

# Smart High-Side Power Switch One Channel: 1 x $1\Omega$



1



Ω

#### **Features**

#### • Current controlled input

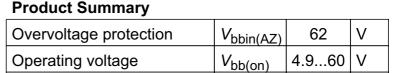
- Short circuit protection
- Current limitation
- Overload protection
- Overvoltage protection (including load dump)
- Switching inductive loads
- Clamp of negative voltage at output with inductive loads
- Thermal shutdown with restart
- ESD Protection
- Loss of GND and loss of V<sub>bb</sub> protection
- Very low standby current
- Reverse battery protection
- Improved electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)
- AEC qualified
- Green product (RoHS compliant)

#### **Application**

- All types of resistive, inductive and capacitive loads
- Current controlled power switch for 12V, 24V and 42V DC applications
- Driver for electromechanical relays
- Signal amplifier

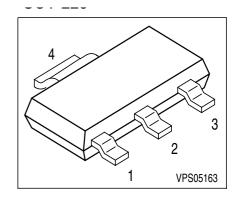
### **General Description**

N channel vertical power MOSFET with charge pump and current controlled input, monolithically integrated in Smart SIPMOS®technology. Providing embedded protective functions.



 $R_{ON}$ 

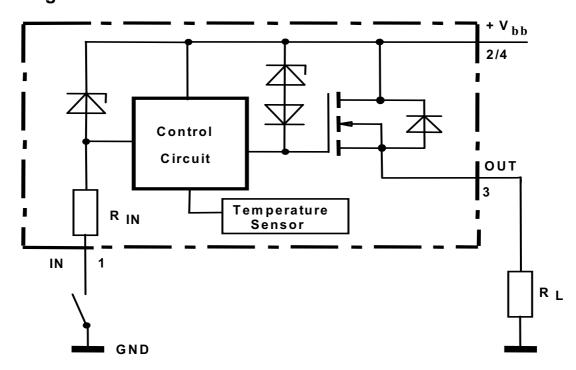
On-state resistance



PG-SOT-223



### **Block Diagram**



Pin	Symbol	Function
1	IN	Input, activates the power switch in case of connection to GND
2	Vbb	Positive power supply voltage
3	OUT	Output to the load
4	Vbb	Positive power supply voltage

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### **Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
at $T_j = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified			
Supply voltage	$V_{bb}$	60	V
Load current (Short - circuit current, see page 5)	I <sub>L</sub>	self limited	Α
Maximum current through the input pin ( DC )	I <sub>IN</sub>	±15	mA
Operating temperature	$T_{j}$	-40+150	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{\rm stg}$	-55 <b>+</b> 150	
Power dissipation <sup>1)</sup>	P <sub>tot</sub>	1.7	W
<i>T</i> <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C			
Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation <sup>2)</sup>	E <sub>AS</sub>	1	J
single pulse			
$T_{\rm j}$ = 150 °C, $I_{\rm L}$ = 0.15 A			
Load dump protection <sup>3)</sup> $V_{\text{LoadDump}}^{4} = V_{\text{A}} + V_{\text{S}}$	V <sub>Loaddump</sub>		V
$R_{\rm I}$ =2 $\Omega$ , $t_{\rm d}$ =400ms, $V_{\rm IN}$ = low or high	·		
$I_{\rm L}$ = 150 mA, $V_{\rm bb}$ = 13,5 V		93.5	
$V_{\rm bb}$ = 27 V		127	
Electrostatic discharge voltage (Human Body Model)	V <sub>ESD</sub>		kV
according to ANSI EOS/ESD - S5.1 - 1993			
ESD STM5.1 - 1998			
Input pin		±1	
all other pins		±5	

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 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Device on 50mm\*50mm\*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm2 (one layer, 70 $\mu$ m thick) copper area for  $V_{bb}$  connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>not subject to production test, specified by design

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>more details see EMC-Characteristics on page 7

 $<sup>^4\</sup>emph{V}_{Loaddump}$  is setup without the DUT connected to the generator per ISO 7637-1 and DIN 40839 .



