sentence-BERT-large (Mean)	72.27	78.46	**74.90**	**80.99**	76.25	**79.23**	73.75	76.55
Sentence-RoBERTa-base (Mean)	71.54	72.49	70.80	78.74	73.69	77.77	74.46	74.21
Sentence-RoBERTa-large (Mean)	**74.53**	77.00	73.18	81.85	76.82	79.10	74.29	**76.68**
DefSent-BERT-base (CLS)	67.56	79.86	69.52	76.83	76.61	75.57	73.05	74.14
DefSent-BERT-large (CLS)	66.22	**82.07**	71.48	79.34	75.38	73.46	74.30	74.61
DefSent-RoBERTa-base (CLS)	65.55	80.84	71.87	78.77	**79.29**	78.13	74.92	75.62
DefSent-RoBERTa-large (Mean)	58.36	76.24	69.55	73.15	76.90	78.53	73.81	72.36

Semantic Textual Similarity(STS)
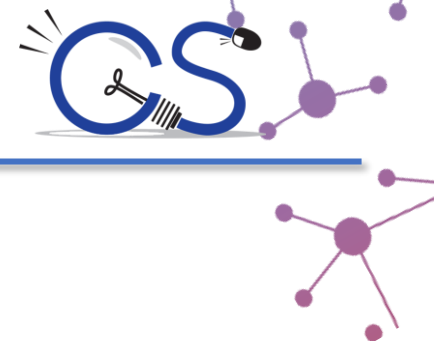
sts12	sts13	sts14	sts15	sts16	stsB	sickR	avg mode
66.448	79.946	68.042	76.941	75.009	76.743	71.589	73.531
65.996	82.346	72.274	78.666	75.315	78.881	70.791	74.896
63.519	81.728	71.966	78.216	74.727	77.722	70.644	74.075
64.446	82.001	69.375	80.390	74.265	75.214	72.743	74.062
60.849	82.076	73.009	80.055	76.625	79.514	73.213	75.049
57.379	80.675	72.122	77.572	74.722	77.552	71.989	73.144
66.431	80.958	71.950	80.120	78.598	80.348	74.349	76.108
59.968	77.366	68.844	76.478	76.815	78.992	72.453	72.988
63.560	77.626	68.012	77.534	78.222	80.356	73.770	74.154
64.413	79.298	72.893	75.870	76.984	80.204	74.776	74.920
54.017	70.686	66.853	73.120	73.636	80.527	73.906	70.392
61.099	79.687	71.361	76.857	78.685	80.693	72.933	74.473

Comparision between my exprimental and paper's exprimental on sts12 dataset.

Semantic Textual Similarity(STS)

Comparision between my exprimental and paper's exprimental on sts13 dataset.

Semantic Textual Similarity(STS)

