

### **SIMPLY RICH**

## $\mathbf{Z}\mathbf{K}^{\text{TM}}$

# **The Quick Start Guide**

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**Potix Corporation** 

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### **Before You Start**

#### **New to the Servlet Container (aka., Java Web Server)**

Before developing Web applications in Java (and running ZK demo in your machine), you have to install a Servlet container first. Apache Tomcat is one of the most popular Servlet containers. It is easy to install and use.

Download Installer for Windows:

apache-tomcat-5.5.20.exe

A list of all available versions:

http://tomcat.apache.org/download-55.cgi

Documentation http://tomcat.apache.org/tomcat-5.5-doc/index.html

#### **New to Java Language**

You don't need to know Java to use ZK, since all rich user interface can be implemented in HTML-like markup language called ZUML. However, to complete a Web application, you or teammate need some basic knowledge about Java. Here are some good tutorial.

Language Basic http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/java/nutsandbolts/index.html

Class and Object http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/java/concepts/index.html

http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/java/javaOO/index.html http://java.sun.com/docs/books/tutorial/java/IandI/index.html

#### **New to Java Integrated Development Environment (IDE)**

Eclipse is one of the most popular Java IDEs. With IDE, it is easier to develop and debug your Web applications. Moreover, you can understand ZK better by debugging through ZK's source codes.

The step-by-step setup guide can be found in one of our small talks:

http://www.zkoss.org/smalltalks/eclipse/ek.html

## 1. What to Download

File	Description
zk-2.4.1.tar.gz zk-2.4.1.zip	The binary distribution of ZK, including ZK libraries and the third-party libraries.
	It is all you need to enrich your Web applications with ZK.
zk-demo-2.4.1.zip	Standalone zkdemo application in WAR and EAR format, and the source codes of zkdemo.  It is the fastest way to test drive the features of ZK without
	configuring your Web server.
zk-javadoc-2.4.1.zip	The Java API document of ZK framework.
zk-src-2.4.1.tar.gz	The source codes of ZK framework.

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### 2. Run the Demo

The simplest way to test drive the power of ZK is to visit http://www.zkoss.org/zkdemo/userguide.

If you want to run the demo in your local server, you can follow the following steps.

- 1. Download zk-demo-2.4.1.zip from here (sourceforge.net).
- 2. After uncompressing the file, you can deploy zkdemo-all.war or zkdemo-all.ear to your Web or application server.

Most Web or application servers have a management console that allows you to deploy an application painlessly. Consult the corresponding manuals, or you can visit <a href="http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/ZK/How-Tos#Installation\_and\_Configuration">http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/ZK/How-Tos#Installation\_and\_Configuration</a>, where the ZK community maintains the installation guides for many Web or application servers.

For Tomcat server, you can copy it directly to the \$TOMCAT\_DIR/webapps directory, and then Tomcat will start the deployment automatically.

3. After zkdemo-all.war is deployed you can visit it at, say, http://localhost:8080/zkdemo-all/userguide. The port number depends on how you installed your Web or application servers. Some application servers deploy only the EAR file. That is, you have to deploy zkdemos-all.ear instead.

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### 3. Installation

ZK consists of several libraries (the JAR files). There are two ways to install them. First, bundle them with your Web application. In other words, copy them to the WEB-INF/lib directory of your Web application. The benefit is that you can deploy your Web application to any Web server without configuring the Web server.

Second, install them to your Web or application server. In other words, copy them to the shared directory of the Web or application server (for Tomcat, it is <code>shared/lib</code>). The benefit is that all Web applications can use ZK without bundled with any ZK library.

#### **Alternative 1: Bundle ZK into Your Web Application**

By copying ZK libraries to your Web application, you can deploy your Web application to any Web or application server without configuration.

#### To bundle ZK libraries with the WAR file (the Web application)

- 1. Uncompress zk-2.4.1.zip or zk-2.4.1.tar.gz
- 2. Copy dist/lib/\*.jar, dist/zkforge/\*.jar, and dist/lib/ext/\*.jar to the /WEB-INF/lib directory in your Web application.

All libraries in dist/zkforge and most of libraries in dist/lib/ext are optional. If you want to minimize the footprint of your Web application, refer to the next chapter for the description of these libraries.

#### To bundle ZK libraries with the EAR file (the Java EE application)

- 1. Uncompress zk-2.4.1.zip or zk-2.4.1.tar.gz
- 2. Copy dist/lib/\*.jar, dist/zkforge/\*.jar, and dist/lib/ext/\*.jar to the root directory in your Java EE application.

All libraries in <code>dist/zkforge</code> and most of libraries in <code>dist/lib/ext</code> are optional. If you want to minimize the footprint of your Java EE application, refer to the next chapter for the description of these libraries.

