



Computational Imaging

Lecture 01: Introduction to Computational Imaging



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- 2021-now: Assistant Professor @ The Chinese University of Hong Kong (Shenzhen)
- 2020-now: Founder @ 点煦技术 Pointspread Technology (Shenzhen, Nantong)
 - 2011-2015 B.s @HUST, 2015-2021 Ph.D. @KAUST
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- Office: DY507A
- Research: End-to-end Camera Design, Differentiable Optics, Optimization, Computational Imaging, VR/AR

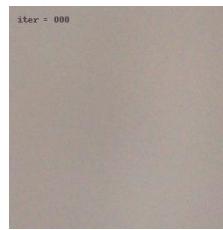
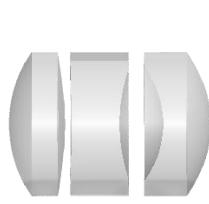
Instructors' Achievement



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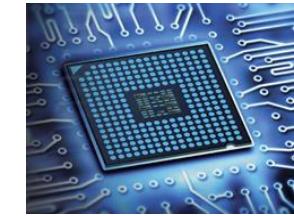
Maybe the world first
differentiable diffractive optics
model (proposed at 2018.5, ACM
Trans. Graph. 2020)



The first differentiable/optimizable
complex lens model all over the world.
(ACM Trans. Graph. 2021)



High Speed, High Accuracy RGBD
Camera (120fps, ~mm precision)
for real time 3D reconstruction



RAW Domain **Realtime 4K**
Hardware Accelerated **BM3D**
(IP core)

Acedemic Achievements

Industrial Achievements (Point Spread Technology)



Today's Topic

- Imaging History and Today
- What's Computational Imaging
 - Definition
 - Applications
- Computational Methodology Overview
- Course Road Map



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Imaging History and Today

Pinhole Camera



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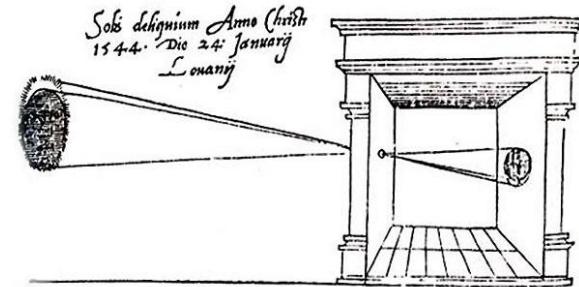


Mo-Ti, 470-390 BC



Aristotele, 300 BC

illum in tabula per radios Solis, quā in cōlo contin-
git: hoc est, si in cōlo superior pars deliquiū patiatur, in
radius apparet inferior deficere, vt ratio exigit optica.



Gemma Frisius, 1544

What's Photography?



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- Heliograph (sun wrighting)

A wholly new, expressive
medium (ca. 1830s)



The oldest surviving camera photograph, by Nicéphore Niépce, 1826 or 1827. Eight hours to develop and exposed.

Manipulated display of what we think, feel, want, ...

- Capture a memory, a visual experience in tangible form
- 'painting with light' express the subject's visual essence
- "Exactitude is not the truth." — Henri Matisse

What's Photography?



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- A bucket word: a neat container for messy notions (e.g. aviation, music, comprehension)

A record of what we see,
or would like to see, in
tangible form.

Does photography always capture it?

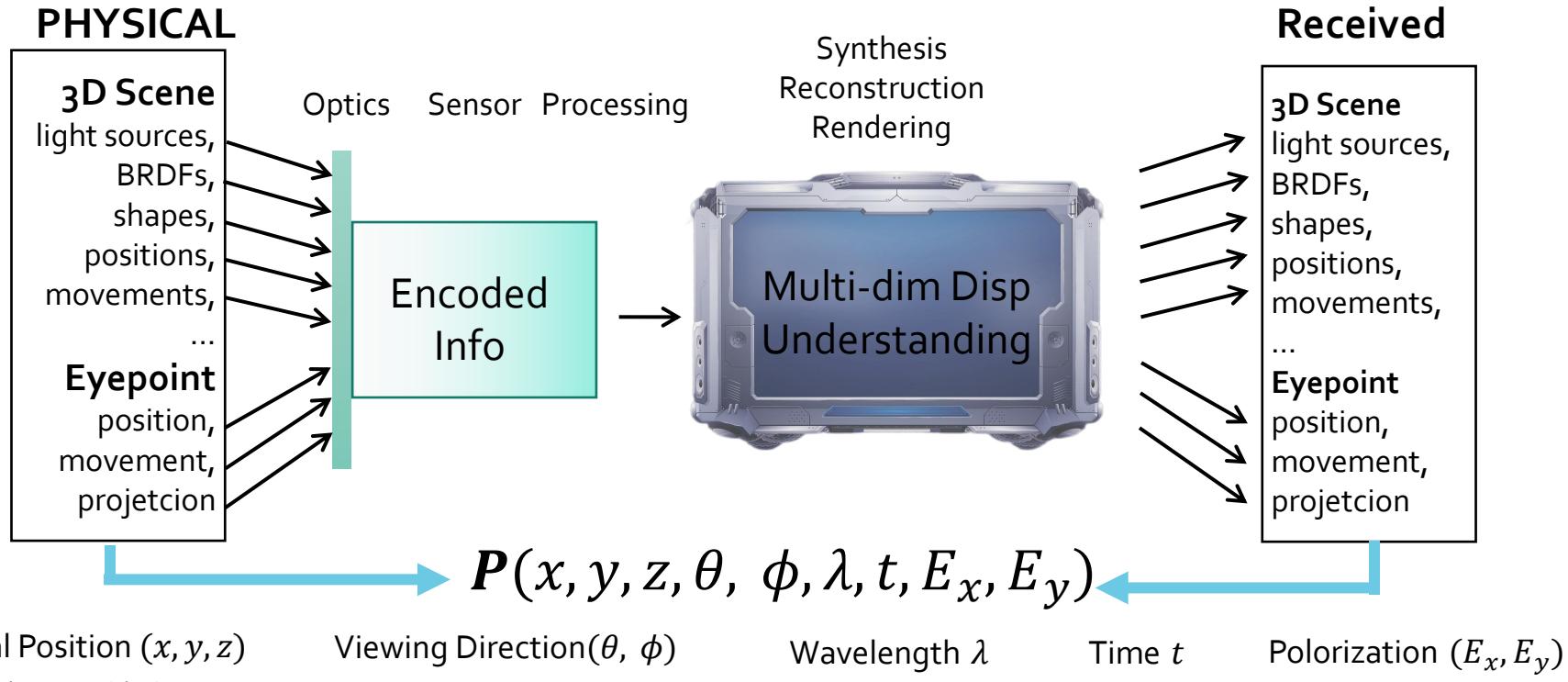


Muybridge used high-speed photography to make the first animated image sequences photographed in real-time (1878–1887)

Today's Cameras, Every day, Every where



What's Beyond Film-Like Photography?





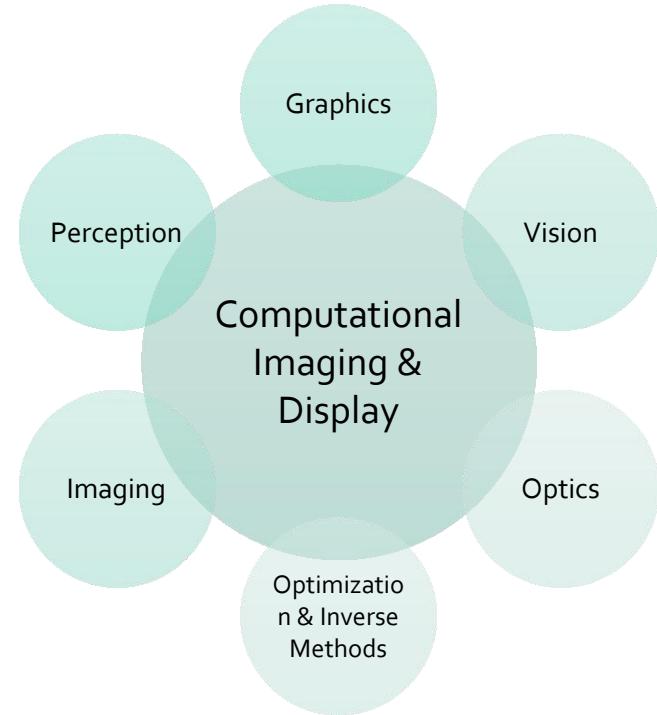
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What's Computational Imaging?



What's Computational Imaging?

- **Computational Imaging (Photography)**
optically encode
information about the real world
in images aimed for
computational decoding
- **Computational Display**
computationally encode
information so that it can be
optically decoded
to form images to be presented to a user



new optics

new sensors

new illumination

new algorithms



Computational Imaging vs Computational Photography?

