

Analyzing TCP protocol using Wireshark

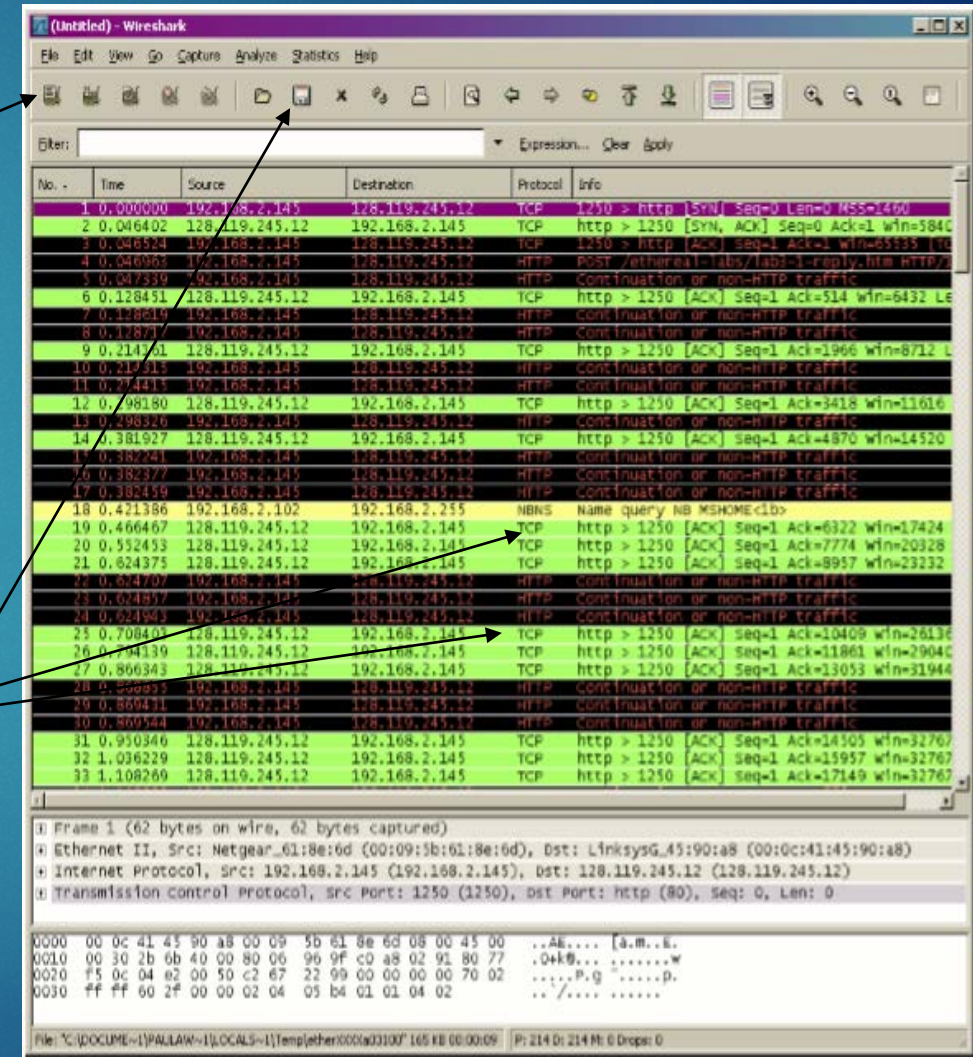
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Course – CPE/NIS 654

