

RFC 190 - Declarative Services Enhancements

Draft

69 Pages

Abstract

Declarative Services provide nice functionality to implement Dependency Injection programming in OSGi based applications. One of the goals is to limit the requirement to use OSGi specific API. This RFC proposes extensions towards this goal. In addition Declarative Services currently lacks a proper diagnostic API to introspect components.



October 4, 2013

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0.3 Feedback

This document can be downloaded from the OSGi Alliance design repository at https://github.com/osgi/design The public can provide feedback about this document by opening a bug at https://www.osgi.org/bugzilla/.

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0.5 Terminology and Document Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY" and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in 1.

Source code is shown in this typeface.

0.6 Revision History

The last named individual in this history is currently responsible for this document.

Revision	Date	Comments
Initial	Sept. 17 2012	Initial version from RFP
		Felix Meschberger, Adobe Systems Incorporated, fmeschbe@adobe.com
Update	Sept. 24 2012	Updates from Basel F2F:
		Integrate Administrative API and design it to be DTO-style
		Simplify security (ServicePermission [ServiceComponentRuntime, GET] is enough)
		Felix Meschberger, Adobe Systems Incorporated, fmeschbe@adobe.com

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Revision **Date** Comments 06/06/13 Update from Orlando F2F and BJ's feedback on the CPEG mailing list Update Relable the administrative API as the diagnostic API Fleshed out annotation inheritance but suggest to actually remove it (section 5.7.4, Supporting Inheritance) Added section 5.9, Service Scopes Felix Meschberger, Adobe Systems Incorporated, fmeschbe@adobe.com Update 08/07/13 Update from Palo Alto F2F Removed separate service annotations Removed annotation inheritance Removed setting properties through the component **Updated DTOs** New suggestion for property annotation Carsten Ziegeler, Adobe Systems Incorporated, cziegele@adobe.com Update 19/07/13 Update from CPEG Call (18/07/13) Removed alternative property annotation proposals Clarified annotation based approach Carsten Ziegeler, Adobe Systems Incorporated, cziegele@adobe.com Update 18/09/13 Update after BJs review, major changes: Removed props attribute from @Component annotation and allow multiple annotation arguments in the lifecycle methods Remove DISPOSED state Carsten Ziegeler, Adobe Systems Incorporated, cziegele@adobe.com 10/01/13 Update Update with feedback from CPEG call: Add information (back) from annotations as properties to

descriptor XML



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1 Introduction

This Declarative Services Enhancements RFC defines functionality currently implemented in some implementations of the specification or currently requiring special component code as part of the OSGi Declarative Services Specification.

2 Application Domain

Declarative Services (chapter 121 in the OSGi specifications) defines a POJO programming model for OSGi services. This model requires Service Component class be implemented in a certain way and the XML component descriptions be authored.

2.1 Terminology + Abbreviations

- DS Declarative Services
- POJO Plain old Java Object; term use for objects not implementing and framework specific plumbing such as Servlet API, Spring API, or OSGi API.
- SCR Service Components Runtime; generally the implementation of the Declarative Services Specification; also the name of the Apache Felix implementation (Apache Felix SCR).

3 Problem Description

3.1 Management

There is no official API yet to introspect and thus manage the declared service components. To work around this missing functionality the Apache Felix project defined such an API which is also implemented by current versions of the Eclipse Equinox implementation.

This current API has some short-comings which are addressed by a new proposal.



3.2 **Bound Service Properties**

As of DS Version 1.1 the service registration properties of bound services can be provided to the components using an optional java.lang.Map argument. While this allows for great capability introspecting the bound service it lacks support for ordering defined for org.osgi.framework.ServiceReference.

The solution applied today is to either use the greedy service binding policy option as defined in DS Version 1.2 or to implement such ordering in the component itself. Such implementation, though, is pure template code and thus error prone load to developers.

Requirements

- R-1 The solution MUST define a diagnosis API to introspect declared components.
- R-2 The solution MUST make it possible to leverage the ordering capability of the ServiceReference along with the service instance provisioning through the event method by allowing the new signature:

```
void <method-name>(<parameter-type>, ServiceReference);
```

- R-3 The solution MUST define a new way to define component properties by referencing a java annotation class. The fields of this annotation class are used to define properties for the component.
- R-4 The solution MUST define the osqi.extender capability for DS in accordance with the core specification rules for the osgi.extender name space.
- R-5 The solution MUST support targeted PIDs according to Configuration Admin 1.5.

5 Technical Solution

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5.1 Diagnostic API

The diagnostic API is structured after the component descriptor within its own package org.osgi.service.component.runtime. The ServiceComponentRuntime service interface is the API entry point. It is registered by the DS implementation and provides access to properties of the implementation and to the properly declared components. Any components whose descriptor cannot be validated is considered unknown and thus is not available through the ServiceComponentRuntime service.

Each component declaration is accessible through the ServiceComponentRuntime as an instance of the ComponentDescription class. The ComponentDescription provides access to the static declaration.

Components actually are available from the ServiceComponentRuntime as ComponentConfiguration instances. Each ComponentConfiguration links back to its declaring ComponentDescription.

Since a single declaration may be activated multiple times — for example due to multiple factory configurations — a single ComponentDescription instance may be referred to by multiple ComponentConfiguration instances.

To cover the same difference between the declaration of references and actually bound references, the ComponentDescription object provides the declared references as Reference objects while the ComponentConfiguration returns BoundReference object representing actually bound services.

To simplify remote management the ComponentDescription, ComponentConfiguration, Reference, and BoundReference types are defined as DTO-style classes and integrate with the API defined by RFC-185, Data Transfer Objects [3]..

A bundle wishing to access the DTOs must have ServicePermission[ServiceComponentRuntime, GET] to get the ServiceComponentRuntime service.

5.2 Event Method Signature

A new supported signature for event strategy methods is added to the end of the list of supported signatures in Section 112.3.2, Event Methods:

void <method-name>(<parameter-type>, ServiceReference);

This signature is only supported if the component is declared in a descriptor with namespace http://www.osgi.org/xmlns/scr/v1.3.0 or newer.

5.3 API version

The DS API is exported as version 1.3 to reflect these updates.

5.4 XML Descriptor Namespace

The XML descriptor namespace is changed to

http://www.osgi.org/xmlns/scr/v1.3.0

New functionality defined in this specification requires component to be registered with this namespace. Otherwise, for backwards compatibility reasons, neither the added event method signature nor the new prototype service scope an be used.

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5.5 Extender Capability

The DS implementation bundle must declare the following extender capability:

```
Provide-Capability: osgi.extender;
    osgi.extender="osgi.component";
    uses:="org.osgi.service.component,org.osgi.service.component.runtime";
    version:Version="1.3"
```

5.6 Extension to Annotation Support

5.6.1 Custom annotations asto define properties

<u>ComponentConfiguration</u> properties <u>for a component</u> can be defined through custom annotation classes containing the property names together with their default values:

```
@interface Config {
    boolean enabled() default true;
    String[] names() default {"a", "b"};
    String topic() default MyComponent.DEFAULT_TOPIC_PREFIX + "/topic";
}
@Component
public class MyComponent {
    static final String DEFAULT_TOPIC_PREFIX = "topic.prefix";

    protected void activate(Config configuration) {
        String t = configuration.topic();
    }
}
```

The lifecycle methods for activation, deactivation and modification can use a signature which allows to specify one or more annotation classes as arguments. As fields of an annotation already can already contain a default value, there is no need to add the information from the annotation fields as properties to the component xml configuration file. The fields of all annotations from the lifecycle methods are added as properties to the component xml. The order of processing is: first annotations from the activate method, followed by annotations from the modified method and finally those from the deactivate method. If such a lifecycle method has more than one annotation these are processed in the order of the method arguments.

New signatures for the lifecycle methods are supported, taking one or more arguments of annotation classes. These are additional possible arguments. The following details the search for a lifecycle method:

- The method takes a single argument and the type of the argument is org.osgi.service.component.ComponentContext.
- 2. The method takes a single argument and the type of the argument is org.osgi.framework.BundleContext.
- 3. The method takes one or more arguments and all arguments are annotation types.
- 4. The method takes a single argument and the type of the argument is the java.util.Map.
- 5. For deactivation methods only: The method takes a single argument and the type of the argument is the int.



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- 6. For deactivation methods only: The method takes a single argument and the type of the argument is the java.lang.Integer.
- 7. The method takes two or more arguments and the type of each argument must be org.osgi.service.component.ComponentContext, org.osgi.framework.BundleContext, java.util.Map or an annotation type. For the deactivation method int or java.lang.Integer are allowed types as well. If multiple methods match this rule, this implies the method name is overloaded and SCR may choose any of the methods to call.
- 8. The method takes zero arguments.

Each field of an annotation is mapped to a <u>component</u> property. The name of the field is converted to the property name as follows: Each character and number are used as is, a single underscore is converted into a dot and two consecutive underscores are mapped to a single underscore. <u>The processing starts at the beginning of the name.</u> Examples:

Field Name	Property Name
myProperty143	myProperty143
some_prop	some.prop
anotherprop	another_prop
three prop	three .prop

The type can directly be derived from the type of the field. All types are supported, except Class, enum or an annotation type or arrays of these three types. At runtime a field of using one of these types always returns the default value, if the field doesn't have onea default value null is returned. A tool processing the annotations should throw an error during the processing in this case. It's in general discouraged to us such types.