No Strict Difference

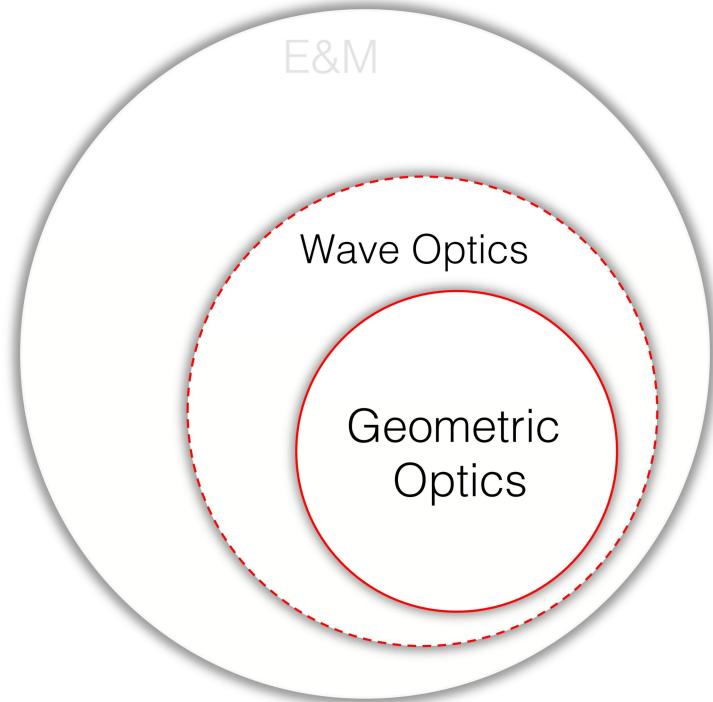
Academic community and industrial community are more accustomed to

- **Computational Imaging**
 - With Optics Optimized for Target
- **Computational Photography**
 - Traditional Optics
 - Mostly used for mobile camera



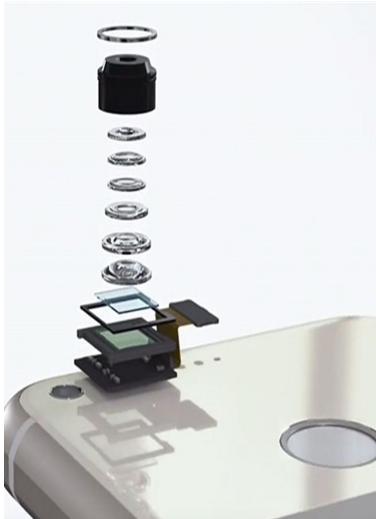
What is Light?

- Light as rays
- Unit: (spectral) radiance
- Properties: wavelength, polarization, direction, ...
- Only introduction & outlook for wave optics

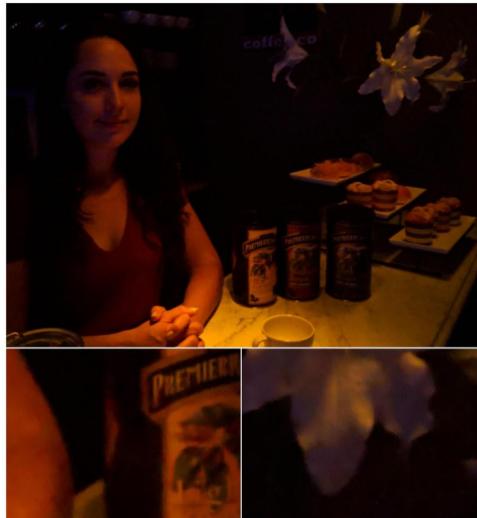




Applications of Computational Imaging



Google Pixel



(a) Previously described result



(b) Previously described result, gained



(c) Our result

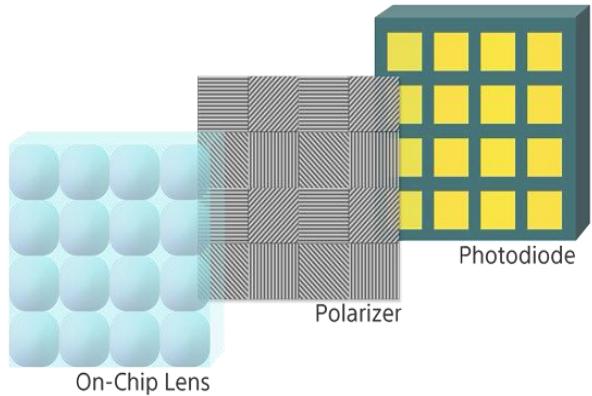
Mobile Photography in Low Light

Orly et.al 2019, Handheld Mobile Photography in Very Low Light

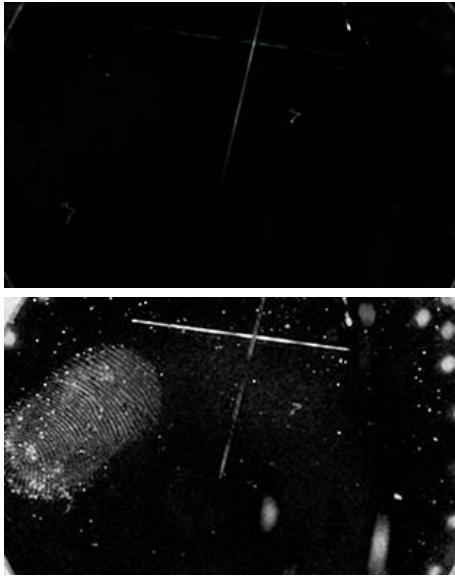
Applications of Computational Imaging



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Polarizer imager



Polarimetric Imaging and Applications



Source: <https://www.sony-semicon.co.jp/e/products/IS/industry/technology/polarization.html>



Applications of Computational Imaging



Computed Tomography
United Imaging 640-slice CT scanner



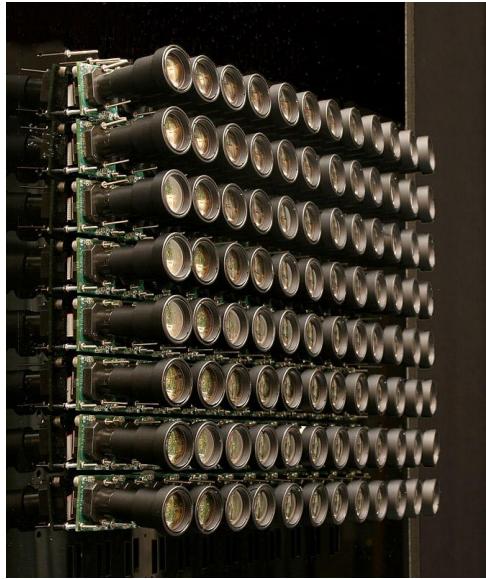
PET-CT
Prof. Qingguo Xie's "Digital PET"

