

## **RFC 213 - Serial Device Service**

Final draftDraft

34 Pages

# **Abstract**

This document defines the Java API to communicate with Serial devices on the OSGi platform.



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# **0** Document Information

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#### 0.3 Feedback

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# 0.5 Terminology and Document Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY" and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in 1.

Source code is shown in this typeface.

## 0.6 Revision History

The last named individual in this history is currently responsible for this document.

Revision	Date	Comments
Initial	August 22, 2014	Initial version Yukio Koike, NTT Corporation, koike.yukio@lab.ntt.co.jp
v0.2	August 26, 2014	Revised version Yukio Koike, NTT Corporation, koike.yukio@lab.ntt.co.jp
v0.3	August 26, 2014	Added the RFC number Yukio Koike, NTT Corporation, koike.yukio@lab.ntt.co.jp
v0.4	Sept. 10, 2014	- Modified based on ML comments - Edited some parts Yukio Koike, NTT Corporation, koike.yukio@lab.ntt.co.jp
v0.5	Nov. 6, 2014	- Removed USB properties - Changed design based on ML discussion Yukio Koike, NTT Corporation, koike.yukio@lab.ntt.co.jp



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Date	Comments
Dec. 15, 2014	<ul> <li>Changed design based on review comments (Use a DTO for the configuration. Add an event listener.)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Removed mention the Service Factory</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Add note for the USB-Serial use case</li> <li>Yukio Koike, NTT Corporation, koike.yukio@lab.ntt.co.jp</li> </ul>

# 1 Introduction

OSGi Device Access Specification defines a unified and sophisticated way to handle devices attached to residential gateways or devices found in the home network by using various protocols such as USB, Zigbee, ZWave, KNX, and UPnP etc. OSGi Device Access Specification clearly declares that Device Category must be defined outside of OSGi Device Access Specification.

Recently, OSGi is gaining popularity as an enabling technology for building embedded system in residential market. It is expected that USB devices attached to residential gateways on OSGi has been processed since USB interfaces have been introduced into such gateways.

# 2 Application Domain

Currently there are several standardization bodies such as OSGi Alliance, HGI, and BBF which deal with the deployment of services in an infrastructure based on the usage of residential gateways running OSGi as Execution Platform.

In order to realize the services which access not only IP devices but also non-IP devices connected to the residential gateway, various protocols for home networks, such as ZigBee, Z-Wave, KNX/EHS, and ECHONET-LITE etc, have to be properly taken care of. While some residential gateways originally support those protocols, others do not. Such issue can be solved when such gateways can support USB interfaces and there exist USB dongles which support those protocols. As shown in Fig. 1, the residential gateway with USB dongles can handle various protocols by the way of "add-on". The point is that such USB dongles can be usually controlled through Serial Communication.

The existing OSGi specifications which address related topics are:

 Device Access Specification - focuses on the dynamic discovery of the proper driver when a new device is attached/connected to the residential gateway

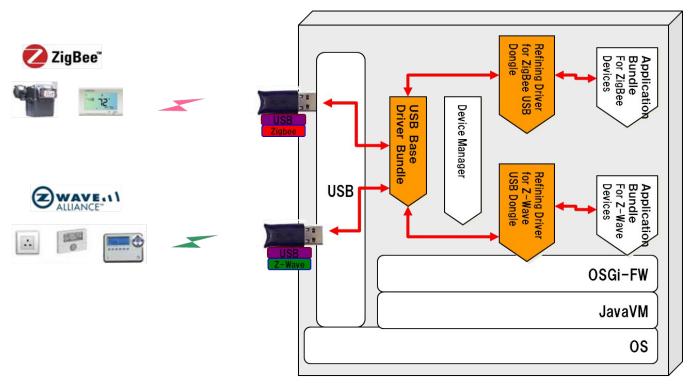


Fig 1 USB Dongles and Residential gateway

**Residential Gateway** 

# 2.1 Terminology + Abbreviations

- Base Drivers: see "103.4.2.1" in OSGi Device Access Specification [3].
- Refining Drivers: see "103.4.2.2" in OSGi Device Access Specification [3].
- Match value: the value match() method of a Driver service registered by the refining driver bundle returns.
   Matching is explained in "103.7.2 The Device Attachment Algorithm" in OSGi Device Access Specification [3].
- Device Descriptor: see "9.6.1" in Universal Serial Bus Specification[4].