The default value of the annotation field is used as the value of the component property in the descriptor. If the field does not have a default value, for numbers and char 0 is used as the default value, for a string the empty string. If the field has an array type, the same non-array default value is used for the property.

If an annotation is used within a lifecycle method, DS creates an implementation conforming to this annotation and maps the available component properties to the fields. As all annotation fields are written out as component properties, a value for each field exists for the component and no additional default mechanism is needed at runtime:

- the name of the field is mapped to the property name as described above
- If the configuration of a component contains a value, this <u>The property</u> value might need to be mapped to the value of the annotation field:
 - as configurations might contain any object type a component property might have any type as well.

 DS only supports scalar types, Strings, arrays, lists or vectors thereof. Lists and vectors are treated like arrays (see below). If an annotation field is accessed which maps to any other type a ComponentException is thrown.
 - if cardinality and type are the same, the property value is used.
 - if the type is the same, but the cardinality is different, a single property value is mapped to an array with exactly this value. If the property value is an array but the annotation field expects a single value, the first value of the array is returned. If the array is empty the default value of the annotation is returned.



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- If the type differs, the property value is converted to a string using toString() on the value and then passed into the valueOf(String) method of the type class. For arrays this is done for each value. If the cardinality differs the same rules apply as explained in the previous point.
- If an exception occurs during the conversion like a text is tried to be converted into a number, this error will be logged and the default value of the annotation will be returned instead.a ComponentException is thrown when the field of the annotation is accessed. The cause of the ComponentException is set to the origination exception. This allows component implementations to catch such a situation and act accordingly.
- If no configuration property is available, the defaults from the annotation are returned.
- If the annotation has no default value, null is returned for arrays and type String and the equivalent of null for primitive types: false for boolean, zero for numbers and char.
- Additional properties not defined in the annotation are ignored if the implementation needs these additional properties, it can use a method signature which includes the properties map in addition to the annotation.

This new signature with annotations is only supported if the component is declared in a descriptor with namespace http://www.osgi.org/xmlns/scr/v1.3.0 or newer.

5.6.2 Clarification of @Component annotation

The @Component annotation contains two different approaches to define properties through two different attributes: property and properties. In addition annotations can be used to define component properties as well. As annotation properties dto not have an order when they are processed, the current specification does not define the order of the corresponding elements in the XML descriptor. However the order in the XML defines the order of processing and later properties with the same property name override previously declared ones.

This should be clarified by defining an order of processing:

- 1. properties defined through annotation classes used in the signature of the lifecycle methods.
 - 1. Annotations from the activate method in the order of parameters in the signature
 - 2. Annotations from the modified method in the order of parameters in the signature
 - 3. Annotations from the deactivate method in the order of parameters in the signature
- 2. properties attribute from @Component
- 3. property attribute from @Component

This means that the properties <u>defined through annotations directive is are</u> added first to the XML descriptor, followed by all properties defined through the propertiesy <u>directory directive and finally the property statements are added.</u>

5.7 Integration with the Configuration Admin Service

DS integrates with the Configuration Admin Service. Therefore implementations of DS must support the latest additions to the Configuration Admin Service:



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- Targeted PIDs have been introduced in Configuration Admin 1.5. Section 104.3.3, Extenders and Targeted PIDs, requires extenders such as DS to properly support Targeted PIDs.
- Configuration Admin 1.4 introduced multi-location binding. DS implementations must make sure these
 bindings are properly supported. If the multilocation is just the question mark, no additional checks must
 be made, as this configuration can be used by any bundle. If a region is specified, the DS implementation
 must check whether the component bundle has the required permission as outlined in Configuration
 Admin 1.4, Section 104.7.6.

5.8 Service Scopes

RFC 195, Service Scopes, defines a new mechanism to access services from the service registry. This mechanism allows to get new service instances on demand instead of either always the same instance globally (regular service) or per bundle (service factory).

RFC 195 specifies the changes to Declarative Services to cope with Service Scopes in section 5.3, Declarative Services:

- The service.servicefactory attribute is replaced by a new service.scope attribute defined in the DS descriptor.
- A new reference.scope attribute to define the service reference scope is defined in the DS descriptor.
- A new bind and unbind signature void <method-name>(ServiceObjects); is defined to support prototype scoped references.
- @Component.servicefactory() is deprecated in favor of the new @Component.scope() of type ServiceScope.
- @Reference.scope() of type ReferenceScope is added.

These changes specified in RFC 195, Service Scope, form an integral part of this RFC.

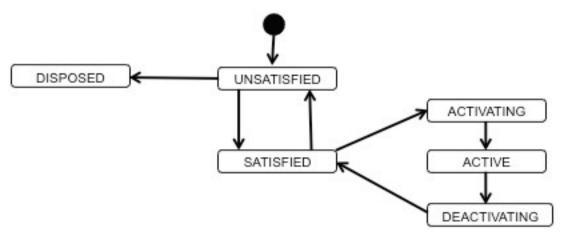
5.9 New Life Cycle States

Two additional states describing the life cycle of a component are added: activating and deactivating. A component is in the activating state when it is leaving the unsatisfied state while it is activated by calling the activate method of a component. This state is a transient state and an immediate component enters the active state once it's activated and all other components enter the registered state. If activation fails, the component is back in the unsatisfied state.

If a component is deactivated, it enters the deactivating state during this process. Once deactivation is finished it is disposed.

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6 Data Transfer Objects

The ServiceComponentRuntime service allows for the programmatic enablement and disablement of components as well as access to the state of components and component configurations. In particular the service provides these methods:

ComponentDescription getComponentDescription(Bundle, String)
Collection<ComponentDescription> getComponentDescriptions(Bundle...)
Collection<ComponentConfiguration>
getComponentConfigurations(ComponentDescription)

See the JavaDoc for details.

7 Java API

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OSGi Javadoc

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Package Summary		Page
org.osgi.servic e.component	Service Component Package Version 1.3.	15
org.osgi.servic e.component.a nnotations	Service Component Annotations Package Version 1.3.	27
org.osgi.servic e.component.ru ntime	Service Component Package Version 1.3.	52

Package org.osgi.service.component

@org.osgi.annotation.versioning.Version(value="1.3")

Service Component Package Version 1.3.

See:

Description

Interface Sum	mary	Page
ComponentCon stants	Defines standard names for Service Component constants.	16
ComponentCon text	A Component Context object is used by a component instance to interact with its execution context including locating services by reference name.	19
ComponentFac tory	When a component is declared with the factory attribute on its component element, the Service Component Runtime will register a Component Factory service to allow new component configurations to be created and activated rather than automatically creating and activating component configuration as necessary.	25
ComponentInst ance	A ComponentInstance encapsulates a component instance of an activated component configuration.	26

Exception Su	ımmary	Page
ComponentEx ception	Unchecked exception which may be thrown by the Service Component Runtime.	23

Package org.osgi.service.component Description

Service Component Package Version 1.3.

Bundles wishing to use this package must list the package in the Import-Package header of the bundle's manifest. This package has two types of users: the consumers that use the API in this package and the providers that implement the API in this package.

Example import for consumers using the API in this package:

```
Import-Package: org.osgi.service.component; version="[1.3,2.0)"
```

Example import for providers implementing the API in this package:

```
\label{local_problem} \mbox{Import-Package: org.osgi.service.component; version="[1.3,1.4)"}
```

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Interface ComponentConstants

org.osgi.service.component

@org.osgi.annotation.versioning.ProviderType
public interface ComponentConstants

Defines standard names for Service Component constants.

eld Su	ımmary	Pag e
String	COMPONENT_FACTORY A service registration property for a Component Factory that contains the value of the factory attribute.	17
String	COMPONENT_ID A component property that contains the generated id for a component configuration.	17
String	COMPONENT_NAME A component property for a component configuration that contains the name of the component as specified in the name attribute of the component element.	16
int	DEACTIVATION_REASON_BUNDLE_STOPPED The component configuration was deactivated because the bundle was stopped.	18
int	DEACTIVATION_REASON_CONFIGURATION_DELETED The component configuration was deactivated because its configuration was deleted.	18
int	DEACTIVATION_REASON_CONFIGURATION_MODIFIED The component configuration was deactivated because its configuration was changed.	18
int	DEACTIVATION_REASON_DISABLED The component configuration was deactivated because the component was disabled.	17
int	DEACTIVATION_REASON_DISPOSED The component configuration was deactivated because the component was disposed.	18
int	DEACTIVATION_REASON_REFERENCE The component configuration was deactivated because a reference became unsatisfied.	17
int	DEACTIVATION_REASON_UNSPECIFIED The reason the component configuration was deactivated is unspecified.	17
String	REFERENCE_TARGET_SUFFIX The suffix for reference target properties.	17
String	SERVICE_COMPONENT Manifest header specifying the XML documents within a bundle that contain the bundle's Service Component descriptions.	16

Field Detail

SERVICE_COMPONENT

public static final String SERVICE COMPONENT = "Service-Component"

Manifest header specifying the XML documents within a bundle that contain the bundle's Service Component descriptions.

The attribute value may be retrieved from the Dictionary object returned by the Bundle.getHeaders method.

COMPONENT_NAME

public static final String COMPONENT_NAME = "component.name"

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A component property for a component configuration that contains the name of the component as specified in the name attribute of the component element. The value of this property must be of type String.