Source: https://www.sohu.com/a/366411143_118392

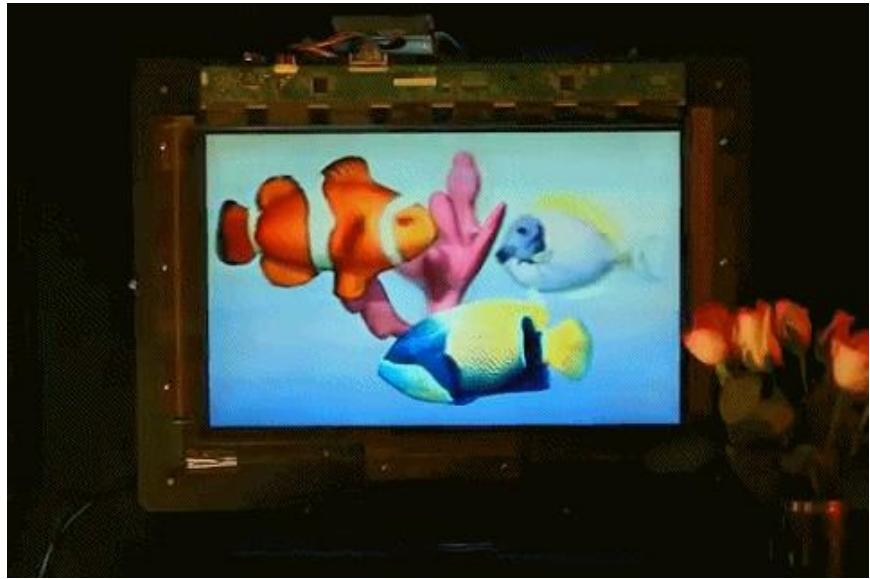
Applications of Computational Imaging



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Light Field Imaging



Light Field Display

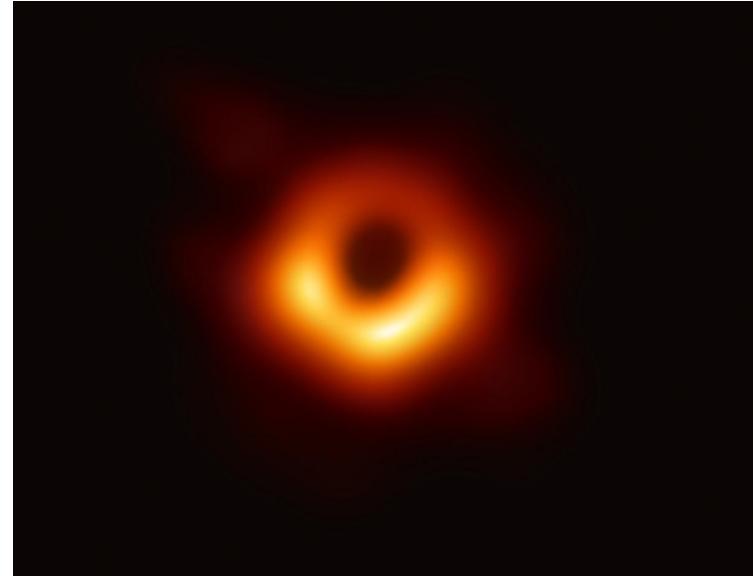
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Atacama Large Millimeter Array
one of the 8 telescope facilities used in imaging a black
hole. By ESO/B. Tafreshi (twanight.org)



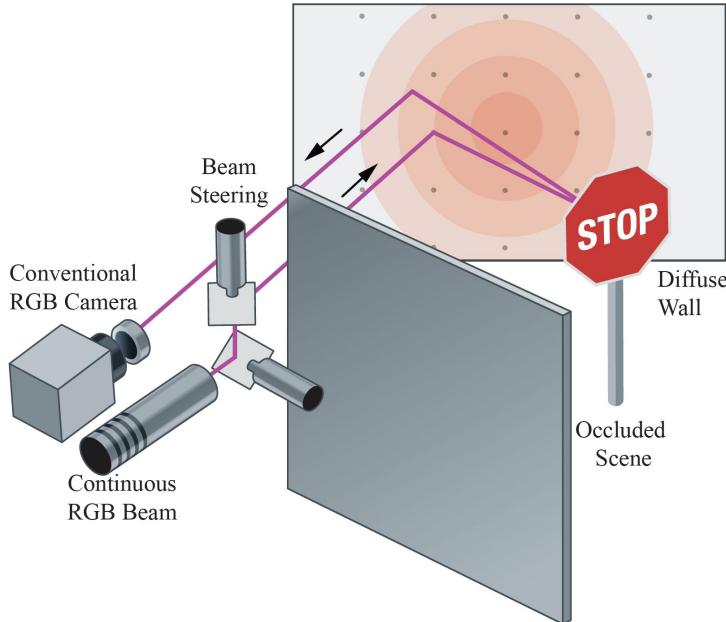
Imaging Black Holes

Source: <https://www.nature.com/articles/35025179>

Applications of Computational Imaging

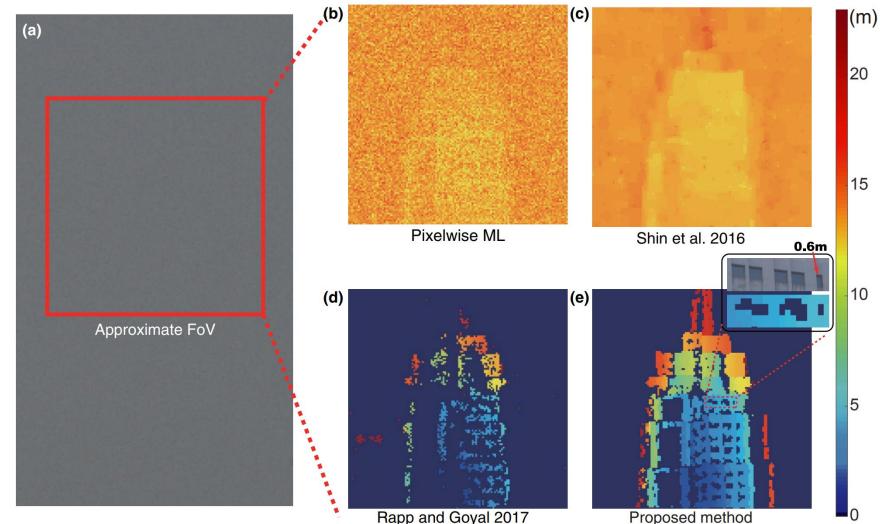


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Non-line-of-sight Imaging

By Felix Heide



Long Range 3D Imaging 45KM

By Jianwei Pan and Feihu Xu

Source: <https://www.cs.princeton.edu/~fheide/steadystatenlos>, <https://opg.optica.org/prj/fulltext.cfm?uri=prj-8-9-1532&id=437808>

Applications of Computational Imaging



香港
The



Facebook and Red 360VR Camera

Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lGkvOgfRPFk>

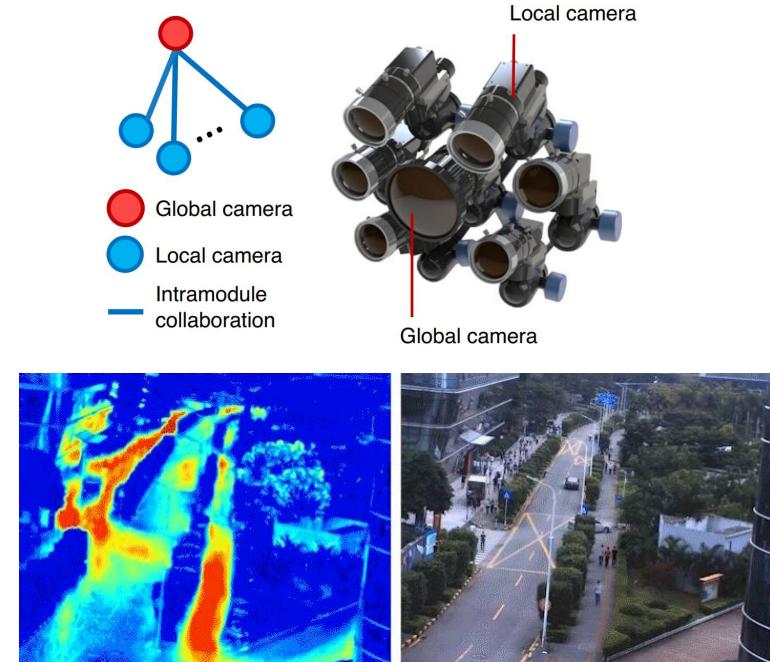
Applications of Computational Imaging



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Light L16



Unstructured Gigapixel Videography
By Qionghai Dai and Lu Fang

Source: <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41377-021-00485-x>

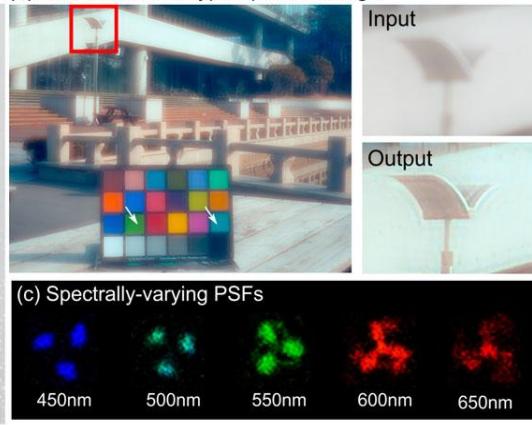


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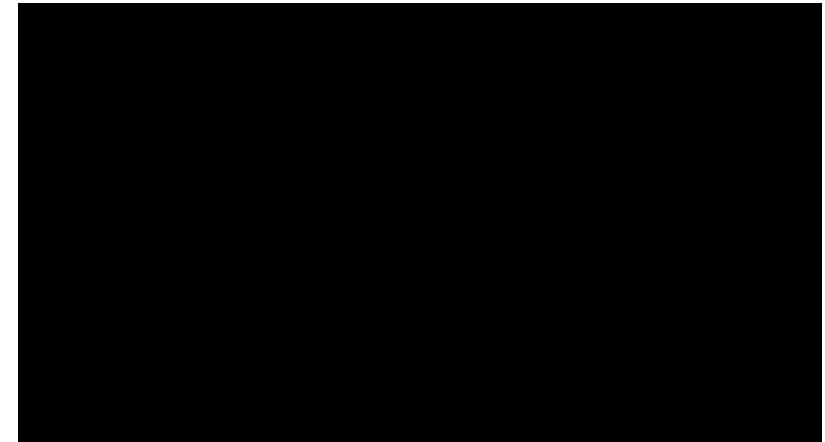
(a) Our DOE & camera