#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values		Unit	
at $T_{\rm j}$ = -40150 °C, $V_{\rm bb}$ = 942 V unless otherwise specified		min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal Characteristics	_		_		
Thermal resistance @ min. footprint	$R_{th(JA)}$	-	86	125	K/W
Thermal resistance @ 6 cm <sup>2</sup> cooling area <sup>1)</sup>	$R_{th(JA)}$	-	60	72	
Thermal resistance, junction - soldering point	$R_{thJS}$	_	-	17	K/W
Load Switching Capabilities and Characteristics					
On-state resistance	R <sub>ON</sub>				Ω
Pin1 connencted to GND					
$T_{\rm j}$ = 25 °C, $I_{\rm L}$ = 150 mA, $V_{\rm bb}$ = 952 V		-	1	1.5	
<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C		-	1.5	3	
$T_{\rm j}$ = 25 °C, $I_{\rm L}$ = 50 mA, $V_{\rm bb}$ = 6 V		-	2	5	
Nominal load current <sup>2)</sup>	I <sub>L(nom)</sub>	0.2	-	-	Α
Device on PCB 1)					
$T_{a}$ = 85 °C , $T_{j} \leq$ 150 °C					
Turn-on time <sup>3)</sup> $V_{IN} = V_{bb}$ to 0V to 90% $V_{OUT}$	$t_{on}$				μs
$R_{L}$ = 270 $\Omega$		-	-	125 <sup>4</sup> )	
$R_{\rm L}$ = 270 $\Omega$ , $V_{\rm bb}$ = 13.5 V, $T_{\rm j}$ = 25 °C		-	45	100	
Turn-off time <sup>3)</sup> $V_{IN} = 0V \text{ to } V_{bb}$ to 10% $V_{OUT}$	$t_{\rm off}$				
$R_{L}$ = 270 $\Omega$		-	-	175 <sup>4</sup> )	
$R_{\rm L}$ = 270 $\Omega$ , $V_{\rm bb}$ = 13.5 V, $T_{\rm j}$ = 25 °C		-	40	140	
Slew rate on <sup>3)</sup> $V_{IN} = V_{bb}$ to 0V 10 to 30% $V_{OUT}$	dV/dt <sub>on</sub>				V/µs
$R_{L}$ = 270 $\Omega$		-	-	6 <sup>4)</sup>	
$R_{\rm L}$ = 270 $\Omega$ , $T_{\rm j}$ = 25 °C, $V_{\rm bb}$ = 13.5 V		-	1.3	4	
Slew rate off <sup>3)</sup> $V_{IN} = 0V \text{ to } V_{bb}$ 70 to 40% $V_{OUT}$	-dV/dt <sub>off</sub>				
$R_{L}$ = 270 $\Omega$		-	-	84)	
$R_{\rm L}$ = 270 $\Omega$ , $T_{\rm j}$ = 25 °C, $V_{\rm bb}$ = 13.5 V		-	1.7	4	

 $<sup>^1\</sup>text{Device}$  on 50mm\*50mm\*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm2 (one layer, 70µm thick) copper area for  $V_{bb}$  connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Nominal load current is limited by the current limitation ( see page 5 )

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Timing values only with high input slewrates, otherwise slower.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>not subject to production test, specified by design

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values		<b>;</b>	Unit
at $T_{\rm j}$ = -40150 °C, $V_{\rm bb}$ = 942 V unless otherwise specified		min.	typ.	max.	
Operating Parameters	•				
Operating voltage	V <sub>bb(on)</sub>	4.9	-	60	V
Standby current	I <sub>bb(off)</sub>	-	2	10	μA
Pin1 = open					
Protection Functions <sup>1)</sup>					
Initial peak short circuit current limit	I <sub>L(SCp)</sub>				Α
(see page 11)					
$T_{\rm j}$ = -40 °C, $V_{\rm bb}$ = 13.5 V, $t_{\rm m}$ = 100 $\mu {\rm s}$		-	-	1.2	
$T_{\rm j}$ = 25 °C		-	0.9	-	
T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C		0.2	-	-	
Repetitive short circuit current limit	I <sub>L(SCr)</sub>	-	0.7	-	
$T_j = T_{jt}$	, ,				
Output clamp (inductive load switch off)	V <sub>ON(CL)</sub>	60	-	_	V
at $V_{\text{OUT}} = V_{\text{bb}} - V_{\text{ON(CL)}}$ ,					
$I_{\rm bb} = 4 \text{ mA}$					
Overvoltage protection	$V_{\rm bbin(AZ)}$	62	68	_	
$I_{\rm bb}$ = 1 mA					
Thermal overload trip temperature	$T_{jt}$	150	-	_	°C
Thermal hysteresis	$\Delta T_{\rm jt}$	-	10	_	K

