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**Alliance**

## **RFC 208 Metatype Annotations**

Draft

28 Pages

### **Abstract**

This RFC introduces annotations for the Metatype specification which can be use to annotate Java types so that tools can generate Meta Type Resources from the type declaration.

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# 0 Document Information

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## 0.3 Feedback

This document can be downloaded from the OSGi Alliance design repository at <https://github.com/osgi/design>. The public can provide feedback about this document by opening a bug at <https://www.osgi.org/bugzilla/>.

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## 0.5 Terminology and Document Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY" and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in 1.

Source code is shown in this typeface.

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## 0.6 Revision History

The last named individual in this history is currently responsible for this document.

Revision	Date	Comments
Initial	2013-11-19	Initial draft. BJ Hargrave, IBM
2 <sup>nd</sup>	2013-11-20	Updated after feedback from Peter Kriens. Replaced Designate annotation with designate and designateFactory elements on the ObjectClassDefinition annotation. Also added icon element (and Icon annotation) to ObjectClassDefinition. BJ Hargrave. IBM
3 <sup>rd</sup>	2013-11-21	Updates from CPEG meeting. Remove id element from AttributeDefinition. Change annotations to CLASS retention. Rename designate elements to pid. Allow negative cardinality values to mean List. Allow ObjectClassDefinition to be applied to interfaces. Update Meta Type spec to replace use of Vector with List. BJ Hargrave, IBM
4 <sup>th</sup>	2013-12-05	Accepted changes after review at CPEG meeting. BJ Hargrave, IBM

Revision	Date	Comments
5 <sup>th</sup>	2014-06-25	Added Designate annotation to replace pid/factoryPid elements of <u>ObjectClassDefinition</u> .  BJ Hargrave, IBM

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# 1 Introduction

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The Metatype specification defines a Meta Type Resource format which can be used by Meta Type Service implementations. These resources are XML documents which conform to the Meta Type Resource XML Schema. RFC 190 introduces annotation configuration types to DS so that developers can access their configuration (component properties) in a type safe way. Since the configuration is now describable as a Java type, this RFC will also allow the type to document the Meta Type information about the configuration so that tools can generate Meta Type Resources from the Java type.

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# 2 Application Domain

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OSGi has long had the Meta Type specification which defines meta type information for configurations which are stored in Configuration Admin service. The Meta Type definitions are useful by GUIs to allow users to define actual configurations by providing information about the expected data types and values including localized information for a GUI. Meta Type specification also defines a Meta Type Resource format which is an XML document that can be contained in a bundle and processed by the Meta Type service.

Declarative Services uses configurations from Configuration Admin service as component properties for components. RFC 190 is updating DS to allow the component properties to be “shaped” into annotation types to provide components type-safe access to their component properties.

RFC 179 “DS Updates for Configurable” is an RFC which is no longer being worked but which contains the seed of the design now being using in RFC 190 for the configuration annotation types. RFC 179 is based upon RFC 178 “Configurable” which includes design ideas on annotations of these types for Meta Type support.

Bnd has also provided support for Meta Type annotations. See <http://www.aqute.biz/Bnd/MetaType>. The Meta.OCD and Meta.AD annotations were inputs to RFC 178.

## 3 Problem Description

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Writing Meta Type Resource documents requires the programmer to author an XML document which both conforms to the Meta Type XML schema and accurately reflects the data and data types in the configuration. The programmer must keep changes to the program using the configuration and the XML document in sync. This can be difficult during refactoring and hard to validate during testing to avoid allowing errors from being propagated.

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## 4 Requirements

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MTA-0100 – Meta Type resource information must be able to be described in Java source code. This allows for compiler checking of types and refactoring support.

MTA-0200 – Must be able to mark a configuration annotation type (from RFC 190) as a source for Meta Type information.

MTA-0300 – Defaults for meta type information must be derivable from the marked type.

MTA-0400 – The programmer must be able to supply meta type information to override the defaults.

MTA-0500 – Tools must be able to process the meta type information specified in the source so that Meta Type Resource XML documents can be automatically generated.

MTA-0600 – Meta type information from the source files must also be present in the generated class files so tools do not need to process the source files.