(b) Reconstructed hyperspectral image



(c) Spectrally-varying PSFs



Snapshot Hyperspectral Imaging

Transient Imaging

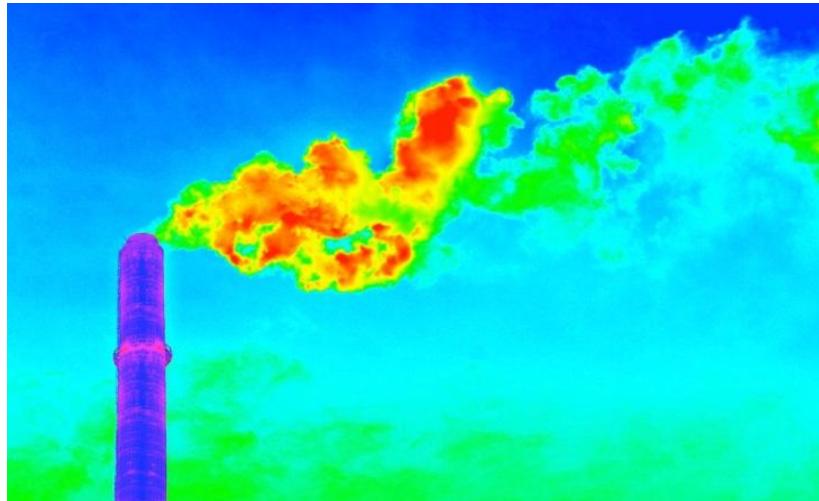
By Qilin

Source:<https://vccimaging.org/>, <https://pointspread.cn>

Applications of Computational Imaging

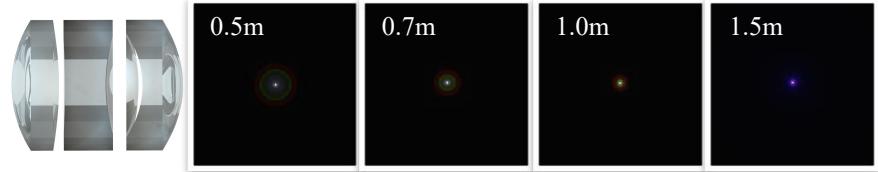


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Smart IR Sensor, Northeastern University

Supported by DARPA, triggered and enabled by signal



Sony standard zoom lens at $50mm/f4.5$

Ours at $50mm/f4$

Extende Depth of Field Imaging

By Qilin, Siggraph 2021

Source:<https://www.digitaltrends.com/cool-tech/darpa-northeastern-infrared-sensor/>, <https://pointspread.cn>

Applications of Computational Imaging



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Raw image without mask



Result without mask



Raw image with mask



Result with mask

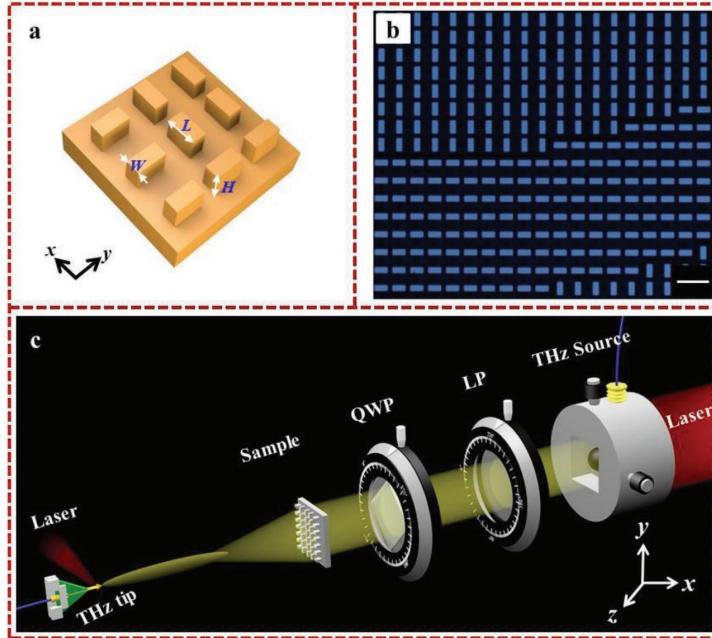
Marine Imaging's Photogrammetry System

Optimal Optics Encoding
By Qilin, TOG/Siggraph 2020

Source:<https://marineimagingtech.com/>, <https://pointspread.cn>

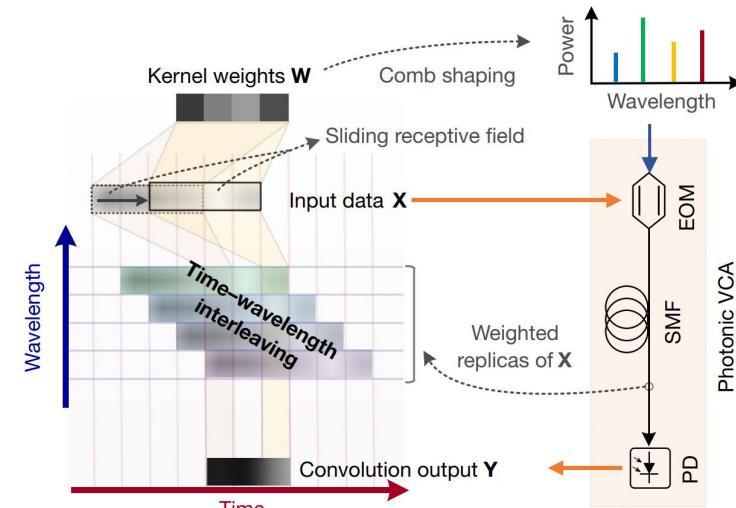


Applications of Computational Imaging



Terahertz Imaging with Metasurface

By Songlin Zhuang, Yiming Zhu



11 TOPS Optical CNN

Source: <https://vccimaging.org>, <https://www.nature.com/articles/s41586-020-03063-0>



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Computational Methodology



(e.g. rendering)

Forward problem

Physical Model

Physical
Properties/Parameters

Observation

Inverse problem

e.g. computer vision



Inverse Problems

- **Forward problems** describe how given physical objects and parameters result in observations, i.e. model->observation
 - These are classical simulation problems, e.g. computer graphics, image operations such as blur filters etc.
- **Inverse problems** describe how to estimate physical objects and parameters from observations, i.e. observation->model
 - Computer vision is in some sense an inverse problem, as are the standard imaging problems covered today
- **Linear inverse problems** are inverse problems where the forward model is a linear operator (e.g. matrix, tensor, etc).

