

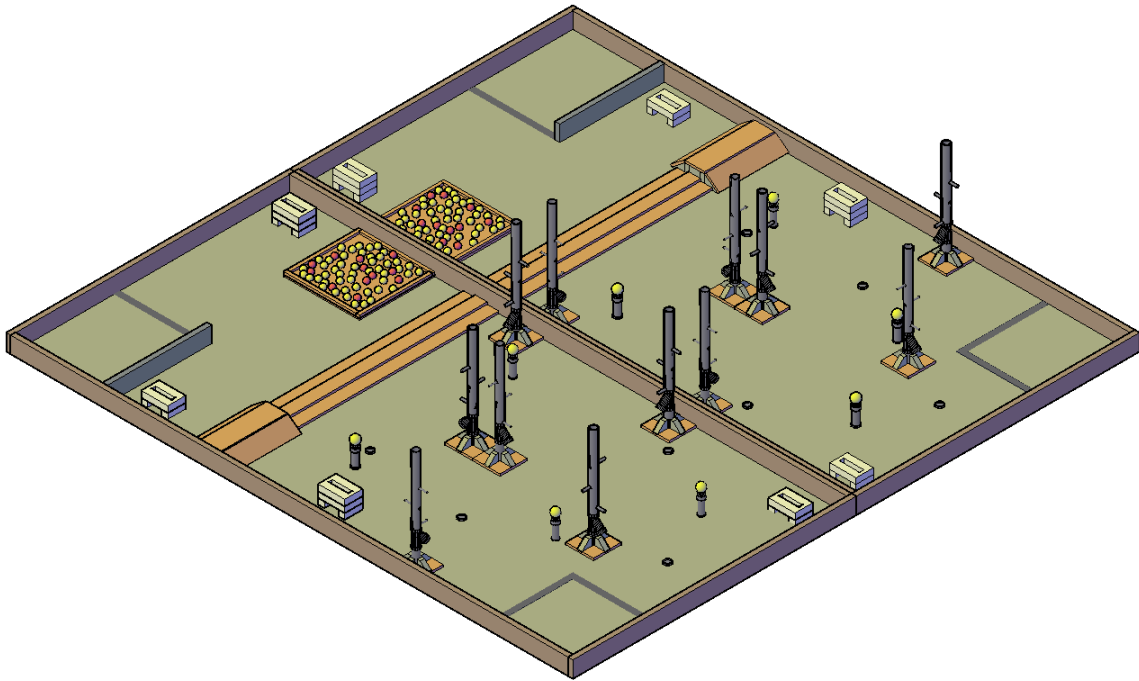
Skill # 23	Mobile Robotics
<input type="checkbox"/> Secondary	
Date of Competition: TBA	Location of Competition: TBA
Maximum Capacity (choose one) 15 Teams with 4 competitors per team	Maximum of 1 team per school
Provincial Technical Committee Chair: Name: Dave Dalton Email: ddalton@icsd.ca	

Project

Mobile Robotics

SECONDARY

Jeu de Tire D'érable (Maple Taffy Game)



Project Document

23 - Mobile Robotics

Secondary Level

Preface A

IMPORTANT

Skills Saskatchewan Code of Conduct

Skills Canada Saskatchewan competitions are meant to be a positive and supportive environment designed to showcase student skills in a variety of areas. The intent is to bring people together from all over to showcase trade-based skills, and to encourage and promote various trades. It is a competition where honesty, integrity and fair play are valued - free of any arguing or berating. As such, abusive or berating behavior towards anyone will not be tolerated.

Conduct Violations - Zero Tolerance

It is the personal responsibility of every participant to understand and comply with the Code of Conduct. In particular, the following will not be tolerated:

1. Competitors berating or abusing each other. Any communication or contact between competitors should be positive, helpful, and respectful. This includes (but is not limited to) competitors from different teams and competitors from the same team.
2. Competitors berating or abusing judges/ members. Any communication between competitors and the or judges should be respectful. If a competitor has an issue with a ruling, they are allowed to respectfully question the ruling, and must respect the ruling of the judge/. If the competitors do not agree with the ruling, they can then follow the appropriate grievance procedures.
3. Judges/ members abusing or berating competitors. It is the role of the judges/ to ensure the environment is a positive and respectful place.
4. Advisors abusing or berating competitors. Any communication or contact between advisors and competitors should be positive, helpful, and respectful. This includes (but is not limited to) competitors on the advisor's team and competitors from other teams.
5. Advisors abusing or berating each other. All communication between advisors should be respectful and positive. Advisors are in a role which should be seen as a model to their students.
6. Advisors abusing or berating judges/ members. Any and all communication between advisors and judges or members should be respectful.
7. Judges/ members abusing or berating other judges, members, or advisors. All communication from the and judges should be respectful.
8. Spectators and Bystanders abusing or berating any member, judge, advisor, or competitor. In most cases observing and cheering is permitted, however, since some events require silence, check with the chairperson to ensure cheering is permissible. All communication and actions from spectators must be respectful.

Sanctions

Should anyone be found to be abusing or berating towards anyone, the following actions will be taken:

Competitors and Advisors

1. First offense: Warning.
2. Second offense: 10% point deduction
3. Third offense: Disqualification and removal

Judges and

1. First offense: Warning and moved to a different area
2. Second offense: Warning and moved to a different area
3. Third offense: Removal from the area

Spectators/Bystanders

1. First offense: Warning.
2. Second offense: Removal

Sanctions Elaborated

Warnings/Deductions may be skipped if the incident is severe.

In addition to all of the actions, the incident(s) will be reported to the Skills Saskatchewan Executive Director. Depending on the incident severity, further action can be taken including a School Ban.

This procedure will be monitored/policed by the Chair and one other delegated member.

Warnings can be given by any judge or member, and are to be reported to the Chair and/or the delegated member who will record the offense. Point deductions and disqualifications must be approved by the Chair and delegated member. Should a second offense be observed, the judge/member/Advisor/Competitor is to make the Chair or delegated member aware, and they will decide/apply the necessary action.

Competitors

The 10% point deduction is off the FINAL maximum point total and will affect the final standings.

Disqualification means the competitor will be removed from the competition, and will not be eligible for any awards. They will immediately be placed in last place for the purposes of ranking.

Disqualification of a single competitor will cause the associated competitor's entire team (in those situations) to be disqualified from the competition. They will immediately be placed in last place for the purposes of ranking.

Advisors

Disqualification and/or removal of an Advisor will result in all of their competitors to also be disqualified and removed. If there are multiple Advisors for the same group of competitors, if any of the Advisors are disqualified/removed, the disqualification/removal still applies to all their competitors.

Point deductions applied to any advisor applies to all of their competitors.

Removal means the individual will be asked to leave the competition area and not permitted to return during the competition. They will only be permitted to return under supervision of the for the purposes of collecting their equipment AFTER the competition has completed.

In the situation where an Advisor is also a member or judge, the second offense will result in the 10% point deduction.

Preface B

IMPORTANT

Skills Saskatchewan Robotics Q&A Process

For all questions relating to the Robotics Competition, please make sure to email them to the -Chair. The -Chair will respond to the question posed. Do not bypass the -Chair and contact the PTC. The proper path for all inquiries is through your -Chair!!!!

Once responded to, the -Chair will post the question and the response on a GoogleDoc for all individuals to view. The link to the GoogleDoc is:

https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1_JzVYVHJKgLUc4BVKQ7_ZJuQCeVx7tkWS5cO2RIRMOA/edit?usp=sharing

Should you have issues accessing it, please let the know.

Note about the Google Doc:

Anyone can view the questions and responses, but only the can update or modify the responses in any way.

Everyone has the ability to comment on the document, and comments will be addressed as they come in. If there is clarification needed, it might be easier to leave a comment and keep checking back for the updates.

It is the responsibility of the Advisors and Competitors to keep an eye on this document. Updates may be made frequently, and it is up to everyone to stay aware of these.

Should you have a question regarding anything, please check the document first to see if it has been answered.

Table of Contents

1. Terms	3
2. Safety	4
3. Overview, Game Description, and Play	5
4. Team's Area and Court Areas.....	10
5. Detailed Game Components	16
6. Maple Taffy Game Scoring Summary	25
7. Pit Area and Court Access	27
8. Robot Restrictions	28
9. Inspection	31
10. Autonomous Competition Overview	34
11. Medal Awarding System	36
Appendix A: Court Dimensions and Details	37
See Attached.	37
Appendix B: Tele-operated Main Game Score Sheet.....	37
See Attached.	37
Appendix C: Sample Wiring Diagrams	37
See Attached.	37
Appendix D: Approved Autonomous Challenge Chassis Optional Pre-build	37
See Attached.	37
Appendix E: Safety Criteria and Scoresheet for Judging	37
See Attached.	37
Appendix F: Inspection Sheet	37
See Attached.	37

1. Terms

- 1.1. Tele-Operated Robot Elements are elements under the direct/active control of competitors during game play using one or two radios/game controllers held by the courtside competitors.
- 1.2. Independent Autonomous Elements are elements not under the direct control of competitors throughout gameplay.
 - 1.2.1. The only permitted direct competitor interaction with these elements is initiation of the autonomous device at the beginning of the game.
 - 1.2.2. Once the expiration of the time has been complete, these devices must be turned off safely. This may be done by the PTC/Judges.
 - 1.2.3. Mobile Independent Autonomous Elements are considered any autonomous element that moves about the court.
 - 1.2.4. Stationary Independent Autonomous Elements are considered any autonomous element that does not move about the court.
 - 1.2.4.1. This includes elements that have electrical components as well as elements that do not contain electrical components.
 - 1.2.5. Independent Autonomous Elements may interact with the team's tele-operated mobile robot.
 - 1.2.5.1. Tele-operated mobile robots may initiate an active response by the Independent Autonomous Element which may be managed by a mechanical based system or a pre-programmed system internal to the Independent Autonomous Element.

2. Safety

- 2.1. Safety is of paramount importance in all aspects of the competition.
 - 2.1.1. All individuals on site are expected to be mindful and ensure they act safely at all times.
- 2.2. Specific expectations with regards to the Robotics competition are as follows:
 - 2.2.1. All individuals are expected to wear eye protection at all times when they are in the competition area.
 - 2.2.2. Teams are expected to ensure their pit area is tidy.
 - 2.2.3. All fabrication work involving material removal processes (grinding / cutting) must be completed in the designated “Grinding Booth” area.
 - 2.2.4. All competitors must ensure they are not wearing any jewelry that could be caught in something.
 - 2.2.5. All competitors must ensure their hair is tied back/not in their eyes, and not able to be caught in anything.
 - 2.2.6. All individuals are expected to ensure all trip hazards are reduced as much as possible.
 - 2.2.6.1. In situations where trip hazards cannot be eliminated, appropriate signage and notification must be made to everyone in the area.
 - 2.2.7. All individuals are expected to ensure they are wearing appropriate footwear.
 - 2.2.7.1. All footwear must be closed-toe.
 - 2.2.7.2. All laces must be tied.
 - 2.2.8. All Robots must pass a safety inspection (details in Section 9).
- 2.3. Safety Scoring criteria details are available in Appendix E.