### Alternative 2: Install ZK to Be Shared by All Web Applications

The way to install ZK libraries to the shared directory varies from one Web server to another.

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#### Install ZK on Tomcat

- 1. Download Tomcat from http://tomcat.apache.org and install it, if you haven't installed it yet.
- 2. Stop Tomcat.
- **3. Uncompress** zk-2.4.1.zip **or** zk-2.4.1.tar.gz
- 4. Copy dist/lib/\*.jar, dist/zkforge/\*.jar, and dist/lib/ext/\*.jar to
  \$TOMCAT HOME¹/shared/lib

All libraries in dist/zkforge and most of libraries in dist/lib/ext are optional. If you want to minimize the footprint of your Web server, refer to the next chapter for the description of these libraries.

5. Re-start Tomcat.

Then, you can deploy your Web application, e.g., demo/bin/zkdemo.war, to Tomcat. It can be done by use of the Tomcat manager, or by copying it to \$TOMCAT\_HOME/webapps directly. If you prefer copying directly, you have to stop Tomcat first. After deployed, you can run your Web application by visiting the corresponding URL, e.g., http://localhost:8080/zkdemo/userguide, depending on the configuration of your Web server.

#### Install ZK on Jetty

- 1. Download Jetty from http://www.mortbay.org/jetty/index.html and install it², if you haven't installed it yet.
- 2. Stop Jetty.
- 3. Uncompress zk-2.4.1.zip or zk-2.4.1.tar.gz
- 6. Copy dist/lib/\*.jar, dist/zkforge/\*.jar, and dist/lib/ext/\*.jar to \$JETTY\_HOME/ext

All libraries in dist/zkforge and most of libraries in dist/lib/ext are optional. If you want to minimize the footprint of your Web server, refer to the next chapter for the description of these libraries.

4. Re-start Jetty.

Then, you can deploy your Web application, e.g., demo/bin/zkdemo.war, to Jetty by copying it to \$JETTY HOME/webapps directly. After deployed, you can run your Web

<sup>1 \$</sup>TOMCAT\_HOME is where you installed Tomcat.

<sup>2</sup> Refer to http://www.mortbay.org/jetty/tut/GettingStarted.html

application by visiting the corresponding URL, e.g.,

http://localhost:8080/zkdemo/userguide, depending on the configuration of your Web server.

### Working with MySQL<sup>3</sup>

To open the connection under zscript, you have to put MySQL JDBC driver (mysql-connector-\*.jar) under the \$TOMCAT DIR/common/lib directory.

<sup>3</sup> http://ww.mysql.com

## 4. The Content of Binary Distribution

This chapter describes the content of zk-2.4.1.zip.

#### /doc

This directory holds the documents including copyrights and release notes.

#### /dist/lib

This directory holds the binary libraries required to run ZK.

#### /dist/lib/zkforge

This directory holds the components from ZK Forge, such as FCKeditor and Dojo. It is optional depending on whether you need them.

File	Description
dojoz.jar	Required if you want to use ZK DOJO components.
fckez.jar	Required if you want to use ZK FCKeditor components.
gmapsz.jar	Required if you want to use ZK Google Maps components.
timelinez.jar	Required if you want to use ZK Timeline components.
<pre>json_simple.jar</pre>	

### /dist/lib/ext

This directory holds the external libraries required to run ZK. Since these libraries are common, you might have installed them in your container.

Here are optional jar files. You can choose whether to copy depending on your requirements.

File	Description
commons-fileupload.jar	Required if you want to upload files with them.
commons-io.jar	
	Version: Commons Fileupload 1.2 and Commons IO 1.3.1
commons-el.jar	Required if you want to evaluate EL expression with it.
	Version: Commons EL 1.0
jcommon.jar	Required if you want to use ZUL's chart component.
jfreechar.jar	

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File	Description
	Version: JFreeChart 1.0.5 and JCommon 1.0.9
bsh.jar	Required if you want scripting in Java interpreter (BeanShell).
	Version: BeanShell 2.0b4
js.jar	Required if you want scripting in JavaScript (Rhino).
	Version: Rhino 1.6R5
groovy.jar	Required if you want scripting in Groovy.
	Version: Groovy 1.0 (groovy-all)
jruby.jar	Required if you want scripting in Ruby (JRuby).
	Version: JRuby 1.0 (jruby-complete)
Filters.jar	Required if you want to use the captcha component.
	Version: JH Labs Java Image Filters

### /dist/src

This directory holds the source codes in JAR format. These JAR files are used for debugging in IDE, such as Eclipse. You cannot build the binary libraries from these. Rather, download and uncompress zk-src-2.4.1.tar.gz.

