Interfaces – Free Response (Checker)

A *checker* is an object that examines strings and *accepts* those strings that meet a particular criterion. The <code>Checker</code> interface is defined below.

```
public interface Checker{
    /** @param text a string to consider for acceptance
    * @return true if this Checker accepts text; false otherwise
    */
    boolean accept(String text);
}
```

In this question, you will write two classes that implement the Checker interface. You will then create a Checker object that checks for a particular acceptance criterion.

a) A SubstringChecker accepts any string that contains a particular substring. For example, the following SubstringChecker object broccoliChecker accepts all strings containing the substring "broccoli".

```
Checker broccoliChecker = new SubstringChecker("broccoli");
```

The following table illustrates the results of several calls to the <code>broccoliChecker</code> accept <code>method</code>.

```
Method Call Result
broccoliChecker.accept("broccoli")
broccoliChecker.accept("I like broccoli")
broccoliChecker.accept("carrots are great")
broccoliChecker.accept("Broccoli Bonanza")
false
```

Write the SubstringChecker class that implements the Checker interface. The constructor should take a single String parameter that represents the particular substring to be matched.

b) Checkers can be created to check for multiple acceptance criteria by combining other checker objects. For example, an AndChecker is a Checker that is constructed with two objects of classes that implement the Checker interface (such as SubstringChecker or AndChecker objects). The AndChecker accept method returns true if and only if the string is accepted by both of the Checker objects with which it was constructed.

In the code segment below, the bothChecker object accepts all strings containing both "beets" and "carrots". The code segment also shows how the veggies object can be constructed to accept all strings containing the three substrings "beets", "carrots", and "artichokes".

```
Checker bChecker = new SubstringChecker("beets");
Checker cChecker = new SubstringChecker("carrots");
Checker bothChecker = new AndChecker(bChecker, cChecker);
Checker aChecker = new SubstringChecker("artichokes");
Checker veggies = new AndChecker(bothChecker, aChecker);
```

The following table illustrates the results of several calls to the bothChecker accept method and the veggies accept method.

Method Call Result

Write the AndChecker class that implements the Checker interface. The constructor should take two Checker parameters.

- c) Another implementation of the Checker interface is the NotChecker, which contains the following:
 - A one-parameter constructor that takes one Checker object
 - An accept method that returns true if and only if its Checker object does NOT accept the string

Using any of the classes <code>SubstringChecker</code>, <code>AndChecker</code>, and <code>NotChecker</code>, construct a <code>Checker</code> that accepts a string if and only if it contains neither the substring "artichokes" nor the substring "kale". Assign the constructed <code>Checker</code> to <code>yummyChecker</code>. Consider the following incomplete code segment.

```
Checker aChecker = new SubstringChecker("artichokes");
Checker kChecker = new SubstringChecker("kale");
Checker yummyChecker;
/* code to construct and assign to yummyChecker */
```

The following table illustrates the results of several calls to the <code>yummyChecker accept method</code>. Method Call Result

```
yummyChecker.accept("chocolate truffles") true
yummyChecker.accept("kale is great") false
yummyChecker.accept("Yuck: artichokes & kale") false
```

In writing your solution, you may use any of the classes specified for this problem. Assume that these classes work as specified, regardless of what you wrote in parts (a) and (b). You may assume that the declarations for aChecker, kChecker, and yummyChecker in the code segment above have already been executed.

Write your /* code to construct and assign to yummyChecker */ below.