---

## 5 Technical Solution

---

### 5.1 Introduction

Annotations are defined that can applied to the configuration annotation types from RFC 190. An example from RFC 190:

```
@interface Config {
```

```

    boolean enabled() default true;
    String[] names() default {"a", "b"};
    String topic() default MyComponent.DEFAULT_TOPIC_PREFIX + "/topic";
}

@Component
public class MyComponent {
    static final String DEFAULT_TOPIC_PREFIX = "topic.prefix";
    protected void activate(Config configuration) {
        String t = configuration.topic();
    }
}

```

In this example, the Config annotation type is used as a configuration type which is used by the activate method. The Config type describes the “shape” of the configuration and can be used to also describe the meta type information. If we annotate the Config type with the new ObjectClassDefinition annotation,

```

@ObjectClassDefinition
@interface Config {
    boolean enabled() default true;
    String[] names() default {"a", "b"};
    String topic() default MyComponent.DEFAULT_TOPIC_PREFIX + "/topic";
}

@Component
@Designate(ocd = Config.class)
public class MyComponent {
    static final String DEFAULT_TOPIC_PREFIX = "topic.prefix";
    protected void activate(Config configuration) {
        String t = configuration.topic();
    }
}

```

a tool (like bnd) processing the bundle can automatically generate a Meta Type Resource XML document from the information in the Config type. The main purpose of these annotations is to generate Meta Type Resource XML documents from the configuration annotations.

In this larger example:

```

@ObjectClassDefinition(localization = "OSGI-INF/l10n/test",
    description = "%test.description",
    name = "%test.name"
    pid = "test.pid",
    icon = @Icon(resource = "icon/test-32.png", size = 32))
public @interface Test {
    @AttributeDefinition(type = AttributeType.PASSWORD,
        description = "%test.password.description",
        name = "%test.password.name")
    public String _password();

    @AttributeDefinition(options = {
        @Option(label = "%strategic", value = "strategic"),
        @Option(label = "%principal", value = "principal"),
        @Option(label = "%contributing", value = "contributing")
    },
        defaultValue = "contributing",

```

```
        description = "%test.membertype.description",
        name = "%test.membertype.name")
    public String memberType();

    public String my_prop();
}

@Component(configurationPid = "test.pid")
@Designate(oed = Config.class)
public class MyComponent {
    static final String DEFAULT_TOPIC_PREFIX = "topic.prefix";
    protected void activate(Config configuration) {
        String t = configuration.topic();
    }
}
```

we can see more extensive use of the new annotations. `ObjectClassDefinition` marks the `Test` type as a configuration type for which a meta type resource should be generated. It further defines meta type information including the description and name which are to be localized using the specified resource as well as [a pid and an icon resource](#). `AttributeDefinition` marks elements of the `Test` type to provide meta type information. If meta type information is not provided by the annotation declaration, default information must be generated from the annotated type. [The `Designate` annotation on the components connects the `ObjectClassDefinition` defined above with the pid of the component.](#)

This RFC is tied to RFC 190 in that the annotations defined here are to be applied to the configuration annotation types defined by RFC 190.

---

## 5.2 @ObjectClassDefinition

The `ObjectClassDefinition` annotation is applied to a type to mark it for processing into a Meta Type Resource XML document.

The `ObjectClassDefinition` annotation can be applied without defining any element values as defaults can be generated from the annotated type. The following elements are defined:

- **name** – (String) A human readable name of the object, can be localized if it starts with a % sign. The default is a string derived from the id where `_`, `$`, or camel casing is used to provide spaces. The name becomes the value of the `name` attribute of the `OCD` element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.
- **id** – (String) The id of the object, the default is the fully qualified name of the type with a `$` as separator for nested classes. This is not to be confused with a `PID` which can be specified by the `pid` or `factoryPid` element. The id becomes the value of the `id` attribute of the `OCD` element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.
- **localization** – (String) The localization resource of the object. This refers to a resource property entry in the bundle that can be augmented with locale information. The default is the fully qualified name of the class prefixed by `"OSGI-INF/110n/"`. The localization becomes the value of the `localization` attribute of the `OCD` element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.
- **description** – (String) A human readable description that can be localized when it starts with %. Default is the empty string. The description becomes the value of the `description` attribute of the `OCD` element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.



- ~~pid — (String[]) The PIDs associated with the ObjectClassDefinition. The default is no associated PIDs. The pid information becomes a set of Designate elements for each pid which reference the OCD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.~~
- ~~factoryPid — (String[]) The factory PIDs associated with the ObjectClassDefinition. The default is no associated factory PIDs. The factory pid information becomes a set of Designate elements for each factoryPid which reference the OCD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.~~
- icon — (Icon[]) Specify icons (resource name and size). The default is no icon information. The icon information becomes a set of Icon elements of the OCD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.