### /dist/xsd

This directory holds the XSD files that might be useful to develop ZK applications.

### /dist/WEB-INF

This directory holds the TLD files that might be useful to develop ZK applications.

### 5. The Content of Demo Distribution

This chapter describes the content of zk-demo-2.4.1.zip.

/

This directory holds the executable: zkdemo.war, zkdemo-all.war, zkdemos.ear and zkdemos-all.ear. Refer to the **Installation** chapter for details.

#### /zkdemo

This directory holds the source codes of the live demo.

### /MyApp

This directory holds an empty Web application which you can start your new Web application from.

#### Prepare WEB-INF/web.xml

Copy or merge the following content to the <code>web.xml</code> in the WEB-INF directory in your application. This step must be done once each time you created a new Web applications. Then, what you need to do is to copy files with .zul or .zhtml extension to the proper directories in your Web applications.

```
<web-app version="2.4" xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/j2ee"</pre>
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/j2ee
http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/j2ee/web-app 2 4.xsd">
     <!-- //// -->
     <!-- ZK -->
     <listener>
           <description>Used to cleanup when a session is
destroyed</description>
           <display-name>ZK Session Cleaner</display-name>
           stener-
class>org.zkoss.zk.ui.http.HttpSessionListener</listener-class>
     </listener>
     <servlet>
           <description>ZK loader for evaluating ZK pages</description>
           <servlet-name>zkLoader</servlet-name>
           <servlet-class>org.zkoss.zk.ui.http.DHtmlLayoutServlet/servlet-
class>
           <!-- Must. Specifies URI of the update engine
           (DHtmlUpdateServlet). -->
           <init-param>
                 <param-name>update-uri
                 <param-value>/zkau</param-value>
           </init-param>
           <load-on-startup>1</load-on-startup><!-- MUST -->
     </servlet>
     <servlet-mapping>
           <servlet-name>zkLoader</servlet-name>
           <url-pattern>*.zul</url-pattern>
     </servlet-mapping>
     <servlet-mapping>
           <servlet-name>zkLoader</servlet-name>
           <url-pattern>*.zhtml</url-pattern>
     </servlet-mapping>
```

```
<servlet>
           <description>The asynchronous update engine for ZK</description>
           <servlet-name>auEngine/servlet-name>
           <servlet-class>org.zkoss.zk.au.http.DHtmlUpdateServlet</servlet-</pre>
class>
     </servlet>
     <servlet-mapping>
           <servlet-name>auEngine</servlet-name>
           <url-pattern>/zkau/*</url-pattern>
     </servlet-mapping>
     <!-- //// -->
     <!-- MIME mapping -->
     <mime-mapping>
           <extension>gif</extension>
           <mime-type>image/gif</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
     <mime-mapping>
           <extension>html</extension>
           <mime-type>text/html</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
     <mime-mapping>
           <extension>htm</extension>
           <mime-type>text/html</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
     <mime-mapping>
           <extension>jad</extension>
           <mime-type>text/vnd.sun.j2me.app-descriptor</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
     <mime-mapping>
           <extension>jpeg</extension>
           <mime-type>image/jpeg</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
     <mime-mapping>
           <extension>jpg</extension>
           <mime-type>image/jpeg</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
     <mime-mapping>
           <extension>js</extension>
           <mime-type>application/x-javascript</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
     <mime-mapping>
           <extension>png</extension>
           <mime-type>image/png</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
     <mime-mapping>
           <extension>txt</extension>
           <mime-type>text/plain</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
```

```
<mime-mapping>
           <extension>xml</extension>
           <mime-type>text/xml</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
     <mime-mapping>
           <extension>zhtml</extension>
           <mime-type>text/html</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
     <mime-mapping>
           <extension>zul</extension>
           <mime-type>text/html</mime-type>
     </mime-mapping>
     <welcome-file-list>
           <welcome-file>index.zul</welcome-file>
           <welcome-file>index.zhtml</welcome-file>
           <welcome-file>index.html</welcome-file>
           <welcome-file>index.htm</welcome-file>
     </welcome-file-list>
</web-app>
```

#### My First Hello World

Create a file called hello.zul with the following content. Then, you could use the browser to see the result, say http://localhost:8080/zkdemo/hello.zul.

Then, the result is depicted as follow.



Notice that, though the content of hello.zul is very similar to XUL<sup>4</sup>, it is actually written in ZUML. ZK Loader parses it into a valid HTML page which can be interpreted correctly by a regular browser, such as Internet Explorer and Mozilla Firefox. Refer to the Developer's Guide for more details.

<sup>4</sup> http://xul.sourceforge.net/mozilla.html