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**Problem Description** 

The existing OSGi Device Access Specification provides the unified way to installation and activation of driver bundles. However, the OSGi Device Access Specification declares the device category for specific devices must be defined outside of itself. Currently, no device category for USB devices has been defined yet.

The lack of the device category for USB devices causes the following problems.

[Problem 1] The developer of a refining driver bundle, which registers a Driver service at its activation, cannot design and implement Driver#attach(ServiceReference) method without knowledge of service properties set to the Device service registered by a USB base driver.

[Problem 2] The developer of a refining driver bundle, which registers a Driver service at its activation, cannot design and implement Driver#match(ServiceReference) method without knowledge of service properties set to the Device service registered by a USB base driver and without the definition of match values to be returned.

In other words, without the device category for USB devices, a refining driver bundle developed by developer A can cooperate with the USB base driver bundle developed by the same developer A but cannot cooperate with the USB base driver bundles developed by the different developer B.

# 4 Requirements

[REQ\_1] The solution MUST be compatible with OSGi Device Access Specification.

[REQ\_2] The solution MUST define the details of the registration of a Device service by a USB base driver bundle when a USB device is attached.

[REQ\_2-1] The solution MUST define the service interface under which the Device service is registered.

[REQ\_2-2] The solution MUST define the service properties with which the Device service is registered: A set of service properties, their data types, and semantics, each of which must be declared as either MANDATORY or OPTIONAL.

[REQ\_3] The solution MUST define the way how a driver bundle controls an attached USB device which can be controlled through Serial communication.

[REQ\_4] The solution MAY define a range of match values specific to this device category.

[REQ\_5] The range of match values MUST be sufficient to describe the required range of native serial drivers specified by the HGI, especially the following ones:

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- Class drivers for Human Interface Device (HID) and Communications Device Class (CDC) <sup>1</sup>
- Drivers for FTDI Virtual Com Ports with a variable list of supported USB Vendor Identifiers and Product Identifiers<sup>2</sup>.
- Drivers for Silicon Labs CP210x USB to UART bridge and CP2110 HID USB to UART bridge<sup>3</sup>.
- USB drivers for Prolific PL-2303 USB to Serial Bridge Controller<sup>4</sup>.

# 5 Technical Solution

### 5.1 Introduction

RFP 149 "USB Device Category" describes the requirements regarding what to be defined as an OSGi Specification when handling USB devices with OSGi. Among various use cases described in this RFP, we would like to focus on such a typical use case as USB-Serial dongle that can be controlled through Serial Communication.

Such communication can be implemented by means of serial connection when using non-IP devices based on ZigBee and Z-wave protocols. The most typical case arises when a USB dongle that supports such protocols is connected to the USB port in the devices such as residential gateways. OS on the gateways will recognize the dongle as a virtual serial device, and initiate a serial communication with the application process.

In order to realize such a case on OSGi platform, this RFC defines a device category and a service for Serial devices. This document explains specifications required for establishing communication between OSGi bundle and serial devices.

RFC 202 "USB Information Device Category" defines a device category for USB devices. Therefore RFC 202 and this RFC are the solution for RFP 149.

<sup>1</sup> http://www.usb.org/developers/devclass\_docs#approved for details of USB device classes

<sup>2</sup> http://www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm

<sup>3</sup> http://www.silabs.com/products/mcu/pages/usbtouartbridgevcpdrivers.aspx.

<sup>4</sup> http://www.prolific.com.tw

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### 5.2 Entities

- SerialDevice: This is an OSGi service that is used to represent a serial device. This OSGi service stores
  information regarding serial device and its status as a service property and provides communication
  function with the device.
- SerialEventListener: A listener to events coming from Serial devices.
- Serial base driver bundle: The bundle that implements SerialDevice. Serial base driver bundle registers SerialDevice services with the Framework. It provides communication function with the (physical) serial devices. Serial base driver bundle implements concurrently ServiceFactory to access control.
- Refining driver bundle: Refining drivers provide a refined view of a physical device that is already represented by another Device service registered with the Framework (see the details for Device Access Specification).