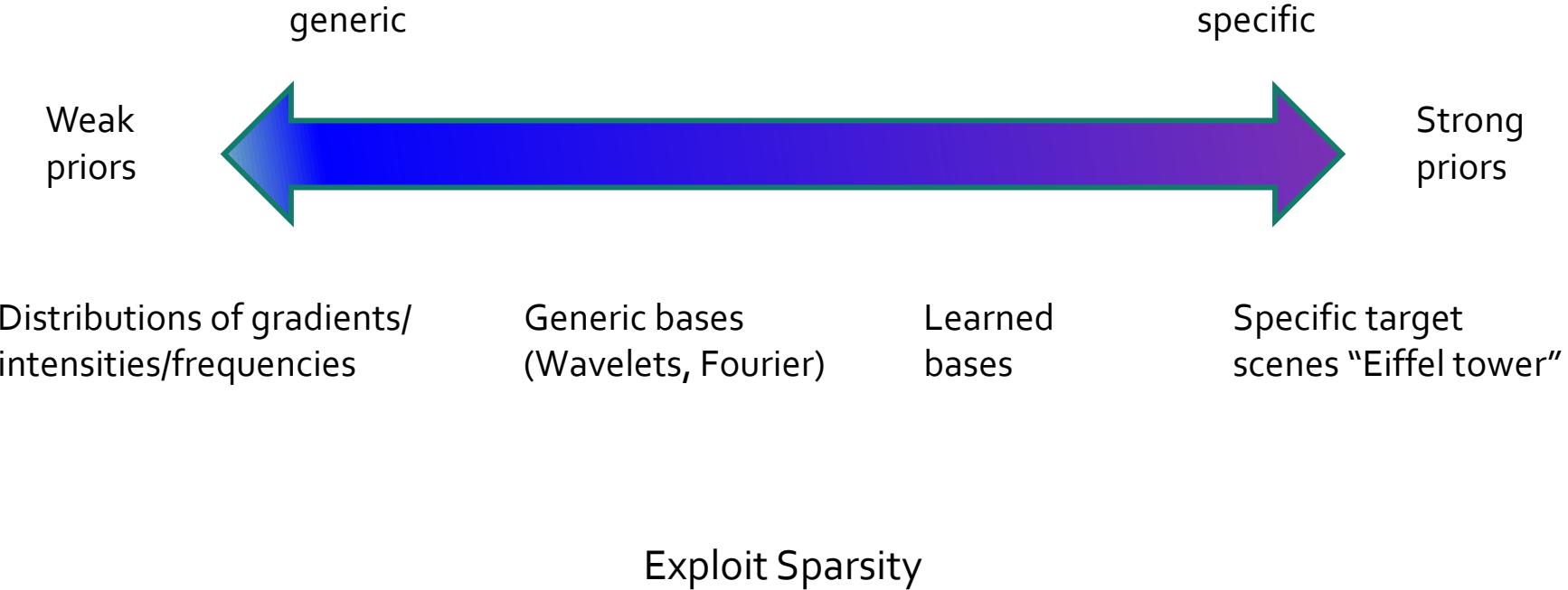
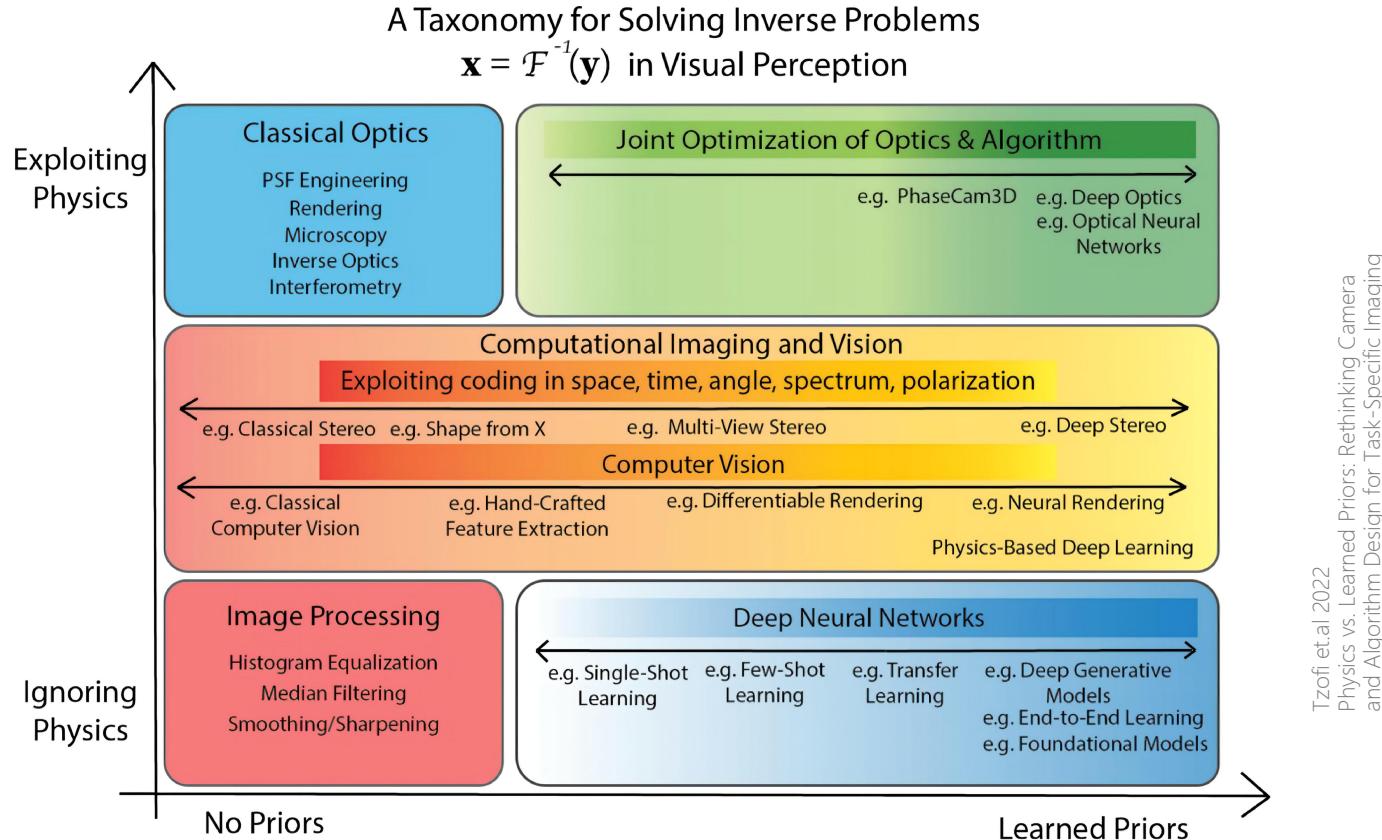




Image Priors





Classification of Computational Imaging Problems

	Space	Time	Angle	Spectrum	Polarization
Coding with Illumination	Direct-Global Separation [16] Photometric Stereo [17]	Light Transport [18], [19] Multipath Interference [20] Fluorescence Imaging [21]	Refraction Measurement [22]	Multispectral Imaging [23] Low-Light Photography [24]	Descattering [25]
Coding with Optics	HDR Imaging [26] Single-Shot Depth [27], [28], [29]	Time Stretch Imaging Motion Deblurring [30]	Digital Refocusing [31] Novel View Estimation [32]	Multispectral Imaging [33], [34], [35], [36], [37]	Shape Estimation [38], [39] Stokes Imaging [40] Light Transport Decomposition [41], [42]
Coding with Sensors	Stereo Vision [43] HDR Imaging [44] Gradient Camera [45]	Depth Estimation (ToF) NLOS Imaging [46] Imaging Through Scattering [47]	Wavefront Sensing [48]	Spatio-Spectral Superresolution [49] Seeing Occluded Objects [50], [51]	3D Imaging [39]

A classification of computational imaging problems based on how physics is encoded



Linear Inverse Problem + Regularization

- Write imaging problem as optimization problem:

$$\hat{\mathbf{x}} = \operatorname{argmin}_{\mathbf{x}} \frac{\mu}{2} \left\| \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{x} \right\|_2^2 + \Gamma(\mathbf{x})$$

Where

- \mathbf{x} is intrinsic/latent image, $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$ is its estimate
- \mathbf{b} is the measurement / observation
- \mathbf{A} describes imaging system
- Γ is an image prior or regularizer

- Examples:

- Deblurring: \mathbf{A} = image blur, \mathbf{b} = blurred image, \mathbf{x} = sharp image
- Tomography: \mathbf{A} = projection matrix, \mathbf{b} = projected images, \mathbf{x} = volume



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Course Road Map



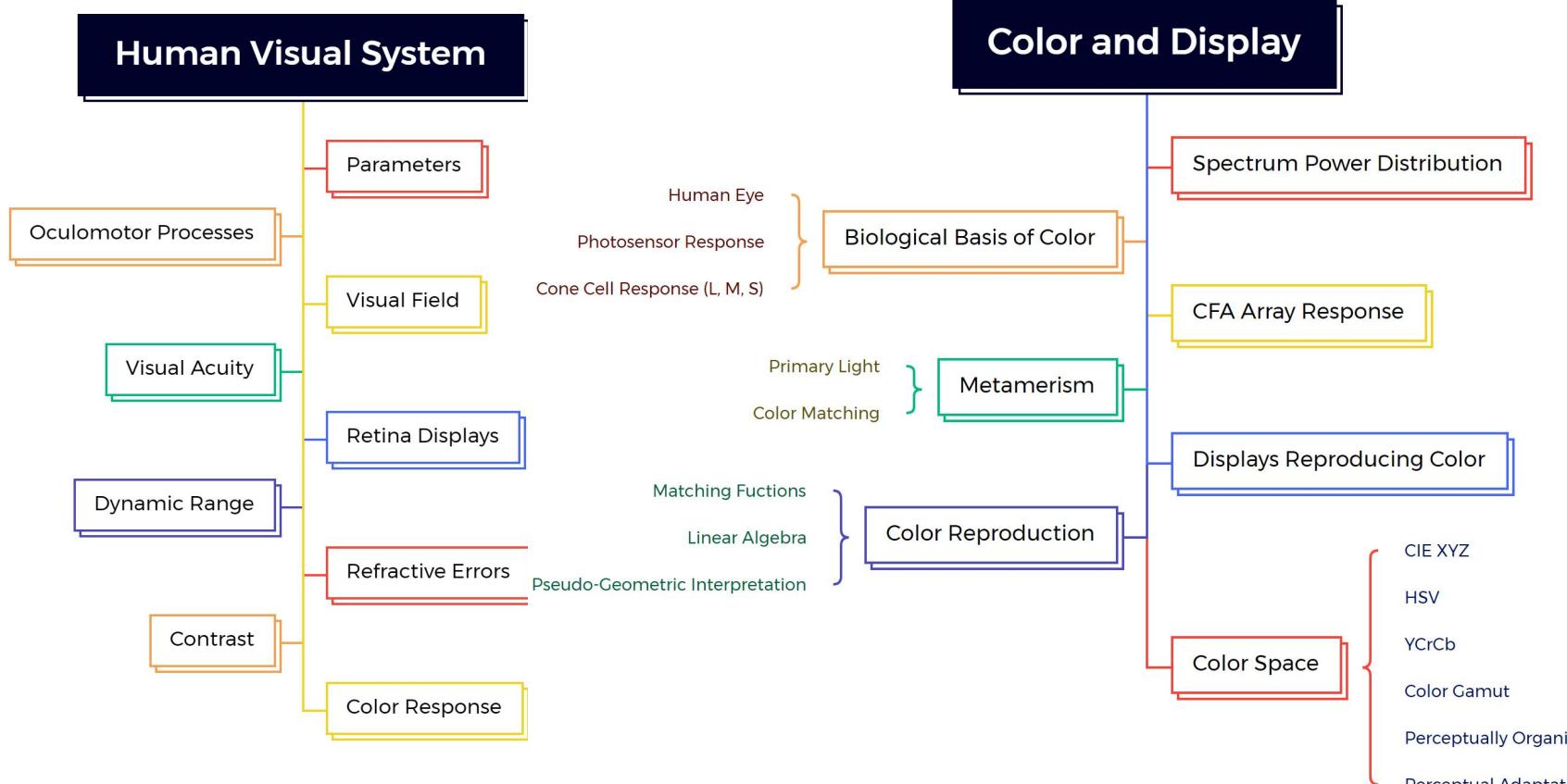
Why Study Computational Imaging?

