



# OSGi<sup>TM</sup> Alliance

## **RFC-233: GPU Capabilities**

Draft

8 Pages

### **Abstract**

More and more GPU hardware is used to accelerate computations in applications compared to running on a CPU. In order to know whether or not an OSGi framework has access to GPU hardware and a GPU accelerated bundle can be deployed, this RFC provides a namespace with capabilities and requirements.

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## 0.3 Feedback

This document can be downloaded from the OSGi Alliance design repository at <https://github.com/osgi/design> The public can provide feedback about this document by opening a bug at <https://www.osgi.org/bugzilla/>.

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## 0.5 Terminology and Document Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY" and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in 10.1.

Source code is shown in this typeface.

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## 0.6 Revision History

The last named individual in this history is currently responsible for this document.

Revision	Date	Comments
Initial	March 13 2017	Initial version of the RFC

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# 1 Introduction

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More and more GPU hardware is used to accelerate computations in applications compared to running on a CPU. In an OSGi framework one might have multiple candidate bundles providing the same service and/or packages, out of which the resolver has to figure out which ones resolve on the framework. In order to know whether or not an OSGi framework has access to GPU hardware and a GPU accelerated bundle can be deployed, this RFC provides a namespace with capabilities and requirements.

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## 2 Application Domain

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Besides the straightforward applications of GPUs in video and audio processing applications, GPU acceleration is also used more and more in the domain of machine learning and big data processing.

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## 3 Problem Description

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In an OSGi framework one might have multiple candidate bundles providing the same service and/or packages, out of which the resolver has to figure out which ones resolve on the framework. For example, when using native code, the resolver will only resolve bundles containing native code builds for your system based on the `osgi.native` requirements and capabilities. However, when having native code that contains code to be executed on GPU hardware, e.g. using CUDA or OpenCL APIs, there is currently no standard way to figure out which GPU hardware and API is available on the system. This RFC provides a namespace with capabilities and requirements that allow implementors to declare GPU capabilities of the hardware, as well as GPU requirements for bundles that contain native code compiled for specific GPUs.

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## 4 Requirements

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[GPU0001] The solution must declare a namespace for GPU related requirements and capabilities.

[GPU0002] The presence of a GPU has to be announced by means of an OSGi capability.

[GPU0003] The capability must also declare the supported API(s) and versions.

[GPU0004] Bundles can declare requirements on GPU attributes based on the native code they contained

[GPU0005] GPU requirement and capabilities might contain GPU vendor specific attributes

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## 5 Technical Solution

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To support the declaration of GPU capabilities and requirements, we introduce the `osgi.native.gpu` namespace to be added in Chapter 135 – Common namespaces.

To announce the presence of a GPU, a bundle can poll the hardware and provide a GPU capability:

```
Provide-Capability: osgi.native.gpu;
```

```
    osgi.native.gpu.vendor="NVIDIA";
```

```
    osgi.native.gpu.model="GTX 980";
```

```
    osgi.native.gpu.api="CUDA"
```

```
    osgi.native.gpu.api.version:VersionRange="[2.0, 9.0)";
```

```
    osgi.native.gpu.nvidia.computecapability:Version="7.0"
```

A bundle containing native GPU code, can provide a requirement on the GPUs where it can run on (i.e. for which GPUs and APIs it was compiled):

```
Require-Capability: osgi.native.gpu;
```

```
    filter:=(&(osgi.native.gpu.api=CUDA) (osgi.native.gpu.api.version="7.5"))
```

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## 6 Data Transfer Objects

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## 7 Javadoc

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## 8 Considered Alternatives

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## 9 Security Considerations

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No new security considerations are required by this design

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## 10 Document Support

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### 10.1 References

- [1]. Bradner, S., Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels, RFC2119, March 1997.
- [2]. Software Requirements & Specifications. Michael Jackson. ISBN 0-201-87712-0

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## 10.3 Acronyms and Abbreviations

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## 10.4 End of Document