Comparision between my exprimental and paper's exprimental on sts16 dataset.
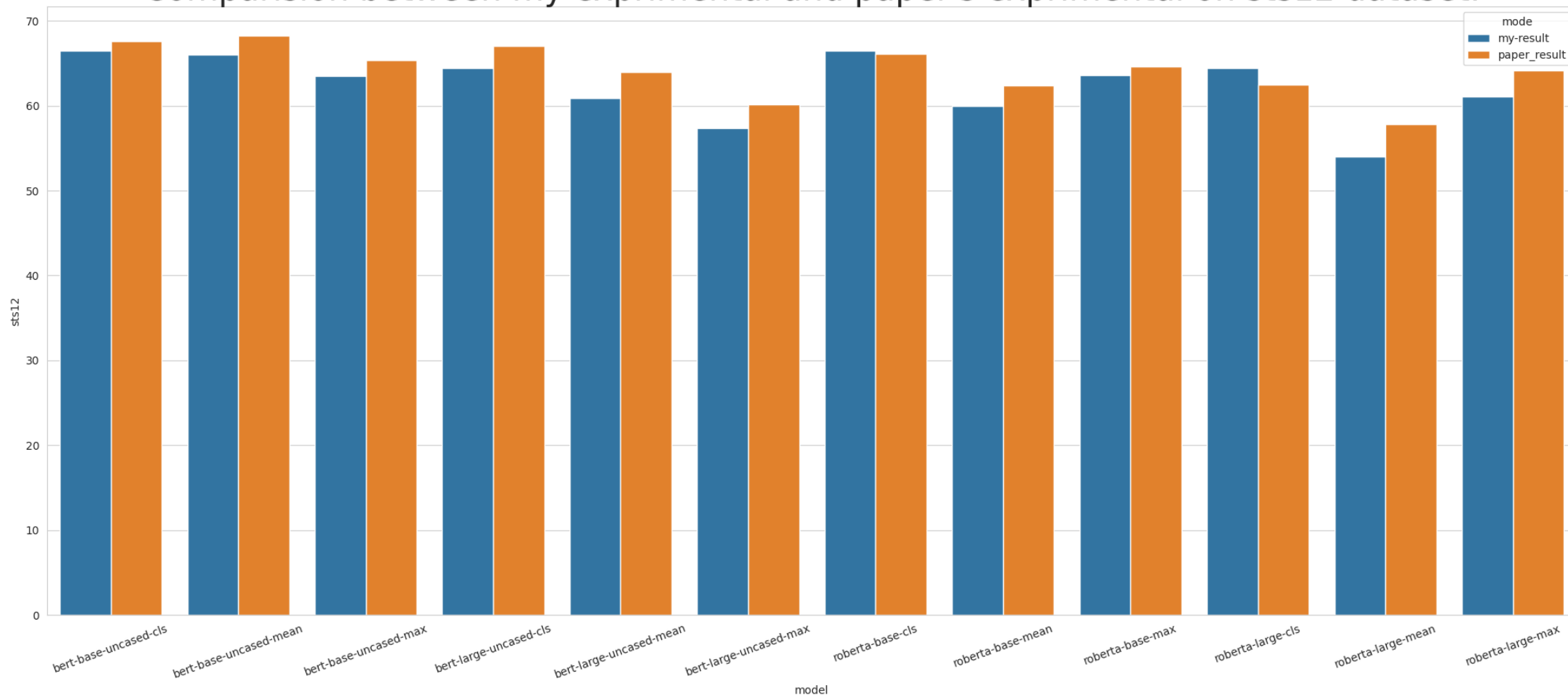