



3-3. 设初始状态为 $S_0 = \{L=WSV, R=\emptyset\}$
 L 代表左岸, R 代表右岸, W 为狼, S 为羊, V 为白菜

有如下几个状态

$$A_1 = \{L=WS\}$$

$$B_1 = \{R=WS\}$$

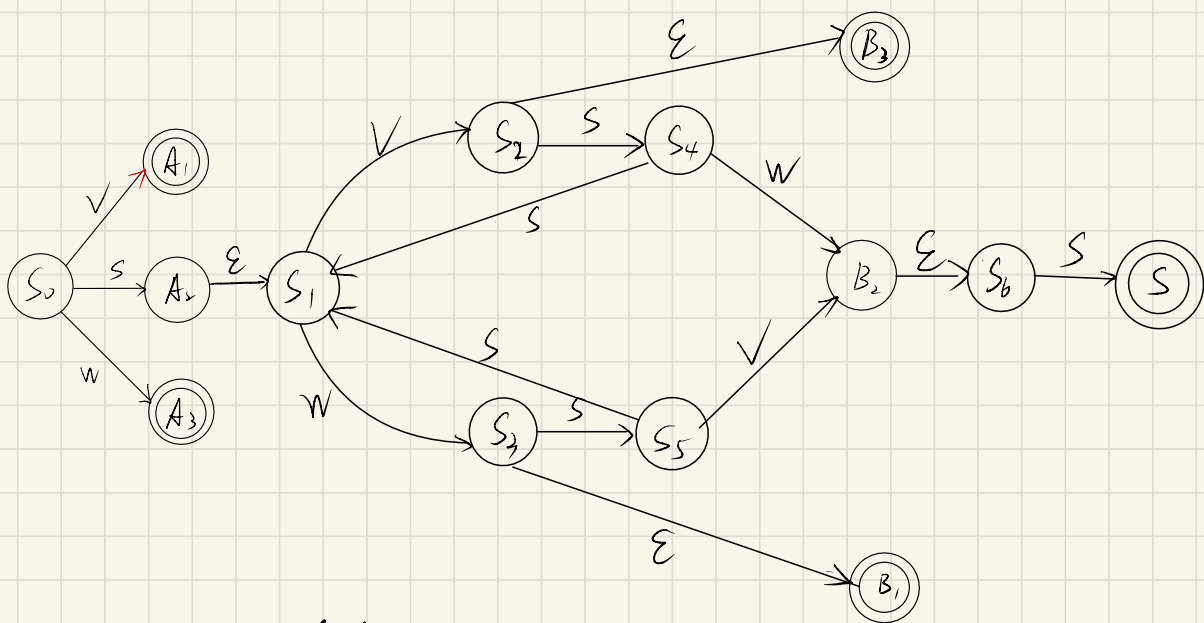
$$A_2 = \{L=WV\}$$

$$B_2 = \{R=WV\}$$

$$A_3 = \{L=VS\}$$

$$B_3 = \{R=VS\}$$

$$\text{终止状态为 } S = \{R=WSV\}$$



先把羊带到右岸, 把 V/W 带到右岸, 把 S 带回左岸
 把 W/V 带到右岸, 把 S 带到右岸.

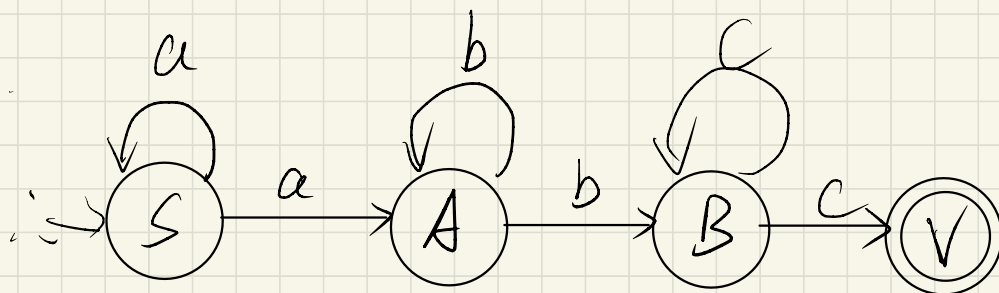
3-b.