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation



## Smart High-Side Power Switch BTS4140N

### **Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Values		;	Unit
at $T_{\rm j}$ = -40150 °C, $V_{\rm bb}$ = 942 V unless otherwise specified		min.	typ.	max.	
Input	•	•	,		
Off state input current	I <sub>IN(off)</sub>				mA
$V_{\text{OUT}} \le 0.1 \text{ V}$	, ,				
$T_{\rm j}$ = 25 °C, $R_{\rm L}$ = 270 $\Omega$		-	_	0.05	
T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C		-	-	0.04	
On state input current ( Pin1 grounded ) <sup>1)</sup>	I <sub>IN(on)</sub>	-	0.3	1	
Input resistance	$R_{I}$	0.5	1	2.5	kΩ
Reverse Battery	_	_			
Continuous reverse drain current	IS	-	_	0.2	Α
T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C					
Drain-source diode voltage ( $V_{OUT} > V_{bb}$ )	-V <sub>ON</sub>	-	600	-	mV
$I_{\rm F}$ = 0.2 A, $I_{\rm IN} \le 0.05$ mA					

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Driver circuit must be able to drive currents > 1mA.

## Smart High-Side Power Switch BTS4140N

#### **EMC-Characteristics**

All EMC-Characteristics are based on limited number of sampels and no part of production test.

#### **Test Conditions:**

If not other specified the test circuitry is the minimal functional configuration without any external components for protection or filtering.

Supply voltage:  $V_{bb} = 13.5V$  Temperature:  $T_a = 23 \pm 5^{\circ}C$ ;

Load:  $R_{\rm I} = 220\Omega$ 

Operation mode: PWM Frequency: 100Hz / Duty Cycle: 50%

DC On/Off

DUT-Specific.: -

#### Fast electrical transients

Acc. ISO 7637

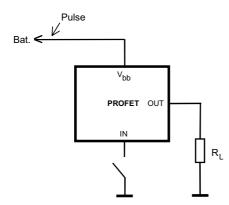
Test Pulse	Test Level	Test Results		Pulse Cycle Time and
		On	Off	Generator Impedance
1	-200 V	С	С	$500 \mathrm{ms}$ ; $10 \Omega$
2	+200 V	С	С	$500 \mathrm{ms}$ ; $10 \Omega$
3a	-200 V	С	С	100ms ; $50$ Ω
3b	+ 200 V	С	С	100ms ; 50 $\Omega$
41)	-7 V	С	С	0,01Ω
5	175 V	E (150V)	E (150V)	400ms ; $2\Omega$

The test pulses are applied at  $V_{\rm bb}$ 

#### **Definition of functional status**

Class	Content	
С	All functions of the device are performed as designed after exposure to disturbance.	
E	One or more function of a device does not perform as designed after exposure	
	and can not be returned to proper operation without repairing or replacing the	
	device. The value after the character shows the limit.	

#### **Test circuit:**



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Supply voltage  $V_{bb}$  = 12 V instead of 13,5 V.

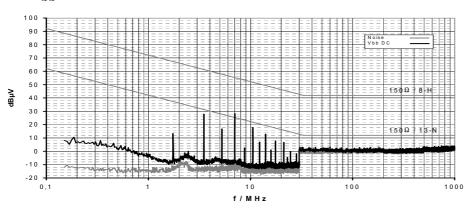
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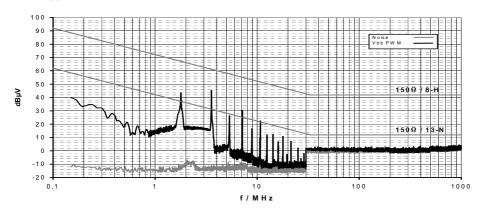
#### **Conducted Emission**

Acc. IEC 61967-4 ( $1\Omega$  /  $150\Omega$  method)

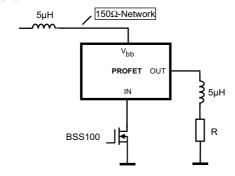
Typ.  $V_{bb}$ -Pin Emission at DC-On with 150 $\Omega$ -matching network



Typ.  $V_{bb}$ -Pin Emission at PWM-Mode with 150  $\Omega$ -matching network



#### **Test circuit:**



For defined decoupling and high reproducibility a defined choke (5 $\mu$ H at 1 MHz) is inserted between supply and  $V_{\rm bb}$ -pin.

