

Transactions

WCS: SEA Java Telekom

Agenda

— — —

- What is a transaction
- Begin, Commit, Rollback
- Isolation Level
- Transactions with JDBC, JPA
- Spring @Transactional
- Transaction Propagation
- 2 Phase Commit

Transaction = Logical Unit of Work

- All steps have to complete successfully (Commit)
- If one step fails all executed steps should be reversed (Rollback)

Example: Bank Transfer

- Subtract 100 EUR of one bank account
- Add 100 EUR to another account

If one step fails there would be money lost or created

Why do I need to know?

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Properties of a transaction

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- A – Atomic (As one unit)
- C – Consistent (Example Banktransfer)
- I – Isolated (Other transfers may not interfere)
- D – Durable (Changes are persisted)

Konto1 (Guthaben 100): Abheben -100 (

Konto2: Gutschreiben +100

Isolation Level

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Transaction Isolation Level	Description
TRANSACTION_READ_UNCOMMITTED	Dirty reads, non-repeatable reads and phantom reads can occur.
TRANSACTION_READ_COMMITTED	Dirty reads are prevented; non-repeatable reads and phantom reads can occur.
TRANSACTION_REPEATABLE_READ	Dirty reads and non-repeatable reads are prevented; phantom reads can occur.
TRANSACTION_SERIALIZABLE	Dirty reads, non-repeatable reads and phantom reads are prevented.

Transactions with JDBC

— — —

```
Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
Connection con =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://my_stuff:my_stuff@localhost:3306/my_stuff?serverTimezone=CET");

try {
    con.setAutoCommit(false);
    // con.setTransactionIsolation(Connection.TRANSACTION_READ_COMMITTED);
    Statement st = con.createStatement();
    st.execute("UPDATE BANKACCOUNTS SET AMOUNT=1000 WHERE USER='david'");
    st.execute("UPDATE BANKACCOUNTS SET AMOUNT=2000 WHERE USER='andre'");
    con.commit();
} catch (Exception ex) {
    con.rollback();
} finally {
    con.close();
}
```

Quest

Create a transfer Service that can withdraw from one account and deposit to another account in one transaction.

Use a standalone java program with jdbc, mysql

<https://github.com/beisdog/wcs-java-transactions-quest.git>

wcs-java-tx-jdbc-simple-quest/

Quest Continued

Create table:

```
CREATE TABLE bankaccounts (  
    id INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,  
    user VARCHAR(45) NOT NULL,  
    balance DECIMAL(12,2) NOT NULL DEFAULT 0,  
    PRIMARY KEY (id)  
);
```

Transactions with Plain JPA

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```
EntityManagerFactory emf = Persistence.createEntityManagerFactory("Bank");
```

```
EntityManager em = emf.createEntityManager();
```

```
EntityTransaction tx = em.getTransaction();
```

```
tx.begin();
```

```
BankAccount toAccount = (BankAccount) this.em.createQuery("FROM BankAccount b where b.user =  
andre").getSingleResult();
```

```
toAccount.setBalance(toAccount.getBalance().add(amount));
```

```
BankAccount fromAccount = (BankAccount) this.em.createQuery("FROM BankAccount b where b.user =  
'david'").getSingleResult();
```