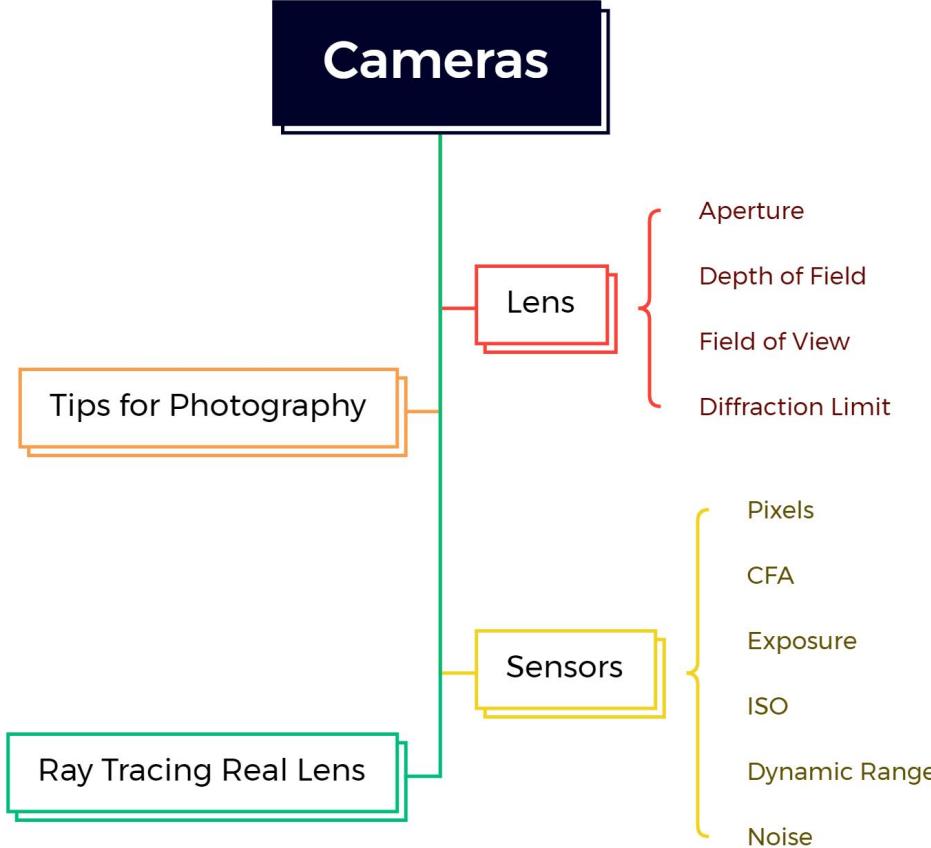
- Huge Market Size: 2024-p 29 Billion USD for just 3D Imaging, AR, VR and MR
- Build the bridge from realistic world to virtual world!
- A revolution of capturing the information

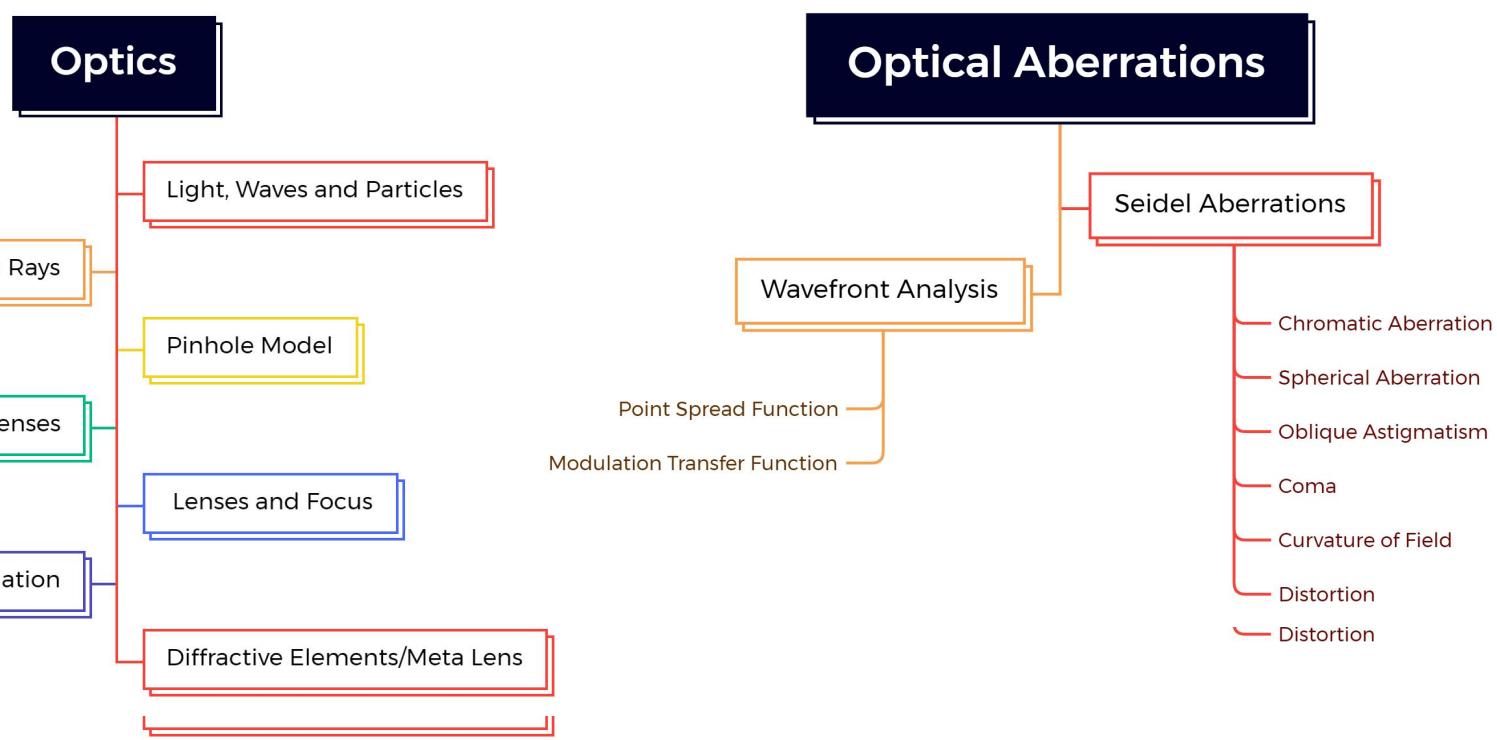
- Huge imaginary space!
- Fascinating!



