

AMD CROSSFIRE DX11 SAMPLE

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AMD CROSSFIRE DRIVER ▲

DEFAULT BEHAVIOR

AMD CROSSFIRE



OPTIMAL APPLICATION FRAME SUBMISSION ON MULTI GPU SYSTEMS



Frame n-2

Frame **n-1**

Frame n

Frame n+1

Frame n+2

Maximize frame rendering overlap between frames for best M-GPU scaling



Frame n-2

Frame n+1

GPU 1

Frame n-1

Frame n+2

GPU 2

Frame n

Frame n+3

Lost performance opportunity

COMPATIBLE-AFR TRANSFER HEURISTICS



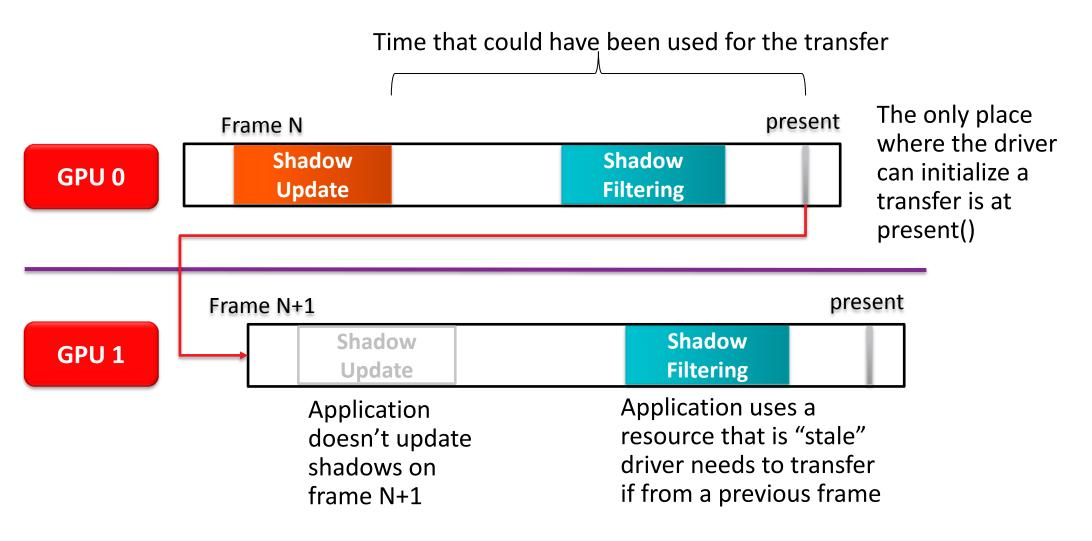
▲ Heuristic 1: A resource that is updated before it gets used within a frame is not stale

▲ Heuristic 2: Let N be the number of GPUs in the system. A resource that is updated for N frames in a row before it gets used is not stale

AMD CROSSFIRE: DEFAULT BEHAVIOR



IF RESOURCE IS NOT UPDATED: TRANSFERS



AMD CROSSFIRE: DEFAULT BEHAVIOR

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IF RESOURCE IS PARTIALLY UPDATED: CORRUPTION



present Frame N+1 **Partial Shadow Shadow** GPU 1 **Filtering Update** Application uses a **Application** resource that is partially performs a updated but partially partial update "stale". Driver has no on a resource. way to tell the difference.







