DATA STRUCTURE FOR RECURSION

LIST

- Immutable
- Linked list

```
object ListExample {
  val myList: List[Int] = List()
  val listNum = List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
  val listStr: List[String] = List("John", "Robin", "Richard")
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
    println(myList)
    println(listNum)
    println(listStr)
```

```
List()
List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
List(John, Robin, Richard)
```

LIST ACCESS

```
listStr(2)
Jobject ListAccess {
  val myList: List[Int] = List()
  val listNum = List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
  val listStr: List[String] = List("John", "Robin", "Richard")
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
    println(listStr(0))
    println(listStr(1))
    println(listStr(2))
    println(listStr(3))
                           John
                           Robin
                           Richard
                           Exception in thread "main" java.lang.<u>IndexOutOfBoundsException</u> Cre
                               at scala.collection.LinearSeqOps.apply(<u>LinearSeq.scala:117</u>)
```

at scala.collection.LinearSeqOps.apply\$(<u>LinearSeq.scala:114</u>)

at scala.collection.immutable.List.applv(List.scala:79)

HOW TO DEFINE A LIST?

```
val listStr: List[String] = List("John", "Robin", "Richard")
                                        cons

    Use a cons

      val listStr2 = "Will" :: listStr
                                        List of the rest of data
                              First data
     val listNum2 = 9_:: 6_:: 17 :: Nil
                 List(9, 6, 17)
                                         Anything in front or
                                          between it must be a data.
```

```
val listNum = List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
```

```
val listNum2 = 9 :: 6 :: 17 :: Nil
```

```
println(listNum ++ listNum2)
```

LIST METHODS

```
Jobject ListMethods {
  val myList: List[Int] = List()
  val listNum = List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
  val listStr: List[String] = List("John", "Robin", "Richard")
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
    println(listStr.head)
                                    John
    println(listNum.tail)
                                    List(2, 3, 4, 5)
    println(myList.isEmpty)
                                    true
    println(listNum.reverse)
                                    List(5, 4, 3, 2, 1)
    println(List.fill(10)(1))
                                    List(1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1)
    println(listStr.max)
                                    Robin
```

EXERCISE (ONLY ISEMPTY, LENGTH, HEAD, TAIL, ::, ++ AVAILABLE)

```
def member(x:Any , l :List[Any]): Boolean ={
def sorted(l: List[Int]):Boolean = {
def delete(x:Any,l:List[Any]):List[Any] ={
def length(l:List[Any]):Int ={
```

EXERCISE - CONT

```
def myReverse(l: List[Any]): List[Any] ={
def dot(l1:List[Int],l2:List[Int]):Int ={
def max(l:List[Int]):Int = {
def setify(l:List[Any]):List[Any] ={
```

LIST ITERATION

```
def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
  println(listNum.foreach(println))
  for(name <- listStr){</pre>
    println(name)
  var sum =0
  listNum.foreach(sum += _)
  println(sum)
  println(listNum(4))
  // println(listNum(5)) IndexOutOfBoundException
```

ITERATE TO MODIFY A LIST?

- Cannot be done because list is immutable.
- We have to produce a new list.

```
def add(s:List[Int], a:Int): List[Int] = {
   if(s.isEmpty) {
      return List()
   }
   (s.head+a) :: add(s.tail,a)
}
```

println(add(listNum, 10))

List(11, 12, 13, 14, 15)

HIGHER ORDER METHODS

MAP

```
Jobject MyMapOnList {
  val myList: List[Int] = List()
  val listNum = List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
  val listStr: List[String] = List("John", "Robin", "Richard")
  def addCurry(x:Int): Int => Int = {
    (y:Int) => x+y
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
    println(listNum.map(_ * 2))
                                               List(2, 4, 6, 8, 10)
    println(listNum.map(x => x *2))
                                               List(2, 4, 6, 8, 10)
    println(listNum.map(addCurry(100)(_)))
                                               List(101, 102, 103, 104, 105)
```

FLATTEN

```
Jobject Flatten {
  val myList: List[Int] = List()
  val listNum = List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
  val listNum2 = List(10, 20, 30, 40, 50)
  val listStr: List[String] = List("John", "Robin", "Richard")
  def addCurry(x:Int): Int => Int = {
    (y:Int) => x+y
  def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
    println(List(listNum, listNum2))
    println(List(listNum, listNum2).flatten)
                                List(List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5), List(10, 20, 30, 40, 50))
                                List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50)
```

FILTER

```
lobject Filter {
    val myList: List[Int] = List()
    val listNum = List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
    val listNum2 = List(10, 20, 30, 40, 50)
    val listStr: List[String] = List("John", "Robin", "Richard")
    def main(args: Array[String]): Unit = {
                                                List(2, 4)
      println(listNum.filter(x => x%2 ==0))
```