TCP protocol

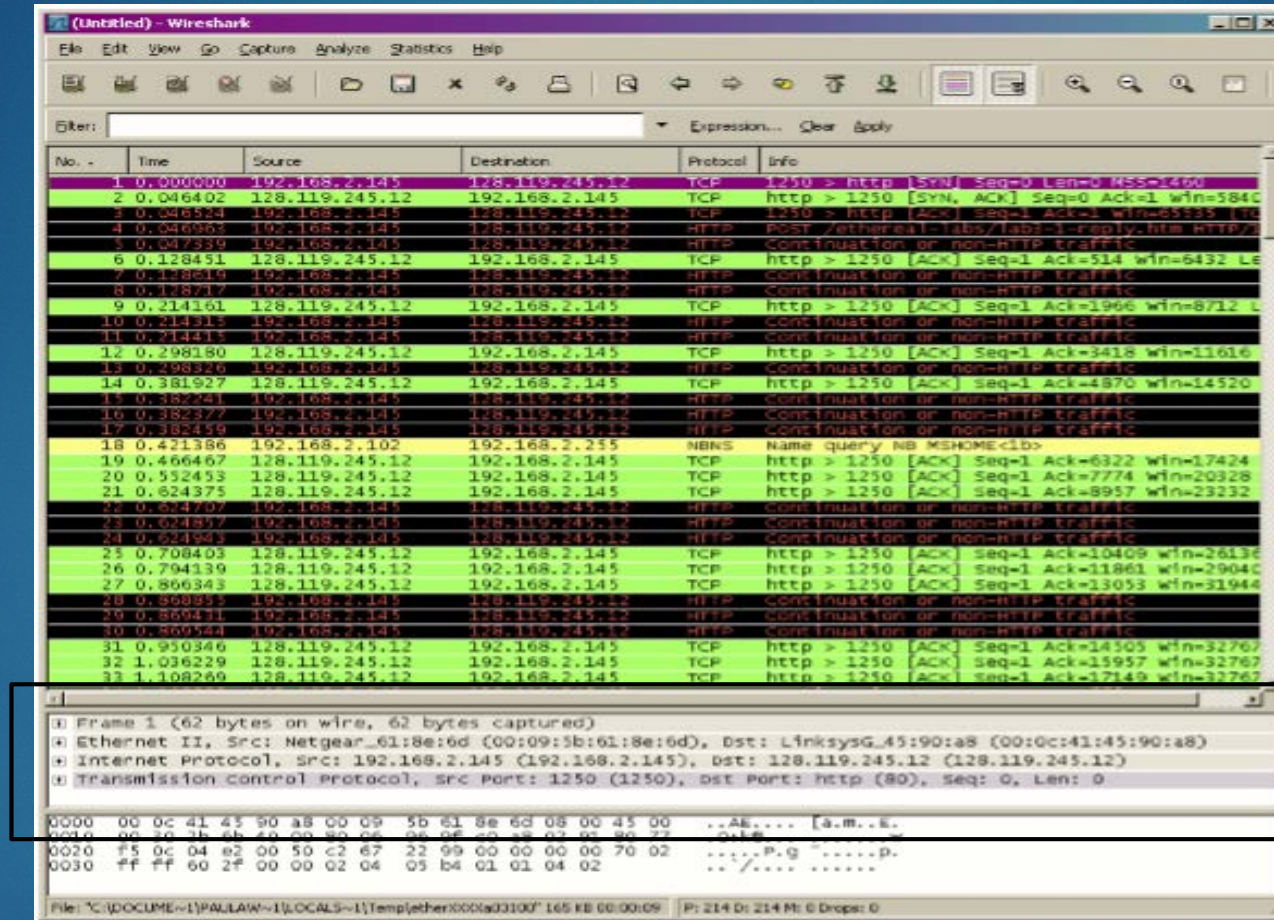
- ▶ TCP is a protocol which the network uses for a connection oriented service.
- ▶ TCP is chosen for applications like data transfer where we can't afford data losses.
- ▶ For services which do not need a reliable connection,

Running the TCP protocol

- ▶ To start collecting TCP packets, start Wireshark and begin capture.
- ▶ Open the browser and go to a website. It is observed that we see collection of HTTP packets in Wireshark.
- ▶ To start collecting TCP packets open a connection oriented service like a mail, world wide web etc.
- ▶ Send a mail and observe the collection of TCP packets in Wireshark.
- ▶ Now stop the tracing and save the packets for analysis.



Sample workspace



→ Packet details box

When we select a packet in the capture window, we can see the packet details in the packet details box. When we press on the protocol, it will create a tree which has all the information about The packet

Exercise

1. What is the IP address and TCP port number used by the client computer (source) that is transferring the file to `gaia.cs.umass.edu`? To answer this question, it's probably easiest to select an HTTP message and explore the details of the TCP packet used to carry this HTTP message, using the "details of the selected packet header window" (refer to Figure 2 in the "Getting Started with Wireshark" Lab if you're uncertain about the Wireshark windows).
2. What is the IP address of `gaia.cs.umass.edu`? On what port number is it sending and receiving TCP segments for this connection?
3. What is the IP address and TCP port number used by your client computer (source) to transfer the file to `gaia.cs.umass.edu`?

Exercise

- ▶ 4. What is the sequence number of the TCP SYN segment that is used to initiate the TCP connection between the client computer and `gaia.cs.umass.edu`? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYN segment?
- ▶ 5. What is the sequence number of the SYNACK segment sent by `gaia.cs.umass.edu` to the client computer in reply to the SYN? What is the value of the ACKnowledgement field in the SYNACK segment? How did `gaia.cs.umass.edu` determine that value? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYNACK segment?
- ▶ 6. What is the sequence number of the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST command? Note that in order to find the POST command, you'll need to dig into the packet content field at the bottom of the Wireshark window, looking for a segment with a "POST" within its DATA field.

Exercise

7. Consider the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST as the first segment in the TCP connection. What are the sequence numbers of the first six segments in the TCP connection (including the segment containing the HTTP POST)? At what time was each segment sent? When was the ACK for each segment received?
8. What is the length of each of the first six TCP segments?
9. What is the minimum amount of available buffer space advertised at the receiver for the entire trace? Does the lack of receiver buffer space ever throttle the sender?
10. Are there any retransmitted segments in the trace file? What did you check for (in the trace) in order to answer this question?

Exercise

11. How much data does the receiver typically acknowledge in an ACK? Can you identify cases where the receiver is ACKing every other received segment.
12. What is the throughput (bytes transferred per unit time) for the TCP connection? Explain how you calculated this value.