- Driver extension headers
 - Plain headers
 - Application is responsible for loading driver DLLs and querying interfaces

```
public:
   // Version information
   virtual HRESULT GetExtensionVersion (AmdDxExtVersion* pExtVer) = 0;
   // Enable AFR control API. Should be called before creating resources to signal intent to
   // use the AFR control API.
   virtual VOID EnableAfrControl() = 0;
   // Create resource methods with transfer type specifier
   virtual HRESULT CreateBuffer(const D3D11 BUFFER DESC*
                                const D3D11 SUBRESOURCE DATA*
                                                                   pInitialData,
                                ID3D11Buffer**
                                                                   ppBuffer,
                                AmdAfrTransferType
                                                                   transferTvpe) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT CreateTexture1D(const D3D11 TEXTURE1D DESC*
                                   const D3D11 SUBRESOURCE DATA*
                                                                  pInitialData,
                                   ID3D11Texture1D**
                                                                   ppTexture1D,
                                   AmdAfrTransferType
                                                                   transferType) = 0;
    virtual HRESULT CreateTexture2D(const D3D11 TEXTURE2D DESC*
                                                                  pDesc,
                                   const D3D11 SUBRESOURCE DATA* pInitialData,
                                   ID3D11Texture2D**
                                                                   ppTexture2D.
                                   AmdAfrTransferType
                                                                   transferType) = 0;
   virtual HRESULT CreateTexture3D(const D3D11 TEXTURE3D DESC*
                                                                   pDesc,
                                   const D3D11 SUBRESOURCE DATA*
                                                                  pInitialData,
                                   ID3D11Texture3D**
                                                                   ppTexture3D,
                                   AmdAfrTransferType
                                                                   transferType) = 0;
   // Return the number of GPUs the UMD will use for rendering (as opposed to the number in the
   // system). Using this allows the UMD app profile to clamp the number of GPUs returned.
   virtual UINT GetNumRenderGpus() = 0;
   // This will initiate a transfer for AmdAfrTransferApp1StepP2P,
   // AmdAfrTransferApp2StepNoBroadcast, and AmdAfrTransferApp2StepWithBroadcast.
   // If a subregion is specified and something other than AmdAfrTransferApp2StepWithBroadcast is used
   // for more than 2 GPUs, it is the app's responsibility to propagate the subregions to all GPUs.
   virtual void NotifyResourceEndWrites(ID3D11Resource* pResource,
                                        const D3D11 RECT* pTransferRegion,
                                        const UINT*
                                                           pSubresourceIndex) = 0;
   // This will notify the driver that the app will begin read/write access to the resource.
   virtual void NotifyResourceBeginAllAccess(ID3D11Resource* pResource) = 0;
   // This is used for AmdAfrTransferApp1StepP2P to notify when it is safe to initiate a transfer.
   // This call in frame N-(NumGpus-1) allows a 1 step P2P in frame N to start.
   // This should be called after NotifyResourceEndWrites.
   virtual void NotifyResourceEndAllAccess(ID3D11Resource* pResource) = 0;
```

