

Contents

Contents	
Introduction	2
Attack Chain	
Phishing Mail	
Malicious Office Document	
Remote Template	6
Downloader DLL	
MITRE ATT&CK	



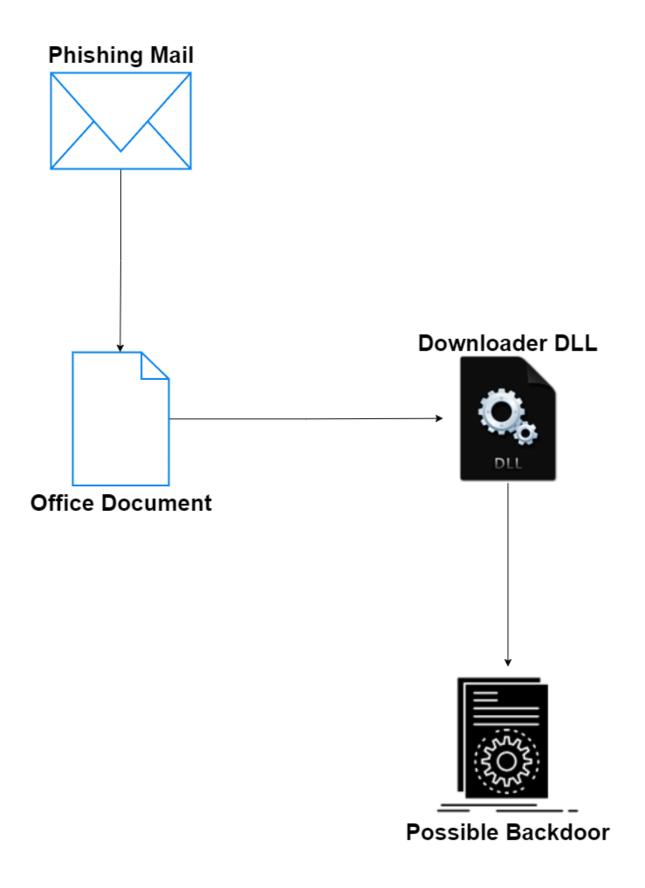
Introduction

The realm of cyberspace is fraught with ever-evolving threats, and Advanced Persistent Threat (APT) groups pose a significant risk to the security and stability of nations and international organizations. One such formidable APT group, SharpPanda, has emerged as a notable threat, targeting G20 member countries with a sophisticated attack chain. This report provides a comprehensive analysis of the attack chain employed by SharpPanda, commencing with a meticulously crafted phishing email and exploiting a series of techniques, ultimately culminating in the deployment of downloader dynamic-link libraries (DLLs) via remote templates.

SharpPanda's APT group employs a sophisticated attack chain, leveraging phishing emails, phishing documents with remote templates, and downloader DLLs to compromise targets within G20 member countries. Understanding the intricacies of this attack chain is crucial for enhancing cybersecurity measures and developing robust defense strategies against state-sponsored adversaries. To assist in detection and mitigation efforts, this report includes Indicators of Compromise (IOCs), a YARA rule for detection, and relevant MITRE ATT&CK Technique IDs associated with this attack chain. By leveraging threat intelligence and proactive security measures, organizations and governments can effectively combat the persistent threats posed by APT groups like SharpPanda, safeguarding critical information and national interests.



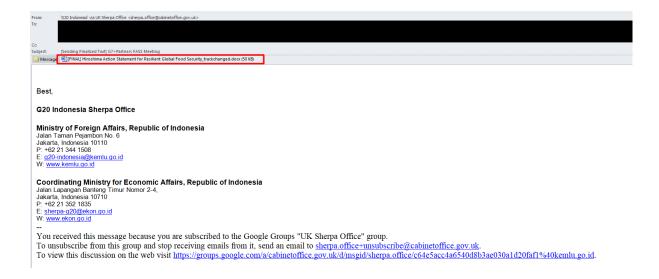
Attack Chain





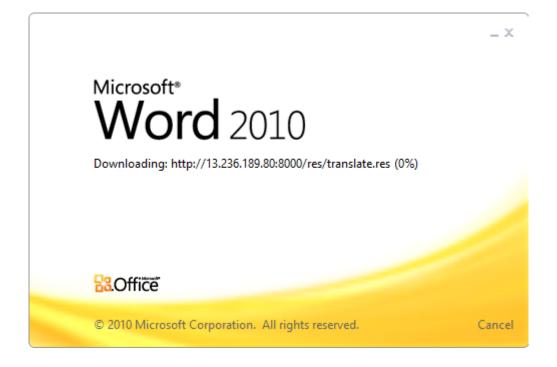
Phishing Mail

The sequence of events commences with a phishing email, which is distributed to members of the G20. Attached to this email is a document in the .docx format.



Malicious Office Document

Upon opening the document, it initiates the download of a remote template, as illustrated in the image below.





The document titled "Hiroshima Action Statement for Resilient Global Food Security" was dispatched to its targets precisely two days prior to the Hiroshima Summit.