$$\begin{cases} S = AB \\ A = UT \\ U = a + aU \Rightarrow S = \{a^x b^y c^z \mid x, y, z \geq 0\} \\ T = T + bT \\ B = c + BC \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore S = aA \mid aS$$

$$A = bB \mid bA$$

$$B = cB \mid c$$



3-7 (1)

$A \rightarrow 0D$

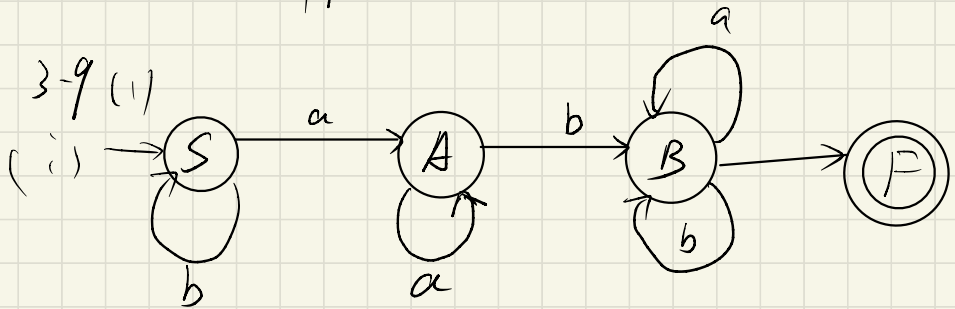
$D \rightarrow 0B | 1C$

$B \rightarrow 0A | 1C$

$C \rightarrow 1F | 0A | 1$

$F \rightarrow 0E | 0 | 1A$

$E \rightarrow 0B | 1C$



(2) $S \rightarrow aA | bS$

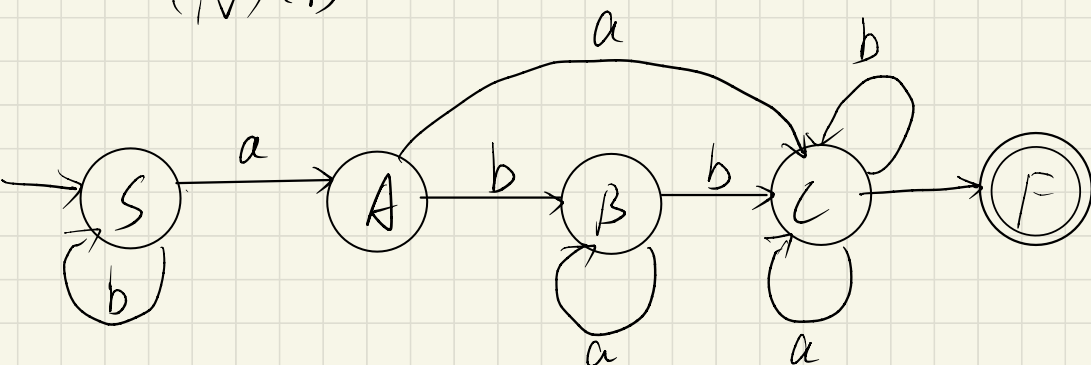
$A \rightarrow aA | bB$

$B \rightarrow aB | bB$

(3) 若干个 b 后面接若干个 (≥ 1) a
(≥ 0)

后面再接一串以 b 开头的 a, b
不确定出现的序列

(i) (1)