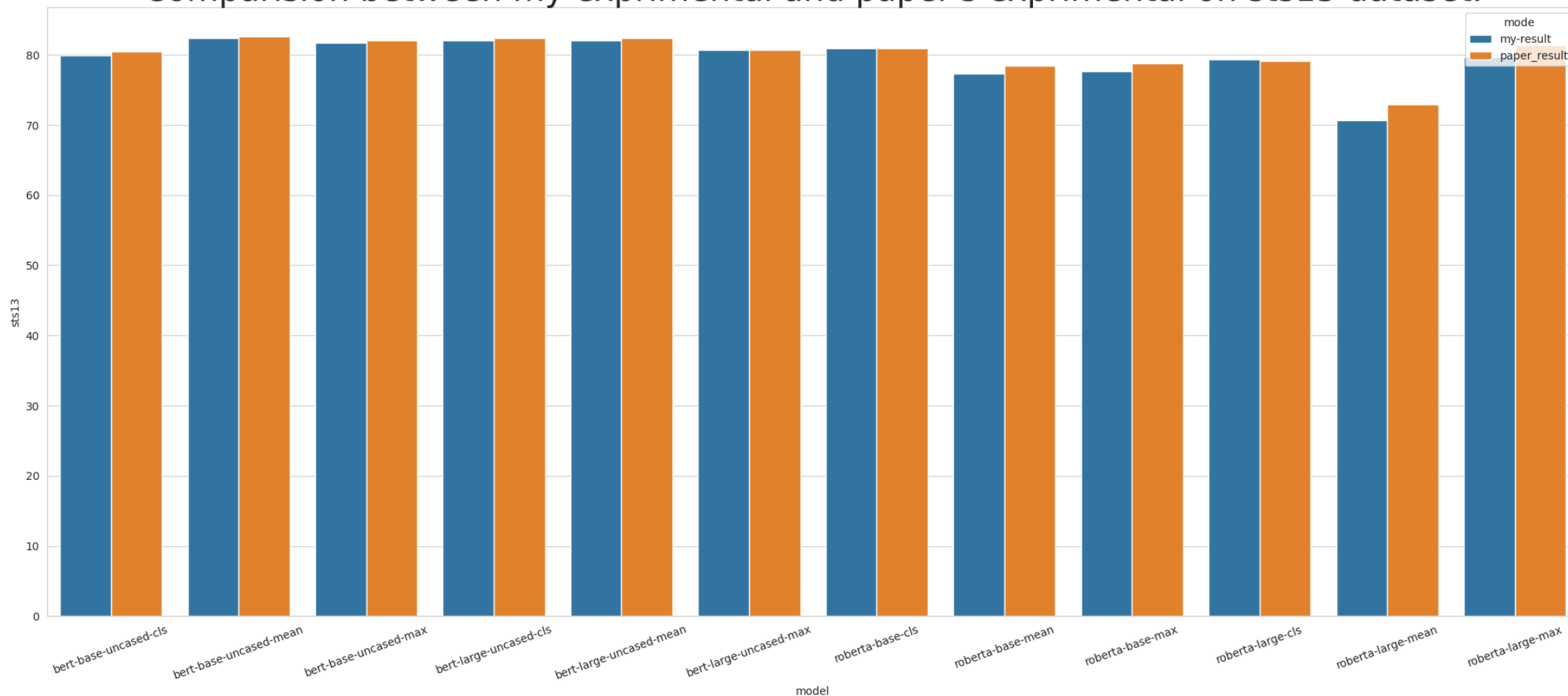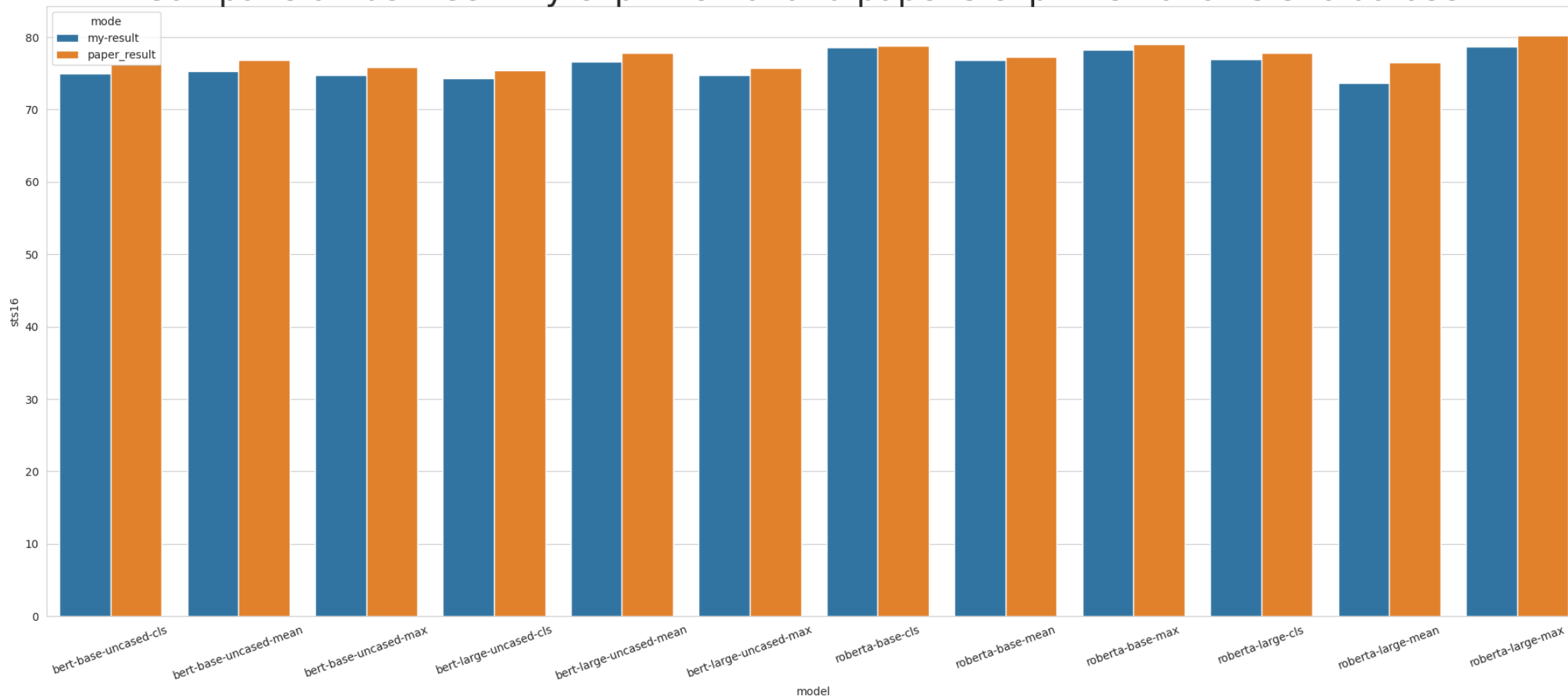