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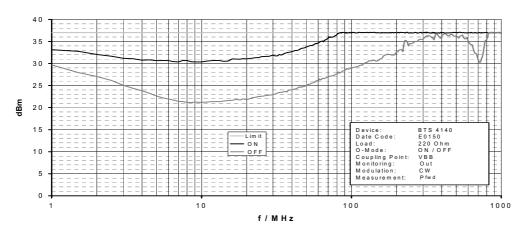
#### **Conducted Susceptibility**

Acc. 47A/658/CD IEC 62132-4 (Direct Power Injection)

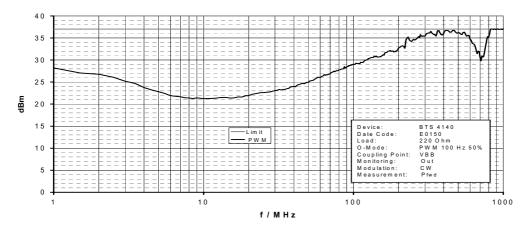
**Direct Power Injection:** Forward Power CW

Failure criteria: Amplitude and frequency deviation max. 10% at Out

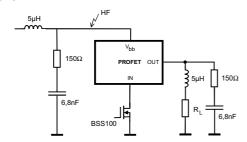
Typ. Vbb-Pin Susceptibility at DC-On/Off



Typ. V<sub>bb</sub>-Pin Susceptibility at PWM-Mode



#### **Test circuit:**

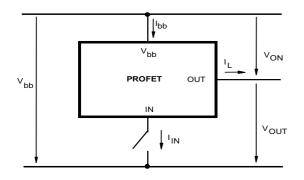


For defined decoupling and high reproducibility the same choke and the same  $150\Omega$  -matching network as for the emission measurement is used.

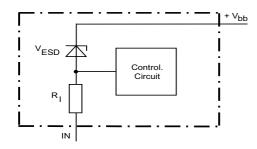
Data Sheet 9 V1.1, 2007-05-29



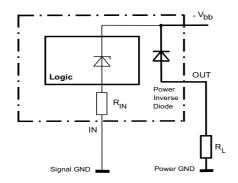
#### **Terms**



#### Input circuit (ESD protection)

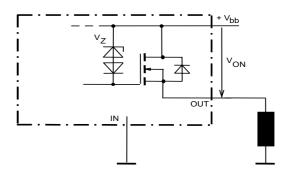


#### Reverse battery protection



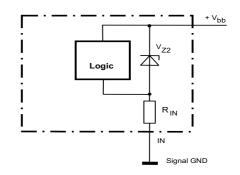
 $R_{\parallel}$ =1k $\Omega$  typ., Temperature protection is not active during inverse current.

#### Inductive and overvoltage output clamp



 $V_{\mathrm{ON}}$  clamped to 60 V min.

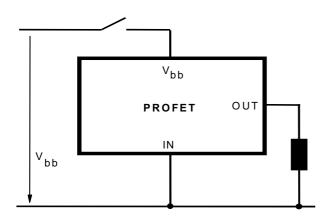
#### Overvoltage protection of logic part



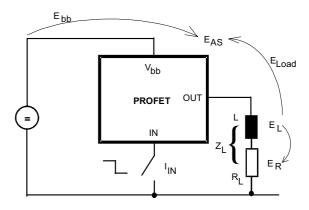
 $V_{\rm bb,AZ} = V_{\rm Z2} + I_{\rm bb} * R_{\rm IN} = 62 \rm V \ min.$ 