3. Overview, Game Description, and Play

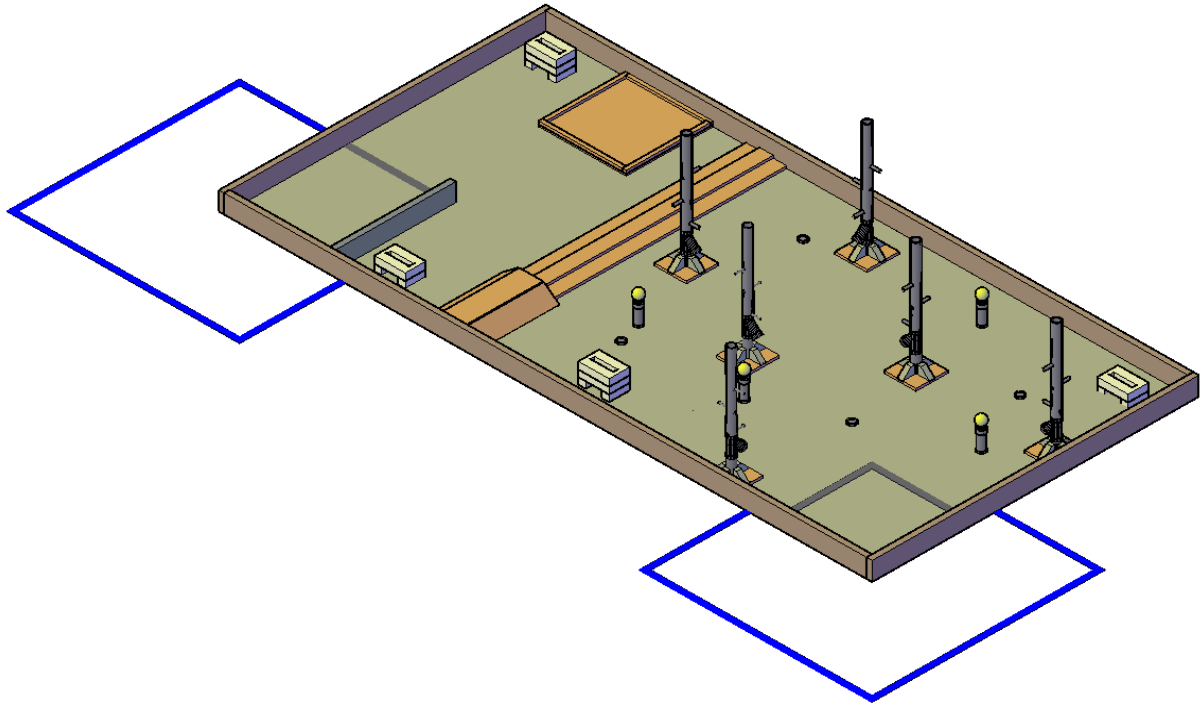


Figure: Overall Team Court

3.1. General Overview

- 3.1.1. The core game situation requires a Robot or Robots to use the components provided in their Exclusive Use Court Space to:
 - 3.1.1.1. Harvest the “Sap” from the “Maple Trees”
 - 3.1.1.2. “Refine” the sap into “Maple Syrup”
 - 3.1.1.3. Gather and move the “Snow Piles” into a designated location
 - 3.1.1.4. Deposit the “Maple Syrup” onto the “Snow Piles” to make “Maple Taffy”
- 3.1.2. The goal of this game is for Robot(s) to gather and process “Sap” from “Maple Trees”, creating “Maple Taffy” on “Snow Piles”.
- 3.1.3. Teams will earn points for:
 - 3.1.3.1. Moving the “Snow Piles” to the designated area
 - 3.1.3.2. Harvesting and processing the “Sap”, and delivering the “Sap” to the appropriate location
 - 3.1.3.3. Depositing processed “Maple Sap” onto the “Snow Piles” (in the appropriate location) making “Maple Taffy”

3.2. Game Description

- 3.2.1. Games will involve two teams at a time.
- 3.2.2. Competitors must remain in their designated driver zone on their side of the court.
- 3.2.3. Teams can utilize a maximum of TWO tele-operated robots.
- 3.2.4. Teams may also use a maximum of ONE Independent Autonomous Element as part of their entry.
 - 3.2.4.1. This must start and remain in the designated autonomous zone.
- 3.2.5. At no time shall a team's Robots (Tele-operated or Autonomous) interact or interfere with their opponents, or their opponents' Robots.
 - 3.2.5.1. Intentional violations of this may result in disqualification.
- 3.2.6. Tele-operated Robots may NOT be in possession of any game components at the Start of a game.
- 3.2.7. Teams are not permitted to reach over any walls (exterior, interior, or the middle barrier).
- 3.2.8. NOTE: Competitors will participate in BOTH the "Maple Candy" game and the "On-site Autonomous Robot" challenge during the competition day.

3.3. Game Play

- 3.3.1. Games will be played between 2 teams.
 - 3.3.1.1. Games will last 4 minutes.
 - 3.3.1.1.1. The amount of time between matches will depend on the number of teams participating. This information will be provided to teams at the start of the competition.
 - 3.3.1.1.2. Games will start on time. Teams are responsible to know when their games are scheduled. Teams arriving late will be allowed to use the remainder of the time in the game.
 - 3.3.1.1.3. Between games, battery changes and repairs to robots may be completed at the team's assigned "Pit Area Worktable", with appropriate PPE and Safety.
 - 3.3.1.2. It is a team decision what roles team members will fill.
 - 3.3.1.2.1. Drivers are the competitors holding the robot controller(s) and asserting direct control over a Tele-Operated robot.
 - 3.3.1.2.2. The Spotter is the competitor providing navigational guidance to the driver.
 - 3.3.1.2.3. Competitors must remain in their designated driver zones at all times during a match.
 - 3.3.1.2.4. Competitors may change roles while a game is in progress.
 - 3.3.1.2.5. Competitors cannot enter onto the court surface or adjust their robot during a game.

- 3.3.2. Robots must remain in compliance with the rules in this document for the duration of the game.
 - 3.3.2.1. Robots must start in their designated starting area, and in their designated starting position.
 - 3.3.2.1.1. The designated starting position is the same configuration used during the volume calculation.
 - 3.3.2.2. Damaging the court area is prohibited. If a robot's design causes damage to the court elements, then it will not be allowed to compete until it can operate without causing damage.
 - 3.3.2.2.1. Games missed due to this situation will be forfeited.
 - 3.3.2.2.2. Damage will be defined as any action that causes the court or components to no longer be able to function as intended.
 - 3.3.2.2.3. "Sapling's" are an element of play in the court, they may be knocked over and do not count as damage to the court.
 - 3.3.2.2.4. "Rocks" are an element of play in the court, made to make access difficult or tricky, they may be driven over, on etc, however intentional damage is prohibited.
 - 3.3.2.2.5. It is expected that all court components will be fixed firmly in place so that the court is a Neutral Factor in the competition.
 - 3.3.2.3. If a robot is mal-functioning and represents a hazard to participants, the court, other robots or itself, in the opinion of the PTC/Judge, then, the PTC/Judge may authorize shutting off the robot during a game. Disabled robots or parts of robots not generating any safety concerns will be left on the court until the game time expires.
 - 3.3.2.4. Robots must not leave the contest court at any time during a game.
 - 3.3.2.5. No aerial (flying) robots are permitted.
- 3.3.3. During game play, PTC/Judges will have ultimate authority over game rulings, and will have full authority over team conduct in the court area.
 - 3.3.3.1. It will be a PTC/Judge's ruling that decides if an 'End of the Game Component Placement' took place before or after the game-ending buzzer sounded.

- 3.3.3.2. It will be a PTC/Judge's ruling that decides if the robot is in violation of the rules of the game.
 - 3.3.3.2.1. If any rule violations are noted during the competition, the following escalation pathway will be followed:
 - 3.3.3.2.1.1. During a match:
 - 1) 1st Warning. In match warning when noticed.
 - 2) 2nd Warning. In match warning when noticed, with the team clearly told the next occurrence is disqualification.
 - 3) Disqualification of the match. The team will then be subjected to a discussion with the judges. The team will have to prove the violation is addressed before they are allowed to proceed in another match.
 - 3.3.3.2.1.2. Not during a match (Practice time, inspection, or other)
 - 1) Discussion with the team about the violation noticed with the judges.
 - 2) Teams will not be permitted to proceed until the judges are convinced the violation is addressed.
 - 3.3.3.2.1.3. Note: Depending on the severity of the violation, warnings may be skipped.
- 3.3.4. Scoring will take place after the "End of Game" Buzzer.
- 3.3.5. If a piece falls out of the court, it may not be retrieved and will be considered out of the game for the remainder of the game time.
- 3.3.6. Should any game pieces fall into the opponent's court area, those pieces shall remain in play and usable by the opposing team.
 - 3.3.6.1. This applies to all game pieces which may count for points.
 - 3.3.6.2. Should a larger game piece fall into the opposing team's court, it may be removed at the Judge's/PTC discretion.
- 3.4. Teams will participate in a "Round Robin" followed by a "Seeded Double Elimination Playoff Tournament"

- 3.5. Teams will play an equal number of “Round Robin” games.
 - 3.5.1. Round Robin games will be played between 2 teams.
 - 3.5.2. Overall final placement of teams in the Round Robin will be determined using the win-loss-tie record.
 - 3.5.2.1. Match wins will be awarded 2 points.
 - 3.5.2.2. Match loses will be awarded 0 points.
 - 3.5.2.3. Match ties will be awarded 1 point.
 - 3.5.2.3.1. A tie is defined as a situation where 2 teams score identical points in a match.
 - 3.5.2.4. Round Robin ranking tie breaker will be determined by the following criteria:
 - 3.5.2.4.1. First tie-breaker will be the record of the tied teams against each other.
 - 3.5.2.4.2. Second tie breaker will be the total in-game points scored by the tied teams in all their matches.
 - 3.5.3. The “Trees” and “Saplings” in the forest area will be located as designated in the “Court Description” Appendix A as the “Round Robin Locations”.
- 3.6. All teams will qualify for the “Seeded Double Elimination Playoff Tournament”.
 - 3.6.1. Playoff Tournament seeding will be based on the results of the Round Robin.
 - 3.6.2. The “Trees” and “Saplings” in the forest area will be located as designated in the “Court Description” Appendix A as the “Tournament Locations”.