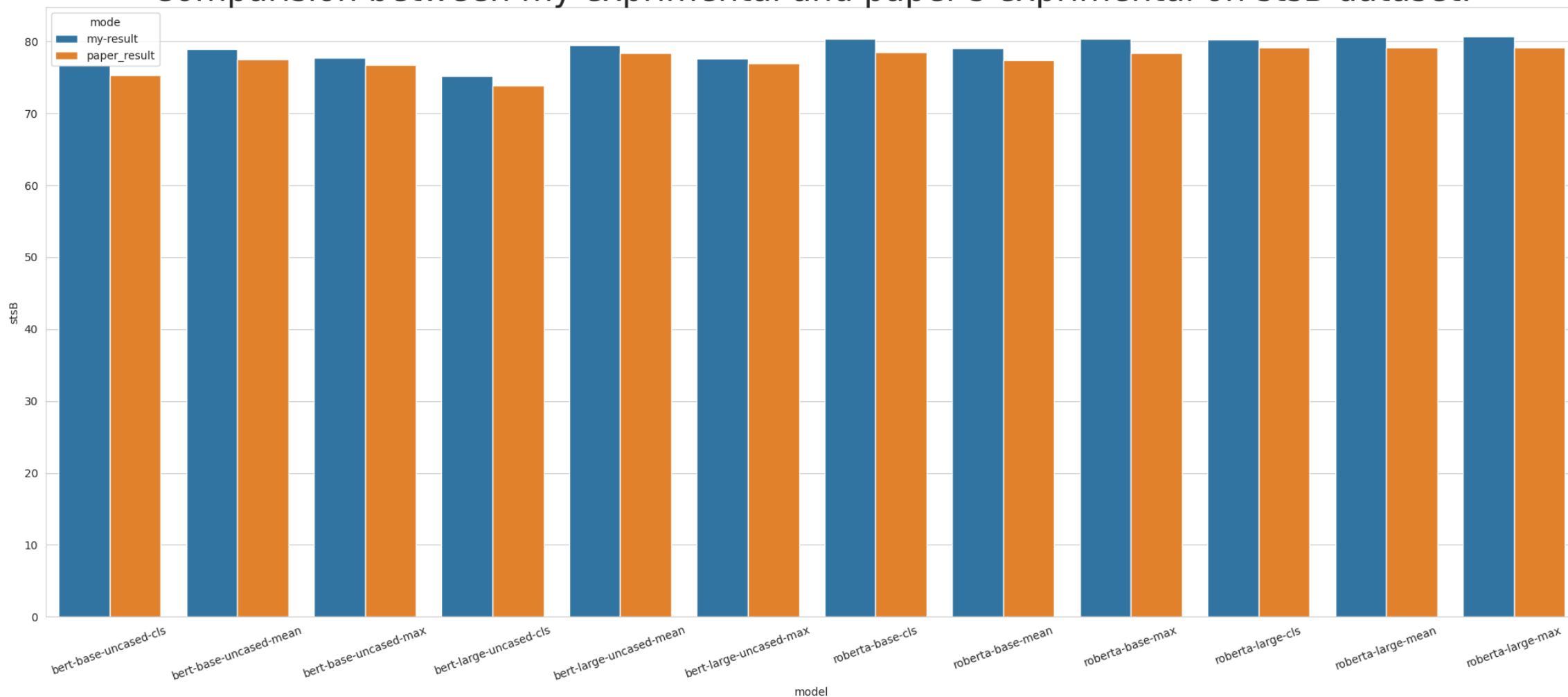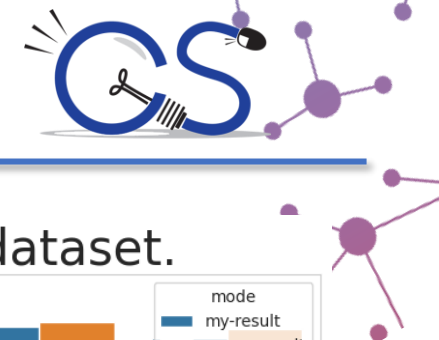
Semantic Textual Similarity(STS)