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SAMPLES USE AGS LIBRARY

▲ AGS library

- ISV developed and maintained library
- Wraps multiple driver extensions

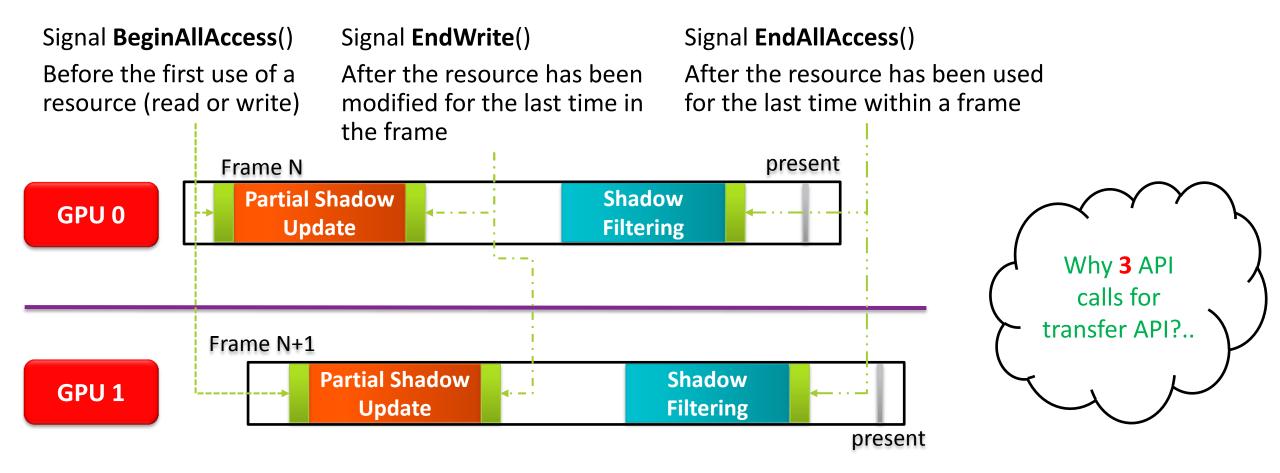
```
AMD AGS API AGSReturnCode agsDriverExtensions SetCrossfireMode ( AGSContext* context, AGSCrossfireMode mode );
// Functions to create a Direct3D11 resource with the specified AFR transfer type
// Input params
     context -
                           Pointer to a context.
                           Pointer to the D3D11 resource description.
// desc -
// initialData -
                           Optional pointer to the initializing data for the resource.
                           The transfer behavior. See AGSAfrTransferType for more details.
// transferTupe -
// Output params
// buffer/texture -
                           Returned pointer to the resource.
AMD_AGS_API AGSReturnCode agsDriverExtensions_CreateBuffer( AGSContext* context, const D3D11_BUFFER_DESC* desc, const D3D11_SUBRESOURCE_DATA* initialData, ID3D11Buffer** buffer, AGSAfrTransferType transferType );
AMD AGS API AGSReturnCode agsDriverExtensions CreateTexturelD( AGSContext* context, const D3D11 TEXTURE1D DESC* desc, const D3D11 SUBRESOURCE DATA* initialData, ID3D11Texture1D** texture1D, AGSAfrTransferType transferType );
AMD_AGS_API AGSReturnCode agsDriverExtensions_CreateTexture2D( AGSAcntext* context, const D3D11_TEXTURE2D_DESC* desc, const D3D11_SUBRESOURCE_DATA* initialData, ID3D11Texture2D** texture2D*, AGSAfrTransferType transferType );
AMD AGS API AGSReturnCode agsDriverExtensions CreateTexture3D( AGSContext* context, const D3D11 TEXTURE3D DESC* desc, const D3D11 SUBRESOURCE DATA* initialData, ID3D11Texture3D** texture3D, AGSAfrTransferType transferType );
// Description
// Functions to notify the driver that we have finished writing to the resource this frame.
        This will initiate a transfer for AGS_AFR_TRANSFER_1STEP_P2P,
        AGS AFR TRANSFER 2STEP NO BROADCAST, and AGS AFR TRANSFER 2STEP WITH BROADCAST
// Input params
// context -
                           Pointer to a context.
                           Pointer to the resource.
// resource -
     transferRegions -
                           An array of transfer regions (can be null to specify the whole area)
     subresourceArray - An array of subresource indices (can be null to specify all subresources).
     numSubresources - The number of subresources in subresourceArray OR number of transferRegions. Use 0 to specify ALL subresources and one transferRegion (which may be null if specifying the whole area).
AMD AGS API AGSReturnCode agsDriverExtensions NotifyResourceEndWrites( AGSContext* context, ID3D11Resource* resource, const D3D11 RECT* transferRegions, const unsigned int* subresourceArray, unsigned int numSubresources);
// This will notify the driver that the app will begin read/write access to the resource
// Input params
// context -
                           Pointer to a context.
                           Pointer to the resource
AMD AGS API AGSReturnCode agsDriverExtensions NotifyResourceBeginAllAccess ( AGSContext* context, ID3D11Resource* resource );
     This is used for AGS_AFR_TRANSFER_1STEP_P2P to notify when it is safe to initiate a transfer.
     This call in frame N-(NumGpus-1) allows a 1 step P2P in frame N to start.
     This should be called after agsDriverExtensions NotifyResourceEndWrites.
// Input params
// context -
                           Pointer to a context.
// resource -
                           Pointer to the resource.
AMD AGS API AGSReturnCode agsDriverExtensions NotifyResourceEndAllAccess ( AGSContext* context, ID3D11Resource* resource );
```



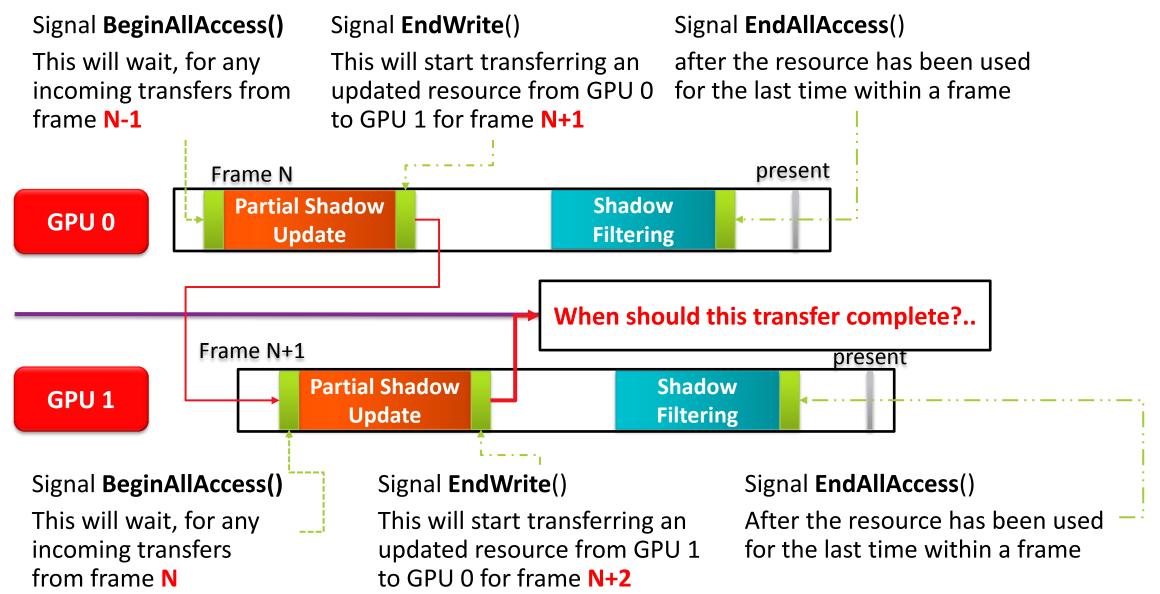
Resource Creation Flag	Description
DEFAULT	Behavior depends on Radeon Settings Crossfire mode
DISABLE	Turn off driver resource tracking
1STEP_P2P	app controlled GPU to next GPU transfer
2STEP_NO_BROADCAST	app controlled GPU to next GPU transfer using intermediate system memory
2STEP_WITH_BROADCAST	app controlled GPU to all render GPUs transfer using intermediate system memory

