

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\Pi & ::= \overline{\text{defmodtype } X \text{ do } \overline{P} \overline{D} \text{ end}} \text{ defmodule } Main \text{ do } \overline{B} \text{ end} \\
N & ::= x \\
& \quad | X \\
S & ::= \$\text{behaviour } X \\
P & ::= \$\text{param } x \\
B & ::= \text{defmodule } X \text{ do } \overline{P} \overline{S} \overline{B} \text{ end} \\
& \quad | x = v \\
& \quad | \$\text{type } x = t \\
& \quad | \$\text{opaque } x = t \\
E & ::= v \\
& \quad | x \\
& \quad | \text{let } N = E; E \\
& \quad | E(\overline{E},) \\
& \quad | \% \{ \overline{\ell = E} \} \\
& \quad | E.\ell \\
& \quad | (E \in t)?E : E \\
& \quad | \overline{X[x = t]}.x \\
& \quad | \overline{X[x = t]}.X[x = t] \\
v & ::= c \\
& \quad | \% \{ \overline{\ell = v} \} \\
& \quad | \$ \wedge \overline{t \rightarrow t \text{ fn } \overline{x} \rightarrow E} \\
& \quad | \$ \cap (\overline{N : T}) \rightarrow T \text{ fn } \overline{N} \rightarrow E \\
T & ::= t \\
& \quad | (\overline{N : T}) \rightarrow T \\
& \quad | \star \\
& \quad | \{ \overline{S}; \overline{D} \} \\
t & ::= \text{int} \\
& \quad | t \rightarrow t \\
& \quad | \% \{ \overline{f} \} \\
& \quad | t \vee t \\
& \quad | t \wedge t \\
& \quad | \neg t \\
& \quad | \alpha \\
& \quad | \mathbb{O} \\
& \quad | \overline{X[x = t]}.x \\
D & ::= \$\text{module } X : T \\
& \quad | \$\text{callback } x : \bigcap \overline{T} \\
& \quad | \$\text{opaque } x \\
& \quad | \$\text{type } x = t
\end{array}$$

Figure 1: Syntax of the surface language

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
\tau & ::= & t \\
& | & \star \\
& | & (\overline{N : \tau}) \rightarrow \tau \\
& | & \text{like } (\overline{X [x = t]}.X [x = t]) \\
& | & \cap \bar{\tau} \\
& | & X [x = t]
\end{array}$$

Figure 2: Syntax of surface module types

$$\begin{array}{lll}
\$module\ X : T & \cap & \$module\ X : T' = \$module\ X : T \cap T' \\
\$callback\ X : \bigcap \bar{T} & \cap & \$callback\ X : \bigcap \bar{T}' = \$callback\ X : \bigcap \bar{T} \bar{T}' \\
\$type\ x = t & \cap & \$type\ x = t' = \$type\ x = t \wedge t' \\
\$opaque\ x & \cap & \$opaque\ x = \$opaque\ x \\
\$opaque\ x & \cap & \$type\ x = t = \$type\ x = t \\
\$type\ x = t & \cap & \$opaque\ x = \$type\ x = t \\
D & \cap & D' = \epsilon
\end{array}$$

Figure 3: Component-wise intersection

$$\begin{array}{lll}
\text{ElEnv-EMPTY} & \text{ElEnv-EXPR} & \text{ElEnv-TYPE} \\
\frac{}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \epsilon} & \frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash t : \star}{\Sigma, \Gamma \vdash x : t, \Gamma} & \frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash t : \star}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash x = t, \Gamma} \\
\text{ModEnv-MODULETYPE} & \text{ModEnv-EMPTY} & \text{ModEnv-MODULE} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma, \bar{x} : \star \vdash \{\bar{D}\}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash X = \bar{x} \mapsto \bar{D}, \Sigma} & \frac{}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \epsilon} & \frac{\Sigma; \Gamma, \bar{x} : \star \vdash \{\bar{B}\}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash X = \bar{x} \mapsto \bar{B}, \Sigma}
\end{array}$$

Figure 4: Formation rules for environments

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\text{EqPath-EMPTY} & \text{EqPath-ADD} \\
\frac{}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \epsilon \cong \epsilon} & \frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P_1 \cong P_2 \quad \forall i. \Sigma, \Gamma \vdash t_i \cong t'_i}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P_1.X [x_i = t_i] \cong P_2.X [x_i = t'_i]}
\end{array}$$

