RNA-seq Exercises (Airway data)

Exercise 1

If we look at our metadata, we see that the control samples are SRR1039508, SRR1039512, SRR1039516, and SRR1039520. This bit of code will take the rawcounts data, mutate() it to add a column called controlmean, then select() only the gene name and this newly created column, and assigning the result to a new object called meancounts. (*Hint*: rawcounts %>% mutate(...) %>% select(...))

```
meancounts <- rawcounts %>%
 mutate(controlmean = (SRR1039508+SRR1039512+SRR1039516+SRR1039520)/4) %>%
 select(ensgene, controlmean)
meancounts
## # A tibble: 38,694 × 2
              ensgene controlmean
##
##
                <chr>>
                             <dbl>
## 1
      ENSG00000000003
                            900.75
## 2
      ENSG0000000005
                              0.00
## 3
      ENSG00000000419
                            520.50
## 4
      ENSG00000000457
                            339.75
## 5
      ENSG00000000460
                             97.25
## 6
      ENSG00000000938
                              0.75
                           5219.00
      ENSG00000000971
## 7
      ENSG00000001036
                           2327.00
      ENSG00000001084
                            755.75
## 10 ENSG0000001167
                            527.75
```

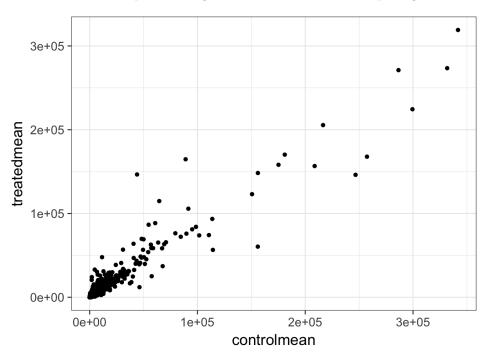
1. Build off of this code, mutate() it once more (prior to the select()) function, to add another column called treatedmean that takes the mean of the expression values of the treated samples. Then select() only the ensgene, controlmean and treatedmean columns, assigning it to a new object called meancounts.

```
## # A tibble: 38,694 × 3
##
              ensgene controlmean treatedmean
##
                 <chr>
                             <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
                                         658.00
## 1
      ENSG00000000003
                            900.75
## 2
      ENSG00000000005
                              0.00
                                           0.00
## 3
      ENSG00000000419
                            520.50
                                         546.00
## 4
      ENSG00000000457
                            339.75
                                         316.50
## 5
      ENSG00000000460
                             97.25
                                          78.75
## 6
      ENSG00000000938
                              0.75
                                           0.00
## 7
      ENSG00000000971
                           5219.00
                                        6687.50
## 8
      ENSG00000001036
                           2327.00
                                        1785.75
      ENSG0000001084
                                         578.00
                            755.75
## 10 ENSG0000001167
                            527.75
                                         348.25
## # ... with 38,684 more rows
```

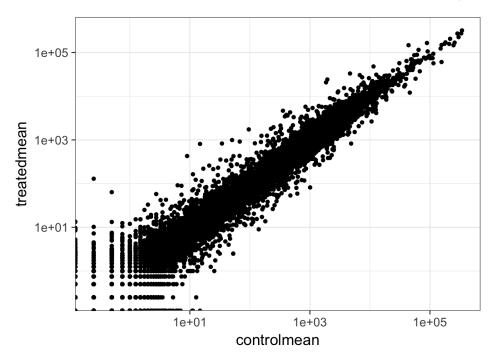
... with 38,684 more rows

2. Directly comparing the raw counts is going to be problematic if we just happened to sequence one group at a higher depth than another. Later on we'll do this analysis properly, normalizing by sequencing depth per sample using a better approach. But for now, summarize() the data to show the sum of the mean counts across all genes for each group. Your answer should look like this:

1. Create a scatter plot showing the mean of the treated samples against the mean of the control samples.



2. Wait a sec. There are 60,000-some rows in this data, but I'm only seeing a few dozen dots at most outside of the big clump around the origin. Try plotting both axes on a log scale (hint: ... + scale_..._log10())