Radeon Settings CrossFire mode	Implicit control: The CrossFire API is not queried by the application	Explicit control: The CrossFire API is successfully queried by the application
Disabled	The application runs in single GPU mode	The CrossFire API cannot be queried. The application runs in single GPU mode
Default mode	If the application has a driver profile it will be used. If a driver profile does not exist the application will run in single GPU mode	If the application has a driver profile it will be used. If a driver profile does not exist, the CrossFire API cannot be queried and the application will run in single GPU mode
AFR friendly	The application runs in MGPU mode but resource tracking is disabled	Resource transfers are only applied when the application notifies the driver to do so. Resources created with the flag AFR_TRANSFER_DEFAULT or through the normal D3D11 API will not be tracked by the driver
Optimize 1x1	The application runs in MGPU mode and resources will be tracked by the driver and will be rendered on each GPU if their resolution is 1x1	Resource transfers are applied when the application notifies the driver to do so. Resources created with the flag AFR_TRANSFER_DEFAULT or through the normal D3D11 API will be tracked by the driver.Resources with dimensions of 1x1 will be rendered on each GPU.
AFR Compatible	The application runs in MGPU mode and resource tracking is enabled	Resource transfers are applied when the application notifies the driver to do so. Resources created with the flag AFR_TRANSFER_DEFAULT or through the normal D3D11 API will be tracked by the driver
Use AMD pre- defined profile	The mode allows using one of the existing driver profiles and applying it to the current application	The mode allows using one of the existing driver profiles and applying it to the current application

