$$\begin{array}{l}
- \Psi(x,t=0) = C_1 \Psi_{n_1 k_1}(x) + C_2 \Psi_{n_1 k_2}(x) \\
\Rightarrow \Psi(x,t) = C_1 e^{\frac{1}{h} f_{n_1 k_1} t} \Psi_{n_2 k_2}(x) \\
+ C_2 e^{\frac{1}{h} f_{n_2 k_2} t} \Psi_{n_2 k_2}(x) \\
2 \cdot \Psi(x) = \sum_{n} C_n \Phi(x-a_n) \\
\text{ Per } \Psi(x) = e^{\frac{1}{h} x} U_k(x) \\
\text{ Rep: } \Psi(x+a) = e^{\frac{1}{h} x} U_k(x) \\
= e^{\frac{1}{h} x} U_k(x) = e^{\frac{1}{h} x} U_k(x) \\
\text{ Per } \Psi(x) = e^{\frac{1}{h} x} U_k(x) = e^{\frac{1}{h} x} U_k(x) \\
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\text{ Per } \Psi(x) = e^{\frac{1}{h} x} U_k(x) = e^{\frac{1}{h} x} U_k(x) \\
= \sum_{n} C_n \Phi(x-a_n-1) \\
= \sum_{n} C_n \Phi(x-a_n) \\
= e^{\frac{1}{h} x} \Psi(x) = \sum_{n} C_n e^{\frac{1}{h} x} U_n(x) = e^{\frac{1}{h} x} U_n(x) \\
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= \sum_{n} C_n e^{\frac{1}{h} x} U_n(x) = \sum_{n}$$

めチ ゆしゃーねれ,) まゆ(メールル) 炭(近似) 正支加, 所以上式中各项的东敌龙 相争, 即: Cn+1=e'h"Cn $\Rightarrow C_n = e^{ika}C_{n-1} = e^{2iha}C_{n-2} = e^{ihka}C_0$ = eikan co RP, Y(x)=co zeikan \$\phi(x-an) 不参准的一段,可以专样Co.

每个能学包含2N个不同心量的状态的产品有2N个的有数有电子提供1个电子,等只有2N个水态,能等效换流。