## V<sub>bb</sub> disconnect with charged inductive load



## Inductive Load switch-off energy dissipation



Energy stored in load inductance:  $E_L = \frac{1}{2} * L * I_L^2$  While demagnetizing load inductance, the energy dissipated in PROFET is  $E_{AS} = E_{bb} + E_L - E_R = V_{ON(CL)} * i_L(t) dt$ , with an approximate solution for  $R_L > 0\Omega$ :

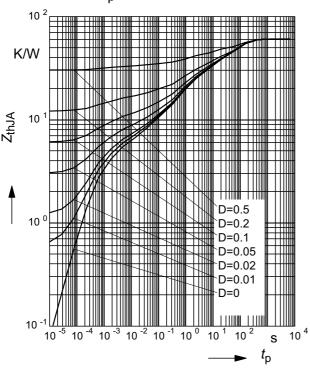
$$E_{AS} = \frac{I_L * L}{2 * R_L} * (V_{bb} + |V_{OUT(CL)|}) * ln(1 + \frac{I_L * R_L}{|V_{OUT(CL)}|})$$

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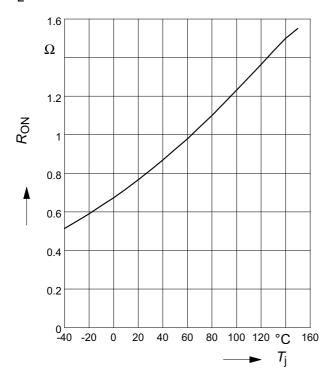
Typ. transient thermal impedance  $Z_{\text{thJA}}$ =f( $t_{\text{p}}$ ) @ 6cm<sup>2</sup> heatsink area

Parameter:  $D=t_p/T$ 



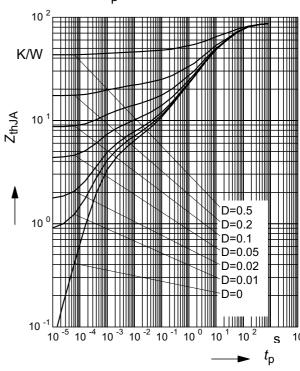
Typ. on-state resistance

 $R_{ON} = f(T_j)$ ;  $V_{bb} = 9V$ ; Pin1 grounded;  $I_I = 150 \text{mA}$ 



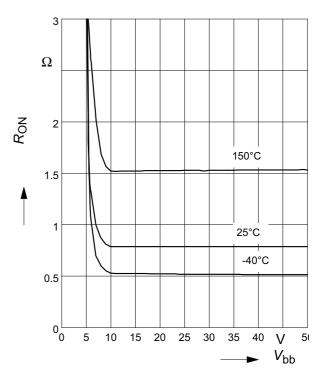
Typ. transient thermal impedance  $Z_{\text{thJA}} = f(t_p)$  @ min. footprint

Parameter:  $D=t_p/T$ 



Typ. on-state resistance

 $R_{ON} = f(V_{bb})$ ;  $I_L = 150$ mA; Pin1 grounded

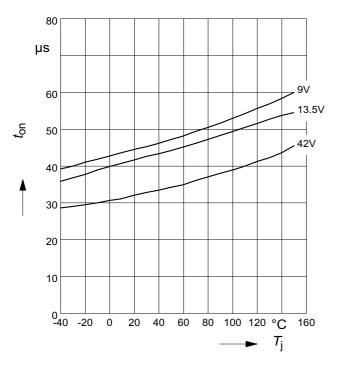


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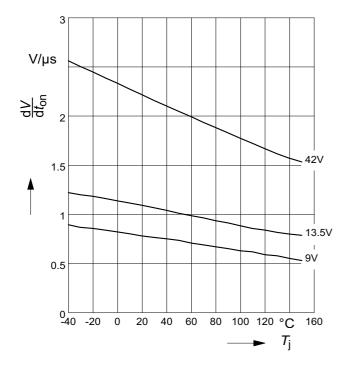