Figure 5: Rules for path equivalence

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-FIELD} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P : \{\dots, \$\text{type } x = t, \dots\} \cup \{\dots, \$\text{opaque } x, \dots\}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P.x}
\end{array}
\qquad
\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-STAR} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \star}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-FUNCTION} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \quad \forall 0 \leq j \leq n. \Sigma; \Gamma, \overline{N_i} : T_i^{i=1, \dots, j} \vdash T_{j+1}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \left(\overline{N_i} : T_i^{i=1, \dots, n} \right) \rightarrow T_{n+1}}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-MODULETYPE NAMES} \\
\frac{\begin{array}{c} \forall S_i \in \overline{S}. \Sigma(S_i) = \overline{x} : \star^i \rightarrow \overline{D}^i \\ \{\overline{D}\} \preccurlyeq \left\{ \overline{x : [_]}^i \overline{D}^i \right\} \quad \forall i \neq j. \text{dom}(\overline{D}^i) \# \text{dom}(\overline{D}^j) \quad \Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \{\overline{D}\} \end{array}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \{\overline{S}; \overline{D}\}} \quad (S \neq \epsilon)
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-MODULETYPE MODULE} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash T \quad \Sigma; \Gamma, X : T \vdash \{\overline{D}\}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \{(\$module X : T)\overline{D}\}}
\end{array}
\qquad
\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-MODULETYPE OPAQUE} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma, x : \star \vdash \{\overline{D}\}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \{(\$opaque x)\overline{D}\}}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-MODULETYPE TYPE} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash t \quad \Sigma; \Gamma, x : [t] \vdash \{\overline{D}\}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \{(\$type x = t)\overline{D}\}}
\end{array}
\qquad
\begin{array}{c}
\text{WF-MODULETYPE CALLBACK} \\
\frac{\overline{\Sigma}; \Gamma \vdash \overline{T} \quad \Sigma; \Gamma, x : \bigcap \overline{T} \vdash \{\overline{D}\}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \{(\$callback x : \bigcap \overline{T})\overline{D}\}}
\end{array}$$

Figure 6: Well-formedness rules for types $\boxed{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash T}$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{BIND-DEFMODULE} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma, \overline{P} : \star \vdash \overline{B} : \overline{D} \quad \Sigma; \Gamma, X : (\overline{P} : \star) \rightarrow \{\overline{S}; \overline{D}\} \vdash \overline{B}_0 : \overline{D}_0}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash (\text{defmodule } X \text{ do } \overline{P} \overline{S} \overline{B} \text{ end}) \overline{B}_0 : (X : (\overline{P} : \star) \rightarrow \{\overline{S}; \overline{D}\}) \overline{D}_0}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{BIND-TYPE} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash t : \star \quad \Sigma; \Gamma, x : [t] \vdash \overline{B} : \overline{D}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash (\$type x = t) \overline{B} : (x : [t]) \overline{D}}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{BIND-OPAQUE} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash t : \star \quad \Sigma; \Gamma, x : [t] \vdash \overline{B} : \overline{D}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash (\$opaque x = t) \overline{B} : (x : \star) \overline{D}}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{BIND-EMPTY} \\
\frac{}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \epsilon : \epsilon}
\end{array}
\qquad
\begin{array}{c}
\text{BIND-VALUE} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash v : \bigcap \overline{T} \quad \Sigma; \Gamma, x : \bigcap \overline{T} \vdash \overline{B} : \overline{D}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash (x = v) \overline{B} : (x : \bigcap \overline{T}) \overline{D}}
\end{array}$$

Figure 7: Typing rules for bindings $\boxed{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \overline{B} : \overline{D}}$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{PATH-EMPTY} \\
\hline
\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \epsilon : \{\epsilon; \Gamma\} \\
\\
\text{PATH-SUBMODULE} \\
\hline
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P : \{_, \overline{D}\} \quad \overline{D} = \dots, \text{defmodule } X \text{ do } \overline{PSB} \text{ end}, \dots \quad \overline{P} = \overline{\$param\ x} \quad \Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \bar{t}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P.X \ [x = \bar{t}] : \{\overline{S}; \$type\ x = t\ B\}}
\end{array}$$