COMPONENT_ID

```
public static final String COMPONENT ID = "component.id"
```

A component property that contains the generated id for a component configuration. The value of this property must be of type Long.

The value of this property is assigned by the Service Component Runtime when a component configuration is created. The Service Component Runtime assigns a unique value that is larger than all previously assigned values since the Service Component Runtime was started. These values are NOT persistent across restarts of the Service Component Runtime.

COMPONENT_FACTORY

```
public static final String COMPONENT FACTORY = "component.factory"
```

A service registration property for a Component Factory that contains the value of the factory attribute. The value of this property must be of type <code>string</code>.

REFERENCE_TARGET_SUFFIX

```
public static final String REFERENCE TARGET SUFFIX = ".target"
```

The suffix for reference target properties. These properties contain the filter to select the target services for a reference. The value of this property must be of type String.

DEACTIVATION REASON UNSPECIFIED

```
public static final int DEACTIVATION REASON UNSPECIFIED = 0
```

The reason the component configuration was deactivated is unspecified.

Since:

1.1

DEACTIVATION_REASON_DISABLED

```
public static final int DEACTIVATION_REASON_DISABLED = 1
```

The component configuration was deactivated because the component was disabled.

Since:

1.1

DEACTIVATION_REASON_REFERENCE

```
public static final int DEACTIVATION_REASON_REFERENCE = 2
```

The component configuration was deactivated because a reference became unsatisfied.

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Since:

1.1

DEACTIVATION_REASON_CONFIGURATION_MODIFIED

```
public static final int DEACTIVATION REASON CONFIGURATION MODIFIED = 3
```

The component configuration was deactivated because its configuration was changed.

Since:

1.1

DEACTIVATION_REASON_CONFIGURATION_DELETED

```
public static final int DEACTIVATION_REASON_CONFIGURATION_DELETED = 4
```

The component configuration was deactivated because its configuration was deleted.

Since:

1.1

DEACTIVATION REASON DISPOSED

```
public static final int DEACTIVATION_REASON_DISPOSED = 5
```

The component configuration was deactivated because the component was disposed.

Since:

1.1

DEACTIVATION REASON BUNDLE STOPPED

```
public static final int DEACTIVATION REASON BUNDLE STOPPED = 6
```

The component configuration was deactivated because the bundle was stopped.

Since:

1.1

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Interface ComponentContext

org.osgi.service.component

@org.osgi.annotation.versioning.ProviderType
public interface ComponentContext

A Component Context object is used by a component instance to interact with its execution context including locating services by reference name. Each component instance has a unique Component Context.

A component instance may have an activate method. If a component instance has a suitable and accessible activate method, this method will be called when a component configuration is activated. If the activate method takes a ComponentContext argument, it will be passed the component instance's Component Context object. If the activate method takes a BundleContext argument, it will be passed the component instance's Bundle Context object. If the activate method takes a Map argument, it will be passed an unmodifiable Map containing the component properties.

A component instance may have a deactivate method. If a component instance has a suitable and accessible deactivate method, this method will be called when the component configuration is deactivated. If the deactivate method takes a ComponentContext argument, it will be passed the component instance's Component Context object. If the deactivate method takes a BundleContext argument, it will be passed the component instance's Bundle Context object. If the deactivate method takes a Map argument, it will be passed an unmodifiable Map containing the component properties. If the deactivate method takes an int or Integer argument, it will be passed the reason code for the component instance's deactivation.

ThreadSafe

Method	Summary	Pag e
void	disableComponent (String name) Disables the specified component name.	22
void	<pre>enableComponent(String name) Enables the specified component name.</pre>	21
org.osgi.f ramework.B undleConte xt	Returns the BundleContext of the bundle which contains this component.	21
ComponentI nstance	Returns the Component Instance object for the component instance associated with this Component Context.	21
Dictionary <string,ob ject></string,ob 	Returns the component properties for this Component Context.	20
<pre>org.osgi.f ramework.S erviceRefe rence<?></pre>	If the component instance is registered as a service using the service element, then this method returns the service reference of the service provided by this component instance.	22
org.osgi.f ramework.B undle	getUsingBundle() If the component instance is registered as a service using the servicescope="bundle" or servicescope="prototype" attribute, then this method returns the bundle using the service provided by the component instance.	21
Object	locateService (String name) Returns the service object for the specified reference name.	20
Object	<pre>locateService (String name, org.osgi.framework.ServiceReference<?> reference) Returns the service object for the specified reference name and ServiceReference.</pre>	20
Object[]	locateServices (String name) Returns the service objects for the specified reference name.	20

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Method Detail

getProperties

Dictionary<String,Object> getProperties()

Returns the component properties for this Component Context.

Returns:

The properties for this Component Context. The Dictionary is read only and cannot be modified.

locateService

Object locateService (String name)

Returns the service object for the specified reference name.

If the cardinality of the reference is 0..n or 1..n and multiple services are bound to the reference, the service with the highest ranking (as specified in its <code>Constants.SERVICE_RANKING</code> property) is returned. If there is a tie in ranking, the service with the lowest service ID (as specified in its <code>Constants.SERVICE_ID</code> property); that is, the service that was registered first is returned.

Parameters:

name - The name of a reference as specified in a reference element in this component's description.

Returns:

A service object for the referenced service or null if the reference cardinality is 0..1 or 0..n and no bound service is available.

Throws:

<u>ComponentException</u> - If the Service Component Runtime catches an exception while activating the bound service.

locateService

```
Object locateService(String name, org.osgi.framework.ServiceReference<?> reference)
```

Returns the service object for the specified reference name and ServiceReference.

Parameters:

name - The name of a reference as specified in a reference element in this component's description.

reference - The ServiceReference to a bound service. This must be a ServiceReference provided to the component via the bind or unbind method for the specified reference name.

Returns

A service object for the referenced service or null if the specified ServiceReference is not a bound service for the specified reference name.

Throws:

<u>ComponentException</u> - If the Service Component Runtime catches an exception while activating the bound service.

locateServices

```
Object[] locateServices(String name)
```

Returns the service objects for the specified reference name.

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Parameters:

name - The name of a reference as specified in a reference element in this component's description.

Returns:

An array of service objects for the referenced service or null if the reference cardinality is 0..1 or 0..n and no bound service is available. If the reference cardinality is 0..1 or 1..1 and a bound service is available, the array will have exactly one element.

Throws:

<u>ComponentException</u> - If the Service Component Runtime catches an exception while activating a bound service.

getBundleContext

```
org.osgi.framework.BundleContext getBundleContext()
```

Returns the BundleContext of the bundle which contains this component.

Returns:

The BundleContext of the bundle containing this component.

getUsingBundle

```
org.osgi.framework.Bundle getUsingBundle()
```

If the component instance is registered as a service using the servicescope="bundle" or servicescope="prototype" attribute, then this method returns the bundle using the service provided by the component instance.

This method will return null if:

- 1. The component instance is not a service, then no bundle can be using it as a service.
- 2. The component instance is a service but did not specify the servicescope="bundle" or servicescope="prototype" attribute, then all bundles using the service provided by the component instance will share the same component instance.
- 3. The service provided by the component instance is not currently being used by any bundle.

Returns:

The bundle using the component instance as a service or null.

getComponentInstance

ComponentInstance getComponentInstance()

Returns the Component Instance object for the component instance associated with this Component Context.

Returns:

The Component Instance object for the component instance.

enableComponent

```
void enableComponent(String name)
```

Enables the specified component name. The specified component name must be in the same bundle as this component.

Parameters:

name - The name of a component or null to indicate all components in the bundle.

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disableComponent

void disableComponent(String name)

Disables the specified component name. The specified component name must be in the same bundle as this component.

Parameters:

name - The name of a component.

getServiceReference

org.osgi.framework.ServiceReference<?> getServiceReference()

If the component instance is registered as a service using the <code>service</code> element, then this method returns the service reference of the service provided by this component instance.

This method will return null if the component instance is not registered as a service.

Returns:

The ServiceReference object for the component instance or null if the component instance is not registered as a service.

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Class ComponentException

org.osgi.service.component

All Implemented Interfaces:

Serializable

```
public class ComponentException
extends RuntimeException
```

Unchecked exception which may be thrown by the Service Component Runtime.

Constructor Summary	Pag e
ComponentException (String message) Construct a new ComponentException with the specified message.	23
ComponentException (String message, Throwable cause) Construct a new ComponentException with the specified message and cause.	23
ComponentException (Throwable cause) Construct a new ComponentException with the specified cause.	24

Method Summary		Pag e
Throwable	getCause () Returns the cause of this exception or null if no cause was set.	24
Throwable	<u>initCause</u> (Throwable cause) Initializes the cause of this exception to the specified value.	24

Constructor Detail

ComponentException

Construct a new ComponentException with the specified message and cause.

Parameters:

```
message - The message for the exception. cause - The cause of the exception. May be null.
```

ComponentException

```
public ComponentException(String message)
```

Construct a new ComponentException with the specified message.

Parameters:

message - The message for the exception.

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ComponentException

```
public ComponentException(Throwable cause)
```

Construct a new ComponentException with the specified cause.

Parameters:

cause - The cause of the exception. May be null.

Method Detail

getCause

```
public Throwable getCause()
```

Returns the cause of this exception or null if no cause was set.

Overrides:

getCause in class Throwable

Returns:

The cause of this exception or null if no cause was set.

initCause

```
public Throwable initCause(Throwable cause)
```

Initializes the cause of this exception to the specified value.