Human Visual System, Color and Display

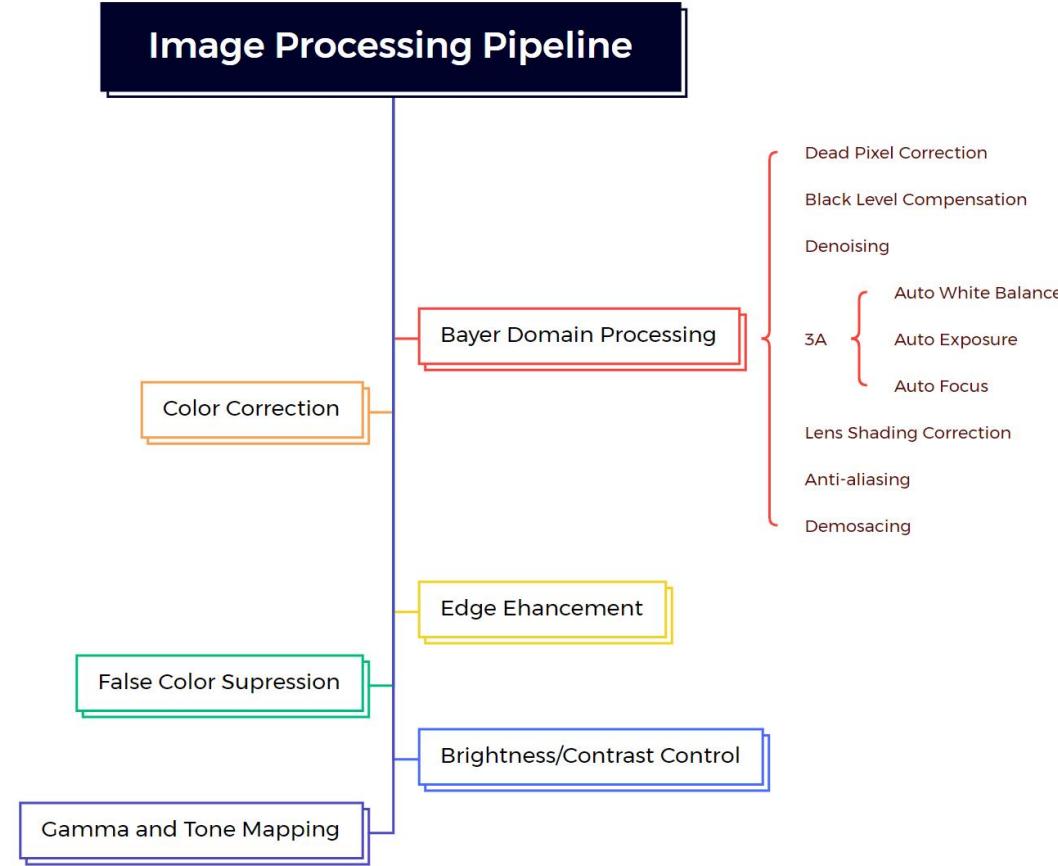






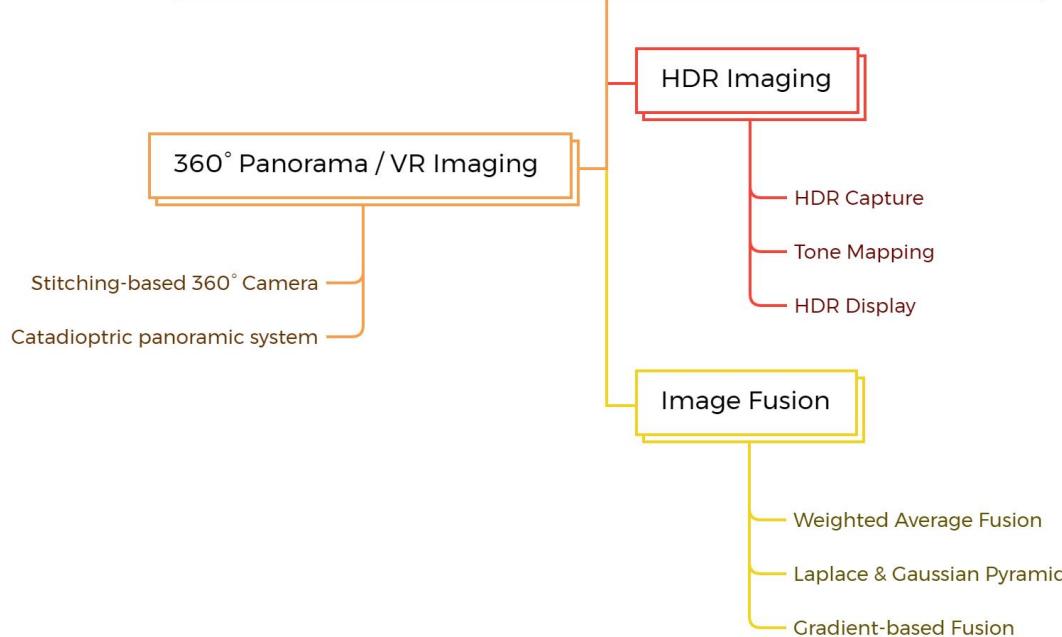


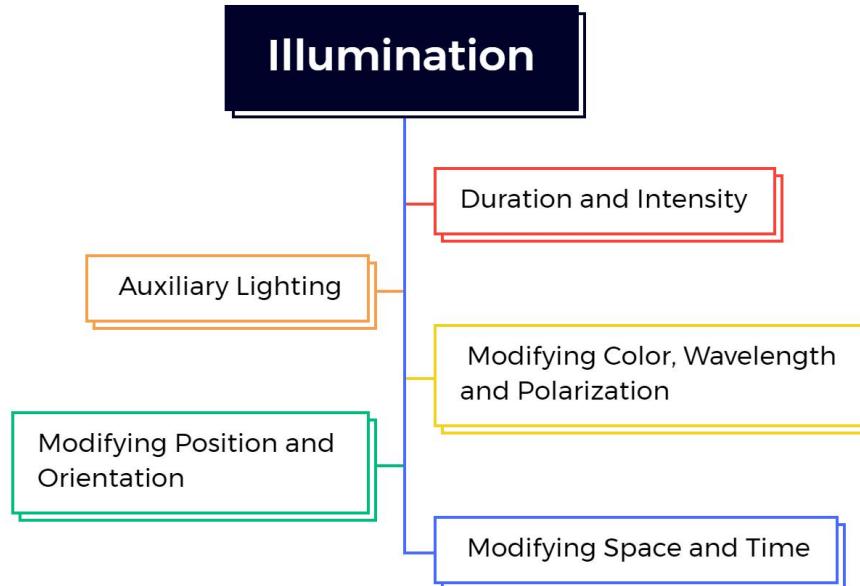
Imaging Toolkit: Image Processing Pipeline





