SyDEVS Library Building7m Tutorial

Autodesk Research

April 2018

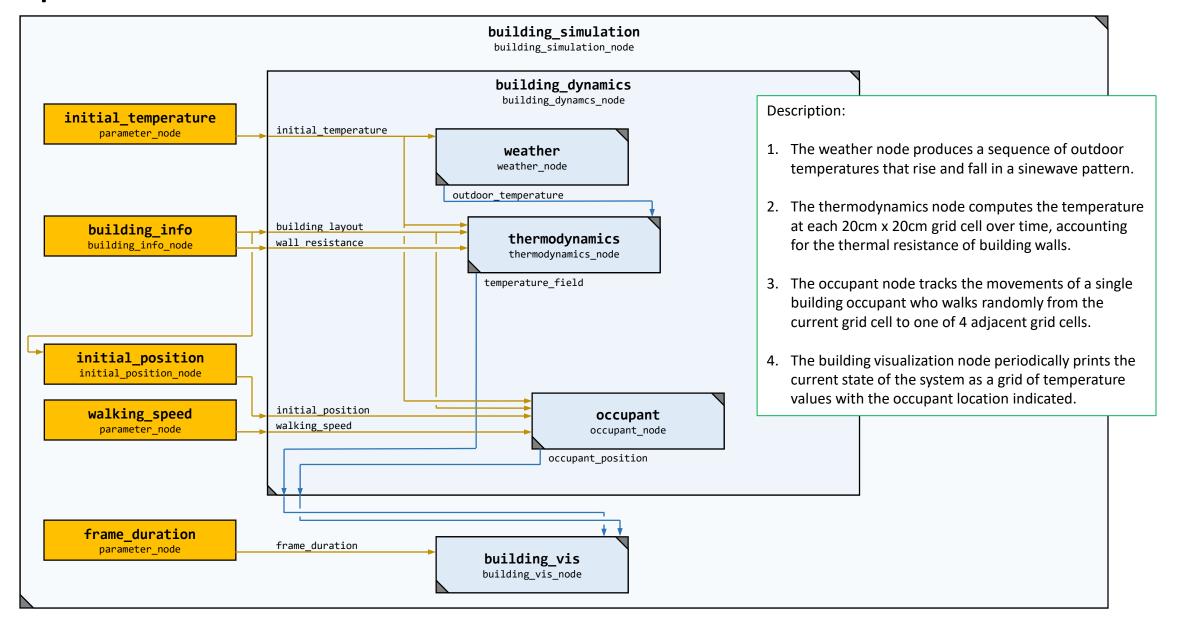
Basic Objective

Start with the **Example Simulation Model**.

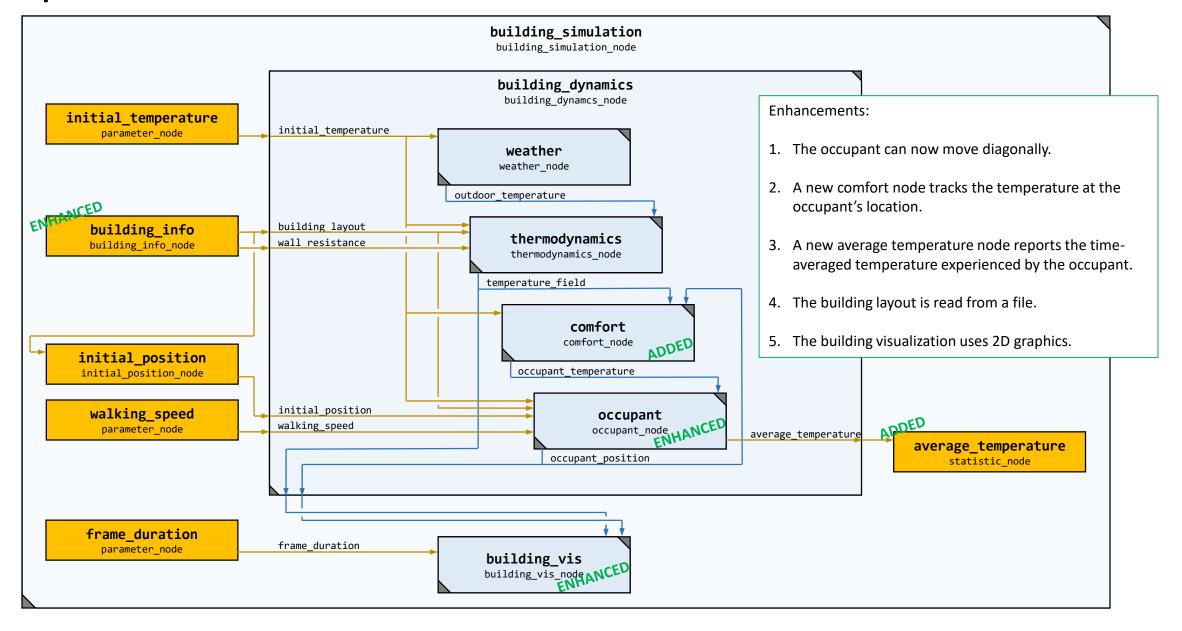
(src/examples/demo/building7m)