Each method of the `type` annotated by `ObjectClassDefinition` is mapped to an AD child element of the OCD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document. The `AttributeDefinition` annotation only needs to be applied if values other than the defaults are desired.

### 5.3 @AttributeDefinition

The `AttributeDefinition` annotation is an optional annotation which can be applied to elements in a configuration annotation type annotated by `ObjectClassDefinition`. Each element of the configuration annotation type annotated by `ObjectClassDefinition` is mapped to an AD child element of the OCD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document. The `AttributeDefinition` annotation only needs to be applied if values other than the defaults are desired. The id of the `AttributeDefinition` is generated from the annotated element name as specified in RFC 190 section 5.6.2 (e.g. removal of dollar sign and converting underscore to dot). The id becomes the value of the id attribute of the AD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document and is used as the name of the configuration property. The following elements are defined:

- name — (String) A human readable name of the attribute, can be localized if it starts with a % sign. The default is a string derived from the method name where `_`, `$`, or camel casing is used to provide spaces. The name becomes the value of the name attribute of the AD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.
- description — (String) A human readable description that can be localized if it starts with %. Default is the empty string. The description becomes the value of the description attribute of the AD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.
- type — (AttributeType) The type of the attribute. This must be one of the types defined in the Metatype specification. The default is derived from the type of the element. Class and Enum types are mapped to String. Annotation types are not supported. A tool processing the annotation should declare an error during processing in this case. The type is used to select the value of the type attribute of the AD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.
- cardinality — (int) The cardinality of the attribute. The default is 0 if the element is not an array and a large positive number if the element is an array type. If the element is an array type, a negative value can be specified to indicate the property value should be a list instead of an array. The cardinality becomes the value of the cardinality attribute of the AD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.
- min — (String) The minimum value allowed for this attribute. There is no default. The min becomes the value of the min attribute of the AD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.
- max — (String) The maximum value allowed for this attribute. There is no default. The max becomes the value of the max attribute of the AD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.

- **defaultValue** – (String[]) The default values. The defaultValues are concatenated into a comma delimited list to become the value of the default attribute of the AD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.
- **required** – (boolean) Indicates if this attribute is required. The default is true. The required becomes the value of the required attribute of the AD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.
- **options** - (Option[]) Specify options (value and optional label). There is only a default if the element type is an Enum or Enum[] in which case the label is the enum element toString() output and the value is the enum element name() output. The options information becomes a set of Option elements of the AD element in the generated Meta Type Resource XML document.

---

## 5.4 @Designate

The Designate annotation can be applied to a Declarative Services component class to make the connection between the pid of the component and an ObjectClassDefinition. This annotation must be used on a type that is also annotated with the Declarative Services @Component annotation. The component must only have a single PID which is used for the generated Designate} element.

- **ocd** – (Class) A class which is annotated with the ObjectClassDefinition annotation. The id of the referenced ObjectClassDefinition is used for the ocdref attribute in the generated Designate element.
- **factory** – (boolean) If false, then the PID value from the annotated component will be used in the attribute of the generated Designate element. If true, then the PID value from the annotated component will be used in the factoryPid attribute of the generated Designate element.

---

## 5.5 @Option

The Option annotation is only used for the options element of the AttributeDefinition annotation to allow specifying label/value pair for an AttributeDefinition.

---

## 5.6 @Icon

The Icon annotation is only used for the icon element of the ObjectClassDefinition annotation to allow specifying a icon resource/size pair.

---

## 5.7 Other Changes

Since this RFC will modify the Meta Type Specification and bump its version to 1.3, we can also pick up some minor Meta Type bugs awaiting a specification version change. The metatype package should also be updated to use the new package and type annotations from RFC 197.

### 5.7.1 Bug 2436

The schema is fixed to use “Character” instead of “Char” to match the proper Java type name and other OSGi specifications like DS and RSA.

### 5.7.2 Bug 2540

The schema is modified to allow more flexible ordering of elements.

### 5.7.3 List replaces Vector

The Meta Type specification will be updated to refer to List instead of Vector. A Vector is a List and List is the more modern type

---

## 6 Javadoc

---

More Javadoc detail will be added after the first review round of this RFC.