Figure 2 shows a class diagram of Serial Device Service.

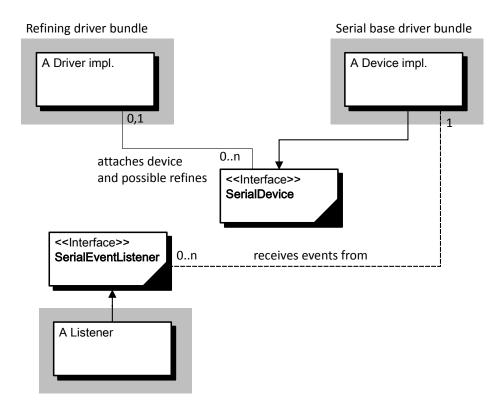


Fig 2: Serial Device Service class diagram

### 5.3 Assumptions

When a serial device is connected to the gateway, it is mapped to a COM port automatically by native libraries in OS. Those libraries are installed.

### 5.4 Operation Summary

#### 5.4.1 Serial base driver bundle

A Serial base driver is tracking OS events. Native device driver such as kernel modules in Linux can detect a serial device, communicate with it and allocate it to the corresponding device file (COM port).

When a serial device is connected, native device drivers allocate the device to /dev/ttyS0. Subsequently the serial base driver catches event and gets information about the device. Then the Serial base driver registers a SerialDevice service with service properties.

When the serial device is disconnected, the Serial base driver catches the event and unregisters the SerialDevice service.

If the device is USB-Serial device, then it is recommended that the base driver implements org.osgi.service.usbinfo.USBInfo and SerialDevice concurrently, and registers the service under USBInfo and SerialDevice interfaces (call registerService(String[] clazzes, service, props)).

#### 5.4.2 Refining driver bundle

The refining driver bundle determines which SerialDevice service is suitable to establish a communication based on service properties. This process is carried out by the device manager based on device access specifications.

The refining driver bundle will get the SerialDevice serviceThe bundle executes the necessary settings to the SerialDevice. After this execution, it will acquire the communication stream using SerialDevice#getInputStream(), and/or the SerialDevice#getOutputStream() and initiate a communication with the serial device.

#### 5.5 SerialDevice Service

SerialDevice is the interface expressing a serial device. It maintains information and state of the serial device as a service property. It provides the communication facility with the serial device. Each SerialDevice expresses each serial device.

Serial base driver bundle must implement concurrently org.osgi.framework.ServiceFactory to access control. For example, serial base driver might control access to the SerialDevice to a single bundle. The access control is depend on the serial base driver implementation.

SerialDevice service is registered with the service repository with service properties as shown in the following table.

Table 1: Service properties of SerialDevice Service

The key of service property	M/O	Description
DEVICE_CATEGORY	M	Constant for the value of the service property DEVICE_CATEGORY used for all Serial devices. Value is "Serial".
serial.comport	М	Represents the name of the port. The value is String.
		Example1: "/dev/ttyUSB0"
		Example2: "COM5"
		Example3: "/dev/tty.usbserial-XXXXXX"



### 5.6 **SerialEventListener Service**

Serial events are sent using the whiteboard model, in which a bundle interested in receiving the Serial events registers an object implementing the SerialEventListener interface. A COM port name can be set to limit the events for which a bundle is notified.

# 6 Data Transfer Objects

This RFC does not provide Data Transfer Objects.

# 7 Javadoc



# **OSGi Javadoc**

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Package Sum	mary	Page	
org.osgi.servic e.serial	Serial Device Service Specification Package Version 1.0.	13	

# Package org.osgi.service.serial

Serial Device Service Specification Package Version 1.0.