Overrides:

initCause in class Throwable

Parameters:

cause - The cause of this exception.

Returns:

This exception.

Throws:

 ${\tt IllegalArgumentException - If the specified cause is this exception.} \\ {\tt IllegalStateException - If the cause of this exception has already been set.} \\$

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Interface ComponentFactory

org.osgi.service.component

@org.osgi.annotation.versioning.ProviderType
public interface ComponentFactory

When a component is declared with the factory attribute on its component element, the Service Component Runtime will register a Component Factory service to allow new component configurations to be created and activated rather than automatically creating and activating component configuration as necessary.

ThreadSafe

Method	Summary	Pag e
Component1	<pre>newInstance (Dictionary<string,?> properties) Create and activate a new component configuration.</string,?></pre>	25

Method Detail

newInstance

ComponentInstance newInstance (Dictionary<String,?> properties)

Create and activate a new component configuration. Additional properties may be provided for the component configuration.

Parameters:

properties - Additional properties for the component configuration or null if there are no additional properties.

Returns:

A ComponentInstance object encapsulating the component instance of the component configuration. The component configuration has been activated and, if the component specifies a service element, the component instance has been registered as a service.

Throws:

 ${\tt \underline{ComponentException}} \text{ - If the Service Component Runtime is unable to activate the component configuration.}$

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Interface ComponentInstance

org.osgi.service.component

@org.osgi.annotation.versioning.ProviderType
public interface ComponentInstance

A ComponentInstance encapsulates a component instance of an activated component configuration. ComponentInstances are created whenever a component configuration is activated.

ComponentInstances are never reused. A new ComponentInstance object will be created when the component configuration is activated again.

ThreadSafe

Method	Summary	Pag e
void	dispose () Dispose of the component configuration for this component instance.	26
Object	Returns the component instance of the activated component configuration.	26

Method Detail

dispose

void dispose()

Dispose of the component configuration for this component instance. The component configuration will be deactivated. If the component configuration has already been deactivated, this method does nothing.

getInstance

Object **getInstance**()

Returns the component instance of the activated component configuration.

Returns:

The component instance or null if the component configuration has been deactivated.

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Package org.osgi.service.component.annotations

@org.osgi.annotation.versioning.Version(value="1.3")

Service Component Annotations Package Version 1.3.

See:

Description

Enum Summary		Page
ConfigurationP olicy	Configuration Policy for the Component annotation.	34
ReferenceCard inality	Cardinality for the Reference annotation.	42
ReferencePolic y	Policy for the Reference annotation.	44
ReferencePolic yOption	Policy option for the Reference annotation.	46
ReferenceSco pe	Reference scope for the Reference annotation.	48
ServiceScope	Service scope for the Component annotation.	50

Annotation Types Summary		Page
<u>Activate</u>	Identify the annotated method as the activate method of a Service Component.	28
Component	Identify the annotated class as a Service Component.	29
<u>Deactivate</u>	Identify the annotated method as the deactivate method of a Service Component.	36
Modified	Identify the annotated method as the modified method of a Service Component.	37
Reference	Identify the annotated method as a bind method of a Service Component.	38

Package org.osgi.service.component.annotations Description

Service Component Annotations Package Version 1.3.

This package is not used at runtime. Annotated classes are processed by tools to generate Component Descriptions which are used at runtime.

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Annotation Type Activate

org.osgi.service.component.annotations

@Retention(value=RetentionPolicy.CLASS)
@Target(value=ElementType.METHOD)
public @interface Activate

Identify the annotated method as the activate method of a Service Component.

The annotated method is the activate method of the Component.

This annotation is not processed at runtime by a Service Component Runtime implementation. It must be processed by tools and used to add a Component Description to the bundle.

Since:

1 1

See Also:

"The activate attribute of the component element of a Component Description."

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Annotation Type Component

org.osgi.service.component.annotations

@Retention(value=RetentionPolicy.CLASS)
@Target(value=ElementType.TYPE)
public @interface Component

Identify the annotated class as a Service Component.

The annotated class is the implementation class of the Component.

This annotation is not processed at runtime by a Service Component Runtime implementation. It must be processed by tools and used to add a Component Description to the bundle.

See Also:

"The component element of a Component Description."

Require	d Element Summary	Pag e
String	ConfigurationPid The configuration PID for the configuration of this Component.	32
Configurat ionPolicy	ConfigurationPolicy The configuration policy of this Component.	32
boolean	enabled Declares whether this Component is enabled when the bundle containing it is started.	31
String	The factory identifier of this Component.	30
boolean	immediate Declares whether this Component must be immediately activated upon becoming satisfied or whether activation should be delayed.	31
String	The name of this Component.	29
String[]	Properties Property entries for this Component.	31
String[]	Property Properties for this Component.	31
ServiceSco pe	The service scope for the service of this Component.	33
Class []	The types under which to register this Component as a service.	30
boolean	Servicefactory Deprecated. Since 1.3.	30
String	The XML name space of the Component Description for this Component.	32

Element Detail

name

public abstract String name

The name of this Component.

If not specified, the name of this Component is the fully qualified type name of the class being annotated.

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Default:

See Also:

"The name attribute of the component element of a Component Description."

service

```
public abstract Class<?>[] service
```

The types under which to register this Component as a service.

If no service should be registered, the empty value {} must be specified.

If not specified, the service types for this Component are all the *directly* implemented interfaces of the class being annotated.

Default:

See Also:

"The service element of a Component Description."

factory

```
public abstract String factory
```

The factory identifier of this Component. Specifying a factory identifier makes this Component a Factory Component.

If not specified, the default is that this Component is not a Factory Component.

Default:

See Also:

"The factory attribute of the component element of a Component Description."

servicefactory

```
@Deprecated
public abstract boolean servicefactory
```

Deprecated. Declares whether this Component uses the OSGi ServiceFactory concept and each bundle using this Component's service will receive a different component instance.

This element is ignored when the <u>scope()</u> element does not have the default value. If true, this Component uses <u>bundle</u> service scope. If false or not specified, this Component uses <u>singleton</u> service scope.

Declares whether this Component uses the OSGi ServiceFactory concept and each bundle using this Component's service will receive a different component instance.

This element is ignored when the scope() element does not have the default value. If true, this Component uses bundle service scope. If false or not specified, this Component uses singleton service scope.

Default:

false

See Also:

"The servicefactory attribute of the service element of a Component Description."

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enabled

public abstract boolean enabled

Declares whether this Component is enabled when the bundle containing it is started.

If true, this Component is enabled. If false or not specified, this Component is disabled.

Default:

true

See Also:

The enabled attribute of the component element of a Component Description."

immediate

public abstract boolean immediate

Declares whether this Component must be immediately activated upon becoming satisfied or whether activation should be delayed.

If true, this Component must be immediately activated upon becoming satisfied. If false, activation of this Component is delayed. If this property is specified, its value must be false if the factory() property is also specified or must be true if the service () property is specified with an empty value.

If not specified, the default is false if the factory() property is specified or the service() property is not specified or specified with a non-empty value and true otherwise.

Default:

false

See Also:

'The immediate attribute of the component element of a Component Description."

property

```
public abstract String[] property
```

Properties for this Component.

Each property string is specified as "key=value". The type of the property value can be specified in the key as key: type=value. The type must be one of the property types supported by the type attribute of the property element of a Component Description.

To specify a property with multiple values, use multiple key, value pairs. For example, "foo=bar", "foo=baz".

Default:

See Also:

"The property element of a Component Description."

properties

```
public abstract String[] properties
```

Property entries for this Component.

Specifies the name of an entry in the bundle whose contents conform to a standard Java Properties File. The entry is read and processed to obtain the properties and their values.

OSGi Javadoc -- 06.06.13 Page 31 of 69 Default: {} See Also:

"The properties element of a Component Description."

xmlns

public abstract String **xmlns**

The XML name space of the Component Description for this Component.

If not specified, the XML name space of the Component Description for this Component should be the lowest Declarative Services XML name space which supports all the specification features used by this Component.

Default:

See Also:

"The XML name space specified for a Component Description."

configurationPolicy

public abstract ConfigurationPolicy configurationPolicy

The configuration policy of this Component.

Controls whether component configurations must be satisfied depending on the presence of a corresponding Configuration object in the OSGi Configuration Admin service. A corresponding configuration is a Configuration object where the PID equals the name of the component.

If not specified, the OPTIONAL configuration policy is used.

Default:

ConfigurationPolicy.OPTIONAL

Since:

1.1

See Also:

"The configuration-policy attribute of the component element of a Component Description."

configurationPid

public abstract String configurationPid

The configuration PID for the configuration of this Component.

Allows the configuration PID for this Component to be different than the name of this Component.

If not specified, the name of this Component is used as the configuration PID of this Component.

Default:

Since:

1.2

See Also:

"The configuration-pid attribute of the component element of a Component Description."

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scope

```
public abstract <a href="ServiceScope">ServiceScope</a> scope
```

The service scope for the service of this Component.

If not specified and the deprecated $\frac{\text{servicefactory}()}{\text{scope}}$ element is not specified, the $\frac{\text{singleton}}{\text{scope}}$ service scope is used.

Default:

ServiceScope.DEFAULT

Since:

1.3

See Also:

"The scope attribute of the service element of a Component Description."