$$(2) S \rightarrow bS \mid aA$$

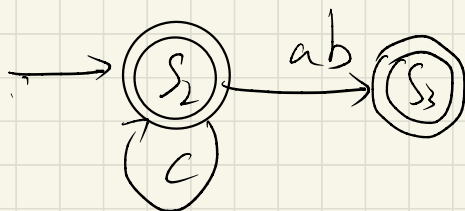
$$A \rightarrow aC \mid bB$$

$$B \rightarrow aB \mid bC$$

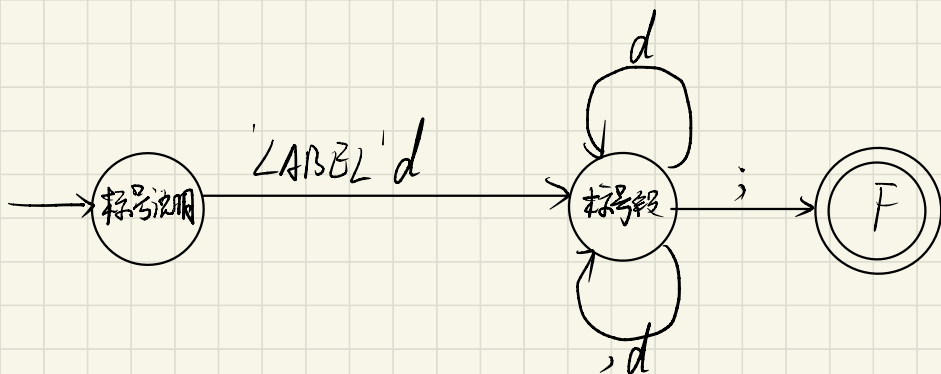
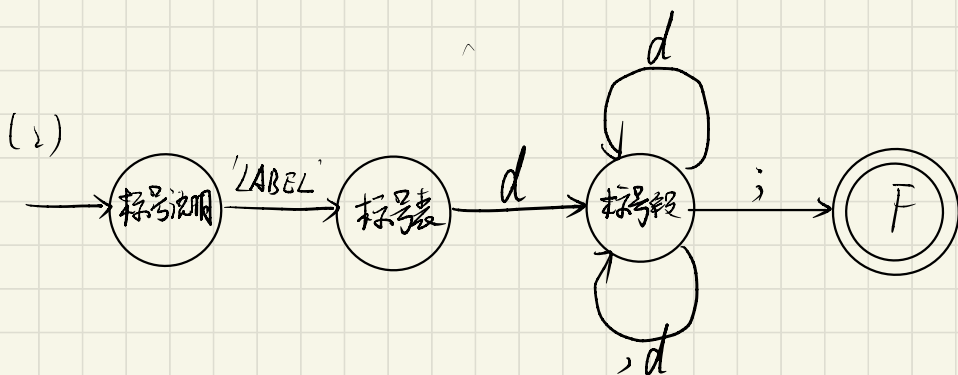
$$C \rightarrow aC \mid bC$$

(3) 输入串以若干个 (≥ 0) b 开头, 以若干个 a 和若干个 b 交替组成的串结尾.
中间以一个单独的 " a " 或 $ba^n b$ ($n \geq 0$) 连接

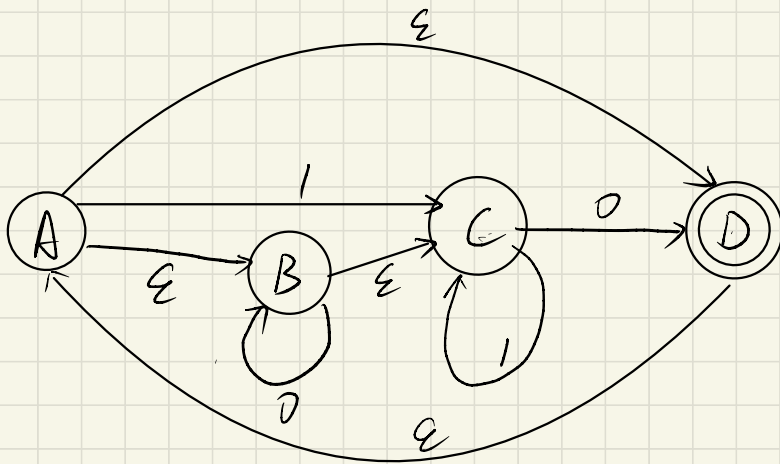
3-13 (1)



3-20 (1) 'LABEL' d (d | , d)* ;



3-22 (1)



$q_0 = \{A, B, C, D\}$

C

0

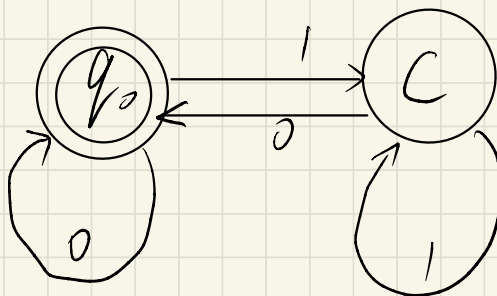
q_0

q_0

1

C

C



补充: 为便于表示 将 $(A|B|...|Z|a|b...|z)$ 记为 Q

$QQ^*: QQ^*, QQ^* \mid QQ^*, QQ^* \mid QQ^*: QQ^* \mid QQ^*$

2. 3. (1) (2) (3)

