



boolean	<a href="#">hasNext</a> ()	Returns true if this scanner has another token in its input.
void	<a href="#">close</a> ()	Closes this scanner.
boolean	<a href="#">hasNextFloat</a> ()	Returns true if the next token in this scanner's input can be interpreted as a float value using the <a href="#">nextFloat()</a> method.
<a href="#">String</a>	<a href="#">next</a> ()	Finds and returns the next complete token from this scanner.
int	<a href="#">nextInt</a> ()	Scans the next token of the input as an int.
<a href="#">String</a>	<a href="#">nextLine</a> ()	Advances this scanner past the current line and returns the input that was skipped.
double	<a href="#">nextDouble</a> ()	Scans the next token of the input as a double.
long	<a href="#">nextLong</a> ()	Scans the next token of the input as a long.

## Scanner Class

Purpose: Get input from keyboard?  
from File

In order to get input  
you need access to input stream of  
the computer → "System.in"

↳ This will be the  
input for the Scanner.

Q: How can I use Scanner class in my program.

1. Import this class into your program.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

This should be first line of code in your  
program, (outside the class body).

2. Create an object of type Scanner. We will  
use this object to read input.

```
Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
```

Scanner → class Scanner  
scn → This is an object of type Scanner  
new → is a keyword  
Scanner → Is a method, has same name as the class.  
System.in → Method with the same name as the class is called a constructor. This method is responsible for setting up or creating an object of the class.  
Is the input for the Scanner constructor.

3. Prompt user to input information of correct type.

```
System.out.println("Please input a number:");
```

4. Receive input in a variable of corresponding type.

```
double value = scn.nextDouble();
```

Read next piece of information of type  
double, that will be inputted on  
the keyboard.

5. Close Scanner.

```
scn.close();
```