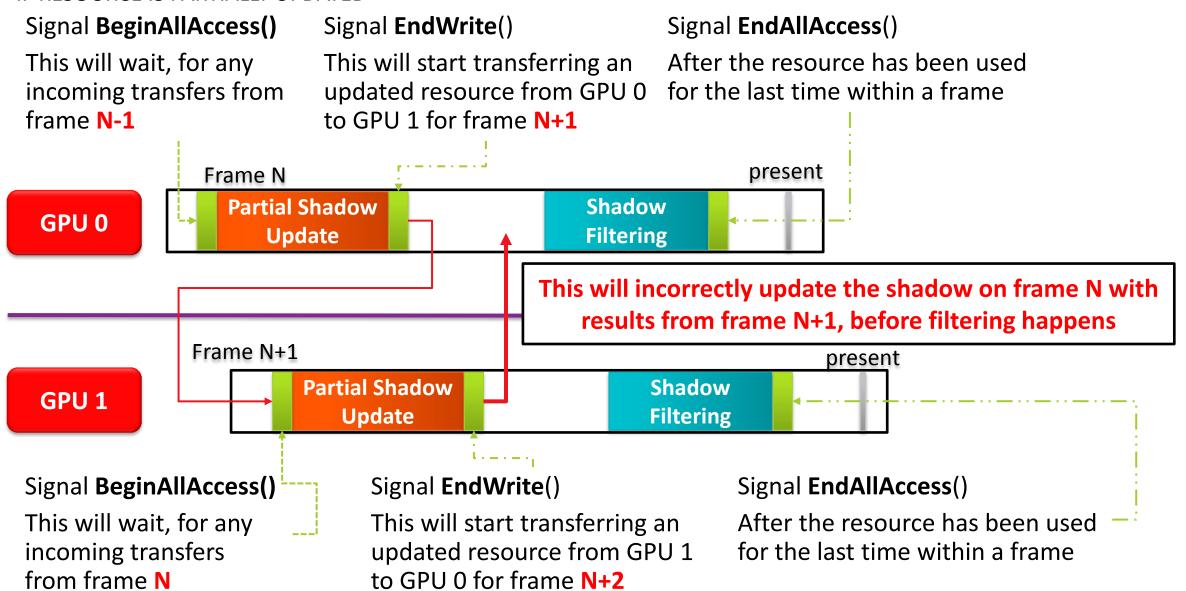




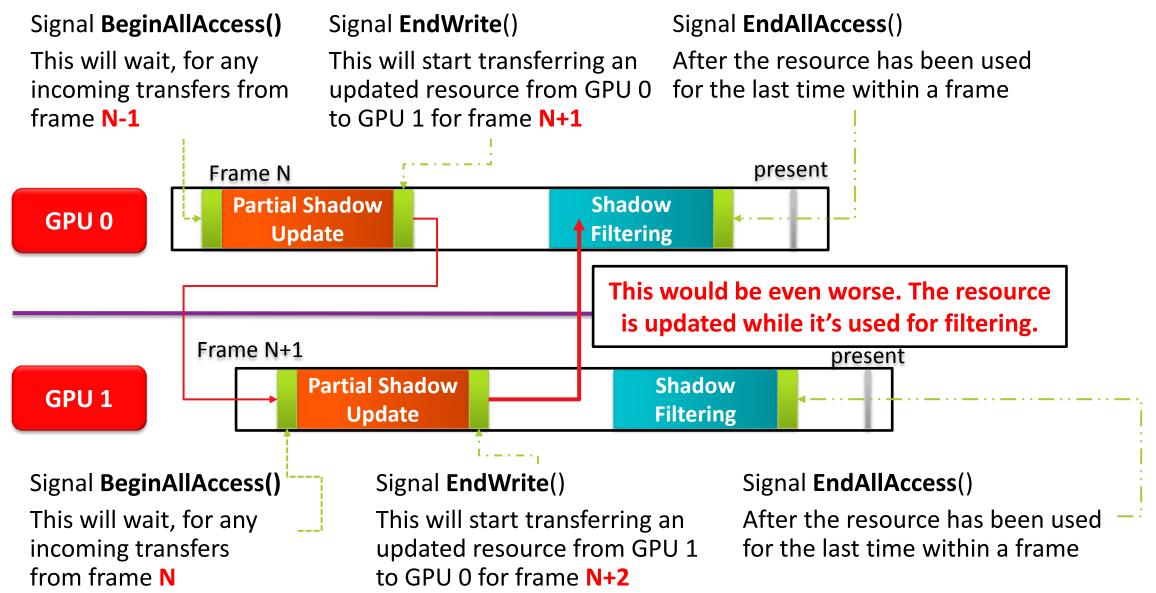




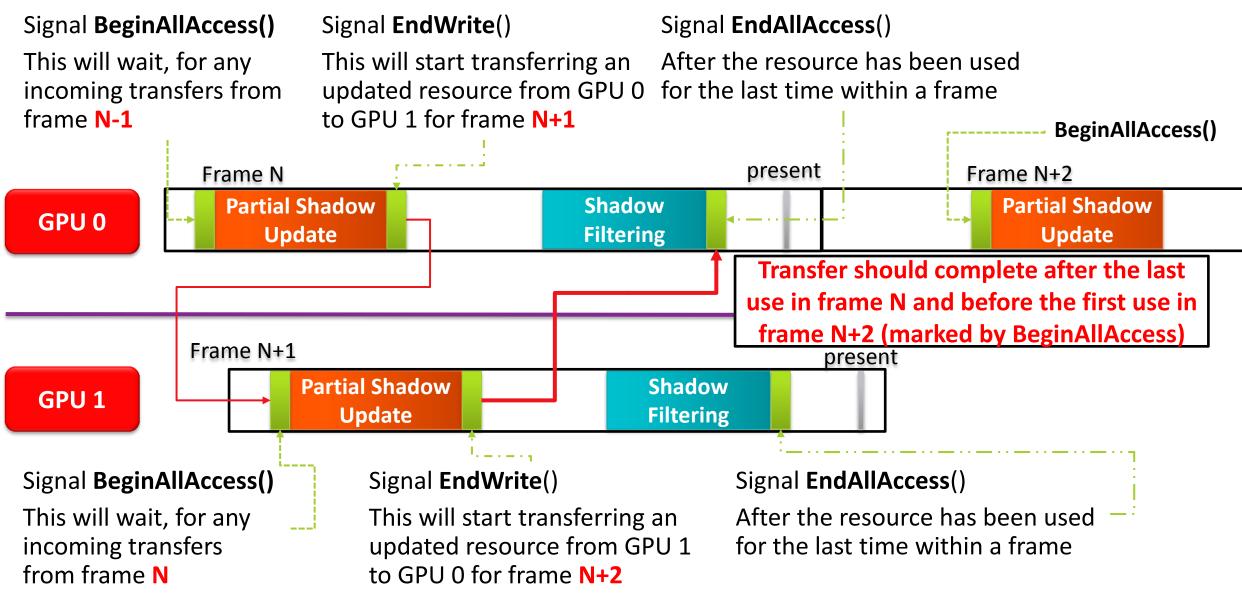














- ▲ EndWrite starts a transfer
 - This is optional, if a resource isn't updated within a frame don't initiate transfers
- BeginAllAccess waits on any previous transfers to complete
- ▲ EndAllAccess gates any incoming transfers until resource can be safely updated.
- ✓ Time to perform a resource transfer is from EndAllAccess until the next BeginAllAccess.
 - >= (from Present until next BeginAllAccess)
 - EndAllAccess can be naively called at Present()
 - If EndAllAccess is placed as early as the engine allows this maximizes available time for transfer



TRANSFER_2STEP_GPU

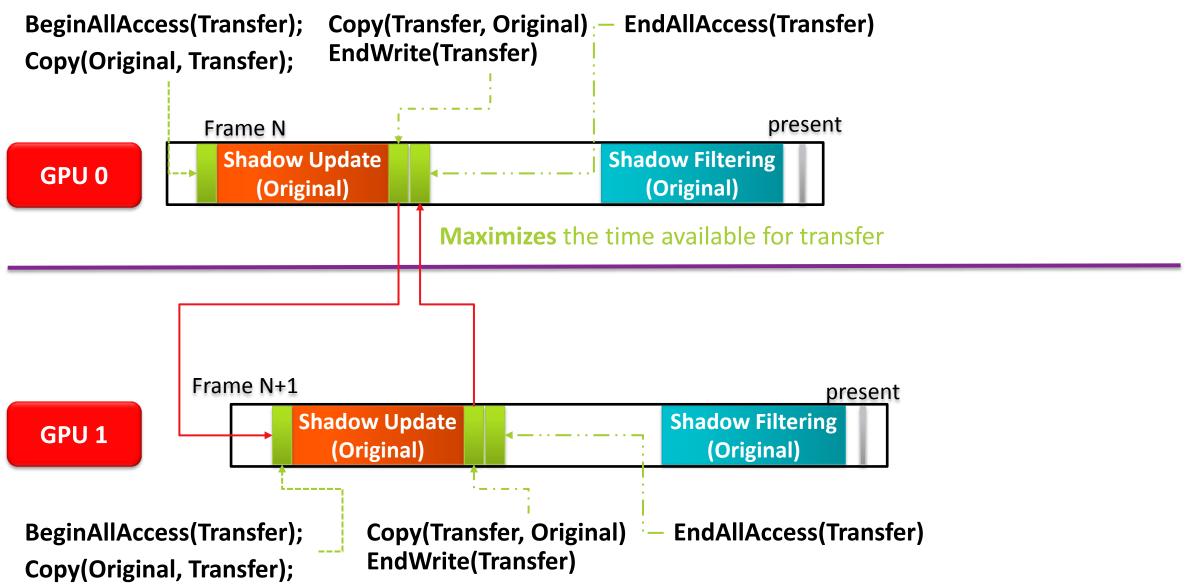
- ⚠ Transfer API has a clear dependency on how the resource is used.
 - 2 STEP GPU TRANSFER is an optimization that allows to remove dependencies
 - Also simplifies CFX API integration

■ General idea:

- Given a resource that is updated irregularly
 - it is referred to as the "Original" resource
- Create "Original" resource with DISABLE transfer flag
- Create a copy of that resource (same format and size) with applicable transfer flag (1STEP, 2STEP or 2STEP_BROADCAST)
 - It is referred to as the "Transferred" resource
- On frame N when "Original" needs to be updated:
 - BeginAllAccess("Transferred") → if there were any updates from previous frames, wait for them
 - Copy("Original", Transferred") → if there were any updates from previous frames, they need to be copied into "Original" now
 - Update("Original")
 - Copy("Transferred", "Original") → whatever was updated in "Original" needs to be copied into "Transferred"
 - EndWrites("Transferred") → "Transferred" is the resource we pass around
 - EndAllAccess("Transferred") → Because we know "Transferred" will not be used throughout the frame we are done with it!
- This is not an API flag, it's implemented directly in SW and uses an applicable API flag.



