

## **LESSON NOTES**

# Basic Japanese \$1 #16 Basic Japanese #16: How to Tell Time

## CONTENTS

- 2 Vocabulary
- 2 Grammar



# **VOCABULARY**

Kanji	Kana	Romaji	English
時	Ü	ji	hour
分	ふん	fun/pun	minute
半	はん	han	half

## **GRAMMAR**

The focus of this lesson is How to Tell Time.

#### **Hours**

To express hours, we add ji (時) to the number. Please be careful of the special pronunciations of 4:00 (yo-ji) and 9:00 (ku-ji).

一時	ichi-ji	1:00
二時	ni-ji	2:00
三時	san-ji	3:00
四時	yo-ji	4:00
五時	go-ji	5:00
六時	roku-ji	6:00
七時	shichi-ji	7:00
八時	hachi-ji	8:00
九時	ku-ji	9:00
十時	jū-ji	10:00

十一時	jūichi-ji	11:00
十二時	jūni-ji	12:00

## **Minutes**

For minutes, we add fun  $(\mathfrak{H})$  to the number. Please be careful that it changes to "-pun" after certain numbers.

一分	i-ppun	1 minute
二分	ni-fun	2 minutes
三分	san-pun	3 minutes
四分	yon-pun yon-fun	4 minutes
五分	go-fun	5 minutes
六分	ro-ppun	6 minutes
七分	nana-fun	7 minutes
八分	ha-ppun hachi-fun	8 minutes
九分	kyū-fun	9 minutes
十分	ju-ppun	10 minutes
十五分	jūgo-fun	15 minutes
三十分	sanju-ppun	30 minutes*
四十五分	yonjūgo-fun	45 minutes

## **Examples**

- 1. 三時 [*san-ji*]: 3:00
- 2. 九時三十分 [ku-ji sanju-ppun]: 9:30
- 3. 二時四十五分 [ni-ji yonjūgo-fun]: 2:45

## **Hiroko's Hint**

To express the concept of thirty minutes, or "half past", we use # (han).

- 1. 一時半 [ichi-ji han]: 1:30
- 2. 五時半 [go-ji han]: 5:30
- 3. 十二時半 [jūni-ji han]: 12:30