微电子专业基础实验作业

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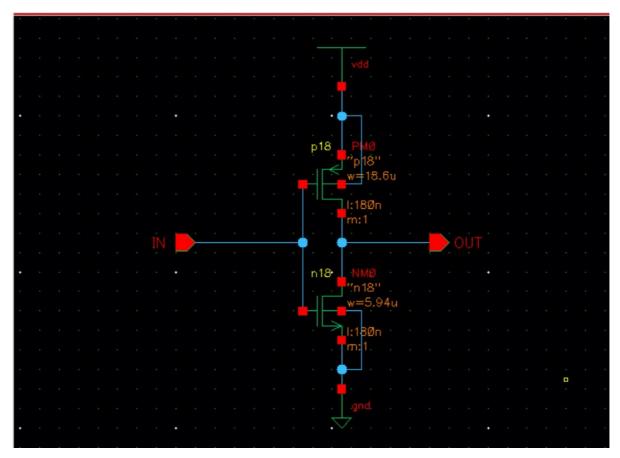
模拟部分

实验2

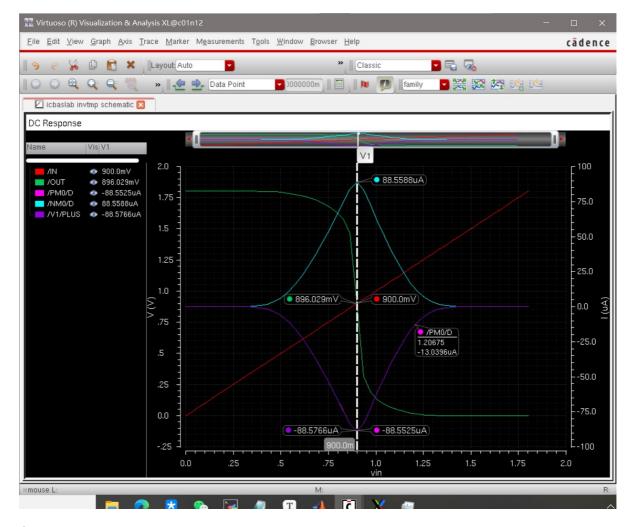
1

标有 MOS 尺寸的 inv4x 电路图,以及 VM 仿真图:

inv4x 电路图:



VM仿真图:



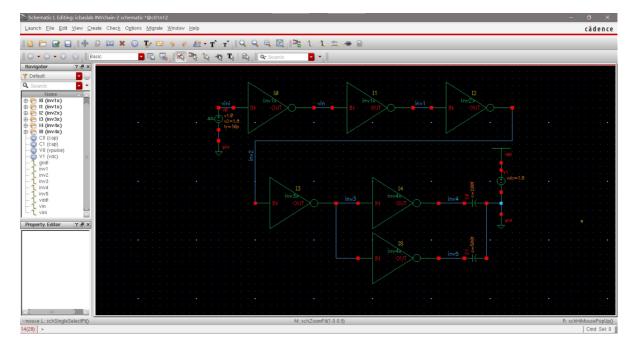
2

填表 2.3;

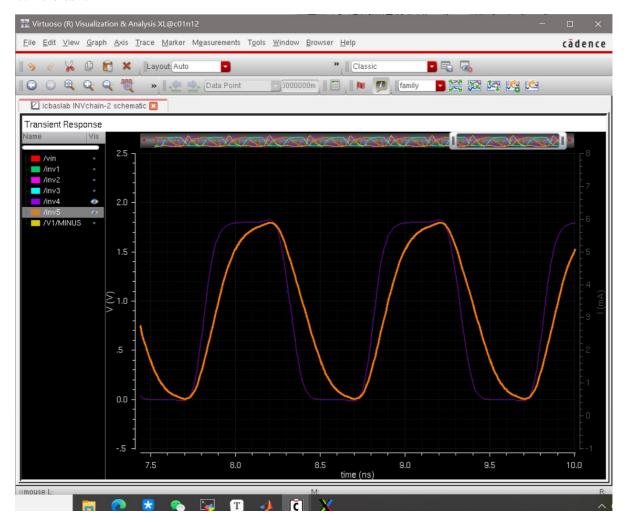
反相器链 INVchain 模块中单元	Inv1x	Inv2x	Inv3x	Inv4x
输出信号 (线网名)	inv1	inv2	inv3	inv4
Tr=20~80%上升时间(ps)	42.39	56.87	58.97	74.87
Tf=80~20%下降时间(ps)	51.31	76.00	65.72	84.62
边沿速率=(Tr +Tf)/2(ps)				79.745
50%处路径(传播)延时(ps)		104.45		254.60

3

INVchain-2 (电路方案五) 单元的电路图:



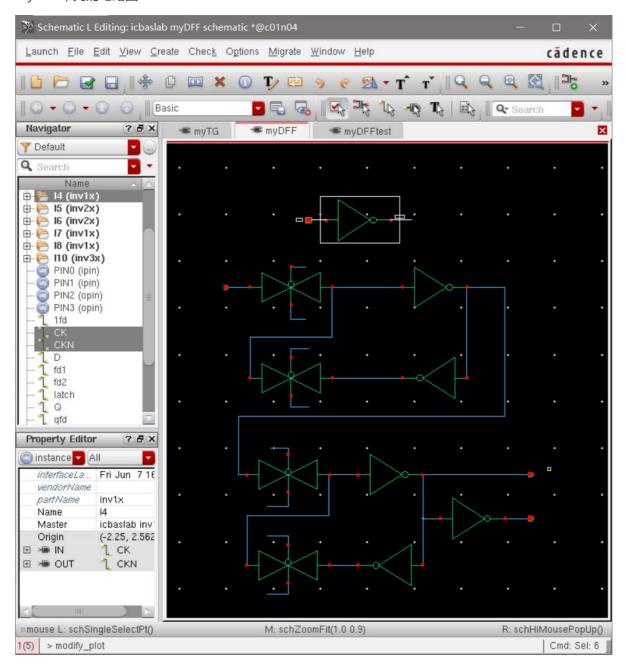
瞬态仿真波形:



应如何减小 clock skew?

为减小 clock skew,应尽量使时钟树负载平衡,从具体操作上来说,应当对负载电容较小的支路上并联电容,使得负载均衡。

myDFF 单元的电路图:



正确时序的瞬态仿真波形:



D 输入与 CK 时钟触发时间有何要求?

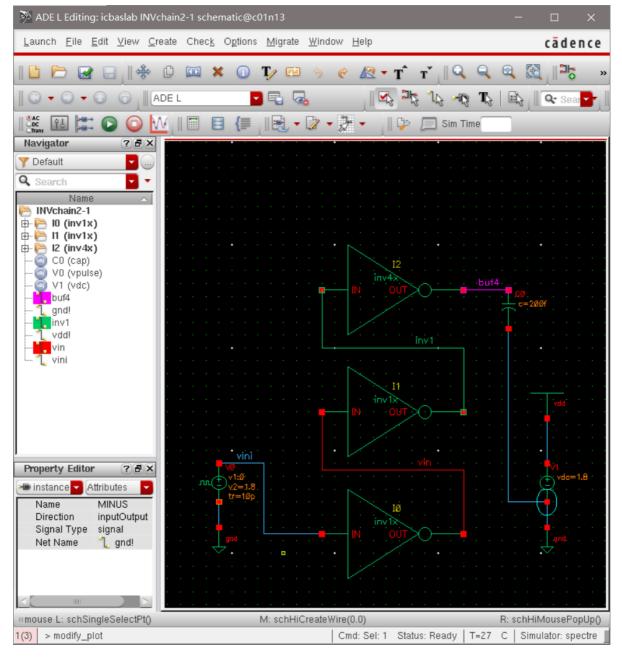
D的输入和CK时钟的跳变应当尽量错开,避免CK的上升沿和D输入的跳变同步进行,从而使得时序逻辑 出现不稳定的情况。

5

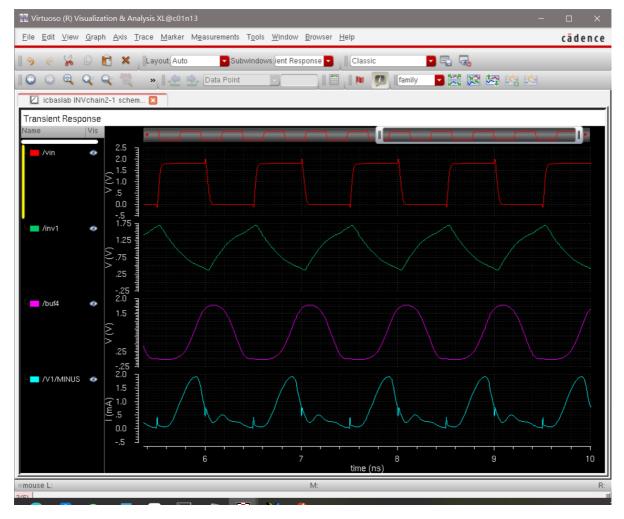
对于完成的选做实验,要有电路图和仿真波形贴图。

电路方案一: 2级反相器链 INVchain2-1

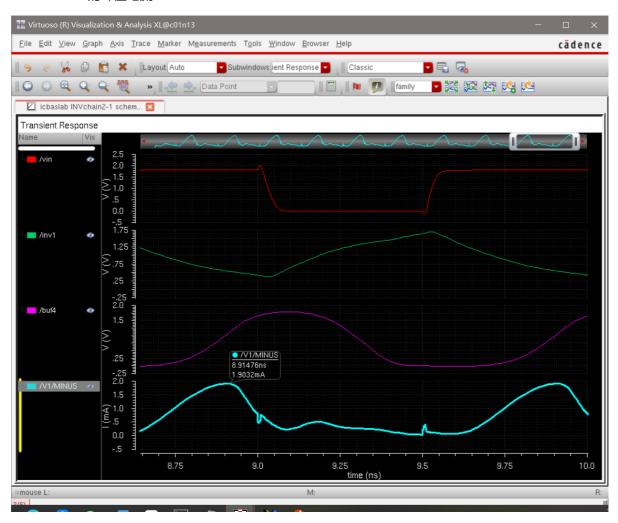
电路图:



仿真结果:

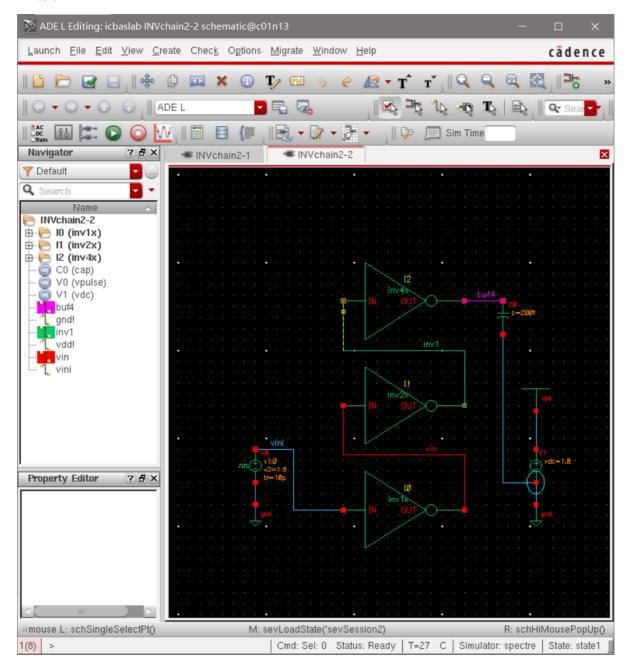


INVchain2-1 的峰值电流: 1.9032mA

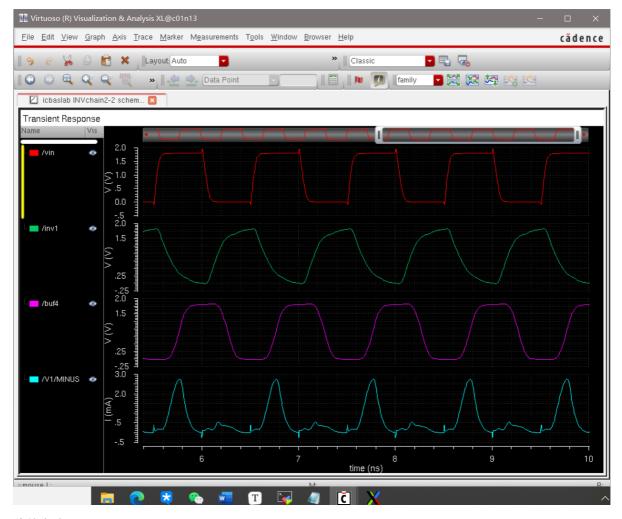


电路方案二: 2级反相器链 INVchain2-2

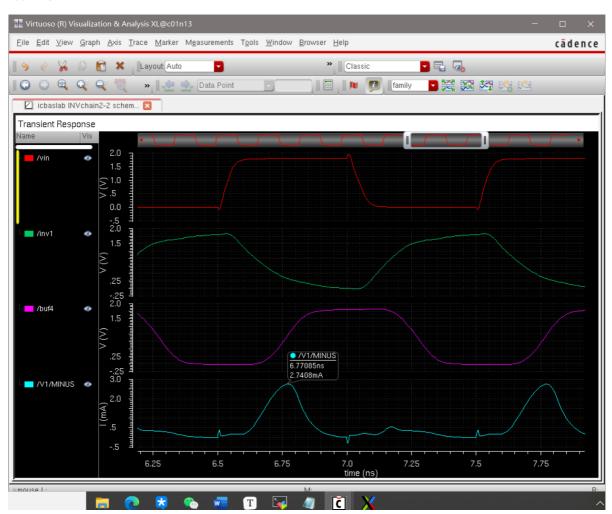
电路图:



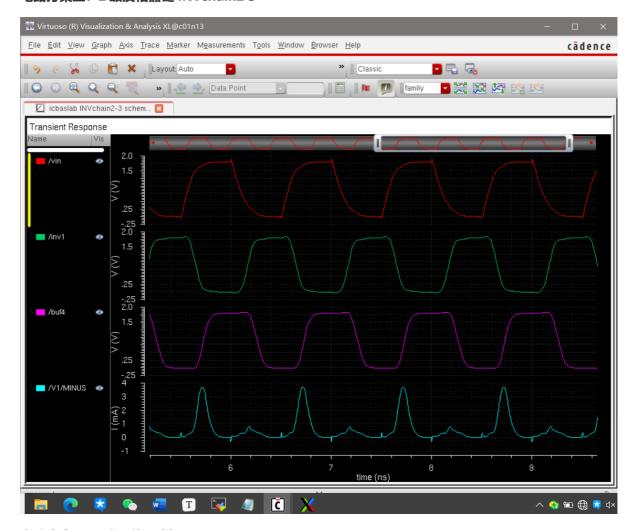
仿真结果:



峰值电流: 2.7408mA

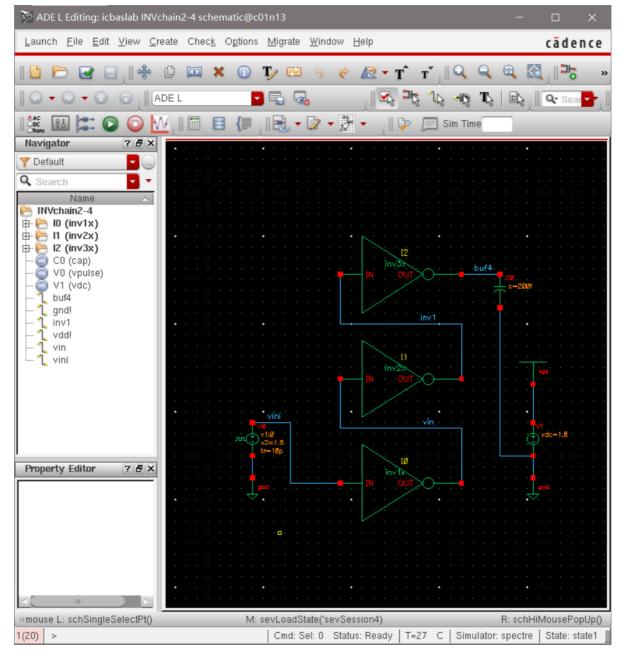


电路方案三: 2级反相器链 INVchain2-3

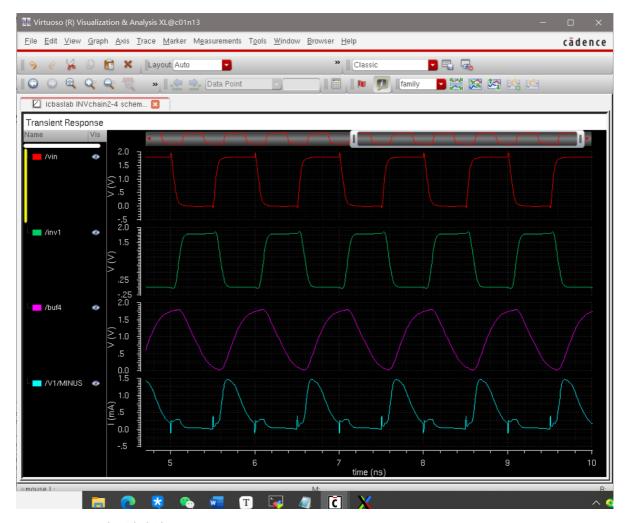


电路方案四: 2级反相器链 INVchain2-4

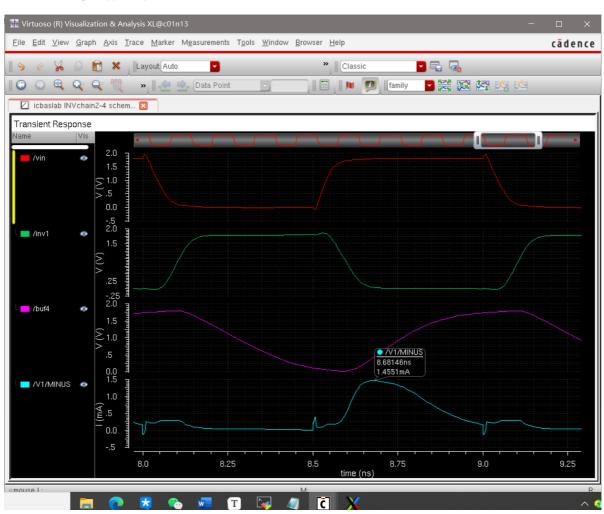
电路图:



仿真结果:



INVchain2-4最大瞬态电流: 1.4551mA



No. 12 / 13

INVchain最大瞬态电流: 3.741mA

INVchain2-4平均电流: 431.7e-6

INVchain平均电流: 630.7e-6

INVchain2-4 与 INVchain 最大瞬态电流之比: 0.38896

INVchain2-4 与 INVchain 平均电流(功耗)之比:0.68448