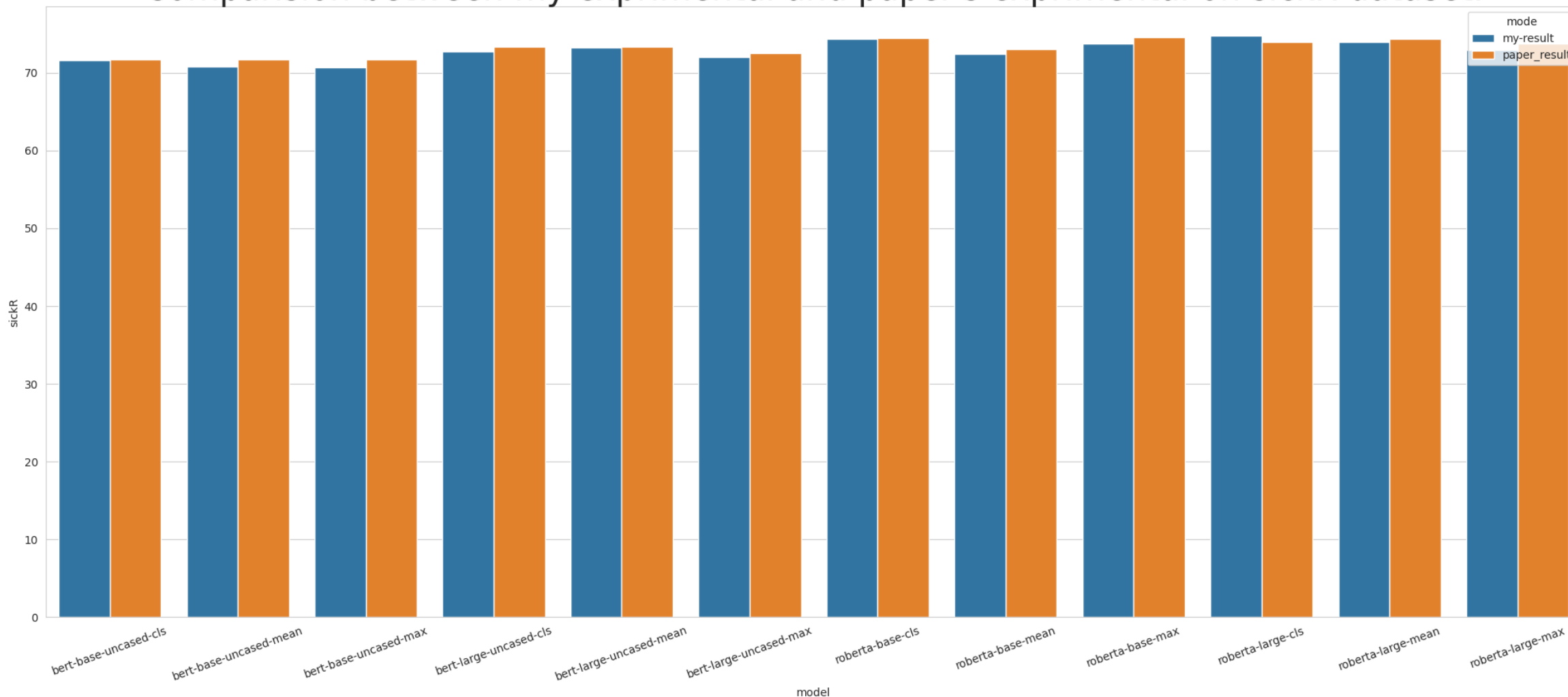Comparision between my exprimental and paper's exprimental on stsB dataset.