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Enum ConfigurationPolicy

org.osgi.service.component.annotations

All Implemented Interfaces:

Comparable < Configuration Policy >, Serializable

```
public enum ConfigurationPolicy
extends Enum<ConfigurationPolicy>
```

Configuration Policy for the Component annotation.

Controls whether component configurations must be satisfied depending on the presence of a corresponding Configuration object in the OSGi Configuration Admin service. A corresponding configuration is a Configuration object where the PID is the name of the component.

Since:

1.1

Enum Constant Summary	Pag e
IGNORE Always allow the component configuration to be satisfied and do not use the corresponding Configuration object even if it is present.	35
OPTIONAL Use the corresponding Configuration object if present but allow the component to be satisfied even if the corresponding Configuration object is not present.	34
There must be a corresponding Configuration object for the component configuration to become satisfied.	35

Method Summary		Pag e
String	toString()	35
static Configurat ionPolicy	<pre>valueOf(String name)</pre>	35
static Configurat ionPolicy[values()	35

Enum Constant Detail

OPTIONAL

public static final ConfigurationPolicy OPTIONAL

Use the corresponding Configuration object if present but allow the component to be satisfied even if the corresponding Configuration object is not present.

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REQUIRE

public static final ConfigurationPolicy REQUIRE

There must be a corresponding Configuration object for the component configuration to become satisfied.

IGNORE

public static final ConfigurationPolicy IGNORE

Always allow the component configuration to be satisfied and do not use the corresponding Configuration object even if it is present.

Method Detail

values

public static ConfigurationPolicy[] values()

valueOf

public static <u>ConfigurationPolicy</u> valueOf(String name)

toString

public String toString()

Overrides:

toString in class ${\tt Enum}$

OSGi Javadoc -- 06.06.13 Page 35 of 69

Annotation Type Deactivate

org.osgi.service.component.annotations

@Retention(value=RetentionPolicy.CLASS)
@Target(value=ElementType.METHOD)
public @interface Deactivate

Identify the annotated method as the deactivate method of a Service Component.

The annotated method is the deactivate method of the Component.

This annotation is not processed at runtime by a Service Component Runtime implementation. It must be processed by tools and used to add a Component Description to the bundle.

Since:

1 1

See Also:

"The deactivate attribute of the component element of a Component Description."

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Annotation Type Modified

org.osgi.service.component.annotations

@Retention(value=RetentionPolicy.CLASS)
@Target(value=ElementType.METHOD)
public @interface Modified

Identify the annotated method as the modified method of a Service Component.

The annotated method is the modified method of the Component.

This annotation is not processed at runtime by a Service Component Runtime implementation. It must be processed by tools and used to add a Component Description to the bundle.

Since:

1 1

See Also:

"The modified attribute of the component element of a Component Description."

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Annotation Type Reference

org.osgi.service.component.annotations

@Retention(value=RetentionPolicy.CLASS)
@Target(value=ElementType.METHOD)
public @interface Reference

Identify the annotated method as a bind method of a Service Component.

The annotated method is a bind method of the Component.

This annotation is not processed at runtime by a Service Component Runtime implementation. It must be processed by tools and used to add a Component Description to the bundle.

In the generated Component Description for a component, the references must be ordered in ascending lexicographical order (using String.compareTo) of the reference names.

See Also:

"The reference element of a Component Description."

Required Element Summary		Pag e
ReferenceC ardinality	Cardinality The cardinality of the reference.	39
String	The name of this reference.	38
ReferenceP olicy	The policy for the reference.	39
ReferenceP olicyOptio n	<u>policyOption</u> The policy option for the reference.	40
ReferenceS cope	The requested service scope for this Reference.	40
Class	Service The type of the service to bind to this reference.	39
String	The target filter for the reference.	39
String	unbind The name of the unbind method which is associated with the annotated bind method.	39
String	updated The name of the updated method which is associated with the annotated bind method.	40

Element Detail

name

public abstract String name

The name of this reference.

If not specified, the name of this reference is based upon the name of the method being annotated. If the method name begins with bind, set or add, that is removed.

Default:

See Also:

"The name attribute of the reference element of a Component Description."

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service

public abstract Class<?> service

The type of the service to bind to this reference.

If not specified, the type of the service to bind is based upon the type of the first argument of the method being annotated.

Default:

Object.class

See Also:

"The interface attribute of the reference element of a Component Description."

cardinality

public abstract <u>ReferenceCardinality</u> cardinality

The cardinality of the reference.

If not specified, the reference has a 1..1 cardinality.

Default:

ReferenceCardinality.MANDATORY

See Also:

"The cardinality attribute of the reference element of a Component Description."

policy

public abstract ReferencePolicy policy

The policy for the reference.

If not specified, the **STATIC** reference policy is used.

Default:

ReferencePolicy.STATIC

See Also:

"The policy attribute of the reference element of a Component Description."

target

public abstract String target

The target filter for the reference.

Default:

See Also:

"The target attribute of the reference element of a Component Description."

unbind

public abstract String unbind

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The name of the unbind method which is associated with the annotated bind method.

To declare no unbind method, the value "-" must be used.

If not specified, the name of the unbind method is derived from the name of the annotated bind method. If the annotated method name begins with bind, set or add, that is replaced with unbind, unset or remove, respectively, to derive the unbind method name. Otherwise, un is prefixed to the annotated method name to derive the unbind method name. The unbind method is only set if the component type contains a method with the derived name.

Default:

See Also:

"The unbind attribute of the reference element of a Component Description."

policyOption

public abstract <u>ReferencePolicyOption</u> policyOption

The policy option for the reference.

If not specified, the **RELUCTANT** reference policy option is used.

Default:

ReferencePolicyOption.RELUCTANT

Since:

1.2

See Also:

"The policy-option attribute of the reference element of a Component Description."

updated

public abstract String updated

The name of the updated method which is associated with the annotated bind method.

To declare no updated method, the value "-" must be used.

If not specified, the name of the updated method is derived from the name of the annotated bind method. If the annotated method name begins with <code>bind</code>, <code>set</code> or <code>add</code>, that is replaced with <code>updated</code> to derive the updated method name. Otherwise, <code>updated</code> is prefixed to the annotated method name to derive the updated method name. The updated method is only set if the component type contains a method with the derived name.

Default:

Since:

1 :

See Also:

"The updated attribute of the reference element of a Component Description."

scope

```
public abstract ReferenceScope scope
```

The requested service scope for this Reference.

If not specified, the <u>bundle</u> service scope is requested.

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Default:

ReferenceScope.BUNDLE

Since: 1.3

See Also:
"The scope attribute of the reference element of a Component Description."

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Enum ReferenceCardinality

org.osgi.service.component.annotations

All Implemented Interfaces:

Comparable < Reference Cardinality >, Serializable

```
public enum ReferenceCardinality
extends Enum<ReferenceCardinality>
```

Cardinality for the <u>Reference</u> annotation.

Specifies if the reference is optional and if the component implementation support a single bound service or multiple bound services.

Enum Constant Summary	Pag e
AT_LEAST_ONE The reference is mandatory and multiple.	43
MANDATORY The reference is mandatory and unary.	42
MULTIPLE The reference is optional and multiple.	43
OPTIONAL The reference is optional and unary.	42

Method	Method Summary	
String	toString()	43
static ReferenceC ardinality		43
static ReferenceC ardinality		43

Enum Constant Detail

OPTIONAL

```
public static final <a href="ReferenceCardinality">ReferenceCardinality</a> OPTIONAL
```

The reference is optional and unary. That is, the reference has a cardinality of 0..1.

MANDATORY

```
public static final <a href="ReferenceCardinality">ReferenceCardinality</a> MANDATORY
```

The reference is mandatory and unary. That is, the reference has a cardinality of 1..1.

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MULTIPLE

 $\verb"public static final ReferenceCardinality" \verb"MULTIPLE""$

The reference is optional and multiple. That is, the reference has a cardinality of 0..n.

AT_LEAST_ONE

```
public static final <a href="ReferenceCardinality">ReferenceCardinality</a> <a href="AT_LEAST_ONE">AT_LEAST_ONE</a>
```

The reference is mandatory and multiple. That is, the reference has a cardinality of 1..n.

Method Detail

values

public static <u>ReferenceCardinality[]</u> values()

valueOf

public static <u>ReferenceCardinality</u> valueOf(String name)

toString

public String toString()

Overrides:

toString in class Enum

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Enum ReferencePolicy

org.osgi.service.component.annotations

All Implemented Interfaces:

Comparable < Reference Policy >, Serializable

```
public enum ReferencePolicy
extends Enum<ReferencePolicy>
```

Policy for the Reference annotation.

Enum Constant Summary	Pag e
The dynamic policy is slightly more complex since the component implementation must properly handle changes in the set of bound services.	44
The static policy is the most simple policy and is the default policy.	44

Method	Method Summary	
String	<pre>toString()</pre>	45
static ReferenceP olicy	<pre>valueOf(String name)</pre>	45
static ReferenceP olicy[]	<pre>values()</pre>	45

Enum Constant Detail

STATIC

public static final ReferencePolicy STATIC

The static policy is the most simple policy and is the default policy. A component instance never sees any of the dynamics. Component configurations are deactivated before any bound service for a reference having a static policy becomes unavailable. If a target service is available to replace the bound service which became unavailable, the component configuration must be reactivated and bound to the replacement service.