## OSGi Javadoc

6/25/14 6:54 PM

Package Summary		Page
<a href="http://org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations">org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations</a>	Metatype Annotations Package Version 1.3.	13

## Package org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations

```
@org.osgi.annotation.versioning.Version(value="1.3")
```

Metatype Annotations Package Version 1.3.

See:

[Description](#)

Enum Summary		Page
<a href="#">AttributeType</a>	Attribute types for the <a href="#">AttributeDefinition</a> annotation.	18

Annotation Types Summary		Page
<a href="#">AttributeDefinition</a>	AttributeDefinition information for the annotated method.	14
<a href="#">Designate</a>	Generate a Meta Type Resource using the annotated Declarative Services component as the PID value for a Designate element.	22
<a href="#">Icon</a>	Icon information for an <a href="#">ObjectClassDefinition</a> .	23
<a href="#">ObjectClassDefinition</a>	Generate a Meta Type Resource using the annotated type as an ObjectClassDefinition.	24
<a href="#">Option</a>	Option information for an <a href="#">AttributeDefinition</a> .	26

## Package org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations Description

Metatype Annotations Package Version 1.3.

Bundles wishing to use this package must list the package in the Import-Package header of the bundle's manifest. This package has two types of users: the consumers that use the API in this package and the providers that implement the API in this package.

Example import for consumers using the API in this package:

```
Import-Package: org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations; version="[1.3,2.0) "
```

Example import for providers implementing the API in this package:

```
Import-Package: org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations; version="[1.3,1.4) "
```

## Annotation Type AttributeDefinition

[org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations](http://org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations)

```
@Retention(value=RetentionPolicy.CLASS)
@Target(value=ElementType.METHOD)
public @interface AttributeDefinition
```

AttributeDefinition information for the annotated method.

Each method of a type annotated by [ObjectClassDefinition](#) has an implied AttributeDefinition annotation. This annotation is only used to specify non-default AttributeDefinition information.

The `id` of this AttributeDefinition is generated from the name of the annotated method. The annotated method name is processed from left to right changing each character as follows:

- [ A dollar sign ( '\$ ' \u0024 ) is removed unless it is followed by another dollar sign in which case the two consecutive dollar signs ( '\$\$ ' ) are changed to a single dollar sign.
- [ A low line ( ' \_ ' \u005F ) is changed to a full stop ( ' . ' \u002E ) unless is it followed by another low line in which case the two consecutive low lines ( ' \_\_ ' ) are changed to a single low line.
- [ All other characters are unchanged.

This `id` is the value of the `id` attribute of the generate AD element and is used as the name of the corresponding configuration property.

This annotation is not processed at runtime. It must be processed by tools and used to generate a Meta Type Resource document for the bundle.

### See Also:

"The AD element of a Meta Type Resource."

Required Element Summary		Page
int	<a href="#">cardinality</a> The cardinality of this AttributeDefinition.	15
String[]	<a href="#">defaultValue</a> The default value for this AttributeDefinition.	16
String	<a href="#">description</a> The human readable description of this AttributeDefinition.	15
String	<a href="#">max</a> The maximum value for this AttributeDefinition.	16
String	<a href="#">min</a> The minimum value for this AttributeDefinition.	16
String	<a href="#">name</a> The human readable name of this AttributeDefinition.	14
<a href="#">Option[]</a>	<a href="#">options</a> The option information for this AttributeDefinition.	16
boolean	<a href="#">required</a> The required value for this AttributeDefinition.	16
<a href="#">AttributeType</a>	<a href="#">type</a> The type of this AttributeDefinition.	15

## Element Detail

### name

```
public abstract String name
```

The human readable name of this AttributeDefinition.

If not specified, the name of this AttributeDefinition is derived from the name of the annotated method. For example, low line ( `'_'` \u005F) and dollar sign ( `'$'` \u0024) are replaced with space ( `' '` \u0020) and space is inserted between camel case words.

If the name begins with the percent sign ( `'%'` \u0025), the name can be [localized](#).

**Default:**

""

**See Also:**

"The name attribute of the AD element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## description

```
public abstract String description
```

The human readable description of this AttributeDefinition.

If not specified, the description of this AttributeDefinition is the empty string.

If the description begins with the percent sign ( `'%'` \u0025), the description can be [localized](#).

**Default:**

""

**See Also:**

"The description attribute of the AD element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## type

```
public abstract AttributeType type
```

The type of this AttributeDefinition.