4. Team's Area and Court Areas

4.1. The overall court playing surface will be a 16' by 16' square.

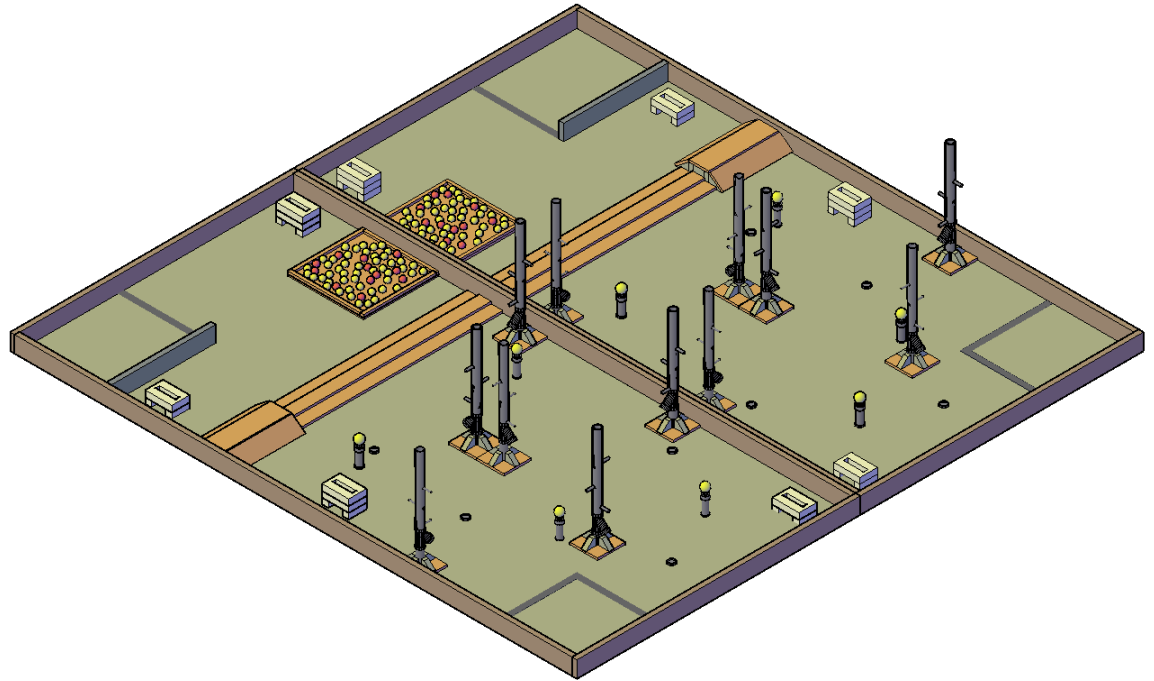


Figure: Overall Court

- 4.1.1. Exclusive use team spaces are 8' by 16' rectangles.
- 4.1.2. Perimeter court walls will be made using 2" by 6" planks. This will result in the walls being approximately 5.5" tall.
- 4.1.3. The court surface may vary between melamine, concrete, hardboard, plywood, or the facility floor.
- 4.1.4. Detailed court information has been included in the Appendix section of this document.
 - 4.1.4.1. Although great pains will be made to keep the court in compliance with the drawings, some inaccuracies in construction may occur. Please make your robot designs allowing for a possible $\frac{1}{2}$ inch tolerance.

4.2. Sugar Bush Area

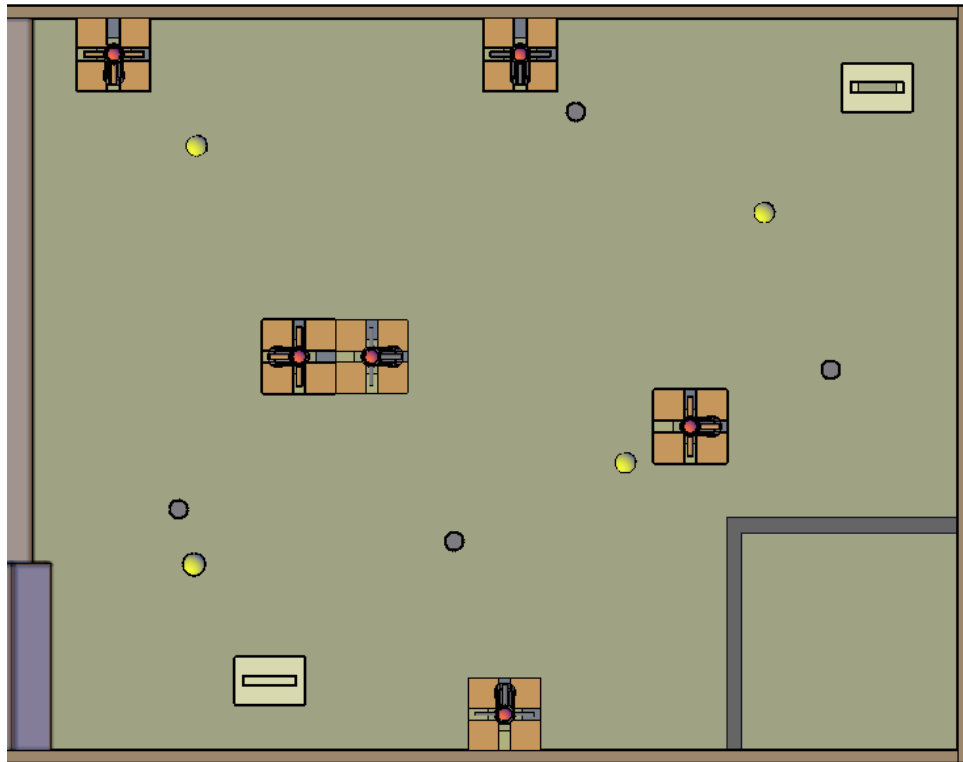


Figure: Sugar Bush Area

- 4.2.1. Located at one end of the court area within each team's exclusive use area there will be a "Sugar Bush Area".
- 4.2.2. The "Sugar Bush Area" will contain:
 - 4.2.2.1. 6 "Maple Trees"
 - 4.2.2.2. 4 "Saplings"
 - 4.2.2.3. 4 "Rocks"
 - 4.2.2.4. 2 "Snow Piles" starting locations
 - 4.2.2.5. Details on each item described below
- 4.2.3. The location of the "Maple Trees", "Saplings", and "Rocks" will have set locations.
 - 4.2.3.1. The location of these will be changed between the Round Robin and the Tournament.
 - 4.2.3.2. Detailed locations available in the Appendix A.
 - 4.2.3.3. These items will be secured to the court surface.
- 4.2.4. The "Snow Piles" will have set starting locations in the "Sugar Bush" as detailed in the Appendix A.
 - 4.2.4.1. One snow pile will be a "Short Snow Pile" and one snow pile will be a "Tall Snow Pile".

- 4.2.4.2. Details on the “Snow Piles” described below.
- 4.2.5. Teams will harvest the “Sap” from the trees in the “Sugar Bush Area”.
- 4.2.6. Teams should try not to knock over any of the “Saplings”.

4.3. Sugar Shack Area

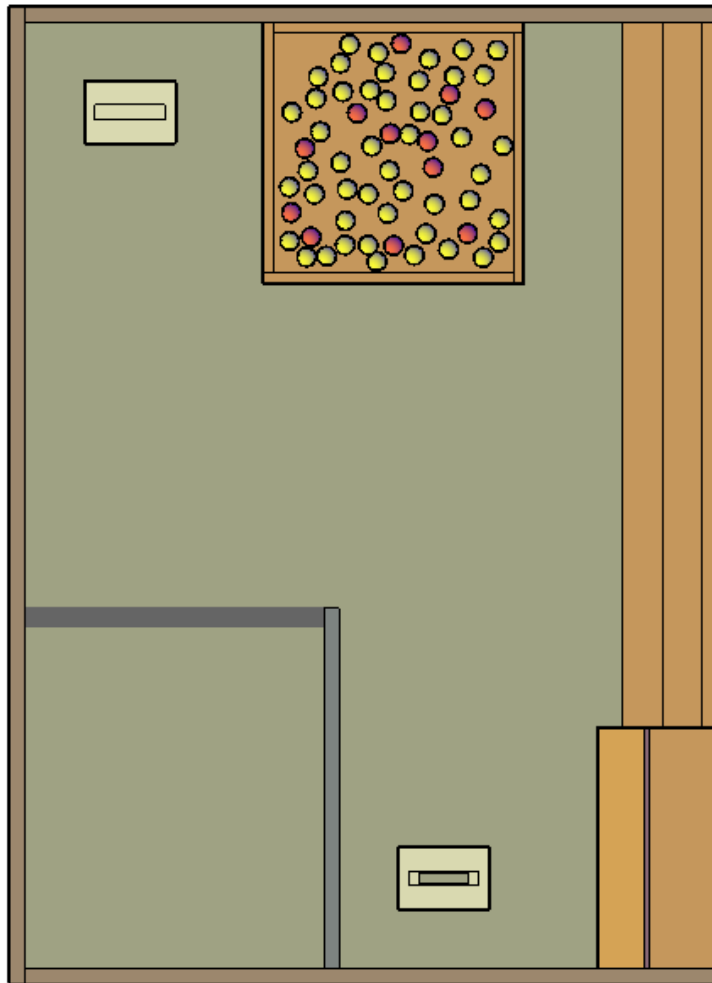


Figure: Sugar Shack Area

- 4.3.1. Each team’s exclusive use area will contain a “Sugar Shack Area”.
- 4.3.2. The “Sugar Shack Area” contains:
 - 4.3.2.1. 1 Sugar Shack Boiler
 - 4.3.2.2. “Maple Taffy Zone”
 - 4.3.2.3. 2 “Snow Piles” starting locations
- 4.3.3. The “Snow Piles” will have set starting locations in the “Sugar Shack Area” as detailed in the Appendix.

- 4.3.3.1. One snow pile will be a “Short Snow Pile” and one snow pile will be a “Tall Snow Pile”.
- 4.3.3.2. Details on the “Snow Piles” described below.
- 4.3.4. The “Sugar Shack Boiler” will be located on the middle barrier wall, 24 inches from the exterior court wall.
- 4.3.5. “Maple Taffy Zone” is an area within the “Sugar Shack Area” where teams will make the “Maple Taffy”

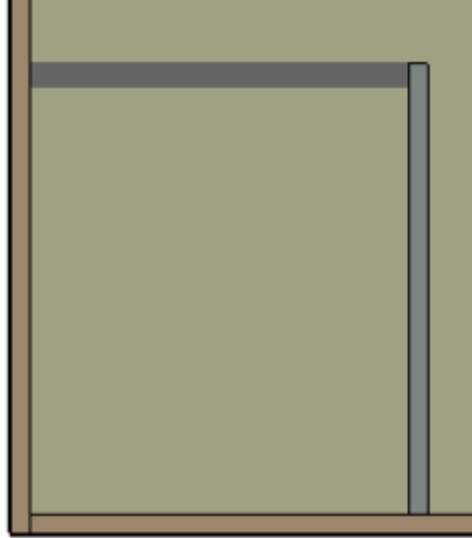


Figure: Maple Taffy Zone

- 4.3.5.1. This zone measures 30 inches wide by 36 inches in length.
- 4.3.5.2. This Zone is defined by a 36 inch long wall (constructed of a 2" by 6" plank) along one side, the exterior court walls along 2 sides, and a tape line along the 4th side. See court dimensions for full details.
 - 4.3.5.2.1. The defining planes are the interior limit of the walls and the vertical plane extending from the exterior edge of the tape line.
 - 4.3.5.2.2. Teams are not permitted to reach over the walls defining the “Maple Taffy Zone”