TRANSFER_2STEP_GPU



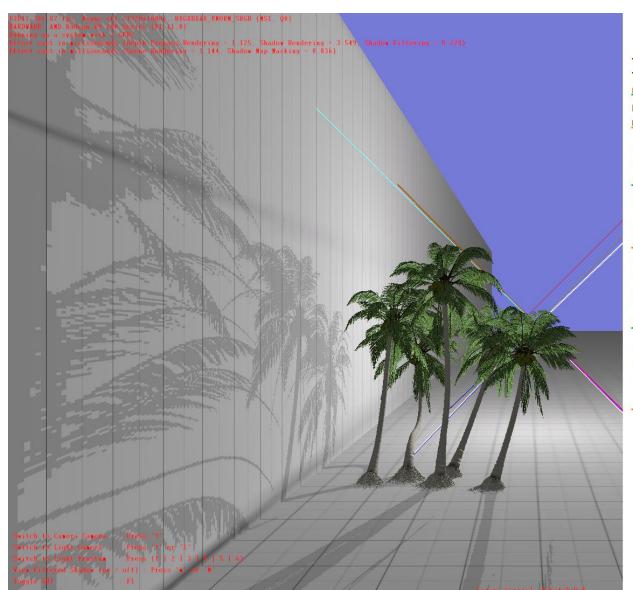


CROSSFIRE DX11 SAMPLE



CROSSFIRE DX11 SAMPLE

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The sample renders a cube shadow map for a point light. This control allows to select the layout of cube faces in memory: a texture2d atlas or a texture2d array Atlas Array Each face of a cube map is of "Shadow Map Size" resolution which can be modified via this control This check box enables the application to use the crossfire API. Otherwise applications behaviour is completely determined by the Radeon Settings app profile Single face / frame This check box enables an optimization that is called "TRANSFER_ X Magnify: RMouse 2STEP_GPU". Similar to the CFX API flags TRANSFER_2STEP_* a "TRANSFER_2STEP_GPU" first copies the target resource into an auxiliary GPU resource, which is later used for the actual transfer. In contrast to API flags this optimization is implemented directly in the sample, using This check box enables the application to delay calling EndAllAccess() until the end of the frame. This can be used to measure performance advantage of transferring a resource in advance, in contrast to transferring the resource at the end of the frame. This check box allows to control sample's strategy for shadow map updates. The sample renders a cube shadow map and can either: - render all 6 shadow map faces once in 6 frames and initiate a broadcast of the full shadow map resource only once - update a single face of cube shadow map each frame and broadcast just that subreigion (for atlas) or subresource (for array)

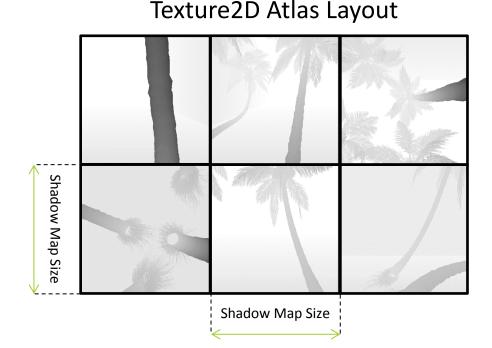
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CROSSFIRE DX11 SAMPLE

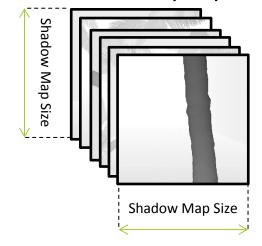
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UI

- ✓ Sample renders a cube shadow map for a point light
 - A total of 6 shadow faces
- "Shadow Map Size" controls the size of a single cube face.
 - So 1024² really means 6x1024²
- Shadow map layout
 - A 2D texture atlas
 - A 2D texture array, each cube face located in a separate array slice
- Shadow map updating schemes
 - Update all 6 shadow faces once in 6 frames
 - Frame I where (I % 6) == 0 renders more geometry and is slower
 - Frame / where (/ % 6) == 0 broadcasts the full resource
 - Update 1 shadow face each frame
 - Each frame broadcasts a single sub-region (or a sub-resource) of the full resource
 - On average, both updating schemes:
 - render the same amount of geometry
 - transfer the same amount of data



Texture2D Array Layout





PERFORMANCE



PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (2 RADEON R9 290X) FOREWORD