This must be one of the defined [attributes types](#).

If not specified, the type is derived from the return type of the annotated method. Return types of `Class` and `Enum` are mapped to [STRING](#). A tool processing the annotation should declare an error for unsupported return types.

**Default:**

[AttributeType.STRING](#)

**See Also:**

"The type attribute of the AD element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## cardinality

```
public abstract int cardinality
```

The cardinality of this AttributeDefinition.

If not specified, the cardinality is derived from the return type of the annotated method. For non-array and non-Collection return types, that is a scalar type, the cardinality is 0. For array return types, the cardinality is a large positive value. For Collection return types, the cardinality is a large negative value.

**Default:**

0

**See Also:**

"The cardinality attribute of the AD element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## min

```
public abstract String min
```

The minimum value for this *AttributeDefinition*.

If not specified, there is no minimum value.

**Default:**  
""

**See Also:**  
"The min attribute of the AD element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## max

```
public abstract String max
```

The maximum value for this *AttributeDefinition*.

If not specified, there is no maximum value.

**Default:**  
""

**See Also:**  
"The max attribute of the AD element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## defaultValue

```
public abstract String[] defaultValue
```

The default value for this *AttributeDefinition*.

If not specified, if the annotated element is part of an annotation and has a `default` value, then the value is the `default` value of the annotated element. Otherwise, there is no default value.

**Default:**  
{}

**See Also:**  
"The default attribute of the AD element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## required

```
public abstract boolean required
```

The required value for this *AttributeDefinition*.

If not specified, the value is `true`.

**Default:**  
`true`

**See Also:**  
"The required attribute of the AD element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## options

```
public abstract Option[] options
```



The option information for this *AttributeDefinition*.

For each specified [Option](#), an `Option` element is generated for this *AttributeDefinition*. If not specified, no `Option` elements will be generated.

**Default:**

`{}`

**See Also:**

"The `Option` element of a Meta Type Resource."

## Enum AttributeType

[org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations](#)

```
java.lang.Object
└─ java.lang.Enum<AttributeType>
    └─ org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations.AttributeType
```

### All Implemented Interfaces:

Comparable<[AttributeType](#)>, Serializable

---

```
public enum AttributeType
extends Enum<AttributeType>
```

Attribute types for the [AttributeDefinition](#) annotation.

### See Also:

[AttributeDefinition.type\(\)](#)

---

Enum Constant Summary		Page
<a href="#">BOOLEAN</a>	The Boolean type.	20
<a href="#">BYTE</a>	The Byte type.	19
<a href="#">CHARACTER</a>	The Character type.	19
<a href="#">DOUBLE</a>	The Double type.	20
<a href="#">FLOAT</a>	The Float type.	20
<a href="#">INTEGER</a>	The Integer type.	19
<a href="#">LONG</a>	The Long type.	19
<a href="#">PASSWORD</a>	The Password type.	20
<a href="#">SHORT</a>	The Short type.	19
<a href="#">STRING</a>	The String type.	19

Method Summary		Page
String	<a href="#">toString()</a>	21
static <a href="#">AttributeType</a> <a href="#">type</a>	<a href="#">valueOf</a> (String name)	20
static <a href="#">AttributeType</a> <a href="#">type</a> []	<a href="#">values</a> ()	20

## Enum Constant Detail

### STRING

```
public static final AttributeType STRING
```

The `String` type.

Attributes of this type should be stored as `String`, `List<String>` or `String[]` objects, depending on the [cardinality](#) value.

---

### LONG

```
public static final AttributeType LONG
```

The `Long` type.

Attributes of this type should be stored as `Long`, `List<Long>` or `long[]` objects, depending on the `AttributeDefinition#cardinality()` cardinality value.

---

### INTEGER

```
public static final AttributeType INTEGER
```

The `Integer` type.

Attributes of this type should be stored as `Integer`, `List<Integer>` or `int[]` objects, depending on the `AttributeDefinition#cardinality()` cardinality value.

---

### SHORT

```
public static final AttributeType SHORT
```

The `Short` type.

Attributes of this type should be stored as `Short`, `List<Short>` or `short[]` objects, depending on the `AttributeDefinition#cardinality()` cardinality value.

---

### CHARACTER

```
public static final AttributeType CHARACTER
```

The `Character` type.