4.4. Hill Area

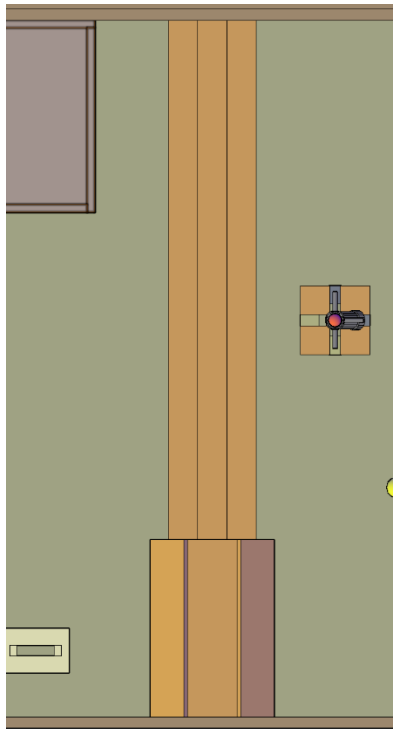


Figure: Hill Area

- 4.4.1. Separating the “Sugar Bush” from the “Sugar Shack Area” is the “Hill Area”.
- 4.4.2. The “Hill Area” extends across each team’s exclusive use area, from the middle barrier wall to the exterior wall.
- 4.4.3. Along the exterior wall, there is a 24 inch wide ramp section.
- 4.4.4. The remaining hill area is composed of a 2 tier-ed step section
 - 4.4.4.1. The base of the step section is a 12 inch wide $\frac{3}{4}$ inch plywood piece.
 - 4.4.4.2. The top step is a 4 inch wide $\frac{3}{4}$ inch plywood piece, centered on top of the base step piece.
 - 4.4.4.3. This results in 4 inch wide $\frac{3}{4}$ inch high steps.
- 4.5. Robots must start within the designated “Starting Area”

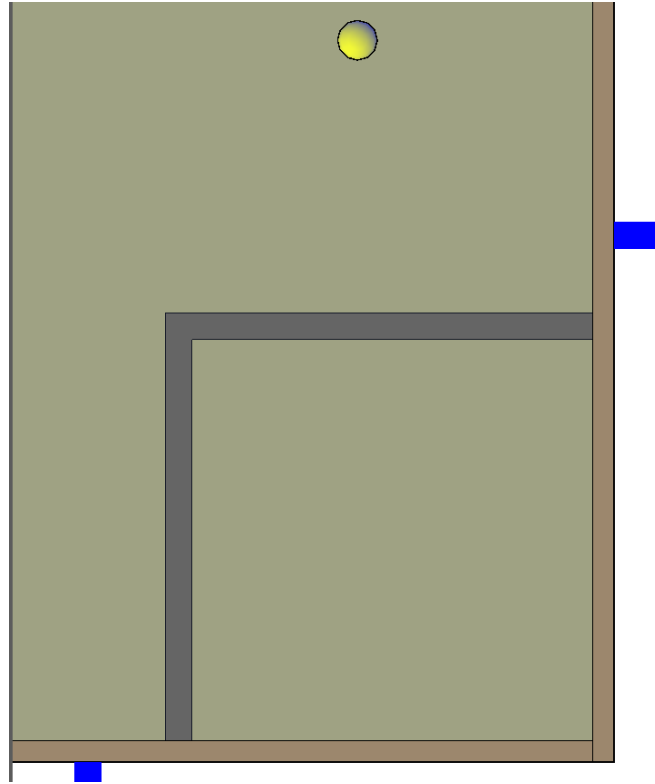


Figure: Tele-op Robot Starting Area

- 4.5.1. Tele-operated robot starting area is a 30 inch square located in the “Sugar Bush” in the corner of the exterior walls.
- 4.5.2. Optional Autonomous Element must start (and remain) within the “Sugar Shack Boiler”

4.6. Driver Zones

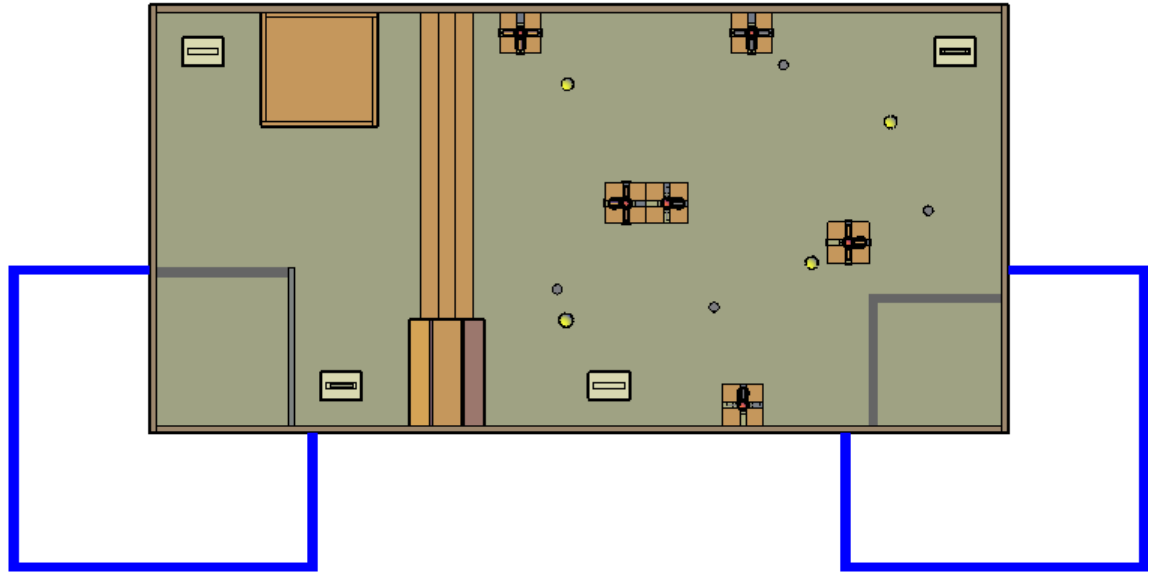


Figure: Driver Zones

- 4.6.1. Each driver or spotter must remain in their designated driver zone.
- 4.6.2. A maximum of one driver may occupy each driver zone.
- 4.6.3. Driver zones are located on the exterior corners of the court.
- 4.6.4. Each team has 2 designated driver zones.
- 4.6.5. No other competitors are permitted within 6' of the court.
- 4.6.6. See "Court Dimensions" in Appendix A for detailed dimensions.

5. Detailed Game Components

5.1. Sap Pieces

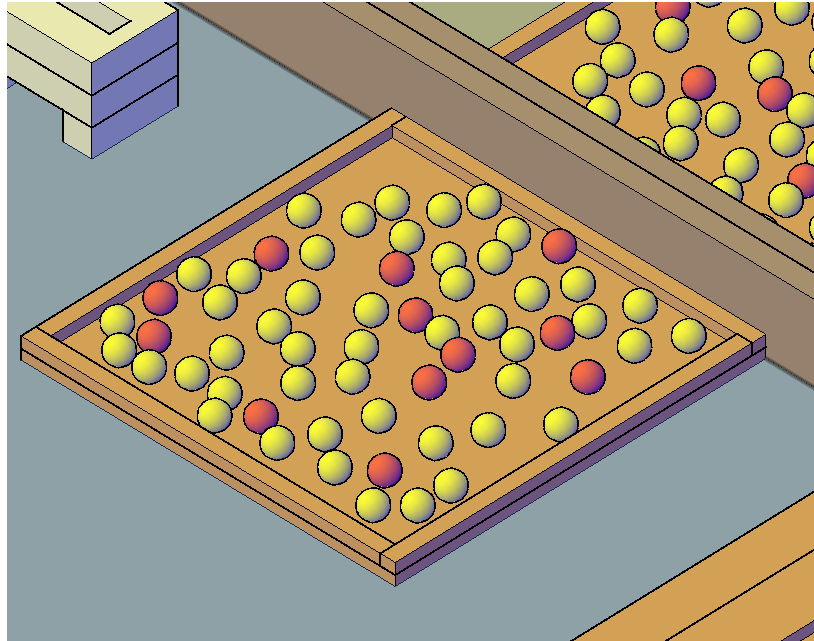


Figure: Sap Pieces

- 5.1.1. “Sap Pieces” are foam golf balls, measuring 1.68 inches in diameter.
- 5.1.2. There will be 2 types of “Sap Pieces”.
 - 5.1.2.1. Red “Sap Pieces” will represent “Maple Syrup”
 - 5.1.2.2. Yellow “Sap Pieces” will represent “Non-Maple Components” found in sap
- 5.1.3. Each court area will contain a total of 60 “Sap Pieces”
 - 5.1.3.1. There will be 12 “Maple Syrup” pieces
 - 5.1.3.2. There will be 48 “Non-Maple Components”
- 5.1.4. All “Sap Pieces” will begin the match inside of the “Tree” as described in the section below.

5.2. Maple Trees

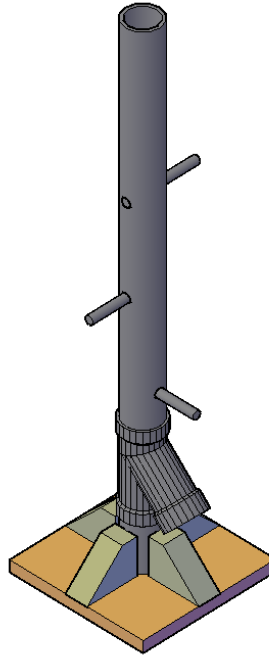


Figure: Maple Tree

- 5.2.1. Each "Sugar Bush" will contain 6 "Maple Trees".
 - 5.2.1.1. The locations of the "Maple Trees" will change between the Round Robin and the Tournament.
 - 5.2.1.2. See "Court Dimensions" in Appendix A for specific locations.
- 5.2.2. "Maple Trees" are composed of:
 - 5.2.2.1. $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick plywood base, measuring $9\frac{3}{8}$ " x $9\frac{3}{8}$ "
 - 5.2.2.2. 4 supports, which are 2x4 pieces of wood cut at a 45° angle
 - 5.2.2.3. 2" inner diameter ABS pipe. There will be a base piece and a top piece.
 - 5.2.2.4. 2" ABS 45° wye fitting, which will be called the "Spout"
 - 5.2.2.5. 3 dowel pegs, which are 5" in length and $\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. These are called the "Taps"
 - 5.2.2.6. A 2x2 piece of wood cut at a 45° angle, to act as a block in the base ABS pipe
 - 5.2.2.7. Full details on the construction of the "Maple Trees" is available in the "Court Dimensions" in Appendix A

- 5.2.3. There are 2 types of “Maple Tree”
 - 5.2.3.1. The “Short Maple Tree” will have a base ABS pipe length of 4 inches, and an ABS pipe top piece of 26 inches in length.
 - 5.2.3.2. The “Tall Maple Tree” will have a base ABS pipe length of 6 inches, and an ABS pipe top piece of 24 inches in length.
 - 5.2.3.3. The resulting difference between the trees will only be the height of the “Spout”
- 5.2.4. Each tree will have 3 “Taps”.
 - 5.2.4.1. The “Taps” are ½ diameter dowel, which is 5 inches in length.
 - 5.2.4.2. The “Tap Holes” in the “Maple Tree” are ⅝ inch diameter, and extend through both sides of the ABS pipe, directly through the middle of the pipe.
 - 5.2.4.3. The lower “Tap” will be in line with the spout.
 - 5.2.4.4. The middle “Tap” will be at a 90° angle with the spout.
 - 5.2.4.5. The upper “Tap” will be at a 90° angle with the spout and a 180° angle with the middle “Tap”
 - 5.2.4.6. The “Tap Holes” will be drilled at:
 - 5.2.4.6.1. On the “Short Maple Tree”:
 - 5.2.4.6.1.1. Lower “Tap” will be located 3 inches from the bottom of the top ABS pipe piece (to the center of the hole).
 - 5.2.4.6.1.2. Middle “Tap” will be located 6 inches above the lower “Tap” hole (measured center to center)
 - 5.2.4.6.1.3. Upper “Tap” will be located 6 inches above the middle “Tap” hole (measured center to center)
 - 5.2.4.6.2. On the “Tall Maple Tree”:
 - 5.2.4.6.2.1. Lower “Tap” will be located 1 inch from the bottom of the top ABS pipe piece (to the center of the hole).
 - 5.2.4.6.2.2. Middle “Tap” will be located 6 inches above the lower “Tap” hole (measured center to center)
 - 5.2.4.6.2.3. Upper “Tap” will be located 6 inches above the middle “Tap” hole (measured center to center)
 - 5.2.4.6.3. The “Tap Heights” on all trees will be the same distance from the court surface.
 - 5.2.4.6.3.1. All “Lower Taps” will be at the same height from the court surface.
 - 5.2.4.6.3.2. All “Middle Taps” will be at the same height from the court surface.
 - 5.2.4.6.3.3. All “Upper Taps” will be at the same height from the court surface.