Fifth DRAFT AS OF May 17, 2023



Hiroshima Action Statement for Resilient Global Food Security

1

2

We, the leaders of Japan, Australia, Brazil, Canada, Comoros, the Cook Islands, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, the Republic of Korea, the United Kingdom, the United States of America, Viet Nam and the European Union, reaffirmed that access to affordable, safe and nutritious food is a basic human need, and shared the importance of working closely together to respond to the worsening global food security crisis with the world facing highest risk of famine in a generation and to build more resilient, sustainable and inclusive agriculture and food systems, including through enhancing stability and predictability in international markets. Noting the key actions outlined in the UN Food Systems Summit 2021 (UNFSS) and the 2022 Global Food Security Roadmap endorsed by over 100 country signatories as well as the G20's efforts on global food security, we intend to jointly take the following actions in cooperation with the international community to strengthen global food security and nutrition and call on other partners to join us in these efforts

14 15 16

1. Responding to the immediate food security crisis

17 18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

Global food security is threatened by multiple factors and risks such as the COVID-19 pandemic, volatile energy, food and fertilizer prices, the serious impact of climate change and armed conflicts, with disproportionate impacts on the most vulnerable, including women, children and persons with disabilities. [(VTN reserve) The war in Ukraine] has further aggravated the ongoing food security crisis around the world, especially in developing and least developed countries. We note with deep concern the adverse impact of [(VTN reserve) the war in] Ukraine and stress that it is causing immense human suffering and exacerbating existing fragilities in the global economy - constraining growth, increasing inflation, disrupting supply chains, heightening energy and food insecurity, and elevating financial stability risks. Especially in light of its impact on food security and humanitarian situation around the world, we support a just and durable peace based on respect for international law, principles of the UN charter and territorial integrity and sovereignty. We call on all participants of the Black Sea Grain Initiative (BSGI) to continue and fully implement its smooth operation at its maximum potential and for as long as necessary, and stress the importance of allowing grains to continue to reach those most in need. According to UN and relevant reports, up to 828 million people were facing hunger across the world in 2021 and 258 million people in 58 food crisis countries, especially in developing and least developed countries, were estimated to need emergency food assistance in 2022. We will be working together to respond to the immediate food security crisis including through:



The document discusses the following topics:

- Responding to the immediate food security crisis: It highlights the challenges to
 global food security, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, climate change, and armed
 conflicts. The leaders express their concern about the impact of the war in Ukraine
 on food security and call for support to countries experiencing acute food insecurity.
 They also emphasize the need for humanitarian assistance, trade stability, and
 coordination among international organizations.
- Preparing for and preventing future food security crises: The document emphasizes
 the importance of market transparency, data collection, and early warning systems to
 prevent future food security crises. It mentions enhancing the Agricultural Market
 Information System, supporting crisis response strategies, and promoting trade and
 market transparency based on WTO rules.
- Realizing resilient global food security and nutrition for all: The leaders express their
 commitment to achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) related to food
 security and nutrition. They emphasize the importance of climate change adaptation,
 biodiversity conservation, reducing malnutrition, and addressing food loss and waste.
 The document also mentions the promotion of gender-responsive approaches and
 the engagement of women in food systems.

Remote Template

The location of the remote template becomes apparent upon extraction.

Extracted ShellCode drops a DLL named "c6gt.b" under %TEMP% directory and creates a scheduled task for it.

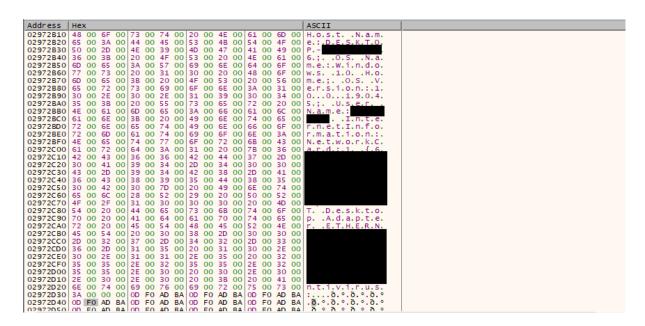


Downloader DLL

The DLL named "Downloader.dll" is simply a downloader, but the payload cannot be accessed. Instead of downloading, it has some stealer capabilities.

21F173A347ED111CE67E4C0F2C0BD4EE34BB7CA765DA03635CA5C0DF394CD7E6
4D 5A 90 00 03 00 00 00 04 00 00 0FF FF 00 00 B8 00 00 00 00 00 00 40 00 00 00 00 00 00
M Z @ @
122368 bytes
6.227
F4A57E460F25DE5A4D9684EAF058F4AD
n/a
<u>Visual Studio 2010</u>
8B FF 55 8B EC 83 7D 0C 01 75 05 E8 D8 3B 00 00 FF 75 08 8B 4D 10 8B 55 0C E8 EC FE FF FF 59 5D C2
n/a
n/a
<u>dynamic-link-library</u>
<u>32-bit</u>
<u>GUI</u>
Mon May 08 08:08:10 2023 UTC
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Upon execution it collects some data from our computer. Here is what the data looks like in memory.



It encrypts the data using RC4 then sends it to its command and control server in following syntax: http://<<<C2IP>>>:PORT/G0AnyWhere_up.jsp?Data=<<<DATA>>>





MITRE ATT&CK

Technique Name	Technique ID
Obfuscated Files or Information	T1027
System Binary Proxy Execution: Rundll32	T1218.011
Virtualization Evasion	T1497
System Information Discovery	T1082
Security Software Discovery	T1518
Phishing: Spearphishing Attachment	T1566
Scheduled Task/Job: Scheduled Task	T1053.005
User Execution: Malicious File	T1204.002

For YARA Rule and IOCs, check our github.



