*Note*: Your TA probably will not cover all the problems. This is totally fine, the discussion worksheets are not designed to be finished in an hour. They are deliberately made long so they can serve as a resource you can use to practice, reinforce, and build upon concepts discussed in lecture, readings, and the homework.

## 1 Planting Trees

This problem will guide you through the process of writing a dynamic programming algorithm.

You have a garden and want to plant some apple trees in your garden, so that they produce as many apples as possible. There are n adjacent spots numbered 1 to n in your garden where you can place a tree. Based on the quality of the soil in each spot, you know that if you plant a tree in the ith spot, it will produce exactly  $x_i$  apples. However, each tree needs space to grow, so if you place a tree in the ith spot, you can't place a tree in spots i-1 or i+1. What is the maximum number of apples you can produce in your garden?

- (a) Give an example of an input for which:
  - Starting from either the first or second spot and then picking every other spot (e.g. either planting the trees in spots 1, 3, 5... or in spots 2, 4, 6...) does not produce an optimal solution.
  - The following algorithm does not produce an optimal solution: While it is possible to plant another tree, plant a tree in the spot where we are allowed to plant a tree with the largest  $x_i$  value.
- (b) To solve this problem, we'll think about solving the following, more general problem: "What is the maximum number of apples that can be produced using only spots 1 to i?". Let f(i) denote the answer to this question for any i. Define f(0) = 0, as when we have no spots, we can't plant any trees. What is f(1)? What is f(2)?
- (c) Suppose you know that the best way to plant trees using only spots 1 to i does not place a tree in spot i. In this case, express f(i) in terms of  $x_i$  and f(j) for j < i. (Hint: What spots are we left with? What is the best way to plant trees in these spots?)
- (d) Suppose you know that the best way to plant trees using only spots 1 to i places a tree in spot i. In this case, express f(i) in terms of  $x_i$  and f(j) for j < i.

(e) Describe a linear-time algorithm to compute the maximum number of apples you can produce. (Hint: Compute f(i) for every i. You should be able to combine your results from the previous two parts to perform each computation in O(1) time).

## 2 Maximum Subarray Sum Revisited

Given an array A of n integers, the maximum subarray sum is the largest sum of any contiguous subarray of A (including the empty subarray). In other words, the maximum subarray sum is:

$$\max_{i \le j} \sum_{k=i}^{j} A[k]$$

For example, the maximum subarray sum of [-2, 1, -3, 4, -1, 2, 1, -5, 4] is 6, the sum of the contiguous subarray [4, -1, 2, 1].

In discussion 2, we saw how to find the maximum subarray sum in  $O(n \log n)$  time using divide and conquer. This problem can actually be solved in linear time. Describe a O(n)-time algorithm and prove its correctness.

Hint: Use dynamic programming.

## 3 Change making

You are given an unlimited supply of coins of denominations  $v_1, \ldots, v_n \in N$  and a value  $W \in N$ . Your goal is to make change for W using the minimum number of coins, that is, find a smallest set of coins whose total value is W.

(a) Design a dynamic programming algorithm for solving the change making problem. What is its running time?

(b) You now have the additional constraint that there is only one coin per denomination. Does your previous algorithm still work? If not, design a new one.

## 4 Copper Pipes

Bubbles has a copper pipe of length n inches and an array of nonnegative integers that contains prices of all pieces of size at most n. He wants to find the maximum value he can make by cutting up the pipe and selling the pieces. For example, if length of the pipe is 8 and the values of different pieces are given as following, then the maximum obtainable value is 22 (by cutting in two pieces of lengths 2 and 6).

length	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
price	1	5	8	9	10	17	17	20

Give a dynamic programming algorithm so Bubbles can find the maximum obtainable value given any pipe length and set of prices. Clearly describe your algorithm and analyze its runtime (proof of correctness not required).