Figure 8: Well-formdness rules for paths

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{TYPE-VARIABLE} \\
\hline
\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P : \{\overline{S}; \overline{D}(x : \cap T) \overline{D'}\} \\
\hline
\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P.x : \cap T \\
\\
\text{TYPE-SUBSUMPTION} \\
\hline
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash T \quad \Sigma \Gamma \vdash E : \cap \overline{T'} \quad \Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \cap \overline{T'} \preccurlyeq T}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash E : T} \\
\\
\text{TYPE-BIGFUNCTION} \\
\hline
\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \cap \overline{\overline{N} : \overline{T} \rightarrow T'} \Sigma; \Gamma, \overline{\overline{N} : \overline{T}} \vdash E : T' \\
\hline
\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \$ \cap \forall \overline{\alpha} (\overline{N} : \overline{T}) \rightarrow T' \text{ fn } \overline{N} \rightarrow E : \cap \overline{\overline{N} : \overline{T} \rightarrow T'} \\
\\
\text{TYPE-MODULE} \\
\hline
\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P : \{\overline{S}_0; \overline{D}_0(X : \overline{y} : \star \rightarrow \{\overline{S}; \overline{D}\}) \overline{D}_1\} \quad \Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \bar{t} \quad \bar{x} \simeq \bar{y} \\
\hline
\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P.X \ [x = \bar{t}] : \{\overline{S}; \overline{D}\}
\end{array}$$

Figure 9: Typing rules for the surface language

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{SUB-STARREFL} \\
\frac{}{\star \preccurlyeq \star}
\end{array}
\qquad
\begin{array}{c}
\text{SUB-ELIXIR} \\
\frac{t \preccurlyeq t'}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash t \preccurlyeq t'}
\end{array}
\qquad
\begin{array}{c}
\text{SUB-INTERSECTION} \\
\frac{\exists i \in I, T_i \preccurlyeq T}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \bigcap_I \overline{T_i} \preccurlyeq T}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{SUB-MODULELEFT} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P : \{\overline{S}; \overline{D}(x : [=t])\overline{D'}\} \quad \Sigma; \Gamma \vdash t \preccurlyeq T}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P.x \preccurlyeq T}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{SUB-MODULERIGHT} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P : \{\overline{S}; \overline{D}(x : [=t])\overline{D'}\} \quad \Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \bigcap \overline{T} \preccurlyeq t}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \bigcap \overline{T} \preccurlyeq P.x}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{SUB-OPAQUE} \\
\frac{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P \cong P' \quad \Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P : \{\overline{S}; \overline{D}(x : \star)\overline{D'}\}}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash P.x \preccurlyeq P'.x}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{SUB-BIGFUNCTION} \\
\frac{\forall i. \Sigma; \Gamma, x_1 : R_1, \dots, x_{i-1} : R_{i-1} \vdash T_i \succcurlyeq R_i \quad \Sigma; \Gamma, \overline{X_i} : \overline{R_i} \vdash T' \preccurlyeq R'}{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash (X_i : T_i) \rightarrow T' \preccurlyeq (X_i : R_i) \rightarrow R'}
\end{array}$$

Figure 10: Subtyping rules $\boxed{\Sigma; \Gamma \vdash \bigcap \overline{T} \preccurlyeq T}$

$$\begin{array}{llll}
\text{\$module } X : T & \cup & \text{\$module } X : T' & = & \text{\$module } X : T \cup T' \\
\text{\$callback } X : \bigcap \overline{T} & \cup & \text{\$callback } X : \bigcap \overline{T'} & = & ? \\
\text{\$type } x = t & \cup & \text{\$type } x = t' & = & \text{\$type } x = t \cup t' \\
\text{\$opaque } x & \cup & \text{\$opaque } x & = & \text{\$opaque } x \\
\text{\$opaque } x & \cup & \text{\$type } x = t & = & \text{\$opaque } x \\
\text{\$type } x = t & \cup & \text{\$opaque } x & = & \text{\$opaque } x \\
D & \cup & D' & = & \epsilon
\end{array}$$

Figure 11: Component-wise union