DYNAMIC

public static final ReferencePolicy DYNAMIC

The dynamic policy is slightly more complex since the component implementation must properly handle changes in the set of bound services. With the dynamic policy, SCR can change the set of bound services without deactivating a component configuration. If the component uses the event strategy to access services, then the component instance will be notified of changes in the set of bound services by calls to the bind and unbind methods.

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Method Detail

values

public static <u>ReferencePolicy[]</u> values()

valueOf

public static <u>ReferencePolicy</u> valueOf(String name)

toString

public String toString()

Overrides:

toString in class Enum

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Enum ReferencePolicyOption

org.osgi.service.component.annotations

All Implemented Interfaces:

Comparable < Reference Policy Option >, Serializable

```
public enum ReferencePolicyOption
extends Enum<ReferencePolicyOption>
```

Policy option for the Reference annotation.

Since:

1.2

Enum Constant Summary	Pag e
GREEDY The greedy policy option is a valid policy option for both static and dynamic reference policies.	46
The reluctant policy option is the default policy option for both <pre>static</pre> and <pre>dynamic</pre> reference policies.	46

Method Summary		Pag e
String	<pre>toString()</pre>	47
static <u>ReferenceP</u> <u>olicyOptio</u> <u>n</u>	<pre>valueOf(String name)</pre>	47
static <u>ReferenceP</u> <u>olicyOptio</u> <u>n[]</u>	<pre>values()</pre>	47

Enum Constant Detail

RELUCTANT

public static final RELUCTANT

The reluctant policy option is the default policy option for both static and dynamic reference policies.
When a new target service for a reference becomes available, references having the reluctant policy option for the static policy or the dynamic policy with a unary cardinality will ignore the new target service.

References having the dynamic policy with a multiple cardinality will bind the new target service.

GREEDY

```
public static final <a href="ReferencePolicyOption">REFEDY</a>
```

The greedy policy option is a valid policy option for both <u>static</u> and <u>dynamic</u> reference policies. When a new target service for a reference becomes available, references having the greedy policy option will bind the new target service.

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Method Detail

values

public static <u>ReferencePolicyOption[]</u> values()

valueOf

public static <u>ReferencePolicyOption</u> valueOf(String name)

toString

public String toString()

Overrides:

toString in class Enum

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Enum ReferenceScope

org.osgi.service.component.annotations

All Implemented Interfaces:

Comparable<ReferenceScope>, Serializable

```
public enum ReferenceScope
extends Enum<<u>ReferenceScope</u>>
```

Reference scope for the Reference annotation.

Since:

1.3

Enum Constant Summary	Pag e
A single service object is used for all references to the service in this bundle.	48
PROTOTYPE If the referenced service has prototype service scope, then each instance of the component with this reference can receive a unique instance of the service.	48

Method	Method Summary	
String	toString()	49
static ReferenceS cope	<pre>valueOf(String name)</pre>	49
static ReferenceS cope[]	<pre>values()</pre>	49

Enum Constant Detail

BUNDLE

```
public static final <a href="ReferenceScope">ReferenceScope</a> BUNDLE
```

A single service object is used for all references to the service in this bundle.

PROTOTYPE

```
public static final <a href="ReferenceScope">ReferenceScope</a> PROTOTYPE
```

If the referenced service has prototype service scope, then each instance of the component with this reference can receive a unique instance of the service. If the referenced service does not have prototype service scope, then no service object will be received.

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Method Detail

values

public static <u>ReferenceScope[]</u> values()

valueOf

public static <u>ReferenceScope</u> valueOf(String name)

toString

public String toString()

Overrides:

toString in class Enum

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Enum ServiceScope

org.osgi.service.component.annotations

All Implemented Interfaces:

Comparable<Serializable

```
public enum ServiceScope
extends Enum<ServiceScope>
```

Service scope for the **Component** annotation.

Since:

1.3

Enum Constant Summary	Pag e
When the component is registered as a service, it will be registered as a bundle scope service and an instance of the component will be created for each bundle using the service.	50
DEFAULT Default element value for annotation.	51
When the component is registered as a service, it will be registered as a prototype scope service.	51
SINGLETON When the component is registered as a service, it will be registered as a bundle scope service but only a single instance of the component will be used for all bundles using the service.	50

Method	Method Summary	
String	toString()	51
static <u>ServiceSco</u> <u>pe</u>		51
static <u>ServiceSco</u> <u>pe</u> []	<pre>values()</pre>	51

Enum Constant Detail

SINGLETON

```
public static final <a href="ServiceScope">ServiceScope</a> SINGLETON
```

When the component is registered as a service, it will be registered as a bundle scope service but only a single instance of the component will be used for all bundles using the service.

BUNDLE

```
public static final <a href="ServiceScope">ServiceScope</a> BUNDLE
```

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When the component is registered as a service, it will be registered as a bundle scope service and an instance of the component will be created for each bundle using the service.

PROTOTYPE

public static final ServiceScope PROTOTYPE

When the component is registered as a service, it will be registered as a prototype scope service.

DEFAULT

public static final ServiceScope DEFAULT

Default element value for annotation. This is used to distinguish the default value for an element and should not otherwise be used.

Method Detail

values

public static <u>ServiceScope[]</u> values()

valueOf

public static <u>ServiceScope</u> valueOf(String name)

toString

public String toString()

Overrides:

toString in class Enum

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Package org.osgi.service.component.runtime

@org.osgi.annotation.versioning.Version(value="1.3")

Service Component Package Version 1.3.

See:

Description

Interface Summary		
ServiceCompo nentRuntime	The ServiceComponentRuntime service represents the Declarative Services main controller also known as the Service Component Runtime or SCR for short.	65

Class Summary		Page
BoundReferen ce	The BoundReference interface represents the actual service binding of a service reference declared in the reference element of the component declaration.	53
ComponentCo nfiguration	The ComponentConfiguration interface represents an actual instance of a declared ComponentDescription.	55
ComponentDe scription	The Component interface represents the declaration of a component in a Declarative Services descriptor.	58
Reference	The Reference interface represents a single reference (or dependency) to a service used by a Component as declared in the reference elements of a Declarative Services descriptor.	62

Package org.osgi.service.component.runtime Description

Service Component Package Version 1.3.

Bundles wishing to use this package must list the package in the Import-Package header of the bundle's manifest. This package has two types of users: the consumers that use the API in this package and the providers that implement the API in this package.

Example import for consumers using the API in this package:

```
Import-Package: org.osgi.service.component; version="[1.3,2.0)"
```

Example import for providers implementing the API in this package:

```
Import-Package: org.osgi.service.component; version="[1.3,1.4)"
```

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Class BoundReference

org.osgi.service.component.runtime

```
public class BoundReference
extends org.osgi.dto.DTO
```

The BoundReference interface represents the actual service binding of a service reference declared in the reference element of the component declaration.

Since:

Version:

\$Id: 5d17c4cfdf9a25336ba9498daf0cb28ddded7c04 \$

NotThreadSafe

Field Summary		Pag e
Reference	Returns the component/reference element of the component descriptor defining this bound reference.	53
boolean	Returns whether this reference is satisfied.	53
org.osgi.d to.framewo rk.Service ReferenceD TO[]	ServiceReferences An array of ServiceReferenceDTO instances representing the bound services.	54
String	The value of the actual target value used to select services to bind to.	54

Constructor Summary	Pag e
BoundReference ()	54

Methods inherited from class org.osgi.dto.DTO	
toString	

Field Detail

reference

public Reference

Returns the component/reference element of the component descriptor defining this bound reference.

satisfied

```
public boolean satisfied
```

Returns whether this reference is satisfied. An <u>optional</u> reference is always satisfied. Otherwise true is only returned if at least one service is bound.

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target

public String target

The value of the actual target value used to select services to bind to. Initially (without overwriting configuration) this method provides access to the <code>component/reference.target</code> attribute of the reference declaration. If configuration overwrites the target property, this method returns the value of the component property whose name is derived from the <code>reference name</code> plus the suffix <code>.target</code>. If no target property exists this field is set to <code>null</code>.

serviceReferences

public org.osgi.dto.framework.ServiceReferenceDTO[] serviceReferences

An array of ServiceReferenceDTO instances representing the bound services. If no services are actually bound, this field is set to null.

Constructor Detail

BoundReference

public BoundReference()

OSGi Javadoc -- 06.06.13 Page 54 of 69

Class ComponentConfiguration

org.osgi.service.component.runtime

```
java.lang.Object
Lorg.osgi.dto.DTO
```

 $\cup{component.runtime.ComponentConfiguration}$

```
public class ComponentConfiguration
extends org.osgi.dto.DTO
```

The ComponentConfiguration interface represents an actual instance of a declared <u>ComponentDescription</u>. These instances are called *configurations* in the Declarative Services specification hence the name.

Since:

1.3

Version:

\$Id: 9d2a68e7a6f4be379a58a9e0b5e82a5df9095a05 \$

NotThreadSafe

Field Summary		Pag e
BoundRefer ence[]	boundReferences An array of BoundReference instances representing the service references bound to this component configuration.	57
ComponentD escription	Component The declaration of this component configuration.	57
String	ConfigurationPid The service.pid property of the configuration properties provided by the Configuration Admin service for this component configuration or null if no configuration from the Configuration Admin is provided to this component configuration.	57
Map <string ,object=""></string>	Properties A map of the actual properties provided to the component configuration.	57
int	The current state of this component configuration, which is one of the STATE_* constants defined in this interface.	57
static int	STATE_ACTIVATING A satisfied component is being activated (value is 2).	56
static int	A component is in the active state (value is 8).	56
static int	The Component is being deactivated either because it is being disabled or because a dependency is not satisfied any more (value is 16).	57
static int	The Component has successfully been activated but is a delayed or service factory component pending instantiation on first use (value is 4).	56
static int	STATE_UNSATISFIED The initial state of a component (value is 1).	56

C	Constructor Summary	Pag e
C	<pre>componentConfiguration()</pre>	57

Methods inherited from class org.osgi.dto.DTO toString

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Field Detail

STATE_UNSATISFIED

```
public static final int STATE UNSATISFIED = 1
```

The initial state of a component (value is 1).