Typ. turn on time

$$t_{on} = f(T_i); R_L = 270\Omega$$

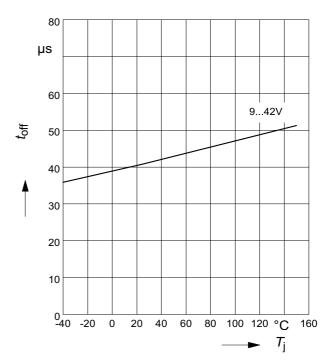


Typ. slew rate on  $dV/dt_{on} = f(T_i)$ ;  $R_L = 270 \Omega$ 



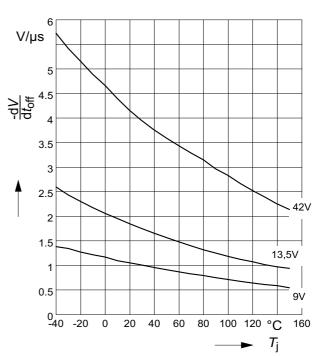
Typ. turn off time

$$t_{\text{off}} = f(T_j); R_L = 270\Omega$$



Typ. slew rate off

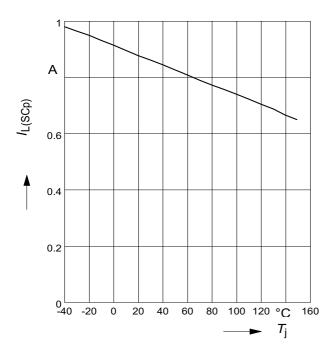
$$dV/dt_{off} = f(T_i)$$
;  $R_L = 270 \Omega$ 



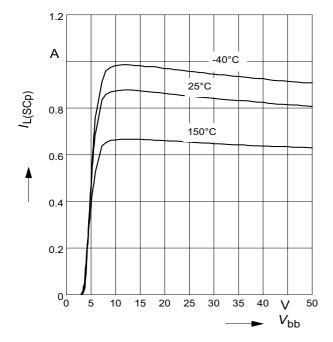
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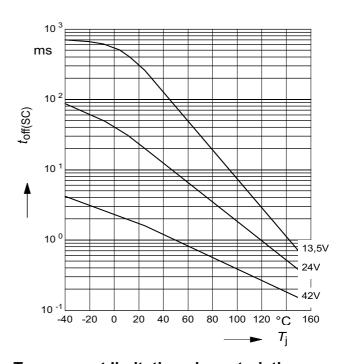
Typ. initial peak short circuit current limit  $I_{L(SCp)} = f(T_j)$ ;  $V_{bb} = 13.5 \text{ V}$ ;  $t_m = 100 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$ 



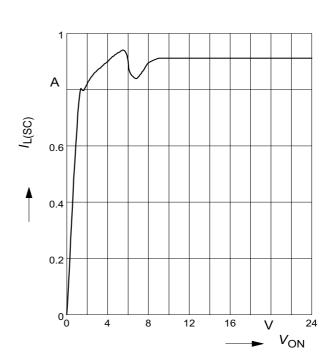
Typ. initial peak short circuit current limit  $I_{L(SCp)} = f(V_{bb})$ ;  $t_m = 100 \ \mu s$ 



Typ. initial short circuit shutdown time  $t_{\text{off(SC)}} = f(T_{j,\text{start}})$ 



Typ. current limitation characteristic:  $I_{L(SC)} = f(V_{ON})$ ,  $V_{bb} = 13.5 V$ 



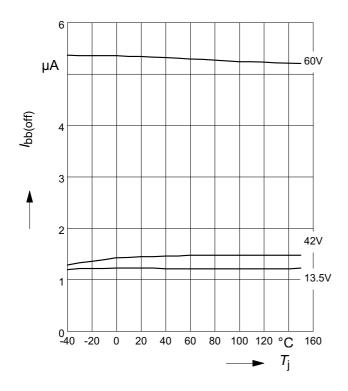
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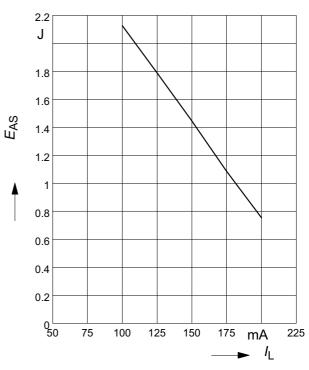
### Typ. standby current

 $I_{bb(off)} = f(T_j)$ ; Pin1 open



# Maximum allowable inductive switch-off energy, single pulse

$$E_{AS} = f(I_L); T_{jstart} = 150$$
°C



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Figure 1a: Vbb turn on:

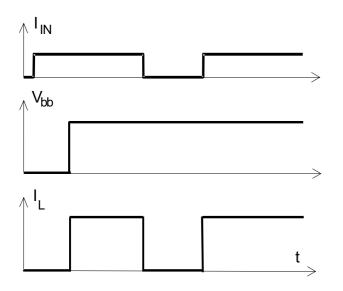
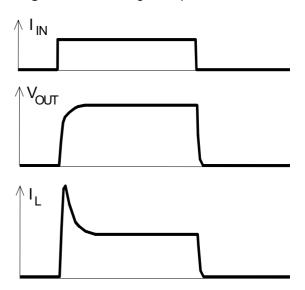


Figure 2b: Switching a lamp



**Figure 2a:** Switching a resistive load, turn-on/off time and slew rate definition

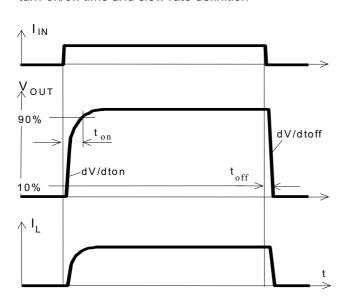
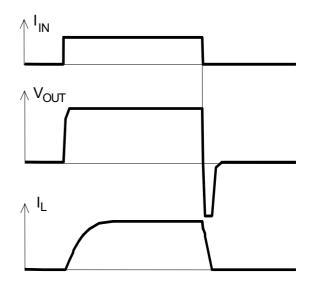


Figure 2c: Switching an inductive load



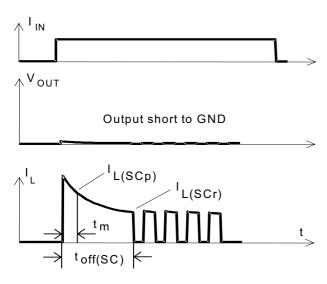
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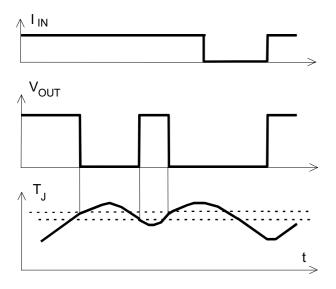


**Figure 3a:** Turn on into short circuit, shut down by overtemperature, restart by cooling

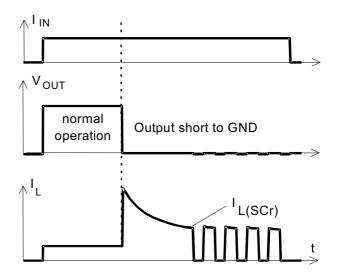


Heating up of the chip may require several milliseconds, depending on external conditions.

**Figure 4**: Overtemperature: Reset if  $T_i < T_{it}$ 



**Figure 3b:** Short circuit in on-state shut down by overtemperature, restart by cooling





### **Package Outlines**

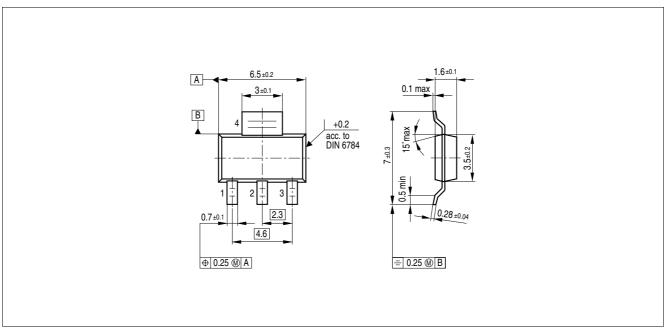


Figure 1 PG-SOT-223 (Plastic Dual Small Outline Package) (RoHS-compliant)

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020).

Please specify the package needed (e.g. green package) when placing an order



## **Revision History**

Version	Date	Changes
V1.1	2007-05-29	Creation of the green datasheet.
		First page :
		Adding the green logo and the AEC qualified
		Adding the bullet AEC qualified and the RoHS compliant features
		Package page
		Modification of the package to be green.

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Edition 2007-05-29

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#### Warnings

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.