Attributes of this type should be stored as `Character`, `List<Character>` or `char[]` objects, depending on the `AttributeDefinition#cardinality()` cardinality value.

---

### BYTE

```
public static final AttributeType BYTE
```

The `Byte` type.

Attributes of this type should be stored as `Byte`, `List<Byte>` or `byte[]` objects, depending on the `AttributeDefinition#cardinality()` cardinality value.

---

## DOUBLE

```
public static final AttributeType DOUBLE
```

The `Double` type.

Attributes of this type should be stored as `Double`, `List<Double>` or `double[]` objects, depending on the `AttributeDefinition#cardinality()` cardinality value.

---

## FLOAT

```
public static final AttributeType FLOAT
```

The `Float` type.

Attributes of this type should be stored as `Float`, `List<Float>` or `float[]` objects, depending on the `AttributeDefinition#cardinality()` cardinality value.

---

## BOOLEAN

```
public static final AttributeType BOOLEAN
```

The `Boolean` type.

Attributes of this type should be stored as `Boolean`, `List<Boolean>` or `boolean[]` objects depending on `AttributeDefinition#cardinality()` cardinality.

---

## PASSWORD

```
public static final AttributeType PASSWORD
```

The `Password` type.

Attributes of this type must be stored as `String`, `List<String>` or `String[]` objects depending on [cardinality](#).

A `Password` must be treated as a `String` but the type can be used to disguise the information when displayed to a user to prevent it from being seen.

---

## Method Detail

### values

```
public static AttributeType[] values()
```

---

### valueOf

```
public static AttributeType valueOf(String name)
```

---

## **toString**

```
public String toString()
```

### **Overrides:**

`toString` in class `Enum`

## Annotation Type Designate

[org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations](http://org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations)

---

```
@Retention(value=RetentionPolicy.CLASS)
@Target(value=ElementType.TYPE)
public @interface Designate
```

Generate a Meta Type Resource using the annotated Declarative Services component as the PID value for a `Designate` element.

This annotation must be used on a type that is also annotated with the Declarative Services `Component` annotation. The component must only have a single PID which is used for the generated `Designate` element.

This annotation is not processed at runtime. It must be processed by tools and used to generate a Meta Type Resource document for the bundle.

### See Also:

"The Designate element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

Required Element Summary		Page
boolean	<a href="#">factory</a> Specifies whether this Designate is for a factory PID.	22
Class<?>	<a href="#">ocd</a> The type of the <a href="#">ObjectClassDefinition</a> for this Designate.	22

## Element Detail

### **ocd**

```
public abstract Class<?> ocd
```

The type of the [ObjectClassDefinition](#) for this Designate.

The specified type must be annotated with [ObjectClassDefinition](#).

### See Also:

"The ocdref attribute of the Designate element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

### **factory**

```
public abstract boolean factory
```

Specifies whether this Designate is for a factory PID.

If `false`, then the PID value from the annotated component will be used in the `pid` attribute of the generated `Designate` element. If `true`, then the PID value from the annotated component will be used in the `factoryPid` attribute of the generated `Designate` element.

### Default:

`false`

### See Also:

"The pid and factoryPid attributes of the Designate element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

# Annotation Type Icon

[org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations](http://org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations)

```
@Retention(value=RetentionPolicy.CLASS)
@Target(value={})
public @interface Icon
```

Icon information for an [ObjectClassDefinition](#).

**See Also:**  
[ObjectClassDefinition.icon\(\)](#)

Required Element Summary		Page
String	<a href="#">resource</a> The resource name for this Icon.	23
int	<a href="#">size</a> The pixel size of this Icon.	23

## Element Detail

### resource

```
public abstract String resource
```

The resource name for this Icon.

The resource is a URL. The resource URL can be relative to the root of the bundle containing the Meta Type Resource.

If the resource begins with the percent sign ( '% ' \u0025), the resource can be [localized](#).

**See Also:**  
"The resource attribute of the Icon element of a Meta Type Resource."

### size

```
public abstract int size
```

The pixel size of this Icon.

For example, 32 represents a 32x32 icon.

**See Also:**  
"The size attribute of the Icon element of a Meta Type Resource."

## Annotation Type ObjectClassDefinition

[org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations](http://org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations)

```
@Retention(value=RetentionPolicy.CLASS)
@Target(value=ElementType.TYPE)
public @interface ObjectClassDefinition
```

Generate a Meta Type Resource using the annotated type as an `ObjectClassDefinition`.