```
fromAccount.setBalance(fromAccount.getBalance().subtract(amount));
```

```
tx.commit();
```

```
em.close();
```

Quest

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Use a standalone java program with JPA

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wcs-java-tx-jpa-simple-quest/

Transactions with Spring and @Transactional

— — —
@Service

public class TransferService {

@Autowired

private AccountService **service**;

@Transactional(value = TxType.**REQUIRED**)

public List<BankAccount> transferMoney(String **userFrom**, String **userTo**, BigDecimal **amount**)

throws InsufficientFundsException {

BankAccount **toAccount** = **service**.deposit(**userTo**, **amount**);

BankAccount **fromAccount** = **service**.withdraw(**userFrom**, **amount**);

return Arrays.asList(**fromAccount**, **toAccount**);

}

}

Exception Handling

- Default behaviour
 - Rollback for unchecked exception
 - No rollback for checked exception
- Can be changed with `@Transactional` properties
 - `rollbackOn`

Transactions @Transactional(rollbackOn=...)

— — —

@Service

public class TransferService {

@Autowired

private AccountService **service**;

@Transactional(value = TxType.**REQUIRED**, rollbackOn = InsufficientFundsException.**class**)

public List<BankAccount> transferMoney(String **userFrom**, String **userTo**, BigDecimal **amount**)
 throws InsufficientFundsException {

 BankAccount **toAccount** = **service**.deposit(**userTo**, **amount**);

 BankAccount **fromAccount** = **service**.withdraw(**userFrom**, **amount**);

return Arrays.asList(**fromAccount**, **toAccount**);

}

}

Transaction Propagation

— — —

NOT_SUPPORTED

NEVER

SUPPORTS

REQUIRED

MANDATORY

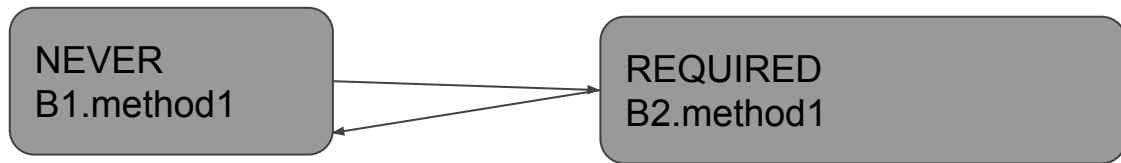
REQUIRES_NEW

How propagation works: REQUIRED, NEVER

— — —

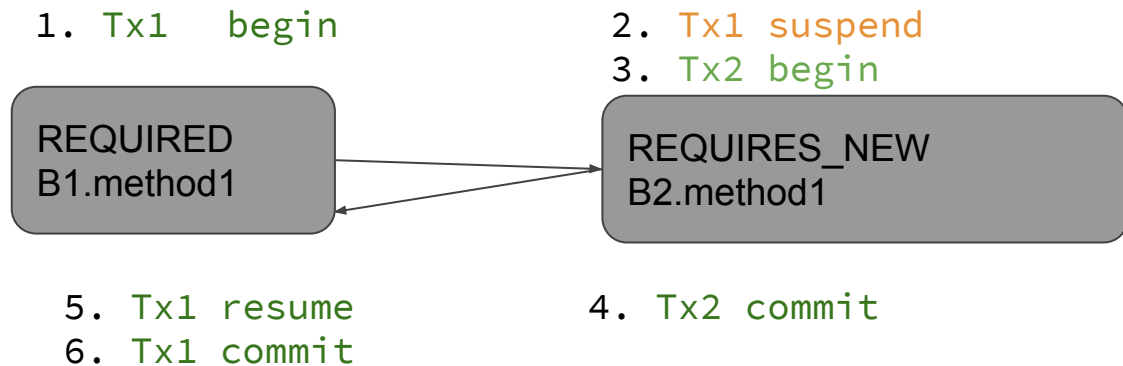
1. No Tx

2. Tx1 begin



3. Tx1 commit

How propagation works: REQUIRES_NEW

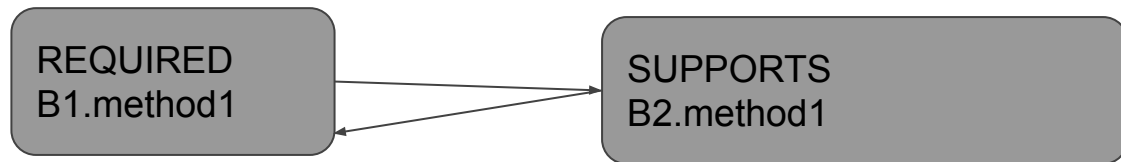


How propagation works: SUPPORTS

— — —

1. Tx1 begin

2. Use Tx1

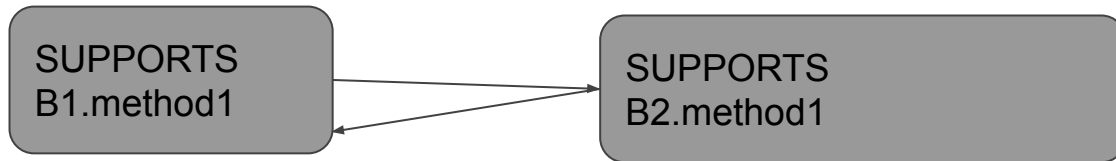


4. Tx1 commit

3. return

1. No Tx

2. No Tx



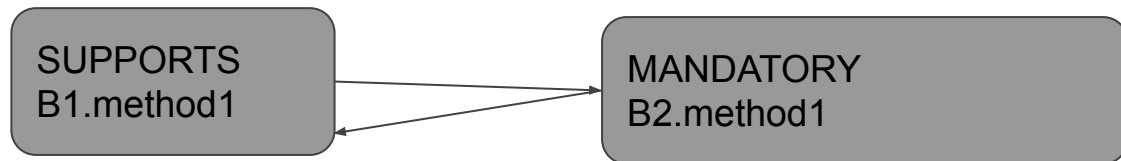
4. No Tx

3. return

How propagation works: MANDATORY

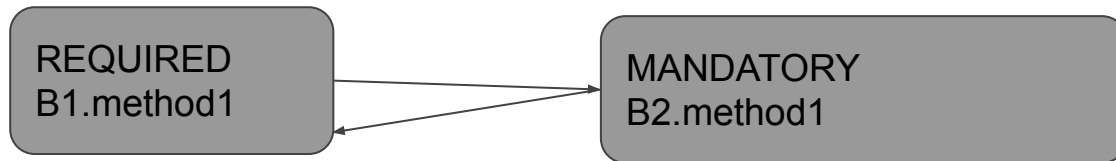
1. No tx

2. MANDATORY -> Exception



1. Tx1 begin

2. Tx1 use



4. Tx1 commit

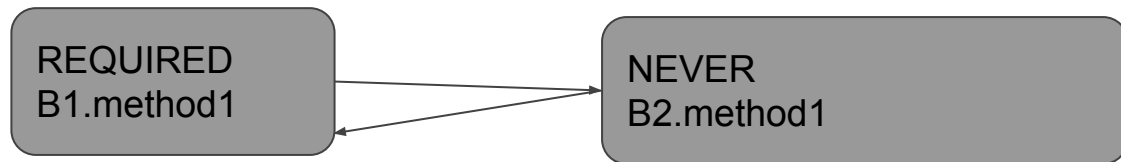
3. return

How propagation works: NEVER

— — —

1. Tx1 begin

2. Tx1 suspend



4. Tx1 resume

5. Tx1 commit

3. Return

Pitfall: Propagation does not work inside own class

— — —