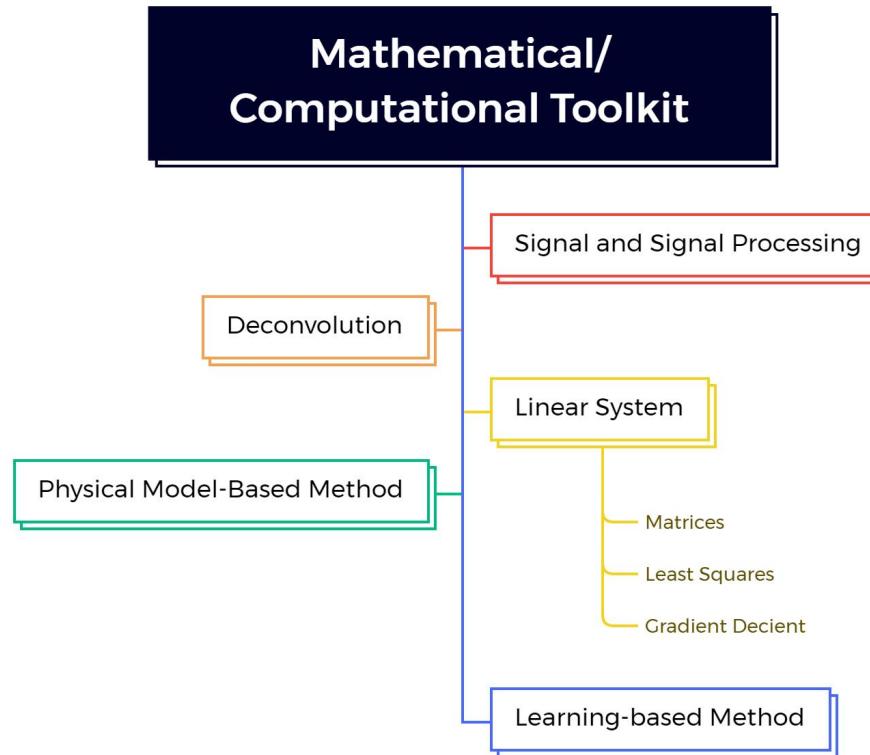
Advanced Image Processing





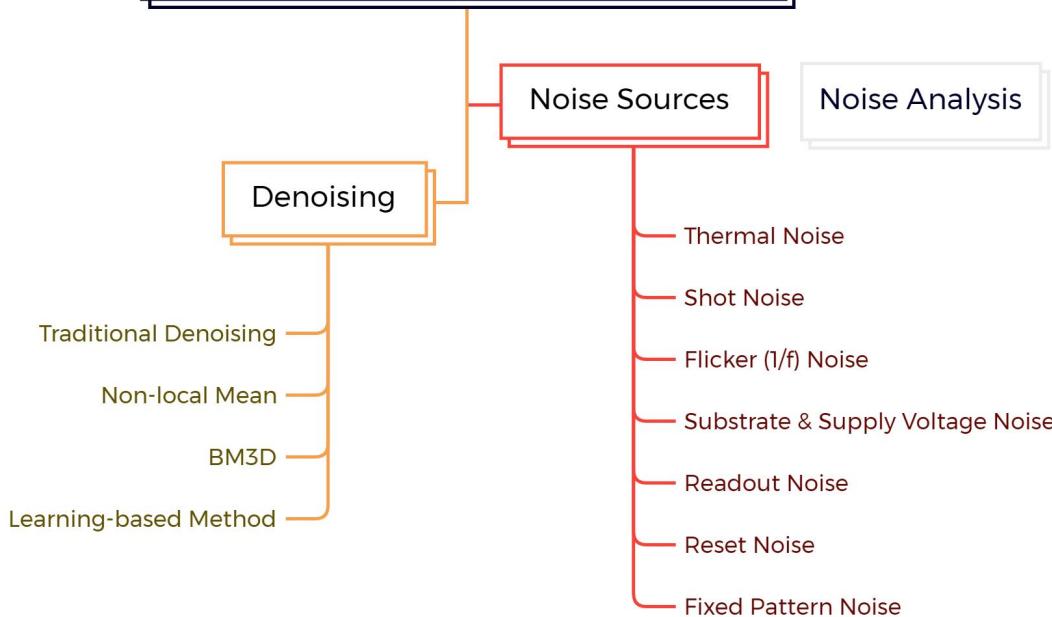


Mathematical/Computational Toolkit



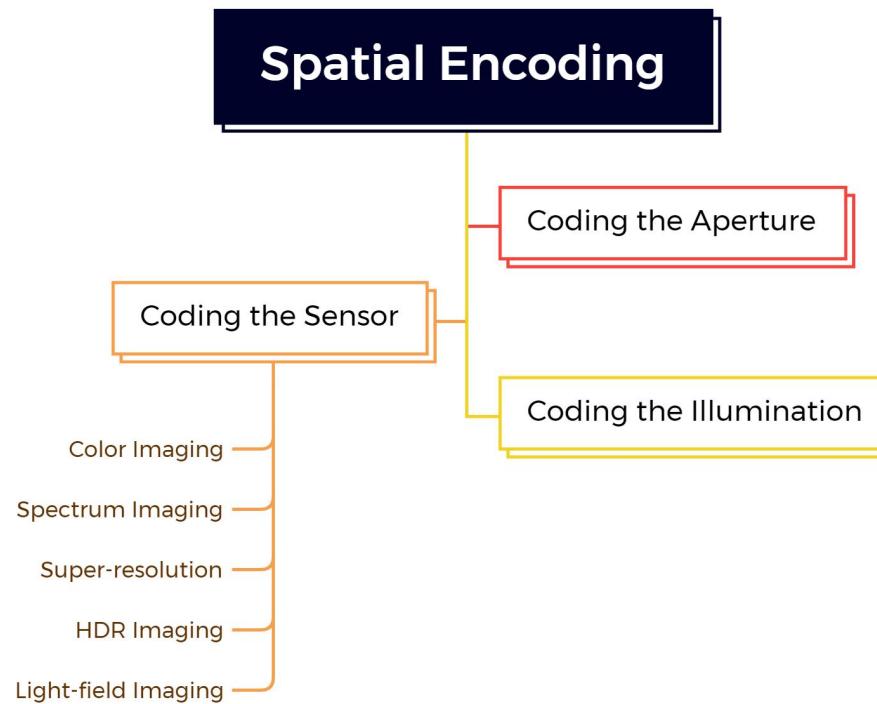


Noise and Denoising





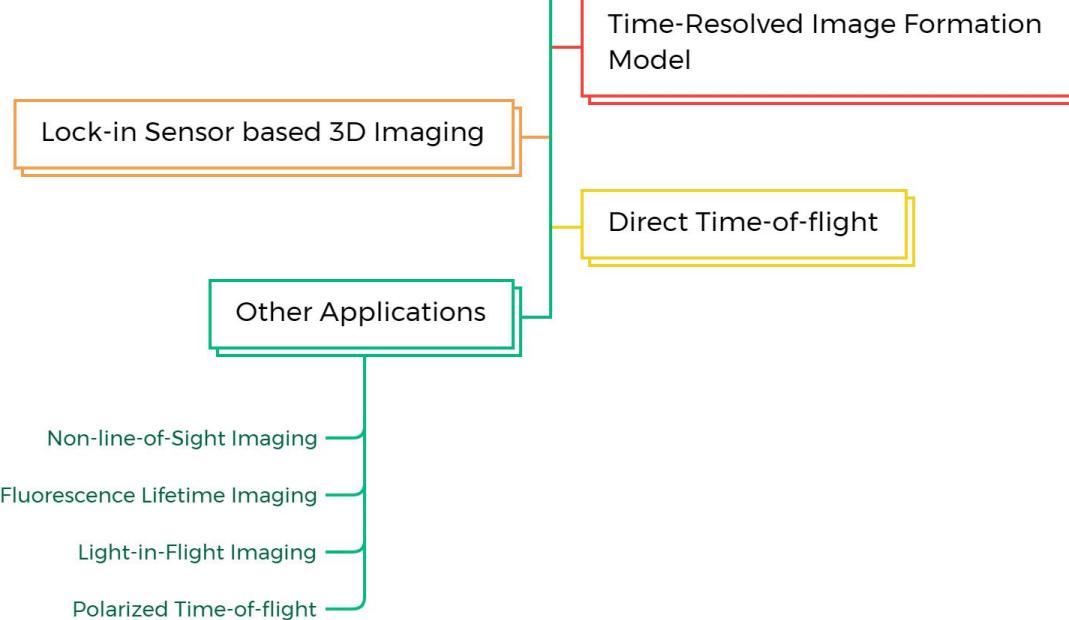
Spatial Encoding





Temporal Encoding

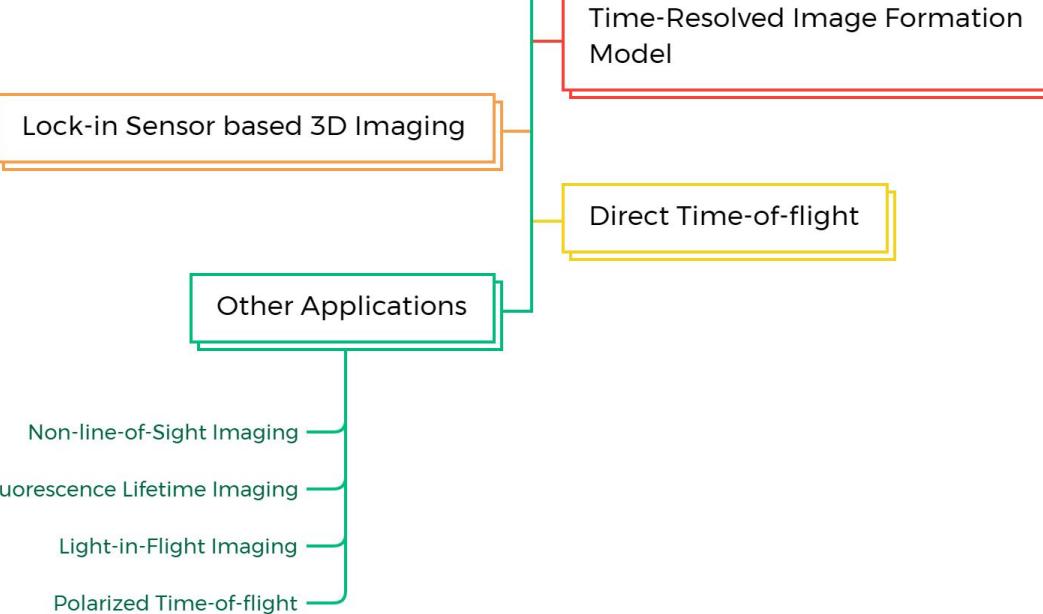
Temporal Encoding





Temporal Encoding

Temporal Encoding





Light-field Imaging

Spectrum Imaging

Polarimetric Imaging

**Differentiable End-to-End
Camera Design**

A lot of interesting Topics!



Today's Topic

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Computational Imaging

Thank You!



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