Look up help on ?inner_join or Google around for help for using dplyr's inner_join() to join two tables by a common column/key. You downloaded annotables_grch38.csv from the data downloads page on bioconnector.org. Load this data with read_csv() into an object called anno. Pipe it to View() or click on the object in the Environment pane to view the entire dataset. This table links the unambiguous Ensembl gene ID to things like the gene symbol, full gene name, location, Entrez gene ID, etc.

```
anno <- read_csv("data/annotables_grch38.csv")
anno</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 66,531 \times 9
##
               ensgene entrez
                                 symbol
                                           chr
                                                   start
                                                                 end strand
##
                 <chr>
                        <int>
                                  <chr>>
                                         <chr>
                                                    <int>
                                                              <int>
                                                                      <int>
## 1
      ENSG0000000003
                          7105
                                 TSPAN6
                                             X 100627109 100639991
                                                                         -1
                        64102
## 2
      ENSG00000000005
                                   TNMD
                                             X 100584802 100599885
                                                                          1
## 3
      ENSG00000000419
                          8813
                                   DPM1
                                                50934867
                                                           50958555
                                                                         -1
## 4
      ENSG00000000457
                                  SCYL3
                        57147
                                             1 169849631 169894267
                                                                         -1
## 5
      ENSG0000000460
                        55732 Clorf112
                                               169662007 169854080
                                                                          1
## 6
      ENSG00000000938
                          2268
                                    FGR
                                                27612064
                                             1
                                                           27635277
                                                                         -1
  7
      ENSG00000000971
                          3075
                                    CFH
                                               196651878 196747504
##
                                                                          1
      ENSG0000001036
                                  FUCA2
                                               143494811 143511690
## 8
                          2519
                                                                         -1
      ENSG0000001084
                                   GCLC
                                                53497341
                                                                         -1
## 9
                          2729
                                                           53616970
## 10 ENSG0000001167
                                                41072945
                          4800
                                   NFYA
                                             6
                                                           41099976
                                                                          1
    ... with 66,521 more rows, and 2 more variables: biotype <chr>,
## #
       description <chr>>
```

1. Take our newly created meancounts object, and arrange() it descending by the absolute value (abs()) of the log2fc column. The first few rows should look like this:

```
## # A tibble: 3 × 4
##
             ensgene controlmean treatedmean
                                                 log2fc
##
                <chr>
                            <dbl>
                                         <dbl>
                                                  <dbl>
                                        129.50 9.016808
## 1 ENSG00000179593
                             0.25
## 2 ENSG00000277196
                             0.50
                                         63.75 6.994353
                                        808.75 5.776907
## 3 ENSG0000109906
                            14.75
```

2. Continue on that pipeline, and inner_join() it to the anno data by the ensgene column. Either assign it to a temporary object or pipe the whole thing to View to take a look. What do you notice? Would you trust these results? Why or why not?

```
## # A tibble: 21,995 × 12
##
                                                    log2fc
               ensgene controlmean treatedmean
                                                               entrez
                                                                           symbol
##
                 <chr>>
                              <dbl>
                                           <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
                                                                <int>
                                                                            <chr>
      ENSG00000179593
                               0.25
                                         129.50
                                                  9.016808
## 1
                                                                  247
                                                                          ALOX15B
## 2
      ENSG00000277196
                               0.50
                                          63.75
                                                  6.994353 102724788
                                                                      AC007325.2
## 3
      ENSG00000109906
                             14.75
                                         808.75
                                                  5.776907
                                                                 7704
                                                                           ZBTB16
## 4
      ENSG00000128285
                             12.75
                                           0.25 -5.672425
                                                                 2847
                                                                           MCHR1
                                                  5.569012
## 5
      ENSG00000171819
                               9.00
                                         427.25
                                                                10218
                                                                          ANGPTL7
      ENSG00000137673
                               0.25
                                           10.25
                                                  5.357552
                                                                 4316
## 6
                                                                             MMP7
## 7
      ENSG00000241713
                               0.25
                                           7.25
                                                  4.857981
                                                                58496
                                                                           LY6G5B
      ENSG00000277399
                                                               440435
## 8
                               0.50
                                          13.25
                                                  4.727920
                                                                           GPR179
      ENSG00000118729
                             25.50
                                           1.00 -4.672425
                                                                  845
                                                                            CASQ2
## 10 ENSG00000127954
                             34.25
                                                 4.593275
                                                                79689
                                         826.75
                                                                           STEAP4
     ... with 21,985 more rows, and 6 more variables: chr <chr>,
       end <int>, strand <int>, biotype <chr>, description <chr>
```