```
@Service public class TransferService {  
  
    @Transactional(value = TxType.REQUIRED, rollbackOn = InsufficientFundsException.class)  
    public List<BankAccount> transferMoney(String userFrom, String userTo, BigDecimal amount)  
        throws InsufficientFundsException {  
  
        logService.logTransfer(userFrom,userTo, amount);  
        ...  
        return Arrays.asList(fromAccount, toAccount);  
    }  
    @Transactional(value = TxType.REQUIRES_NEW)  
    public void logTransfer(String userFrom, String userTo, BigDecimal dec) {...  
    }  
}
```

Solution create a second Service/Bean

— — —

```
@Service public class TransferService {
    @Autowired private TransferLogService logService;

    @Transactional(value = TxType.REQUIRED, rollbackOn = InsufficientFundsException.class)
    public List<BankAccount> transferMoney(String userFrom, String userTo, BigDecimal amount)
        throws InsufficientFundsException {
        ...
        logService.logTransfer(userFrom,userTo, amount);
        return Arrays.asList(fromAccount, toAccount);
    }
}

@Service
public class TransferLogService {
    @Transactional(value = TxType.REQUIRES_NEW)
    public void logTransfer(String userFrom, String userTo, BigDecimal dec) {...
    }
}
```

Transactions with Spring and TransactionManager

— — —