Semantic Textual Similarity(STS)

Comparision between my exprimental and paper's exprimental on sickR dataset.

Comparision between my exprimental and paper's exprimental on avg dataset.
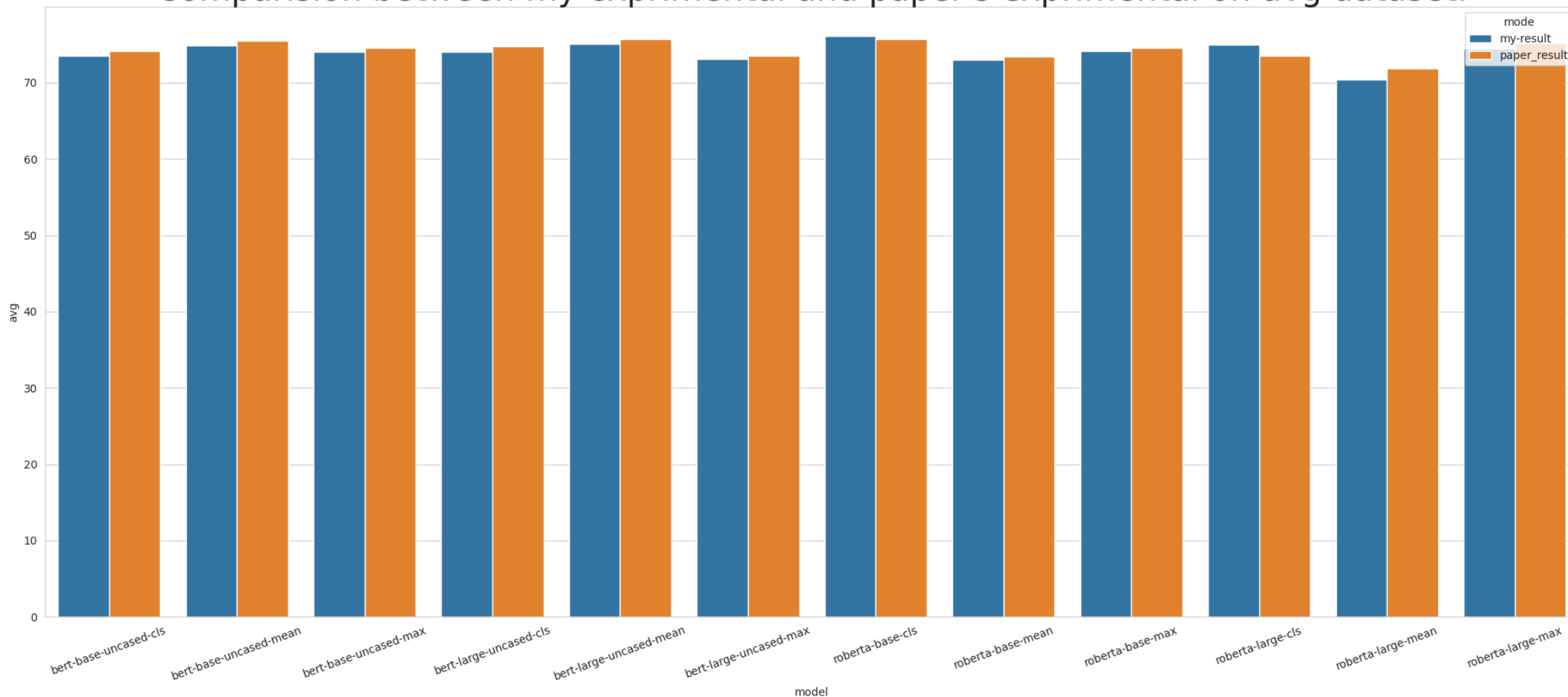
SentEval (Facebook researcher)
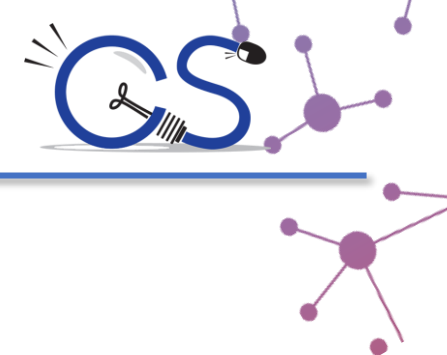
Task	Type	#train	#test	needs_train	set_classifier
MR	movie review	11k	11k	1	1
CR	product review	4k	4k	1	1
SUBJ	subjectivity status	10k	10k	1	1
MPQA	opinion-polarity	11k	11k	1	1
SST	binary sentiment analysis	67k	1.8k	1	1
SST	fine-grained sentiment analysis	8.5k	2.2k	1	1
TREC	question-type classification	6k	0.5k	1	1
SICK-E	natural language inference	4.5k	4.9k	1	1
SNLI	natural language inference	550k	9.8k	1	1
MRPC	paraphrase detection	4.1k	1.7k	1	1