- 5.2.4.7. The “Taps” will start with one end of the dowel piece lying flush to the ABS pipe surface, and the other end sticking out of the “Maple Tree”.
- 5.2.4.7.1. The “Lower Tap” will have the end sticking out facing the same direction as the spout.
- 5.2.4.7.2. The “Middle Tap” will have the end sticking out facing the left side of the tree (when looking at the tree from the side which the spout is facing)
- 5.2.4.7.3. The “Upper Tap” will have the end sticking out facing the right side of the tree (when looking at the tree from the side which the spout is facing)
- 5.2.4.8. Each “Tap” will hold a set amount of “Sap Pieces”.
- 5.2.4.8.1. The “Lower Tap” section of the “Maple Tree” will have 3 yellow “Sap Pieces”
- 5.2.4.8.2. The “Middle Tap” section of the “Maple Tree” will have 2 yellow “Sap Pieces” and 1 red “Sap Piece”, in the order of “Yellow - Yellow - Red” (bottom to top)
- 5.2.4.8.3. The “Upper Tap” section of the “Maple Tree” will have 3 yellow “Sap Pieces” and 1 red “Sap Piece” in the order of “Yellow - Yellow - Yellow - Red” (bottom to top)

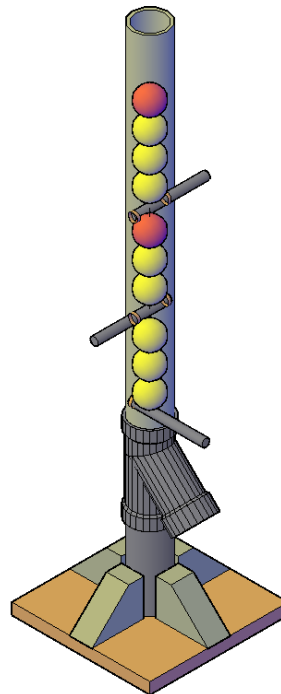


Figure: Maple Tree (Inside)

5.2.4.9. Pulling the “Tap” out of the tree will allow the “Sap Pieces” to fall down the inside of the “Maple Tree”

5.2.4.9.1. Pulling the “Lower Tap” will allow the “Sap Pieces” to fall out of the spout.

5.2.4.9.2. Pulling the “Middle Tap” or the “Upper Tap” will allow the “Sap Pieces” to fall within the tree, and onto any remaining pieces within the tree.

5.2.4.9.2.1. To be specific: If a lower “tap” has not been removed, and a higher “tap” has been removed, then all the “Sap Pieces” would be resting on the lower “tap” that has not been removed.

5.3. Snow Piles

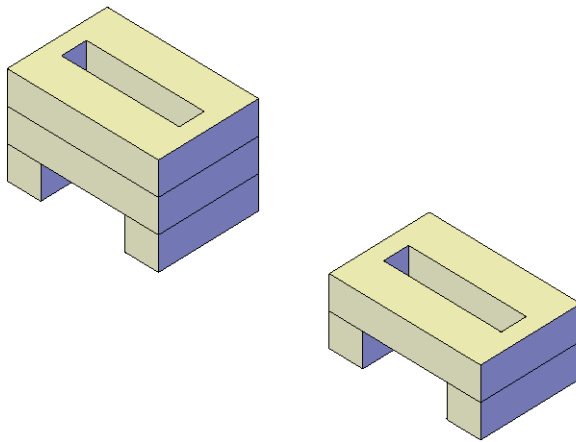


Figure: Snow Piles

5.3.1. There are 4 “Snow Piles” in this game.

5.3.2. “Snow Piles” are constructed using 2” thick rigid foam insulation, then covered in white duct tape.

- 5.3.3. There are 2 different types of “Snow Piles”
 - 5.3.3.1. The “Short Snow Pile” is constructed using 2 layers of rigid foam insulation.
 - 5.3.3.1.1. The bottom layer is composed of 2 pieces, 2 inches in width and 6 inches in length. They are positioned 5 inches apart.
 - 5.3.3.1.2. The top layer is composed of 1 piece, 9 inches in width and 6 inches in length.
 - 5.3.3.1.3. The top layer has a 1 inch wide, 7 inch long rectangular hole cut through the middle of it.
 - 5.3.3.1.4. See “Court Dimensions” in Appendix A for full details.
 - 5.3.3.2. The “Tall Snow Pile” is constructed using 3 layers of rigid foam insulation.
 - 5.3.3.2.1. The bottom layer is composed of 2 pieces, 2 inches in width and 6 inches in length. They are positioned 5 inches apart.
 - 5.3.3.2.2. The middle layer is composed of 1 piece, 9 inches in width and 6 inches in length.
 - 5.3.3.2.3. The top layer is composed of 1 piece, 9 inches in width and 6 inches in length.
 - 5.3.3.2.4. The top layer has a 1 inch wide, 7 inch long rectangular hole cut through the middle of it.
 - 5.3.3.2.5. See “Court Dimensions” Appendix for full details.
- 5.3.4. “Snow Piles” will start in their designated starting location.
 - 5.3.4.1. 2 “Snow Piles” will start in the “Sugar Bush”
 - 5.3.4.2. 2 “Snow Piles” will start in the “Sugar Shack Area”
 - 5.3.4.3. For detailed locations, see “Court Dimensions” Appendix.
 - 5.3.4.4. “Snow Piles” will start in these locations for all matches.
- 5.3.5. “Snow Piles” must be moved from their starting location to the “Maple Taffy Zone”.
 - 5.3.5.1. To be considered “inside of the Maple Taffy Zone” the “Snow Pile” must be completely within the zone, as defined by the vertical planes on the limits of the “Maple Taffy Zone” as described above.
 - 5.3.5.2. “Snow Piles” must be completely within the “Maple Taffy Zone” for the “Maple Syrup” pieces placed on them to form the “Maple Taffy” and be scored as such.

5.4. Sugar Shack Boiler

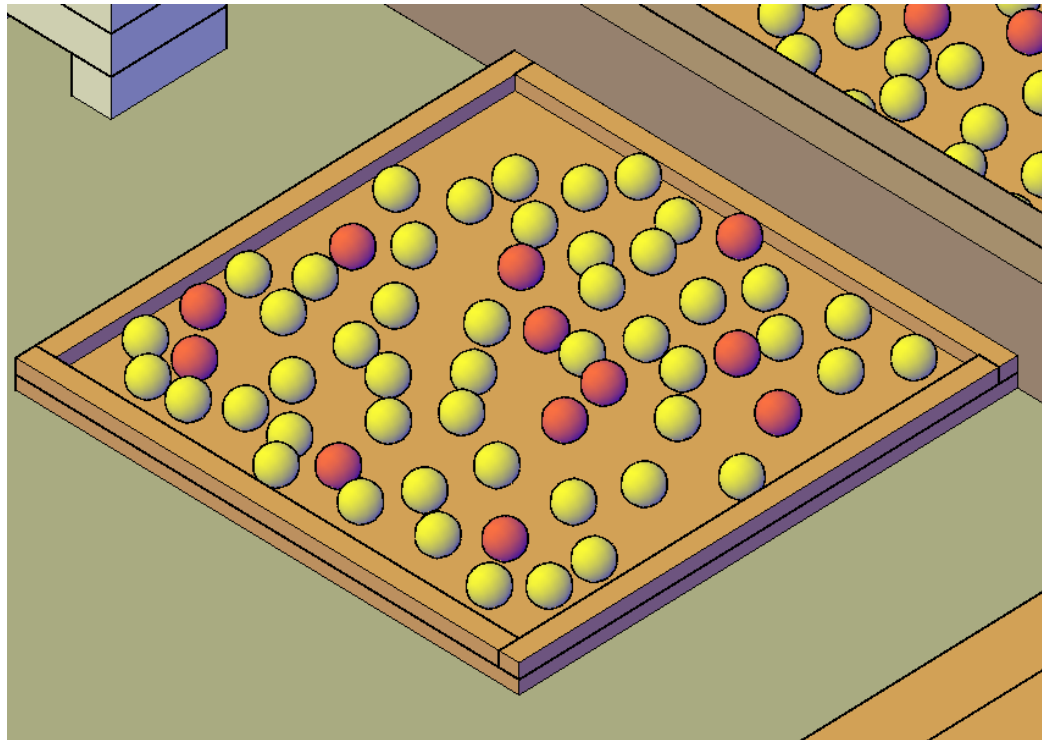


Figure: Sugar Shack Boiler

- 5.4.1. Each team will have access to a “Sugar Shack Boiler” within their “Sugar Shack Area”.
- 5.4.2. “Sugar Shack Boiler” will be composed of one 26 inch square piece of $\frac{3}{4}$ inch plywood as its base.
- 5.4.3. On top of the base, there will be a 1 inch wide strip of $\frac{3}{4}$ inch plywood along the exterior edge of the “Sugar Shack Boiler”.
- 5.4.4. The “inside” space in the “Sugar Shack Boiler” will be a 24 inch square.
- 5.4.5. A team’s optional “autonomous element” must remain inside the “Sugar Shack Boiler” at all times.
 - 5.4.5.1. The optional “autonomous element” is permitted to start within the “Sugar Shack Boiler”
 - 5.4.5.2. The optional “autonomous element” is not permitted to be outside of the “Sugar Shack Boiler”