```
public class TransactionManualTest {  
    @Autowired  
    private PlatformTransactionManager transactionManager;  
    ...  
    @Test  
    void transferManualTest() throws Exception {  
        DefaultTransactionDefinition definition = new DefaultTransactionDefinition();  
        definition.setIsolationLevel(TransactionDefinition.ISOLATION_REPEATABLE_READ);  
        definition.setTimeout(3);  
  
        TransactionStatus status = transactionManager.getTransaction(definition);  
        try {  
            accService.withdraw("david", new BigDecimal("1000"));  
            accService.deposit("andre", new BigDecimal("1000"));  
            transactionManager.commit(status);  
        } catch (Exception ex) {  
            transactionManager.rollback(status);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Quest

Create a Transfer Service that can withdraw from one account and deposit to another account in one transaction.

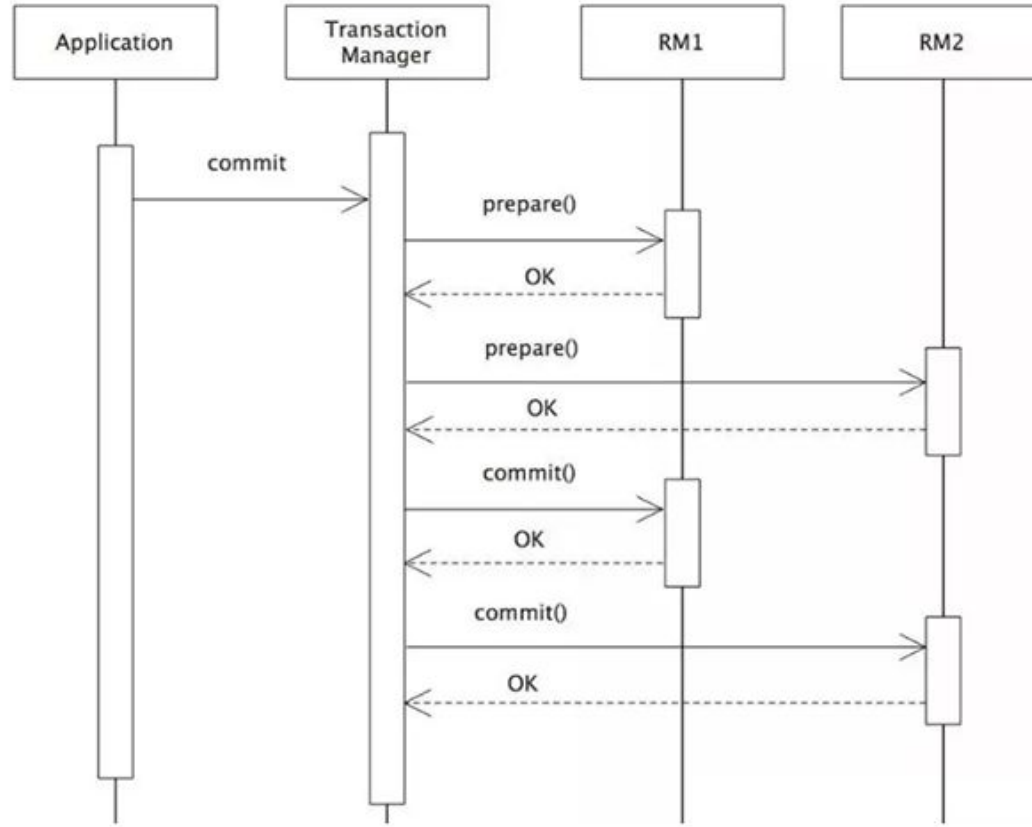
<https://github.com/beisdog/wcs-java-transactions-quest.git>

wcs-java-tx-spring-boot-quest/

Also create LogService that logs into the database independent of the transaction.

The transfer Service just write a log

Outlook: XA Transactions with 2 Phase Commits



Distributed Transaction (XA Transaction Protocol)

Needed when you want to mix several systems in one transaction.

E.g:

2 databases or

1 database and 1 message queuing system or something else