周二 6.1 (13) 6.3 (1) 6.10 6.19

周四 6.9 (1, 4) 6.16 (2, 4, 6) 6.15 (2, 5, 6)

6.1-13
$$f[n] = \left(1 + \cos\frac{\pi}{4}n\right) 2^{n} u[-n] = \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\left(e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}n} + e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}n}\right)\right) 2^{n} u[-n]$$

$$2^{n} u[-n-1] \leftrightarrow \frac{-1}{1 - 2e^{-j\Omega}}$$

$$2^{n-1} u[-n] \leftrightarrow F_{0}(\Omega) = \frac{-e^{-j\Omega}}{1 - 2e^{-j\Omega}} = \frac{-1}{e^{j\Omega} - 2}$$

$$2^{n} u[-n] \leftrightarrow 2F_{0}(\Omega)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\left(e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}n} + e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}n}\right) \cdot 2^{n} u[-n] \leftrightarrow F_{0}\left(\Omega + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + F_{0}\left(\Omega - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$F(\Omega) = 2F_{0}(\Omega) + F_{0}\left(\Omega + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + F_{0}\left(\Omega - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{-2}{e^{j\Omega} - 2} - \frac{1}{e^{j(\Omega - \frac{\pi}{4})}} \cdot 2^{n} u^{-\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

6.3-1
$$x(t) = e^{a|t|} \operatorname{sgn}(t) = e^{at} u(t) - e^{-at} u(-t)$$
$$X(s) = \frac{1}{s-a} + \frac{1}{s+a}, a < \operatorname{Re}\{s\} < -a$$

6.10 (1) 偶函数 $x(t) = x(-t) \Rightarrow X(s) = X(-s)$ 奇函数 $x(t) = -x(-t) \Rightarrow X(s) = -X(-s)$

写出X(s) 的表达式,判断是否满足上述两个等式

(a)
$$\frac{As}{(s+1)(s-1)}$$
 (b)
$$\frac{A(s+1)(s-1)}{s}$$

(c)
$$\frac{As^2}{(s+1)(s-1)}$$
 (d) $\frac{A(s^2+1)}{(s+1)(s-1)}$

偶: c, d 奇: a

(2) 偶序列 $x[n] = x[-n] \Rightarrow X(z) = X(z^{-1})$ 奇序列 $x[n] = -x[-n] \Rightarrow X(z) = -X(z^{-1})$

写出X(z)的表达式,判断是否满足上述两个等式

(a)
$$\frac{Az(z-1)}{(z-a)\left(z-\frac{1}{a}\right)}$$
 (b)
$$\frac{A(z+1)(z-1)}{(z-a)\left(z-\frac{1}{a}\right)}$$

(c)
$$\frac{Az^2}{(z-a)\left(z+\frac{1}{a}\right)}$$
 (d)
$$\frac{A(z^2+1)}{(z-a)\left(z+\frac{1}{a}\right)}$$

(e)
$$\frac{Az^2}{(z-a)\left(z-\frac{1}{a}\right)}$$
 (f)
$$\frac{Az}{(z-a)\left(z-\frac{1}{a}\right)}$$

(g)
$$\frac{A(z-a)\left(z-\frac{1}{a}\right)}{z}$$
 (h)
$$\frac{A(z-a)\left(z-\frac{1}{a}\right)}{(z-1)(z+1)}$$

奇: b 偶: f, g

6.9-1 $2f(t)\cos(\omega_0 t)$

6.9-4
$$F(2\Omega) \leftrightarrow f_{(2)}[n]$$

$$|F(2\Omega)|^2 \leftrightarrow f_{(2)}[n] * f_{(2)}[-n]$$

6.15-2
$$X(0) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) dt = 13$$

6.15-5
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |X(\omega)|^2 d\omega = 2\pi \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |x(t)|^2 dt = 140\pi/3$$

6.15-6
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(\omega) e^{j2\omega} d\omega = 2\pi \hat{x}(2) = 2\pi$$

6.16-2
$$X(\Omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[n]e^{-j\Omega n}$$
$$X(\pi) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} x[n](-1)^n = 0$$

6.16-4
$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |X(\Omega)|^2 d\Omega = 2\pi R_x(0) = 2\pi \sum_{-\infty}^{\infty} x[n]x[n] = 28\pi$$

6.16-6
$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(\Omega) e^{-j\Omega} d\Omega = 2\pi x [-1] = 2\pi$$

第十二周

周四 6.39 (1, 2)

6.39-1

6.39-2

$$\lim_{t\to 0^+} x(t) = 1$$

$$x[0]=1$$

$$\lim_{t\to\infty}x(t)=0$$

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} x[n] = 0$$