SentEval (Facebook researcher)
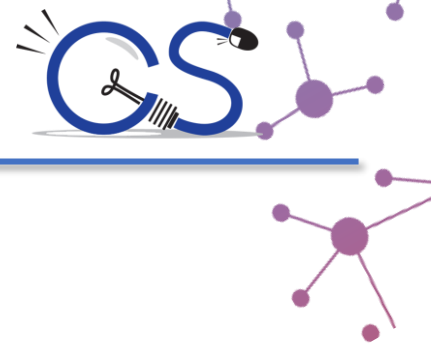
Model	MR	CR	SUBJ	MPQA	SST-2	TREC	MRPC	Avg.
Avg. GloVe embeddings	77.25	78.30	91.17	87.85	80.18	83.00	72.87	81.52
Avg. BERT embeddings	78.66	86.25	94.37	88.66	84.40	92.80	69.45	84.94
BERT CLS-vector	78.68	84.85	94.21	88.23	84.13	91.40	71.13	84.66
InferSent - GloVe	81.57	86.54	92.50	90.38	84.18	88.20	75.77	85.59
Universal Sentence Encoder	80.09	85.19	93.98	86.70	86.38	**93.20**	70.14	85.10
Sentence-BERT-base (Mean)	83.64	89.43	94.39	89.86	88.96	89.60	**76.00**	87.41
Sentence-BERT-large (Mean)	84.88	90.07	94.52	90.33	90.66	87.40	75.94	87.69
DefSent-BERT-base (CLS)	80.94	87.57	94.59	89.98	85.78	89.73	73.82	86.06
DefSent-BERT-large (CLS)	85.79	90.54	**95.58**	90.15	**91.17**	90.47	73.74	88.20
DefSent-RoBERTa-base (CLS)	83.94	90.44	94.05	90.70	89.16	90.80	75.52	87.80
DefSent-RoBERTa-large (Mean)	**86.47**	**91.53**	95.02	**91.15**	90.77	92.33	73.91	**88.74**