#### See:

#### **Description**

Interface Sum	mary	Page
<u>SerialDevice</u>	SerialDevice is an interface to express a device performing serial communication.	22
SerialEventList ener	Serial events are sent using the whiteboard model, in which a bundle interested in receiving the Serial events registers an object implementing the SerialEventListener interface.	

Class Summary		Page	
<b>BaudRate</b>			14
<u>DataBits</u>			16
FlowControl			18
Parity			20
SerialEvent			27
<u>SerialPortDTO</u>	An object represents the Serial port configuration		29
<b>StopBits</b>			31

Exception S	ımmary	Page
SerialDeviceEx ception		26

# Package org.osgi.service.serial Description

Serial Device Service Specification Package Version 1.0.

Bundles wishing to use this package must list the package in the Import-Package header of the bundle's manifest. This package has two types of users: the consumers that use the API in this package and the providers that implement the API in this package.

Example import for consumers using the API in this package:

```
Import-Package: org.osgi.service.serial; version="[1.0,2.0)"
```

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## **Class BaudRate**

### org.osgi.service.serial

java.lang.Object

org.osgi.service.serial.BaudRate

public class BaudRate
extends Object

Field Su	mmary	Pag e
static int	BAUD_115200	15
static int	BAUD_14400	14
static int	BAUD_19200	14
static int	BAUD_38400	14
static int	BAUD_57600	15
static int	BAUD_9600	14
static int	BAUD_AUTO	14

Constructor Summary	Pag e	
BaudRate()	15	

### **Field Detail**

### **BAUD\_AUTO**

public static final int  $BAUD\_AUTO = -1$ 

### **BAUD\_9600**

public static final int BAUD\_9600 = 9600

### **BAUD\_14400**

public static final int BAUD\_14400 = 14400

### **BAUD\_19200**

public static final int BAUD\_19200 = 19200

### BAUD\_38400

public static final int BAUD\_38400 = 38400

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### BAUD\_57600

public static final int BAUD\_57600 = 57600

### BAUD\_115200

public static final int BAUD\_115200 = 115200

## **Constructor Detail**

### **BaudRate**

public BaudRate()

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## **Class DataBits**

### org.osgi.service.serial

java.lang.Object

org.osgi.service.serial.DataBits

public class DataBits
extends Object

Field Summary		Pag e
static int	<u>EIGHT</u>	40
	Data bits: 8.	16
static int	<u>FIVE</u>	40
	Data bits: 5.	16
static int	SEVEN	10
	Data bits: 7.	16
static int	SIX	16
	Data bits: 6.	16

Constructor Summary	Pag e
<pre>DataBits()</pre>	17

### **Field Detail**

#### **FIVE**

public static final int FIVE = 5

Data bits: 5.

#### SIX

public static final int SIX = 6

Data bits: 6.

### **SEVEN**

public static final int  ${\bf SEVEN}$  = 7

Data bits: 7.

### **EIGHT**

public static final int EIGHT = 8

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Data bits: 8.

# **Constructor Detail**

### **DataBits**

public DataBits()

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# **Class FlowControl**

### org.osgi.service.serial

```
java.lang.Object
```

crg.osgi.service.serial.FlowControl

public class FlowControl
extends Object

Field Su	Field Summary	
static int	NONE	18
	Flow control: None.	10
static int	RTSCTS_IN	18
	Flow control: RTS/CTS on input.	10
static int	RTSCTS_OUT	18
	Flow control: RTS/CTS on output.	10
static int	XONXOFF_IN	19
	Flow control: XON/XOFF on input.	19
static int	XONXOFF_OUT	10
	Flow control: XON/XOFF on output.	19

Constructor Summary	Pag e	
FlowControl ()	19	

## Field Detail

### **NONE**

public static final int NONE = 0

Flow control: None.

### RTSCTS\_IN

public static final int RTSCTS\_IN = 1

Flow control: RTS/CTS on input.

### RTSCTS\_OUT

public static final int RTSCTS\_OUT = 2

Flow control: RTS/CTS on output.

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### XONXOFF\_IN

```
public static final int xonxoff_in = 4
```

Flow control: XON/XOFF on input.