This annotation can be used without defining any element values as defaults can be generated from the annotated type. Each method of the annotated type has an implied [AttributeDefinition](#) annotation if not explicitly annotated.

This annotation is not processed at runtime. It must be processed by tools and used to generate a Meta Type Resource document for the bundle.

### See Also:

"The OCD element of a Meta Type Resource."

Required Element Summary		Page
String	<a href="#">description</a> The human readable description of this ObjectClassDefinition.	25
<a href="#">Icon[]</a>	<a href="#">icon</a> The icon resources associated with this ObjectClassDefinition.	25
String	<a href="#">id</a> The id of this ObjectClassDefinition.	24
String	<a href="#">localization</a> The localization resource of this ObjectClassDefinition.	25
String	<a href="#">name</a> The human readable name of this ObjectClassDefinition.	24

## Element Detail

### id

```
public abstract String id
```

The id of this ObjectClassDefinition.

If not specified, the id of this ObjectClassDefinition is the fully qualified name of the annotated type using the dollar sign ('\$' \u0024) to separate nested class names from the name of their enclosing class.

**Default:**  
""

**See Also:**  
"The id attribute of the OCD element of a Meta Type Resource."

### name

```
public abstract String name
```

The human readable name of this ObjectClassDefinition.



If not specified, the name of this ObjectClassDefinition is derived from the [id\(\)](#). For example, low line ('\_' \u005F) and dollar sign ('\$' \u0024) are replaced with space (' ' \u0020) and space is inserted between camel case words.

If the name begins with the percent sign ('%' \u0025), the name can be [localized](#).

**Default:**  
""

**See Also:**  
"The name attribute of the OCD element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## description

```
public abstract String description
```

The human readable description of this ObjectClassDefinition.

If not specified, the description of this ObjectClassDefinition is the empty string.

If the description begins with the percent sign ('%' \u0025), the description can be [localized](#).

**Default:**  
""

**See Also:**  
"The description attribute of the OCD element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## localization

```
public abstract String localization
```

The localization resource of this ObjectClassDefinition.

This refers to a resource property entry in the bundle that can be augmented with locale information. If not specified, the localization resource of this ObjectClassDefinition is the string "OSGI-INF/110n/" followed by the fully qualified name of the annotated type.

**Default:**  
""

**See Also:**  
"The localization attribute of the OCD element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## icon

```
public abstract Icon[] icon
```

The icon resources associated with this ObjectClassDefinition.

For each specified [Icon](#), an `Icon` element is generated for this ObjectClassDefinition. If not specified, no Icon elements will be generated.

**Default:**

**See Also:**  
{  
"The Icon element of a Meta Type Resource."}

# Annotation Type Option

[org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations](http://org.osgi.service.metatype.annotations)

```
@Retention(value=RetentionPolicy.CLASS)
@Target(value={})
public @interface Option
```

Option information for an [AttributeDefinition](#).

See Also:  
[AttributeDefinition.options\(\)](#)

Required Element Summary		Page
String	<a href="#">label</a> The human readable label of this Option.	26
String	<a href="#">value</a> The value of this Option.	26

## Element Detail

### label

```
public abstract String label
```

The human readable label of this Option.

If not specified, the label of this Option is the empty string.

If the label begins with the percent sign ( '%' '\u0025'), the label can be [localized](#).

**Default:**  
""

**See Also:**  
"The label attribute of the Option element of a Meta Type Resource."

### value

```
public abstract String value
```

The value of this Option.

**See Also:**  
"The value attribute of the Option element of a Meta Type Resource."

---

## 7 Considered Alternatives

---

### **@Designate**

*The `Designate` annotation was removed and replaced by the `designate` and `designateFactory` elements on the `ObjectClassDefinition` annotation.*

*The `Designate` annotation can further mark a type annotated by an `ObjectClassDefinition` annotation to generate a `Designate` element referencing the `OCD` element in the generated `Meta Type Resource XML` document.*

---

---

## 8 Security Considerations

---

The annotations do not have any security considerations.

---

---

## 9 Document Support

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### 9.1 References

- [1]. Bradner, S., Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels, RFC2119, March 1997.
  - [2]. Software Requirements & Specifications. Michael Jackson. ISBN 0-201-87712-0
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### 9.2 Author's Address

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### 9.3 Acronyms and Abbreviations

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## **9.4 End of Document**