5.5. Saplings and Rocks

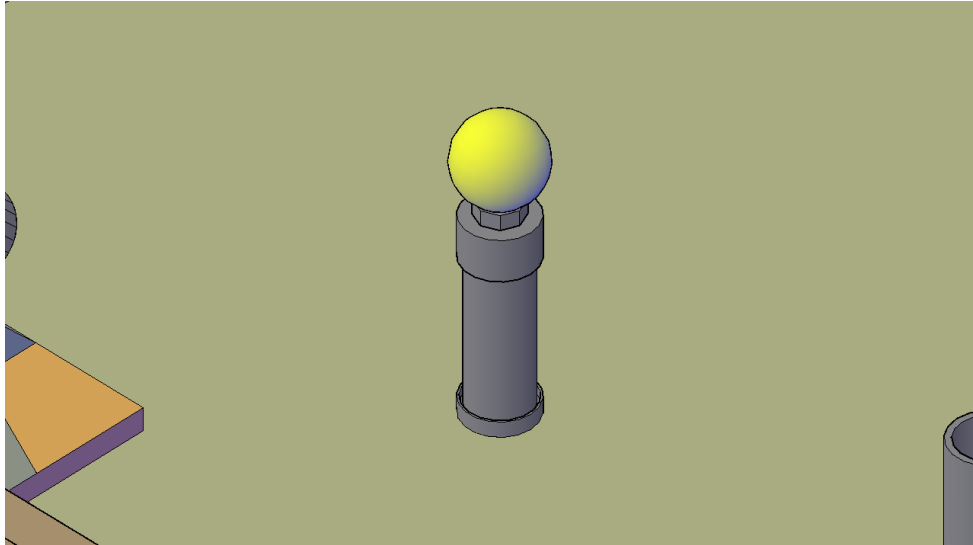


Figure: Sapling

- 5.5.1. Located within the “Sugar Bush”, there are 4 “Sapling” obstacles and 4 “Rock” obstacles.
- 5.5.2. Each “Sapling” consists of:
 - 5.5.2.1. A 6 inch long 1.5 inch diameter ABS pipe, capped on both ends. The caps used are identified in the parts list at the end of this document (with the court dimensions and parts).
 - 5.5.2.1.1. The top cap will remain unmodified.
 - 5.5.2.1.2. The bottom cap will be cut down to an internal height of $\frac{1}{2}$ inches.
 - 5.5.2.2. On the top of the ABS pipe, on top of the cap, there will be a 1 inch hex nut secured to the top. On top of the hex nut is where a standard tennis ball will sit.
 - 5.5.2.3. The cap on the bottom of the ABS pipe will be secured to the court surface. The ABS pipe will be fitted into this cap, but will be able to be knocked loose from the base cap.
 - 5.5.2.3.1. Knocking the ABS pipe from the cap onto the court surface will not be considered damage to the court.
 - 5.5.2.3.2. Any action by the robots which cause the secured cap to break away from the court surface may be considered damaging the court, and would be treated as such.
- 5.5.3. Each “Rock” consists of the same bottom caps as the “Sapling”.
 - 5.5.3.1. The cap will be secured to the court surface.
 - 5.5.3.1.1. Any action by the robots which cause the secured cap to break away from the court surface may be considered damaging the court, and would be treated as such.

5.5.4. The “Saplings” and “Rocks” will switch places between the Round Robin and the Tournament.

5.5.4.1. See “Court Dimensions” Appendix for full details.

5.6. Additional Notes

5.6.1. At no time are teams permitted to intentionally reach over any wall.

5.6.1.1. Teams are not permitted to cross the middle barrier.

5.6.1.2. Teams are not permitted to cross the exterior walls.

5.6.1.3. Teams are not permitted to cross any interior walls.

5.6.2. At no time are teams permitted to intentionally pass game pieces over any walls.

5.6.3. Any game pieces which fall outside of the court area are no longer in play.

5.6.4. Should any game pieces fall into the opponent's court area, those pieces shall remain in play and usable by the opposing team.

5.6.4.1. This applies to all game pieces which may count for points.

5.6.4.2. Should a larger game piece fall into the opposing team’s court, it may be removed at the Judge’s/PTC discretion.

6. Maple Taffy Game Scoring Summary

- 6.1. All scoring will take place at the end of each 4 minute match.
 - 6.1.1. All scores will be based on the location of things at the end of each match.
- 6.2. Snow Pile Scoring
 - 6.2.1. For each “Snow Pile” delivered to the “Maple Taffy Zone”, 2 points will be awarded.
 - 6.2.2. Each “Snow Pile” must be completely within the “Maple Taffy Zone” to be awarded points.
- 6.3. Sap Scoring
 - 6.3.1. Every “Sap Piece” within the “Sugar Shack Boiler” at the end of the match will be awarded 1 point.
 - 6.3.1.1. This includes all “Maple Syrup” pieces and all “Non-Maple Component” pieces.
 - 6.3.1.2. Within the “Sugar Shack Boiler” is defined as within the 24 inch square defining the “Inside of the Sugar Shack Boiler”.
 - 6.3.1.3. “Sap Pieces” are considered to be within this area as long as they are fully within the area, as defined by the vertical plane extending upward from the outside barrier of the “Sugar Shack Boiler”.
 - 6.3.2. Every “Maple Syrup” piece on top of a “Snow Pile” within the “Maple Taffy Zone” will be awarded 2 points.
 - 6.3.2.1. If a “Snow Pile” is not fully within the “Maple Taffy Zone”, all “Maple Syrup” pieces on top of that “Snow Pile” will be awarded 0 points.
 - 6.3.2.2. “On top of” is defined as being fully supported by the top plane of the “Snow Pile”. This includes sitting in the cut out groove or sitting on top of the flat top surface.
 - 6.3.2.2.1. Balls which are rolling when the game time expires will be counted wherever they come to rest.
- 6.4. Sapling Scoring
 - 6.4.1. Competitors will be awarded points for each “Sapling” that remains intact.
 - 6.4.2. 1 point will be awarded for each “Sapling” still standing.
 - 6.4.2.1. A “Sapling” is considered standing if the ABS pipe is still standing within the secured cap.
 - 6.4.2.2. The “Sapling” does not need to be standing fully upright, as long as it is still in the secured cap and being supported by the secured cap.
 - 6.4.2.3. If the “Sapling” is touching the court surface, it will not be considered standing.

- 6.4.3. 1 point will be awarded for each tennis ball which remains on top of the “Sapling”.
 - 6.4.3.1. The tennis ball is considered on top of the sapling if it is fully supported by the sapling.
 - 6.4.3.2. If the tennis ball is touching anything else, it will not be considered supported by the sapling.
 - 6.4.3.3. The “Sapling” Points will be awarded at the end of each match.
- 6.4.4. If a “Sapling” or Tennis ball becomes knocked over during a match, it is considered knocked over.
 - 6.4.4.1. Competitors will not be allowed to rebuild these “Saplings”. Once they are knocked over, they are no longer eligible for points.
- 6.5. End of Match Location
 - 6.5.1. Teams will be awarded 2 points if their tele-operated robots return to the starting zone.
 - 6.5.1.1. Robots must have fully left the starting zone at some point throughout the game to receive these points.
 - 6.5.1.2. Robots must be fully within the starting zone at the end of the match to receive these points.
 - 6.5.1.2.1. This means the robots must not break the vertical plane at the edge of the starting zone to gain these points.
 - 6.5.2. 1 Additional point will be awarded to the team to fully complete the task and return to the starting zone in the fastest time during each match.
 - 6.5.2.1. A fully completed task is defined as:
 - 6.5.2.1.1. Delivering all “Non-Maple Components” into the “Sugar Shack Boiler”.
 - 6.5.2.1.2. All “Snow Piles” have been delivered into the “Maple Taffy Zone”.
 - 6.5.2.1.3. All “Maple Syrup” pieces have been delivered onto the top of the “Snow Piles” within the “Maple Taffy Zone”.
 - 6.5.2.1.4. All “Saplings” remain fully intact.

7. Pit Area and Court Access

- 7.1. Competitors MUST wear safety glasses when doing fabrication work involving material removal or adding processes (grinding, cutting, soldering, etc.).
- 7.2. Only registered competitors are permitted in the contest space.
- 7.3. Designated teacher/industry team advisors are permitted in the pit area only to inspect the worktable setup of their team prior to the start of the tournament.
 - 7.3.1. Designated teacher/industry team advisors are not permitted in the competition area during the competition.
 - 7.3.2. Teachers and industry advisors are not permitted to handle tools or robot parts.
 - 7.3.3. Students must effect all repairs and modifications on their robot.
- 7.4. A pit area is provided so that students may make repairs and improvements to their robots between games.
 - 7.4.1. Teams will be provided with a pit area workspace on a standard project table. Depending on the number of teams and availability of space, teams may have to share a 60 by 30-inch table.
 - 7.4.2. Teams must have a purpose built tabletop robot stand, designed to keep the robot wheels off the ground/tabletop surface regardless of orientation.
 - 7.4.2.1. This stand or these stands should hold the robot(s) securely and be capable of preventing the robot(s) from driving on or off the table in the case of either deliberate motor testing during repairs or due to random, unexpected motor activity.
 - 7.4.3. A team's pit area must be kept safe at all times.
 - 7.4.3.1. This specifically means:
 - 7.4.3.1.1. Robots must be on the stand at all times when a battery is installed and connected to the robot
 - 7.4.3.1.2. Pit areas must be kept clean, tidy and free of all tripping hazards. Extension cords and power bars must all be taped, ziptied or velcro tied as per industry standards (minimum of 1 tie every 8 inches, must place 1 tie before and after every corner)
- 7.5. Teams MUST bring their robots, tools, and supplies into the skill area at Orientation. Teams are NOT allowed to remove their robots (or any part of their robots) from the skill area during the overnight periods between Orientation Day, Competition Day 1, and Competition Day 2 of the contest.
- 7.6. Laptops may be removed overnight by competitors.

- 7.7. Competitors are not permitted to be in the competition area during times which are not scheduled as competition times.
 - 7.7.1. This includes before the competition day begins, after the competition day ends, and during lunch.
 - 7.7.2. At no time is a competitor permitted to be in the competition area if PTC members are not present.

8. Robot Restrictions

- 8.1. Robots must remain in compliance with these rules throughout the competition. If teams fall out of compliance with these rules, then they will not be permitted to compete and will forfeit all their scheduled games until they have corrected the problem.
- 8.2. Start of Game Status
 - 8.2.1. Complete Team Entries must not exceed an overall size of 4 cubic feet (6912 cubic inches) at the start of each game.
 - 8.2.1.1. Total volume will be measured of the combined Tele-operated robots (in their starting position) volume plus the volume of the optional Independent Autonomous Element
 - 8.2.1.2. Team entries may expand to a larger size once a game has started.
 - 8.2.2. Robots must start within their designated starting area.
 - 8.2.2.1. Tele-operated Robots must start together completely within the “Tele-operated Robot Starting Area”, as described in Section 4.5
 - 8.2.2.2. The optional Independent Autonomous Element may start in the “Designated Autonomous zone”, as described in Section 4.5
 - 8.2.3. When a Tele-operated Robot’s main power is turned on prior to the start of a game, the robot must be in an overall “Idle State”, and the following conditions must exist:
 - 8.2.3.1. They must be stationary
 - 8.2.3.2. They must not be in possession of any game pieces
 - 8.2.4. All systems may be turned ON
 - 8.2.5. Air System Circuits may be fully charged to 100 PSI, and their compressors can be ON

