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Mian.c
#include "stm32f10x.h"
#include "delay.h"
#include "usart1.h"
#include "adc1.h"
#include "relay.h"
#include "stdio.h"
/*-----*/
extern __IO uint16_t ADCConvertedValue1;//AD 值
extern __IO uint16_t ADCConvertedValue2;//AD 值
extern __IO uint32_t DMA_ADC_OK;//AD 采集完成标志
#define Max Voltage1 2.0 //上限
#define Max_Voltage2 1.5 //上限
#define Min_Voltage1 1.0 //下限
#define Min_Voltage2 1.4 //下限
/*-----*/
int main(void)
{
    float voltage1,voltage2;//电压值
    NVIC_PriorityGroupConfig(NVIC_PriorityGroup_2);
    RELAY Configure();
    USART1_Configure();//USART 初始化
    ADC Configure();//ADC 初始化
    delay_ms(100);// 延时以显示打印字符
    while(1)
    {
        delay_ms(1000);//延时 1s
        voltage1 =(float)ADCConvertedValue1*(3.3/4096);//AD 值转换为电压值
        voltage2 =(float)ADCConvertedValue2*(3.3/4096);//AD 值转换为电压值
        printf("重量:%.2fV\r\n",voltage1);//打印电压值,两位小数
        printf("温度:%.2fV\r\n",voltage2);//打印电压值,两位小数
        if(voltage1 > Max Voltage1)
        {
            RELAY1_Off();
        }
        else if(voltage1 < Min_Voltage1)
        {
            RELAY1_On();
        if(voltage2 > Max_Voltage2)
        {
            RELAY2_On();
        else if(voltage2 < Min_Voltage2)
```