Turn it into the **Example Simulation Model with Enhancements**.

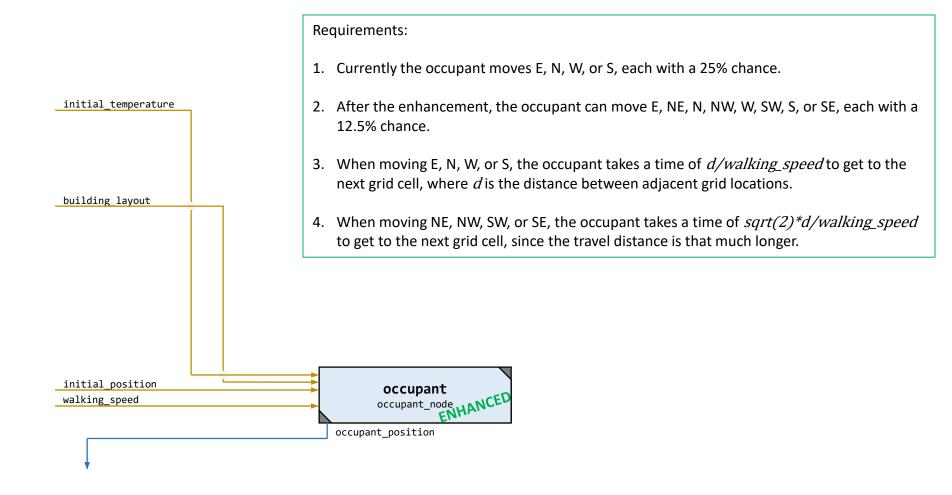
Example Simulation Model



Example Simulation Model with Enhancements



Enhancement #1: The occupant can now move diagonally.



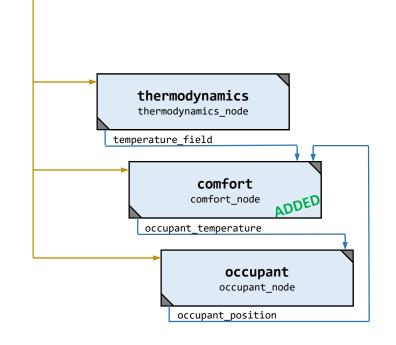
Enhancement #2: A new comfort node tracks the temperature at the occupant's location.

Requirements:

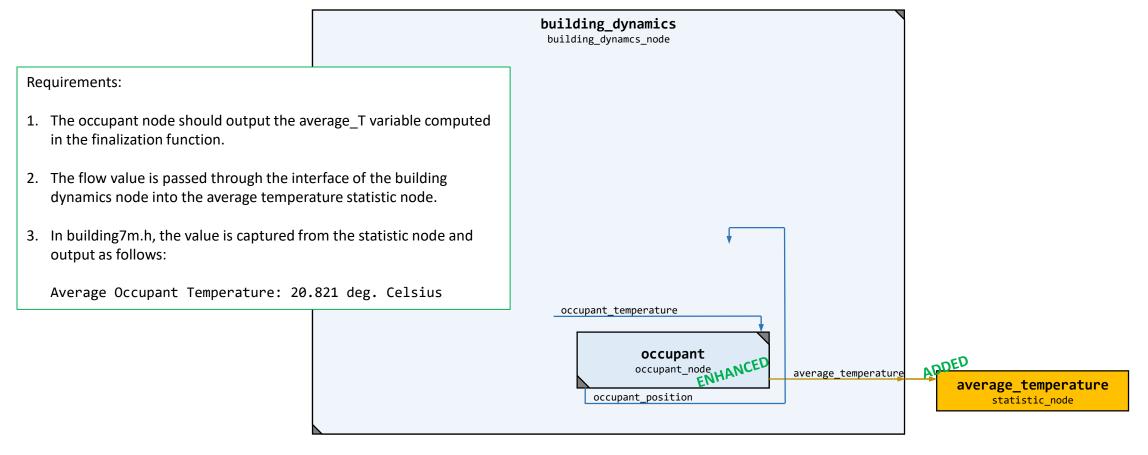
1. The comfort node should assume the occupant's initial temperature is the flow value it takes as a parameter.

initial temperature

- 2. If the temperature at the occupant's location changes, the new temperature is immediately output and communicated to the occupant node.
- 3. The occupant temperature can change if either the temperature field is updated, or if the occupant's position is updated.
- 4. Note that if the temperature field or position changes, it does not necessarily mean that the occupant temperature has changed.



Enhancement #3: A new average temperature node reports the time-averaged temperature experienced by the occupant.



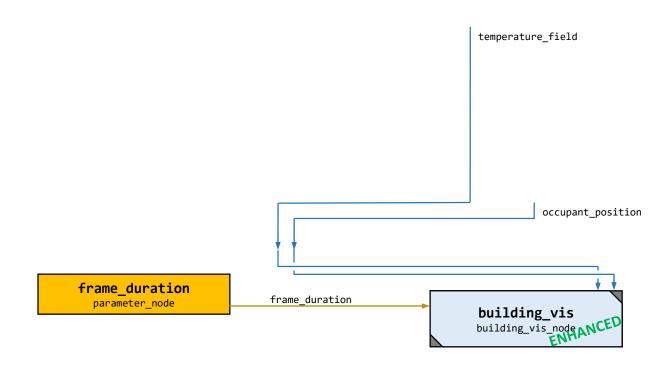
Enhancement #4: The building layout is read from a file.



Requirements:

- 1. Currently the building layout is just a square generated using a hard-coded routine in the building info node.
- 2. The layout is encoded in a 35 x 35 cell grid. With 20cm cells, the entire area is 7m x 7m.
- 3. Cell values of 0 represent indoor space; cell values of 1 represent walls; cell values of -1 represent outdoor space.
- 4. The hard-coded routine should be deleted, and the building layout should be read from the file "building7m.png".
- 5. In the image, white pixels are indoor space; black pixels are walls; grey pixels are outdoor space.
- 6. Optional further enhancement: Add a new parameter node that supplies the filename to the building info node.

Enhancement #5: The building visualization uses 2D graphics.



Requirements:

- 1. Currently the building vis node periodically prints a grid of text indicating the temperature at every point except where the occupant is located.
- 2. The node should instead produce an animation of the results using 2D graphics.
- 3. For example, a 40-second video could be produced with a frame duration of 0.25 seconds (simulated time) and a frame rate of 30 fps.
- 4. Alternatively, the animation could be shown as the simulation is running. This would require simulated time to be synchronized with wallclock time, possibly using a sleep() instruction in the building vis node.

Tutorial Instructions

- 1. Run building7m.exe.
- 2. Open building7m.h.
 - a) Re-run after inserting the following line: sim.top.building_dynamics.thermodynamics.outdoor_temperature_input.print_on_use();
 - b) Re-run after inserting the following line: sim.top.building_dynamics.occupant.print_on_event();
 - c) Re-run after inserting similar event notification and port value printing lines.
- 3. Undo changes above, and open weather node.h.
 - a) Find a location in the Planned Event Handler beneath the reassignment of the "rate" state variable.
 - b) Re-run after inserting the following line: print(tostring(rate));
- 4. Undo changes above, and open building_simulation_node.h.
 - a) Re-run after changing the frame duration parameter value from duration::inf() to 30_s.
- 5. Implement at least the first 3 enhancements, and ideally all 5.