- 8.3. During Game Status
 - 8.3.1. Robots may expand beyond the starting volume once the game begins.
 - 8.3.2. A team's Robots must remain in their designated areas for the duration of the game.
 - 8.3.2.1. All Robots must remain in their own team's court.
 - 8.3.2.2. All Tele-operated Robots are permitted to access any area within the team's exclusive use area (in compliance with all other rules).
 - 8.3.2.3. The team's Optional Autonomous Element must remain in the "Designated Autonomous Zone" for the duration of the game.
 - 8.3.3. Strategies aimed at preventing the opponent from playing the game are not permitted, as they are not in the spirit of fair play, and will not be permitted.
- 8.4. Each team's optional Autonomous Element must not have any direct interaction with the competitors.
- 8.5. All Robots must conform to all of the following safety requirements.
 - 8.5.1. All Robots (Tele-operated and Autonomous) must be able to be shut off with a single motion.
 - 8.5.1.1. The "Kill Switch" must be easily accessible.
 - 8.5.1.2. The "Kill Switch" must be securely mounted.
 - 8.5.1.3. Robot controller receivers may be in an independent circuit.
 - 8.5.2. Robot power sources and circuits must follow the following requirements:
 - 8.5.2.1. The maximum continuous power rating allowed in any circuit branch is 240 Watts, which will be limited by voltage and fuse selection.
 - 8.5.2.1.1. To calculate power in any given circuit, use the following formula: $\text{Power (Watts)} = \text{Voltage (Volts)} \times \text{Current (Amps)}$
 - 8.5.2.2. The total voltage in any individual circuit cannot exceed 24 Volts.
 - 8.5.2.3. Each current branch path from the battery must include either an in-line fuse, resettable fuse, circuit breaker, or be connected to a dedicated fuse in a rack.
 - 8.5.2.3.1. Systems which utilize a built in fuse will be considered to have this requirement met, as long as:
 - 8.5.2.3.1.1. It is a known and documented system. If the system is unknown to the PTC, teams may be required to produce this documentation.
 - 8.5.2.3.1.2. There are no modifications made to the system.
 - 8.5.2.3.1.3. There are no external circuits which do not contain a fused circuit. Proper fuses are required for modified circuits

- 8.5.2.4. Batteries must meet the following requirements:
 - 8.5.2.4.1. All batteries must be a complete sealed commercial battery pack.
 - 8.5.2.4.2. All batteries must be securely mounted to the robot.
 - 8.5.2.4.3. Batteries wired in series should be the same amp hour rating (ex. both 1500 mAh) and batteries in parallel are of same voltage (ex. both 12 volts).
- 8.5.3. Robots utilizing non-electrical energy sources must meet the following requirements:
 - 8.5.3.1. Pneumatic systems are permitted, with the following restrictions:
 - 8.5.3.1.1. Pneumatic based energy sources may be pre-charged to a maximum of 100-PSI pressure in their reservoirs (cylinders) at the start of each game.
 - 8.5.3.1.2. Pneumatic systems using Competitor-made or modified air pressure hardware are NOT permitted.
 - 8.5.3.1.3. All pressurized tanks on robots must have a pressure gauge to indicate the stored pressure and a form of automatic overpressure safety relief system.
 - 8.5.3.1.4. The pressure tanks and related gauges / controls must be shielded from damage due to collisions or flying target objects.
 - 8.5.3.1.5. The stored pressure in the tank must not exceed a maximum of 100 PSI at any time.
 - 8.5.3.2. Tension-based energy sources (elastics, springs or other) may be in either a relaxed at rest state or in a tense / compressed state at the start of each game.
- 8.5.4. The following devices are not permitted:
 - 8.5.4.1. No explosive materials of any kind may be used (ether, gunpowder, acetylene etc.).
 - 8.5.4.2. Laser devices are not permitted.
 - 8.5.4.3. Hydraulic fluid systems are not permitted.

- 8.6. Teams must use an appropriate Robot Controller.
 - 8.6.1. It is recommended (not required) that all teams use 2.4 GHz “non-crystal” control systems on Tele-operated Robots.
 - 8.6.2. Teams are allowed the use of an unlimited number of channels, but only two separate tele-operated robots.
 - 8.6.2.1. Teams assume full responsibility if any interference is to occur with their respective communication systems that could render the robot(s) useless.
 - 8.6.3. Robots may not transmit audio/visual information to off-the-robot devices. (Ex: Having a camera transmit images real time to a computer near the driver, etc.)

9. Inspection

- 9.1. All Robots must pass a pre-competition inspection for compliance with the safety and design rules before they will be allowed to participate in games.
 - 9.1.1. If any modifications are made on a Robot during the competition, the Robots may be subjected to an additional inspection for compliance before being permitted to participate in games.
 - 9.1.2. All robots must be inspected, including the Tele-operated robots and Autonomous robots in a team’s entry.
- 9.2. It is the purpose of the inspection to ensure teams and all robots are in compliance with the rules and restrictions described in this document.
- 9.3. Team entries will be measured for total combined volume.
 - 9.3.1. All robots will be measured in their starting positions.
 - 9.3.1.1. Tele-op robots must start together, and will be measured together.
 - 9.3.1.2. Optional Autonomous element will be measured separately, in their starting position.
 - 9.3.2. Volume of the robots will be calculated using the maximum length, width, and height of the entry, using the formula $V = LWH$

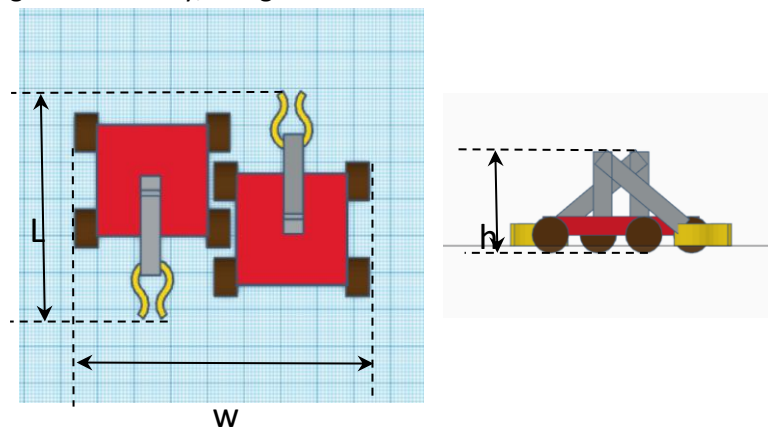
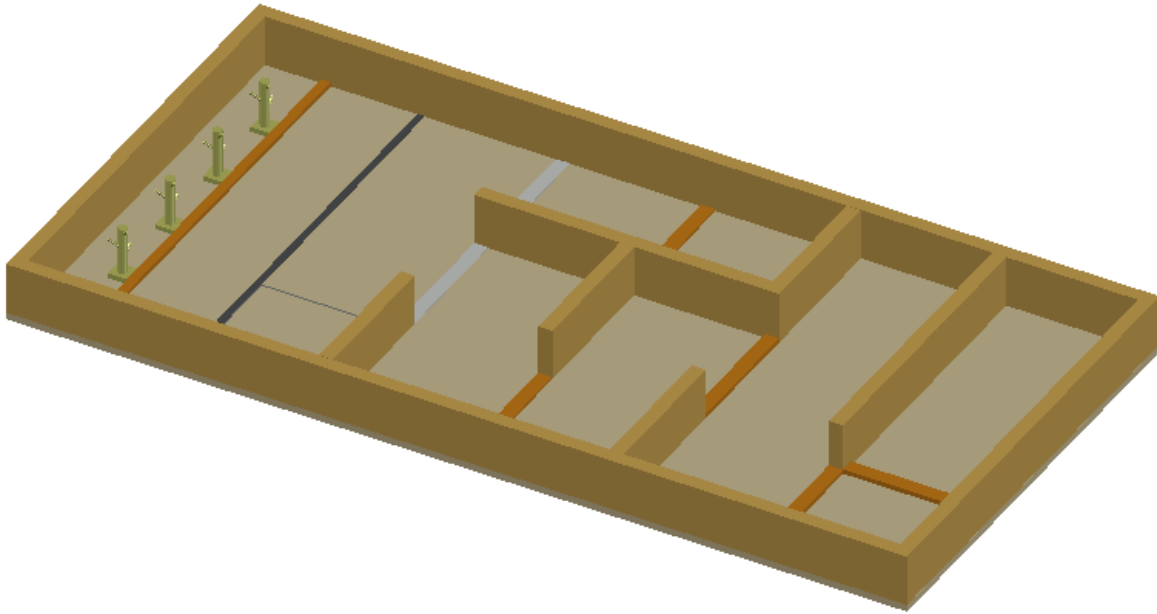


Figure: Volume Measurement

- 9.4. Teams will be required to demonstrate the operation of their robots as part of the inspection.
 - 9.4.1. A demonstration of a team's robot entry (or entries) must show the functionality of the robot to play the game.
 - 9.4.2. All robots must be shown to be in full compliance with the rules of the game, as described in this document.
 - 9.4.2.1. Should any clarification document be made, it will also be considered as part of this document.
- 9.5. All team's and robots must abide by all safety requirements.
 - 9.5.1. All robots must have a wiring diagram.
 - 9.5.1.1. Acceptable examples of wiring diagrams are available in the Appendix.
 - 9.5.2. All robots must have a method of shutting the robot with a single motion. For the purposes of this document, this will be called a "kill switch".
 - 9.5.2.1. The "kill switch" must be easily accessible.
 - 9.5.2.2. The robots must be able to be safely turned off, without risk to anyone.
 - 9.5.3. All teams must have a Safety Data Sheet available (physically on hand) for all chemical based components.
 - 9.5.3.1. This includes all batteries, as well as any other component that may be chemical based.
 - 9.5.4. All batteries must be in good working condition.
 - 9.5.4.1. Batteries must be complete sealed commercial battery packs.
 - 9.5.4.2. Batteries must be securely mounted.
 - 9.5.4.2.1. Securely mounted is defined as not able to be knocked off of the robot in any manner of regular gameplay.
 - 9.5.4.3. Batteries wired in series should be the same amp hour rating.
 - 9.5.4.4. Batteries wired in parallel should be the same voltage.
 - 9.5.5. All teams must have a tabletop robot stand for their robots.
 - 9.5.5.1. This stand or these stands should hold the robot(s) securely and be capable of preventing the robot(s) from driving on or off the table in the case of either deliberate motor testing during repairs or due to random, unexpected motor activity.
 - 9.5.6. All robots will be inspected to ensure all parts are permitted parts.
 - 9.5.6.1. Should any non-permitted part be detected, teams will be required to remove them before being allowed to compete.