```
{
            RELAY2_Off();
        ADC SoftwareStartInjectedConvCmd(ADC1, ENABLE);
   }
}
Usart1.c
#include "usart1.h"
#include "stdio.h"
uint8_t USART1_RX_Buffer[USART_RX_MAX] = { 0 }; //定义 1.USART1 接收缓存
uint8_t USART1_RX_Index = 0; //定义 2.USART1 接收数组下标
uint8_t USART1_RX_OverFlag = 0; //定义 3.USART1 接收完成标志位
  *@简介:将C库中 printf 重定向到 USART
  * @参数: ch-待发送字符, f-指定文件
  *@返回值: ch
  */
int fputc(int ch, FILE *f)
   USART_SendData(USART1, (u8) ch);
   while(!(USART GetFlagStatus(USART1, USART FLAG TXE) == SET))
   {
   }
   return ch;
}
void USART1_Configure(void)
{
    /* 定义 GPIO 初始化结构体 */
    GPIO_InitTypeDef GPIO_InitStructure;
    /* 定义 USART 初始化结构体 */
    USART_InitTypeDef USART_InitStructure;
    NVIC InitTypeDef NVIC InitStructure;
    /* 打开 GPIOA、AFIO 和 USART1 时钟 */
    RCC_APB2PeriphClockCmd(RCC_APB2Periph_GPIOA
                                                        RCC_APB2Periph_AFIO
RCC_APB2Periph_USART1, ENABLE);
    /* 配置 PA9(USART_Tx)为复用推挽输出,IO 速度 50MHz */
    GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Pin = GPIO_Pin_9;
    GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Speed = GPIO_Speed_50MHz;
    GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Mode = GPIO_Mode_AF_PP;
```

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/* 完成配置 */
    GPIO Init(GPIOA, &GPIO InitStructure);
   /* 配置 PA10(USART1_Rx)为浮空输入 */
    GPIO InitStructure.GPIO Pin = GPIO Pin 10;
    GPIO InitStructure.GPIO Mode = GPIO Mode IN FLOATING;
    /* 完成配置 */
    GPIO_Init(GPIOA, &GPIO_InitStructure);
    /* 配置 USART 波特率、数据位、停止位、奇偶校验、硬件流控制和模式 */
    USART InitStructure.USART BaudRate = 9600;//波特率 115200
    USART_InitStructure.USART_WordLength = USART_WordLength_8b;//8 数据位
    USART InitStructure.USART StopBits = USART StopBits 1;//1 停止位
    USART InitStructure.USART Parity = USART Parity No;//无奇偶校验
    USART_InitStructure.USART_HardwareFlowControl = USART_HardwareFlowControl_None;//
无硬件流控制
    USART_InitStructure.USART_Mode = USART_Mode_Rx | USART_Mode_Tx;//接收和发送模
尤
    /* 完成配置 */
    USART_Init(USART1, &USART_InitStructure);
    /* 使能 USART1 */
    USART_Cmd(USART1, ENABLE);
    USART ITConfig(USART1, USART IT RXNE, ENABLE); //开启接收 RXNE 中断
    USART_ITConfig(USART1, USART_IT_IDLE, ENABLE); //开启接收 IDLE 中断
    NVIC InitStructure.NVIC IRQChannel = USART1 IRQn; //USART1 中断通道
    NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannelPreemptionPriority = 0; //抢占优先级 1
    NVIC InitStructure.NVIC IRQChannelSubPriority = 1; //子优先级 3
    NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannelCmd = ENABLE; //IRQ 通道使能
    NVIC_Init(&NVIC_InitStructure); //配置生效
}
void USART1 IRQHandler(void)
{
    uint8 t Res;
   /* 如果发生了接收中断 */
    if(USART_GetITStatus(USART1, USART_IT_RXNE) != RESET)
    {
        //Res = USART1->DR; //寄存器方式读取数据
        Res = USART ReceiveData(USART1); //库函数方式读取接收到的 1 个字节
        if(USART1_RX_Index >= USART_RX_MAX)
        USART1_RX_Index = 0; //防止下标越界
        USART1_RX_Buffer[USART1_RX_Index++] = Res;
        /* 清除接收中断标志位(注:也可以省略,读 DR 自动清除)*/
        USART_ClearFlag(USART1, USART_FLAG_RXNE);
    if(USART_GetITStatus(USART1, USART_IT_IDLE) != RESET)
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{
        USART1 RX OverFlag = 1; //接收完成标志位置 1
        USART_ClearFlag(USART1, USART_FLAG_IDLE);
        USART_ITConfig(USART1, USART_IT_IDLE, DISABLE); //关闭接收 IDLE 中断
    }
}
Usart1.h
#ifndef __USART1_H
#define USART1 H
#include "stm32f10x.h"
#define USART RX MAX 255 //定义最大接收字节数为 255
extern uint8_t USART1_RX_Buffer[USART_RX_MAX]; //定义 1.USART1 接收缓存
extern uint8_t USART1_RX_Index; //定义 2.USART1 接收数组下标
extern uint8 t USART1 RX OverFlag; //定义 3.USART1 接收完成标志位
void USART1_Configure(void);
#endif
Adc1.c
#include "adc1.h"
__IO uint16_t ADCConvertedValue1;
__IO uint16_t ADCConvertedValue2;
void ADC_Configure(void)
{
    /* 定义 GPIO 和 ADC 初始化结构体 */
    GPIO_InitTypeDef GPIO_InitStructure;
    ADC_InitTypeDef ADC_InitStructure;
    NVIC_InitTypeDef NVIC_InitStructure;
    /* 使能时钟,并配置 PBO、PB1 为模拟输入 */
    RCC_APB2PeriphClockCmd(RCC_APB2Periph_GPIOB | RCC_APB2Periph_ADC1, ENABLE);
    NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannel = ADC1_2_IRQn;
    NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannelPreemptionPriority = 0;
    NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannelSubPriority = 0;
    NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannelCmd = ENABLE;
    NVIC_Init(&NVIC_InitStructure);
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GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Mode = GPIO_Mode_AIN;
    GPIO Init(GPIOB, &GPIO InitStructure);
    RCC ADCCLKConfig(RCC PCLK2 Div6);
    /* 设置 ADC 工作模式: 独立、扫描、连续、不使用外部触发、数据右对齐、1 个转换 */
    ADC InitStructure.ADC Mode = ADC Mode Independent;//独立
    ADC_InitStructure.ADC_ScanConvMode = ENABLE;//扫描
    ADC InitStructure.ADC ContinuousConvMode = DISABLE;//不连续
   //ADC_InitStructure.ADC_ExternalTrigConv = ADC_ExternalTrigConv_None;//无外部触发
    ADC InitStructure.ADC DataAlign = ADC DataAlign Right;//数据右对齐
    /* 完成配置 */
   ADC_Init(ADC1, &ADC_InitStructure);
   /* 注入通道转换序列长度为 2 */
   ADC_InjectedSequencerLengthConfig(ADC1, 2);
    /* PBO 设置为注入通道序列 1 */
    ADC_InjectedChannelConfig(ADC1, ADC_Channel_8, 1, ADC_SampleTime_55Cycles5);
   /* PB1 设置为注入通道序列 2 */
   ADC_InjectedChannelConfig(ADC1, ADC_Channel_9, 2, ADC_SampleTime_55Cycles5);
   /* 注入通道无外部触发 */
   ADC ExternalTrigInjectedConvConfig(ADC1, ADC ExternalTrigInjecConv None);
   /* 使能注入通道中断 */
   ADC ITConfig(ADC1, ADC IT JEOC, ENABLE);
   /* 使能 ADC1 */
   ADC Cmd(ADC1, ENABLE);
   /* 复位 ADC1 的校准寄存器 */
    ADC ResetCalibration(ADC1);
   /*等待 ADC 校准寄存器复位完成*/
   while(ADC_GetResetCalibrationStatus(ADC1));
   /* 开始校准 ADC */
   ADC_StartCalibration(ADC1);
   /* 等待校准完成*/
   while(ADC_GetCalibrationStatus(ADC1));
   /* 软件方式触发 ADC 注入通道转换 */
   ADC_SoftwareStartInjectedConvCmd(ADC1, ENABLE);
}
void ADC1_2_IRQHandler(void)
    if(ADC_GetITStatus(ADC1, ADC_IT_JEOC)!=RESET)
        ADCConvertedValue1=ADC_GetInjectedConversionValue(ADC1,
ADC_InjectedChannel_1);
        ADCConvertedValue2=ADC_GetInjectedConversionValue(ADC1,
```