- Numeric values in the performance tables are FPS
- ▲ Test Hardware
 - Two Radeon R9 290X
 - Core i5 3330
- Expectations for default driver modes (when CFX API is not used):
 - AFR-Friendly mode
 - Flicker is expected for both shadow map update schemes
 - This profile provides us with the Speed of Light (SOL) Crossfire performance
 - AFR-Compatible mode
 - Flicker is **expected** when 1 shadow face is updated each frame
 - The driver fails to detect a stale resource. This is explained on slides 6-7
 - This profile provides us with default Crossfire transfer performance
 - Crossfire API transfer performance is expected to be higher because sample initiates transfers earlier
- - Crossfire API performance is expected to be : AFR-Friendly ≥ Crossfire API \geq^* AFR-Compatible
 - 2-STEP-GPU-TRANSFER has overhead for resource copies
 - * AFR-Compatible mode will be as fast as AFR-Friendly for shadow map update scheme {1 shadow face updated each frame) because the driver doesn't detect a stale resource.



	_	_					
Texture2D Atlas (each subregion 512 ²)	Single GPU	AFR Friendly	AFR Compatible	Crossfire API	Crossfire API: 2-STEP-GPU TRANSFER	Crossfire API: Delay EndAllAccess	Crossfire API 2-STEP- GPU TRANSFER + Delay EndAllAccess
6 shadow maps / updates once every 6 frames	274	352 Flicker	294	298	318	294	298
1 shadow map updated every frame	273	468 Flicker	466 Flicker	235	428	235	419
Texture2D Array (subresource 512 ²)	Single GPU	AFR Friendly	AFR Compatible	Crossfire API	Crossfire API: 2-STEP-GPU TRANSFER	Crossfire API: Delay EndAllAccess	Crossfire API 2-STEP- GPU TRANSFER + Delay EndAllAccess
(subresource					2-STEP-GPU	Delay	GPU TRANSFER +



Texture2D Atlas (each subregion 1024 ²)	Single GPU	AFR Friendly	AFR Compatible	Crossfire API	Crossfire API: 2-STEP-GPU TRANSFER	Crossfire API: Delay EndAllAccess	Crossfire API 2-STEP- GPU TRANSFER + Delay EndAllAccess
6 shadow maps / updates once every 6 frames	270	346 Flicker	130	178	209	179	209
1 shadow map updated every frame	268	449 Flicker	450 Flicker	95	342	95	336
Texture2D Array (subresource 1024 ²)	Single GPU	AFR Friendly	AFR Compatible	Crossfire API	Crossfire API: 2-STEP-GPU TRANSFER	Crossfire API: Delay EndAllAccess	Crossfire API 2-STEP- GPU TRANSFER + Delay EndAllAccess
(subresource					2-STEP-GPU	Delay	GPU TRANSFER +



Texture2D Atlas (each subregion 2048 ²)	Single GPU	AFR Friendly	AFR Compatible	Crossfire API	Crossfire API: 2-STEP-GPU TRANSFER	Crossfire API: Delay EndAllAccess	Crossfire API 2-STEP- GPU TRANSFER + Delay EndAllAccess
6 shadow maps / updates once every 6 frames	256	322 Flicker	40	74	71	73	73
1 shadow map updated every frame	251	424 Flicker	424 Flicker	25	123	25	123
the state of the s							
Texture2D Array (subresource 2048 ²)	Single GPU	AFR Friendly	AFR Compatible	Crossfire API	Crossfire API: 2-STEP-GPU TRANSFER	Crossfire API: Delay EndAllAccess	Crossfire API 2-STEP- GPU TRANSFER + Delay EndAllAccess
(subresource					2-STEP-GPU	Delay	GPU TRANSFER +



Texture2D Atlas (each subregion 4096 ²)	Single GPU	AFR Friendly	AFR Compatible	Crossfire API	Crossfire API: 2-STEP-GPU TRANSFER	Crossfire API: Delay EndAllAccess	Crossfire API 2-STEP- GPU TRANSFER + Delay EndAllAccess
6 shadow maps / updates once every 6 frames	218	254 Flicker	12	22	20	22	20
1 shadow map updated every frame	198	348 Flicker	250 Flicker	7	32	7	32
Texture2D Array (subresource 4096 ²)	Single GPU	AFR Friendly	AFR Compatible	Crossfire API	Crossfire API: 2-STEP-GPU TRANSFER	Crossfire API: Delay EndAllAccess	Crossfire API 2-STEP- GPU TRANSFER + Delay EndAllAccess
(subresource					2-STEP-GPU	Delay	GPU TRANSFER +

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