Variants of Differential Privacy

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Basic Definitions

The following all admit the Gaussian mechanism with the specified noise variance σ^2 .

Definition	Gaussian mech.	Seq. Comp.	Advanced comp.	Conv. to (ϵ, δ) -DP
(ϵ, δ) -DP	$\sigma^2 = \frac{2\Delta^2 \log(1.25/\delta)}{\epsilon^2}$	$(\epsilon_1 + \epsilon_2, \delta_1 + \delta_2)$	$(2\epsilon\sqrt{2k\log(1/\delta')}, k\delta + \delta')$	n/a
Moments acct.	(same as DP)	(same as DP)	$(4\epsilon\sqrt{2k\log(1/\delta)},\delta)$	n/a
(α, ϵ) -RDP	$\sigma^2 = \frac{\Delta^2 \alpha}{(2\epsilon)}$	$(\alpha, \epsilon_1 + \epsilon_2)$	n/a	$(\epsilon + \frac{\log(1/\delta)}{\alpha - 1}, \delta)$
$\rho\text{-zCDP}$	$\sigma^2 = \frac{\Delta^2}{(2\rho)}$	$ \rho_1 + \rho_2 $	n/a	$(\rho + 2\sqrt{\rho \log(1/\delta)}, \delta)$

tCDP

The arsinh mechanism for a query q with L_2 sensitivity Δ provides $(16\rho, \frac{A}{8\Delta})$ -tCDP:

$$M(x) \leftarrow q(x) + A \operatorname{arsinh}(\frac{1}{A} \mathcal{N}(\frac{\Delta^2}{2\rho}))$$

where $\operatorname{arsinh}(x) = \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}).$

Amplification by Subsampling

Here, we uniformly sample a size-n subset of a size-N dataset. We let s = n/N.

Definition		Sampling bound		
	(ϵ, δ) -DP	$(\log(1+s(e^{\epsilon}-1)),s\delta)$ -DP		
	(α, ϵ) -RDP	see below		
	ρ -zCDP	N/A		
	(ρ,ω) -tCDP	$(13s^2\rho, \frac{\log(1/s)}{4\rho})$ -tCDP		

For $(\alpha, \epsilon(\alpha))$ -RDP, when the Gaussian mechanism is used, a not-quite-tight bound is $(\alpha, \epsilon'(\alpha))$, where:

$$\epsilon'(\alpha) = \frac{1}{\alpha - 1} \log \left(1 + \sum_{j=2}^{\alpha} 2s^j \binom{\alpha}{j} e^{(j-1)\epsilon(j)} \right)$$

The tight bound is available in Wang et al. (2018).