When the component becomes satisfied it enters the activating state to be activated.

STATE ACTIVATING

```
public static final int STATE_ACTIVATING = 2
```

A satisfied component is being activated (value is 2). Depending on the type of the component this may include the following steps:

- Register as a service (if providing service(s))
- Create the component instance
- Bind available references
- Call the activator method (if any)

If activation succeeds the component enters the <u>active state</u> if it is an immediate component or the <u>registered state</u> if it is a delayed or factory service component or if it is a component factory component.

If activation fails the component falls back to the unsatisfied state.

STATE_REGISTERED

```
public static final int STATE_REGISTERED = 4
```

The Component has successfully been activated but is a delayed or service factory component pending instantiation on first use (value is 4).

If the service is retrieved from the service factory for the first time the component is being activated and on success enters the <u>active state</u>.

If activation fails, the component remains in the registered state.

If the component is being deactivated it enters the <u>deactivating state</u>.

STATE ACTIVE

```
public static final int STATE_ACTIVE = 8
```

A component is in the active state (value is 8). The activate state means the following depending on the type of component:

- The component is an immediate component
- The component is a delayed or service factory component and at least one consumer has retrieved the provided service
- The component is an instance of a Component Factory component created with the ComponentFactory.newInstance(java.util.Dictionary) method

If the component becomes unsatisfied it is being deactivated and enters the deactivating state.

If the component is a Component Factory created instance and is disposed off with the <u>ComponentInstance.dispose()</u> method it is being destroyed and also enters the <u>deactivating state</u>.

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If the last consumer of a delayed or service factory component ungets the provided service, the component instance is destroyed and the component enters the <u>registered state</u>.

STATE_DEACTIVATING

```
public static final int STATE DEACTIVATING = 16
```

The Component is being deactivated either because it is being disabled or because a dependency is not satisfied any more (value is 16). After deactivation the Component enters the <u>unsatisfied state</u>.

component

public ComponentDescription component

The declaration of this component configuration.

state

public int state

The current state of this component configuration, which is one of the STATE_* constants defined in this interface.

configurationPid

public String configurationPid

The service.pid property of the configuration properties provided by the Configuration Admin service for this component configuration or null if no configuration from the Configuration Admin is provided to this component configuration.

properties

public Map<String,Object> properties

A map of the actual properties provided to the component configuration. This map provides the same content as the content as the content as the content as the content as the content as the context.getProperties () method.

boundReferences

public BoundReference[] boundReferences

An array of <u>BoundReference</u> instances representing the service references bound to this component configuration. null is returned if the component configuration has no bound references.

Constructor Detail

ComponentConfiguration

public ComponentConfiguration()

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Class ComponentDescription

org.osgi.service.component.runtime

org.osgi.service.component.runtime.ComponentDescription

public class ComponentDescription
extends org.osgi.dto.DTO

The Component interface represents the declaration of a component in a Declarative Services descriptor.

Since:

1.3

ersion:

\$Id: dc999e7d8096c5dbfbc5a206c6a6c6c22a5fd00a \$

NotThreadSafe

Field Su	mmary	Pag e
String	activate The name of the method to be called when the component is being activated as defined in the component.activate attribute or null if not explicitly declared.	60
org.osgi.d to.framewo rk.BundleD	bundle The bundle declaring this component.	59
String	<pre>configurationPolicy The configuration policy declared in the component.configuration-policy attribute.</pre>	61
String	The name of the method to be called when the component is being deactivated as defined in the component.deactivate attribute or null if not explicitly declared.	60
boolean	<u>defaultEnabled</u> Whether the component is declared to be enabled by default (true) as defined by the component.enabled attribute.	60
String	The component factory name from component.factory attribute or null if this component is not defined as a component factory.	59
long	The unique ID of this component managed by the Service Component Runtime.	61
boolean	immediate Whether the component is an immediate or a delayed component as defined by the component.immediate attribute.	60
String	implementationClass The fully qualified name of the class implementing this component from the component/implementation.class attribute.	59
String	modified The name of the method to be called when the component's configuration is being updated as defined in the component.modified attribute or null if not declared.	61
String	name The name of the component defined in the component.name attribute which may be null.	59
Map <string ,Object></string 	<u>properties</u> The declared properties of the component as defined by the component/property and component/properties elements.	60
Reference[<u>references</u> An array of <u>Reference</u> instances representing the service references (or dependencies) of this component as defined in the component/reference elements.	60

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String	The service scope for the service of this Component as defined by the service/scope attribute.	59
	ServiceInterfaces An array of service names provided by this component or null if the component is not registered as a service as defined by the component/service/provide.interface attributes.	60

Constructor Summary	Pag e
<pre>ComponentDescription()</pre>	61

Methods inherited from class org.osgi.dto.DTO
toString

Field Detail

name

public String name

The name of the component defined in the component.name attribute which may be null.

bundle

public org.osgi.dto.framework.BundleDTO bundle

The bundle declaring this component.

factory

public String factory

The component factory name from component.factory attribute or null if this component is not defined as a component factory.

scope

public String scope

The service scope for the service of this Component as defined by the <code>service/scope</code> attribute.

implementationClass

 $\verb"public String" implementation Class"$

The fully qualified name of the class implementing this component from the component/implementation.class attribute.

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defaultEnabled

public boolean defaultEnabled

Whether the component is declared to be enabled by default (true) as defined by the component.enabled attribute.

immediate

public boolean immediate

Whether the component is an immediate or a delayed component as defined by the component.immediate attribute.

serviceInterfaces

public String[] serviceInterfaces

An array of service names provided by this component or null if the component is not registered as a service as defined by the component/service/provide.interface attributes.

properties

public Map<String,Object> properties

The declared properties of the component as defined by the component/property and component/properties elements.

references

public Reference[] references

An array of Reference instances representing the service references (or dependencies) of this component as defined in the component/reference elements.

activate

public String activate

The name of the method to be called when the component is being activated as defined in the component.activate attribute or null if not explicitly declared.

deactivate

public String deactivate

The name of the method to be called when the component is being deactivated as defined in the component.deactivate attribute or null if not explicitly declared.

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modified

public String modified

The name of the method to be called when the component's configuration is being updated as defined in the component.modified attribute or null if not declared.

configurationPolicy

public String configurationPolicy

The configuration policy declared in the component.configuration-policy attribute. If the component descriptor is a Declarative Services 1.0 descriptor or not configuration policy has been declared, the default value *optional* is returned.

The returned string is one of the three policies defined in the Declarative Services specification 1.1:

optional

Configuration from the Configuration Admin service is supplied to the component if available. Otherwise the component is activated without Configuration Admin configuration. This is the default value reflecting the behaviour of Declarative Services 1.0

require

Configuration is required. The component remains unsatisfied until configuration is available from the Configuration Admin service.

ignore

Configuration is ignored. No Configuration Admin service configuration is supplied to the component.

id

public long id

The unique ID of this component managed by the Service Component Runtime. This value is also available as the component.id service registration property of component configurations registered as services.

Constructor Detail

ComponentDescription

public ComponentDescription()

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Class Reference

org.osgi.service.component.runtime

```
java.lang.Object
  └org.osgi.dto.DTO
```

org.osgi.service.component.runtime.Reference

public class Reference extends org.osgi.dto.DTO

The Reference interface represents a single reference (or dependency) to a service used by a Component as declared in the reference elements of a Declarative Services descriptor.

Since: 1.3

Version:

\$Id: 44060765b30df744f52a143ed719105722117a8a \$

NotThreadSafe

Field Su	ımmary	Pag e
String	The name of the method called if a service is being bound to the component as defined by the reference.bind attribute or null if no such method is declared.	64
String	interfaceName The name of the service used by this reference as defined by the reference.interface attribute.	63
boolean	Whether this reference is multiple as defined by the upper bound of the reference.cardinality.	63
String	The name of this Reference as defined by the reference.name attribute or null if not declared.	63
boolean	Whether this reference is optional as defined by the lower bound of the reference.cardinality.	63
String	Whether the reference is statically or dynamically bound as defined by the reference.policy attribute.	63
String	PolicyOption Policy of handling of availability of a better service as defined by the reference.policyoption attribute.	63
ReferenceS cope	The requested service scope for this Reference as defined by the reference.scope attribute.	64
String	The value of the target property of this reference as defined by the reference.target attribute or null if not declared.	64
String	The name of the method called if a service is being unbound from the component as defined by the reference.unbind attribute or null if no such method is declared.	64
String	The name of the method called if the bound service service is updated as defined by the reference.updated attribute or null if no such method is declared.	64

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Constructor Summary	Pag e
Reference ()	64

Methods inherited from class org.osgi.dto.DTO	
toString	

Field Detail

name

public String name

The name of this Reference as defined by the reference.name attribute or null if not declared.

interfaceName

public String interfaceName

The name of the service used by this reference as defined by the reference.interface attribute.

optional

public boolean optional

Whether this reference is optional as defined by the lower bound of the reference.cardinality. In other words this field is set to true if the cardinality is 0..1 or 0..n.

multiple

public boolean multiple

Whether this reference is multiple as defined by the upper bound of the reference.cardinality. In other words this field is set to true if the cardinality is 0..n or 1..n.

policy

public String policy

Whether the reference is statically or dynamically bound as defined by the reference.policy attribute.

policyOption

public String policyOption

Policy of handling of availability of a better service as defined by the reference.policy-option attribute.