GPIO\_InitStructure.GPIO\_Pin = GPIO\_Pin\_0 | GPIO\_Pin\_1;

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ADC_InjectedChannel_2);
    }
    ADC_ClearITPendingBit(ADC1, ADC_IT_JEOC);
}
Adc1.h
#ifndef __ADC1_H
#define ADC1 H
#include "stm32f10x.h"
void ADC_Configure(void);
#endif
Relay.c
#include "relay.h"
void RELAY Configure(void)
{
    GPIO InitTypeDef GPIO InitStructure;
    RCC_APB2PeriphClockCmd(RCC_APB2Periph_GPIOD|RCC_APB2Periph_GPIOC,ENABLE);
    GPIO InitStructure.GPIO Pin =GPIO Pin 2;
    GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Speed=GPIO_Speed_50MHz;
    GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Mode=GPIO_Mode_Out_PP;
    GPIO_Init(GPIOD,&GPIO_InitStructure);
    GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Pin =GPIO_Pin_12;
    GPIO InitStructure.GPIO Speed=GPIO Speed 50MHz;
    GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Mode=GPIO_Mode_Out_PP;
    GPIO Init(GPIOC,&GPIO InitStructure);
    GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD,GPIO_Pin_2);
    GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOC,GPIO_Pin_12);
}
void RELAY1 On(void)
{
    GPIO_SetBits(GPIOC,GPIO_Pin_12);
}
void RELAY1_Off(void)
{
    GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOC,GPIO_Pin_12);
```

```
}

void RELAY2_On(void)
{
    GPIO_SetBits(GPIOD,GPIO_Pin_2);
}

void RELAY2_Off(void)
{
    GPIO_ResetBits(GPIOD,GPIO_Pin_2);
}
```

```
Relay.h
#ifndef _RELAY_H
#define _RELAY_H
#include "stm32f10x.h"
#include "delay.h"
void RELAY_Configure(void);//LED 引脚初始化
void RELAY1_On(void);
void RELAY1_Off(void);
void RELAY2_On(void);
void RELAY2_Off(void);
#endif
```