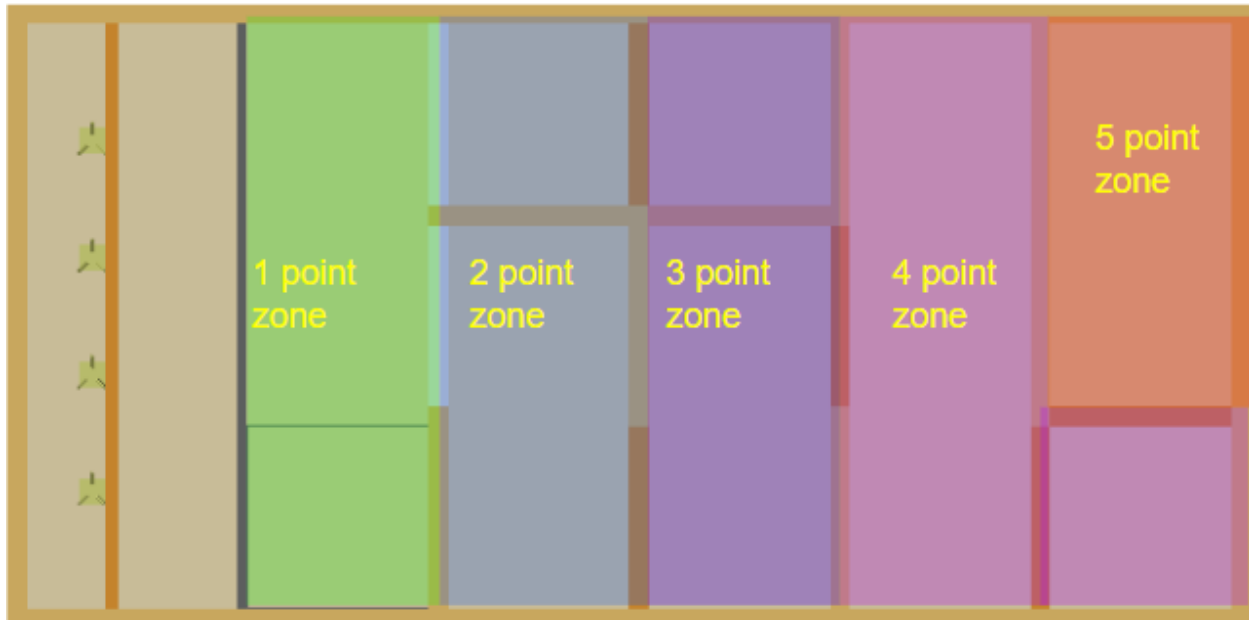
- 9.5.7. The maximum continuous power rating allowed in any circuit branch is 240 Watts, which will be limited by voltage and fuse selection. Power will be calculated using the formula $\text{Power} = \text{Voltage} \times \text{Current}$
 - 9.5.7.1. The total voltage in any circuit cannot exceed 24 Volts.
 - 9.5.7.2. Each current branch path from the battery must include either an in-line fuse, resettable fuse, circuit breaker, or be connected to a dedicated fuse in a rack.
 - 9.5.7.2.1. It is the purpose of a fuse/breaker to protect competitors and the equipment in their circuits.
 - 9.5.7.2.2. Systems which utilize a built in fuse will be considered to have this requirement met, as long as:
 - 9.5.7.2.2.1. It is a known and documented system. If the system is unknown to the PTC, teams may be required to produce this documentation.
 - 9.5.7.2.2.2. There are no modifications made to the system.
 - 9.5.7.2.2.3. There are no external circuits which do not contain a fused circuit.
- 9.5.8. Any teams using pressure based systems must ensure:
 - 9.5.8.1. No Competitor-made or modified air pressure hardware is being used.
 - 9.5.8.2. Only commercially manufactured pressure tanks (cylinders) can be used.
 - 9.5.8.3. Pressure in tanks does not exceed 100 PSI
 - 9.5.8.4. Systems have an over-pressure safety valve
 - 9.5.8.5. Pressure tanks and related gauges and controls are shielded from damage due to collisions
 - 9.5.8.6. Pressure system circuit diagram is provided
- 9.5.9. All teams must have eye protection available.
- 9.5.10. All teams must wear eye protection when working on their robots.
- 9.5.11. All teams' pit areas must be kept tidy and free from safety concerns.

10. Skills Canada Saskatchewan Autonomous Competition Overview



- 10.1. Competitors will be designing, building, and programming a robot to complete the following task:
 - 10.1.1. Teams will be tasked with “replanting trees”.
 - 10.1.1.1. The robot must pick up the trees from their starting location.
 - 10.1.1.2. The robot must deliver them to the desired location.
 - 10.1.1.2.1. There are 5 different locations which teams may choose from, with increased difficulty and increased point values.
 - 10.1.1.3. The robot must then drop the trees in the desired location.
 - 10.1.1.4. Points will be awarded for trees successfully delivered into the desired location (as described below).
- 10.2. Points will be awarded based on the following:
 - 10.2.1. Trees delivered to the “1 point” zone will be awarded 1 point.
 - 10.2.2. Trees delivered to the “2 point” zone will be awarded 2 points.
 - 10.2.3. Trees delivered to the “3 point” zone will be awarded 3 points.
 - 10.2.4. Trees delivered to the “4 point” zone will be awarded 4 points.
 - 10.2.5. Trees delivered to the “5 point” zone will be awarded 5 points.
 - 10.2.6. Trees which are standing upright inside the delivery zone at the end of each attempt will be awarded 1 point.
 - 10.2.7. Each zone may contain any number of trees.
 - 10.2.8. If a tree is delivered and is touching the court surface within multiple zones upon delivery, the tree will be awarded points based on the lower valued zone.

10.2.9. Point zones are as follows:



10.2.10. Total points available: 24

10.3. Autonomous court information:

10.3.1. Overall court size will be 48" by 96" (4' by 8').

10.3.2. Walls are constructed out of 2" by 6" wood pieces (resulting in an overall height of 5.5" and wall width of 1.5").

10.3.3. Pathways are 14" in width.

10.3.4. Designated starting area is a 14" square.

10.3.5. Along the pathways there are raised obstacles:

10.3.5.1. Between the "1 point zone" and the "2 point zone" there is a $\frac{3}{16}$ " thick, 1.5" wide white corrugated plastic strip.

10.3.5.2. Between the "2 point zone" and the "3 point zone" there is a $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick, 1.5" wide plywood strip.

10.3.5.3. Between the "3 point zone" and the "4 point zone" there is a $\frac{3}{4}$ " thick, 1.5 inch plywood strip.

10.3.5.4. Between the "4 point zone" and the "5 point zone" there is a $\frac{3}{4}$ " thick, 1.5 inch plywood strip.

10.3.5.5. Inside the "4 point zone" on the way to the "5 point zone" limit area, there is an additional $\frac{3}{4}$ " thick, 1.5 inch plywood strip.

10.3.6. The trees start in their designated starting location.

10.3.6.1. They start standing upright.

10.3.6.2. The "tree starting zone" has a $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick, 1 inch wide plywood strip along the inner edge.

10.3.6.3. The trees will be standing directly against this plywood strip at the beginning of the attempt.

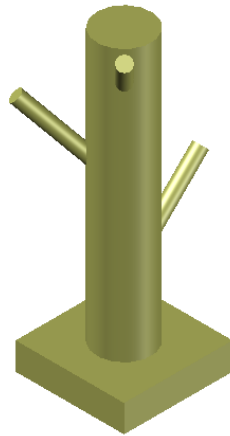
10.3.7. Trees are composed of:

10.3.7.1. 2" square base, made from $\frac{3}{4}$ " plywood

10.3.7.2. 1 inch diameter, 5 inch long dowel, standing perpendicular to the base.

10.3.7.3. 3 branches, constructed from $\frac{1}{4}$ " diameter dowel, 3 inches in length.

10.3.7.3.1. These branches come out of the center dowel at an angle, in specific directions (as detailed in Appendix D)



10.3.8. Full Autonomous Court details are located in Appendix D.

10.4. Autonomous robots for the Skills Canada Saskatchewan Autonomous Competition must meet the following restrictions:

10.4.1. Overall starting volume must be less than or equal to 1 cubic foot.

10.4.2. All robots must include a method of shutting the robot with a single motion. For the purposes of this document, this will be called a "kill switch".

10.4.2.1. The "kill switch" must be easily accessible.

10.4.2.2. The robots must be able to be safely turned off, without risk to anyone.

10.4.3. Competitors may choose whatever microprocessor they wish to use, and hence compatible sensors.

10.4.4. Autonomous Robots are allowed a maximum of:

10.4.4.1. 3 distance sensors (ultrasonic or infrared, no laser sensors)

10.4.4.2. 3 line detecting sensors (no arrays, only individual sensors permitted).

10.4.4.3. 2 continuous rotation servos

10.4.4.4. 2 standard servos

10.4.4.5. 2 motors (and motor controller(s) required for their use)

10.4.4.6. 2 tactile sensors

10.4.5. "Teach" modules or any form of cloning/mimicking program will not be permitted.

- 10.4.6. Autonomous robots must operate without interaction form the competitors.
 - 10.4.6.1. The only permitted interactions are:
 - 10.4.6.1.1. Powering on the robot.
 - 10.4.6.1.2. Pressing a button to initiate the robot at the start of the attempt.
 - 10.4.6.1.3. Powering off the robot at the end of the attempt.
 - 10.4.6.1.4. Any non-permitted interactions may result in a DQ of the attempt.
- 10.4.7. Autonomous Competition Participation and Scoring
 - 10.4.7.1. Teams will earn points as described in section 10.2.
 - 10.4.7.2. Teams completing the task will earn up to 24 points towards their overall point total (as described in Section 11. Medal Awarding System).
 - 10.4.7.2.1. Teams will be allowed a maximum of 3 scored attempts, and their best score will be counted towards their final score.
 - 10.4.7.3. When teams are ready to complete the task, they are to indicate this to one of the judges. The judges will make arrangements to monitor the task being completed, and then will award the points to the team. This will be recorded on a score sheet for the judges and teams.
 - 10.4.7.4. Teams wishing to complete this task who are able to do so during the practice time/inspection time can do so, as long as the judges are able to monitor the task.
 - 10.4.7.5. All teams completing this task must complete it BEFORE the end of the round-robin Tele-operated competition.
 - 10.4.7.6. The court will be available and open to teams wishing to practice the task during setup, inspection, practice and competition times. Runs completed without being monitored by a judge will not count for points.

11. Medal Awarding System

- 11.1. Medals will be awarded based on Tele-operated game (Round Robin and Playoff Tournament), Autonomous task, and Safety.
- 11.2. The overall score will be determined by combining the points awarded in each section of the competition.
 - 11.2.1. Tele-operated Round Robin points will be awarded based on overall standing during the Round Robin.
 - 11.2.1.1. Round Robin points will be awarded in the following manner:

Place	1 st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8 th	9th	10th	11th	12th	13 th
Points	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13

11.2.2. Tele-operated Playoff Tournament points will be awarded based on final tournament placement.

11.2.2.1. Tele-operated Playoff Tournament points will be awarded in the following manner:

Place	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8 th	9th	10th	11th	12th	13 th
Points	50	48	46	44	42	40	38	36	34	32	30	28	26

11.2.3. Autonomous task points will be awarded based on the Autonomous task.

11.2.4. Safety points will be awarded based on the safety criteria listed in the Appendix E

11.3. Overall score will be 75% Tele-operated game performance, 24% Autonomous task performance, and 1% Safety score.

11.4. Medals will be awarded based on the overall team scores. The Gold Medal will go to the team with the highest overall score, the Silver to the next highest overall score, and the Bronze to the next highest after that.

11.4.1. In the case that a tie occurs in the Overall Team Scores, the medal will go to the team with the higher Autonomous Task Score.

Appendix A: Court Dimensions and Details

See Attached.

Appendix B: Tele-operated Main Game Score Sheet

See Attached.

Appendix C: Sample Wiring Diagrams

See Attached.

Appendix D: Autonomous Court Dimensions and Details

See Attached.

Appendix E: Safety Criteria and Scoresheet for Judging

See Attached.

Appendix F: Inspection Sheet

See Attached.