1. Using a %>%, arrange the results by the adjusted p-value.

```
## # A tibble: 38,694 \times 7
##
                  row
                         baseMean log2FoldChange
                                                       lfcSE
                                                                  stat
##
                <chr>>
                            <db1>
                                           <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                                 <dbl>
      ENSG00000152583
                         954.7709
                                        3.967218 0.21418203
                                                              18.52265
## 1
## 2
     ENSG00000179094
                         743.2527
                                        2.713796 0.16604531
                                                              16.34371
     ENSG00000116584
                       2277.9135
                                       -1.026906 0.06455769 -15.90680
     ENSG00000189221
## 4
                       2383.7537
                                        3.090899 0.19634159
                                                              15.74246
## 5
     ENSG00000120129
                       3440.7038
                                        2.759464 0.18951296
                                                              14.56082
## 6
     ENSG00000148175 13493.9204
                                        1.401834 0.09858337
                                                              14.21978
## 7
      ENSG0000109906
                         439.5415
                                        4.417136 0.31408462
                                                              14.06352
## 8
     ENSG00000178695
                       2685.4097
                                       -2.355112 0.16841404 -13.98406
## 9
     ENSG00000134686
                       2933.6425
                                        1.411139 0.10373478
                                                             13.60334
## 10 ENSG00000101347 14134.9918
                                        3.356839 0.24864303 13.50063
## # ... with 38,684 more rows, and 2 more variables: pvalue <dbl>,
       padj <dbl>
```

2. Continue piping to inner_join(), joining the results to the anno object. See the help for ?inner_join, specifically the by= argument. You'll have to do something like . . . %>% inner_join(anno, by=c("row"="ensgene")). Once you're happy with this result, reassign the result back to res. It'll look like this.

```
##
                        baseMean log2FoldChange
                                                       lfcSE
                                                                  stat
                  row
## 1 ENSG00000152583
                                        3.967218 0.21418203
                        954.7709
                                                              18.52265
## 2 ENSG00000179094
                        743.2527
                                        2.713796 0.16604531
                                                              16.34371
## 3 ENSG00000116584
                       2277.9135
                                       -1.026906 0.06455769 -15.90680
## 4 ENSG00000189221
                       2383.7537
                                        3.090899 0.19634159
                                                             15.74246
## 5 ENSG00000120129
                       3440.7038
                                        2.759464 0.18951296
                                                              14.56082
                                        1.401834 0.09858337
## 6 ENSG00000148175 13493.9204
                                                              14.21978
##
           pvalue
                                        symbol chr
                           padj entrez
                                                         start
                                                                     end strand
                                   8404 SPARCL1
## 1 1.356017e-76 2.051382e-72
                                                  4
                                                     87473335
                                                                87531061
                                                                              -1
                                                 17
## 2 4.822927e-60 3.648062e-56
                                   5187
                                           PER1
                                                      8140472
                                                                 8156506
                                                                              -1
## 3 5.684877e-57 2.866694e-53
                                  9181 ARHGEF2
                                                  1 155946851 156007070
                                                                              -1
## 4 7.738138e-56 2.926564e-52
                                  4128
                                           MAOA
                                                  X
                                                     43654907
                                                                43746824
                                                                               1
## 5 4.985827e-48 1.508512e-44
                                   1843
                                          DUSP1
                                                  5 172768090 172771195
                                                                              -1
## 6 6.906757e-46 1.741424e-42
                                   2040
                                           STOM
                                                  9 121338988 121370304
                                                                              -1
##
            biotype
## 1 protein_coding
## 2 protein coding
## 3 protein_coding
## 4 protein_coding
## 5 protein_coding
## 6 protein_coding
##
                                                                                  description
                                   SPARC-like 1 (hevin) [Source: HGNC Symbol; Acc: HGNC: 11220]
## 1
## 2
                               period circadian clock 1 [Source: HGNC Symbol; Acc: HGNC: 8845]
## 3 Rho/Rac guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) 2 [Source: HGNC Symbol; Acc: HGNC: 682]
## 4
                                     monoamine oxidase A [Source: HGNC Symbol; Acc: HGNC: 6833]
## 5
                         dual specificity phosphatase 1 [Source: HGNC Symbol; Acc: HGNC: 3064]
                                                stomatin [Source: HGNC Symbol; Acc: HGNC: 3383]
## 6
```

3. How many are significant with an adjusted p-value <0.05? (Pipe to filter()).

[1] 2184

Look up the Wikipedia articles on MA plots and volcano plots. An MA plot shows the average expression on the X-axis and the log fold change on the y-axis. A volcano plot shows the log fold change on the X-axis, and the $-log_{10}$ of the p-value on the Y-axis (the more significant the p-value, the larger the $-log_{10}$ of that value will be).

- 1. Make an MA plot. Use a log_{10} -scaled x-axis, color-code by whether the gene is significant, and give your plot a title. It should look like this. What's the deal with the gray points?
- 2. Make a volcano plot. Similarly, color-code by whether it's significant or not.