### XONXOFF\_OUT

```
public static final int XONXOFF_OUT = 8
```

Flow control: XON/XOFF on output.

# **Constructor Detail**

### **FlowControl**

public FlowControl()

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# **Class Parity**

org.osgi.service.serial

java.lang.Object

crg.osgi.service.serial.Parity

public class Parity
extends Object

Field Su	ummary	Pag e
static int		20
	Parity: Even.	
static int	MARK MARK	24
	Parity: Mark.	21
static int	NONE NONE	20
	Parity: None.	20
static int	<u>ODD</u>	
	Parity: Odd.	20
static int	SPACE	0.1
	Parity: Space.	21

C	Constructor Summary	Pag e	
P	Parity()	21	

# **Field Detail**

### **NONE**

public static final int NONE = 0

Parity: None.

### ODD

public static final int ODD = 1

Parity: Odd.

#### **EVEN**

public static final int EVEN = 2

Parity: Even.

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### **MARK**

```
public static final int MARK = 3
```

### **SPACE**

```
public static final int SPACE = 4
```

Parity: Space.

Parity: Mark.

# **Constructor Detail**

# **Parity**

public Parity()

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# **Interface SerialDevice**

org.osgi.service.serial

public interface SerialDevice

SerialDevice is an interface to express a device performing serial communication.

Field S	ummary							Pag e
String	DEVICE_CATEGORIAN Constant devices.		e value of the	e service ¡	property DEVICE_CA	TEGORY <b>used f</b>	or all Serial	23
String	The Represents The Example1: Example2: Example3:	key	string the value	of name	"serial.comport" of is	service the "/d "/dev/tty.usbser	property. port. String. dev/ttyUSB0" "COM5" ial-XXXXXX"	23

Method	Summary					Pag e
<u>SerialPort</u>	<pre>getConfiguration()</pre>					
DTO	Gets	the	Serial	port	configuration.	23
InputStrea m	<pre>getInputStream()</pre>					
Itt	Returns	aı	n	input	stream.	23
OutputStre	<pre>getOutputStream()</pre>					
am	Returns	ar	1	output	stream.	23
boolean	isCTS()					
	Gets	the		CTS	state.	25
boolean	<u>isDSR</u> ()					
	Gets	the		DSR	state.	24
boolean	<u>isDTR</u> ()					
	Gets	the		DTR	state.	24
boolean	<u>isRTS</u> ()					
	Gets	the		DTS	state.	24
void	setConfiguration (Se	rialPortDTO d	lto)			24
	Sets the Serial p	ort configuration	٦.			24
void	<pre>setDTR(boolean dtr)</pre>					
	Sets	the		DTR	state.	25
void	<pre>setRTS (boolean rts)</pre>					
	Sets	the		RTS	state.	25

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### **Field Detail**

### **DEVICE\_CATEGORY**

public static final String DEVICE\_CATEGORY = "Serial"

Constant for the value of the service property <code>DEVICE\_CATEGORY</code> used for all Serial devices. Value is "Serial".

### SERIAL\_COMPORT

public static final String SERIAL\_COMPORT = "serial.comport"

The string of "serial.comport" service key property. Represents the name the port. The String. value is "/dev/ttyUSB0" Example1: Example2: "COM5" Example3: "/dev/tty.usbserial-XXXXXX"

### **Method Detail**

### getInputStream

InputStream getInputStream()

throws IOException

Returns an input stream.

**Returns:** 

an input stream

Throws:

IOException - if an I/O error occurred

### getOutputStream

OutputStream getOutputStream()

throws IOException

Returns an output stream.

Returns:

an output stream

Throws:

IOException - if an I/O error occurred

### getConfiguration

SerialPortDTO getConfiguration()

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Gets the DSR state.

Returns:

the DSR state

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#### **isCTS**

boolean isCTS()

Gets the CTS state.

Returns:

the CTS state

#### setDTR

void setDTR(boolean dtr)

throws SerialDeviceException

Sets the DTR state.