OSGi Javadoc -- 06.06.13 Page 63 of 69

target

public String target

The value of the target property of this reference as defined by the reference.target attribute or null if not declared.

bind

public String bind

The name of the method called if a service is being bound to the component as defined by the reference.bind attribute or null if no such method is declared.

unbind

public String unbind

The name of the method called if a service is being unbound from the component as defined by the reference.unbind attribute or null if no such method is declared.

updated

public String updated

The name of the method called if the bound service service is updated as defined by the reference.updated attribute or null if no such method is declared.

scope

public ReferenceScope scope

The requested service scope for this Reference as defined by the reference.scope attribute.

Constructor Detail

Reference

public Reference()

OSGi Javadoc -- 06.06.13 Page 64 of 69

Interface ServiceComponentRuntime

org.osgi.service.component.runtime

@org.osgi.annotation.versioning.ProviderType
public interface ServiceComponentRuntime

The ServiceComponentRuntime service represents the Declarative Services main controller also known as the Service Component Runtime or SCR for short. It provides access to the components managed by the Service Component Runtime.

This service differentiates between <u>ComponentDescription</u> and <u>ComponentConfiguration</u>. A <u>ComponentDescription</u> is the declaration of the component in the <u>Declarative Services</u> descriptor. A <u>ComponentConfiguration</u> is an actual instance of a declared <u>ComponentDescription</u> and is backed by an object instance of the <u>implementation class name declared in the component</u>.

Access to this service requires the ServicePermission[org.osgi.service.component.ServiceComponentRuntime, GET] permission. It is intended that only administrative bundles should be granted this permission to limit access to the potentially intrusive methods provided by this service.

Since:

Version:

\$Id: 0cf40154dcc16759a08f7f3391de7ad32c7df87f \$

ThreadSafe

Method Summary		
void	disableComponent (ComponentDescription description) Disables this ComponentDescription if it is enabled.	67
void	<pre>enableComponent(ComponentDescription description) Enables this ComponentDescription if it is disabled.</pre>	67
Collection < Component Configurat ion>	getComponentConfigurations (ComponentDescription description) Return a collection of component configurations created for the component description.	66
ComponentD escription	getComponentDescription (org.osgi.framework.Bundle bundle, String name) Return the ComponentDescription declared with the given name or null if no such component is declared by the given bundle or the bundle is not active.	66
Collection <component descriptio="" n=""></component>	getComponentDescriptions (org.osgi.framework.Bundle bundles) Returns the component descriptions declared by the given bundles or the component descriptions declared by all active bundles if bundles is null.	65
boolean	<u>isComponentEnabled</u> (ComponentDescription description) Whether this component is currently enabled (true) or not.	66

Method Detail

getComponentDescriptions

Collection < ComponentDescriptions">ComponentDescriptions (org.osgi.framework.Bundle... bundles

Returns the component descriptions declared by the given bundles or the component descriptions declared by all active bundles if bundles is null. If the bundles have no declared components or the bundles are not active an empty collection is returned.

Parameters:

bundles - The bundles whose declared components are to be returned or null if the declared components from all active bundles are to be returned.

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Returns:

The declared component descriptions of the given (active) <code>bundles</code> or the declared component descriptions from all active bundles if <code>bundle</code> is <code>null</code>. An empty collection is returned if no components are declared by active bundles.

getComponentDescription

<u>ComponentDescription</u> **getComponentDescription**(org.osgi.framework.Bundle bundle, String name)

Return the <u>ComponentDescription</u> declared with the given name or null if no such component is declared by the given bundle or the bundle is not active.

Parameters:

bundle - The bundle declaring the requested component name - The name of the ComponentDescription to return

Returns:

The named component or null if none of the active bundles declare a component with that name.

Throws:

NullPointerException - if name Or bundle is null.

getComponentConfigurations

 ${\tt Collection} < \underline{{\tt ComponentConfiguration}} > {\tt getComponentConfigurations} \\ (\underline{{\tt ComponentDescription}} \\ \\ {\tt description} \\)$

Return a collection of <u>component configurations</u> created for the component description. If there are no component configurations currently created, the collection is empty. This collection of configurations represents a snapshot of the current state.

Parameters:

description - The component description.

Returns:

The component configurations created for the given component description. An empty collection is returned if there are non.

Throws:

NullPointerException - if description or null.

isComponentEnabled

 $\verb|boolean is Component Enabled (\verb|Component Description|)|$

Whether this component is currently enabled (true) or not.

Initially this follows the Component.enabled attribute of the declaration and can be changed by the enableComponent(ComponentDescription)
method, disableComponent(ComponentDescription)
method,
ComponentContext.disableComponent(String)
or
ComponentContext.enableComponent(String).

Parameters:

description - The component description.

Returns:

Whether this component is currently enabled or not.

Throws:

NullPointerException - if description or null.

See Also:

ComponentDescription.defaultEnabled

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enableComponent

void enableComponent(ComponentDescription description)

Enables this ComponentDescription if it is disabled. If the ComponentDescription is not currently disabled this method has no effect.

Parameters:

description - The component description to enable.

Throws:

NullPointerException - if description or is null.

disableComponent

void disableComponent(ComponentDescription description)

Disables this ComponentDescription if it is enabled. If the ComponentDescription is currently disabled this method has no effect.

Parameters:

description - The component description to disable.

Throws:

NullPointerException - if description or is null.

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8 Considered Alternatives

8.1 Diagnostic API

The proposed diagnostic API is an evolution of the API already supported by the Apache Felix and Eclipse DS implementations. That existing API has a number of weaknesses which are addressed in the proposed API:

- Lack of a security model: Except for the ServicePermission[GET] to access the ScrService service no security is defined at all
- The service is badly named "ScrService"
- There is no distinction between a Component as a declared entity and a Component Configuration as an
 actual instance of the declared entity. This makes the API look strange when dealing with multiple
 Component Configurations for the same Component.

Thus the proposed API is a complete requrite of the existing API to better match the actual situation of a service component runtime.

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8.2 @Component annotation inheritance

The original Bug 2138 asked for full support for inheritance of annotations. Such inheritance is already supported by the DS annotations provided by the Apache Felix project.

Yet full support is problematic because annotations are evaluated at build time based on build time dependencies available. Later at run time the static declarations are used to define properties, bind references and expose services. If a base class is modified between some expectations of that base class may not be met.

Consider for example a component Extender extending from the Base component. The Base component has an optional reference to Service S1 at build time. At deployment time a new version of the Base component is deployed which besides the optional reference now has a mandatory reference to a Service S2. The descriptor created for Extender does not have this mandatory reference and thus may cause unexpected runtime errors (probably NullPointerException).

Another problem with full inheritance support is that implementations have to be exported. For the extending classes to have access to the base classes, those must be available in the class space of the extending class. This requires components to be exported. But this violates a basic assumption of DS which deems it best practice to not expose implementation details through export.

For these two reasons it was decided at the Basel F2F to support inheritance for components within the same bundle.

As it is very hard for tooling – up to impossible – to decide whether a (parent) class is within the same bundle, it was decided at the Palo Alto F2F to drop inheritance completely.

8.3 Create separate Service annotation (Bug 2140)

The original bug 2140 asked for the creation of a separate service annotation. However, due to impedance mismatch on the default of @Component.service() and a new @Service annotation, it was decided after the F2F meeting in Palo Alto to drop this additional annotation.

8.4 Component provided service properties (Bug 2250)

Different ways of supporting changes of service properties through the component have been discussed like returning a map from the activation method and/or having a setter method on the component context. However this would create several problems like how to update the properties and when especially with factory components. Therefore it was decided at the Palo Alto F2F to drop this enhancement.

8.5 Create separate Property annocation (Bug 2141)

The original bug 2141 asked for a separate property annotation. After extensive considerations this suggestion has been withdrawn and replaced with the new annotation based approach to define properties.

For posterity, record the design alternatives that were considered but rejected along with the reason for rejection. This is especially important for external/earlier solutions that were deemed not applicable.

9 Security Considerations

The diagnostic API has security implications in that it allows to introspect into component declarations and instances which are otherwise not accessible. In addition the API provides functionality to actually disable or enable components, albeit this is only temporary and reverted by a system or bundle restart.

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Thus the complete API should only be available to management agents. Since this is a simple have-it-or-not situation, any bundle requiring access to the diagnostic API must have the ServicePermission[ServiceComponentRuntime, GET] permission.

10 Document Support

10.1 References

- [1]. Bradner, S., Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels, RFC2119, March 1997.
- [2]. Software Requirements & Specifications. Michael Jackson. ISBN 0-201-87712-0
- [3]. RFC 185, Data Transfer Objects

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10.3 Acronyms and Abbreviations

10.4 End of Document

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