Paper experiment

SentEval (Facebook researcher)
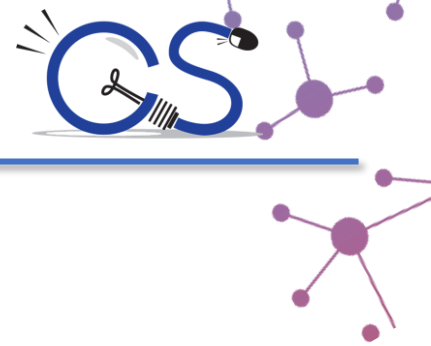
model	MR_acc	CR_acc	SUBJ_acc	MPQA_acc	SST2_acc	TREC_acc	MRPC_acc	SICKEntailment_acc	avg_acc
defsent-bert-base-uncased-cls	80.64	86.6	93.78	89.37	85.45	84.2	72.93	81.14	84.26375
defsent-bert-base-uncased-mean	81.53	87.31	94.37	89.68	86.16	88.8	75.77	82.61	85.77875
defsent-bert-base-uncased-max	80.5	86.49	94.03	89.73	85.56	85.8	73.33	82.24	84.71
defsent-bert-large-uncased-cls	85.24	90.09	95.06	89.7	90.55	91	73.62	81.73	87.12375
defsent-bert-large-uncased-mean	84.39	88.95	94.8	89.86	89.95	87.8	74.61	78.91	86.15875
defsent-bert-large-uncased-max	83.08	88.93	93.56	89.74	87.31	84.6	76.17	81.73	85.64
defsent-roberta-base-cls	83.55	88.79	92.91	90.54	89.95	87.6	74.9	81.57	86.22625
defsent-roberta-base-mean	84.16	89.46	93.88	90.07	89.9	88.6	75.88	81.69	86.705
defsent-roberta-base-max	83.79	88.85	93.29	90.45	89.46	92	77.91	82.59	87.2925
defsent-roberta-large-cls	84.45	89.09	94.31	90.91	90.06	93.6	72.87	82.32	87.20125
defsent-roberta-large-mean	85.03	90.81	94.71	90.9	90.06	92.8	73.33	80.82	87.3075
defsent-roberta-large-max	84.36	90.38	93.84	91.04	89.13	86.8	76.75	82.57	86.85875

My experiment

Comparision between my exprimental and paper's exprimental on Avg Task.

Link(Repo)

[Github](#)
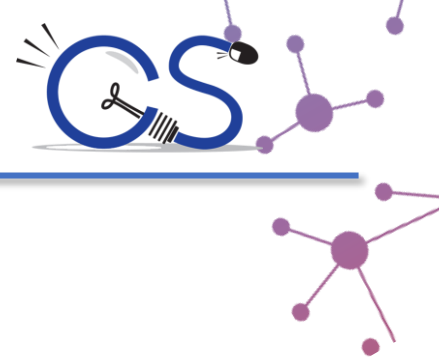
Cảm ơn mọi người đã lắng nghe