#### Parameters:

dtr -

- true on DTR
- false off DTR

#### Throws:

 $\underline{\tt SerialDeviceException} \ \hbox{- if the parameter is specified incorrectly or the parameter is not supported.}$ 

### setRTS

void setRTS(boolean rts)

throws <u>SerialDeviceException</u>

Sets the RTS state.

#### Parameters:

rts -

- true on RTS
- false off RTS

#### Throws:

 $\underline{\tt SerialDeviceException} \text{ - if the parameter is specified incorrectly or the parameter is not supported.}$ 

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# Class SerialDeviceException

### org.osgi.service.serial

#### All Implemented Interfaces:

Serializable

 $\label{public_class} \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{public class SerialDeviceException} \\ \textbf{extends Exception} \end{tabular}$ 

Constructor Summary	Pag e
SerialDeviceException (String message)	26

### **Constructor Detail**

### SerialDeviceException

public SerialDeviceException(String message)

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# **Class SerialEvent**

### org.osgi.service.serial

java.lang.Object

org.osgi.service.serial.SerialEvent

public class SerialEvent
extends Object

Field Su	mmary	Pag e
static int	DATA_AVAILABLE	27
int	<u>dataType</u>	27

Constructor Summary	Pag e
<pre>SerialEvent()</pre>	27

### **Field Detail**

### DATA\_AVAILABLE

public static final int  ${\tt DATA\_AVAILABLE} = 1$ 

### dataType

public int dataType

### **Constructor Detail**

### **SerialEvent**

public SerialEvent()

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## Interface SerialEventListener

org.osgi.service.serial

public interface SerialEventListener

Serial events are sent using the whiteboard model, in which a bundle interested in receiving the Serial events registers an object implementing the SerialEventListener interface. A COM port name can be set to limit the events for which a bundle is notified.

Field Summary		Pag e
String	SERIAL_COMPORT	200
	Key for a service property that is used to limit received events.	28

Method	Summary	Pag e
void	<pre>notifyEvent(SerialEvent event)</pre>	28

### **Field Detail**

### SERIAL\_COMPORT

public static final String SERIAL\_COMPORT = "serial.comport"

Key for a service property that is used to limit received events.

### **Method Detail**

### notifyEvent

void notifyEvent(SerialEvent event)

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# **Class SerialPortDTO**

org.osgi.service.serial

java.lang.Object

org.osgi.service.serial.SerialPortDTO

public class SerialPortDTO
extends Object

An object represents the Serial port configuration

FIEIO SUIDINALV		Pag e
int	<u>baudRate</u>	29
int	<u>dataBits</u>	29
int	flowControl	29
int	<u>parity</u>	29
int	<u>stopBits</u>	29

Constructor Summary	Pag e
<pre>SerialPortDTO()</pre>	30

## **Field Detail**

#### baudRate

public int baudRate

#### dataBits

public int dataBits

### **flowControl**

public int flowControl

### parity

public int parity

### stopBits

public int stopBits

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# **Constructor Detail**

### **SerialPortDTO**

public SerialPortDTO()

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# **Class StopBits**

### org.osgi.service.serial

java.lang.Object

org.osgi.service.serial.StopBits

public class StopBits
extends Object

rieio auminary		Pa <sub>q</sub>
static int		31
	Stop bits: 1.	07
static int	ONE AND HALF	
	Stop bits: 1.5.	31
static int	TWO	24
	Stop bits: 2.	31

С	Constructor Summary	Pag e	
St	topBits()	31	

### **Field Detail**

#### ONE

public static final int ONE = 1

Stop bits: 1.

### **TWO**

public static final int TWO = 2

Stop bits: 2.

### ONE\_AND\_HALF

public static final int ONE\_AND\_HALF = 3

Stop bits: 1.5.

## **Constructor Detail**

### **StopBits**

public StopBits()

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# 8 Considered Alternatives

# 9 Security Considerations

ServicePermission is needed when a bundle get SerialDevice service.

# 10 Document Support

# 10.1 References

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- [3]. OSGi Service Platform Service Compendium Release 4, Version 4.3 Device Access Specification, Version 1.1
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# 10.3 Acronyms and Abbreviations

## 10.4 End of Document

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