Automating **Distributed Tasks with Ansible in the Cloud**

Büsra Köken

Cloud System Developer



Hello!

I am Büsra Köken

Cloud System Developer at Ericsson

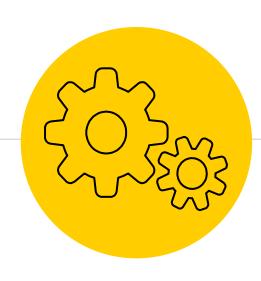
You can find me at @busrakoken





- Automation tools
- Ansible, how it works
- Case study explanation
- DEMO
- Summary and Q&A





Automation



IT Automation Tools

CFEngine 1993

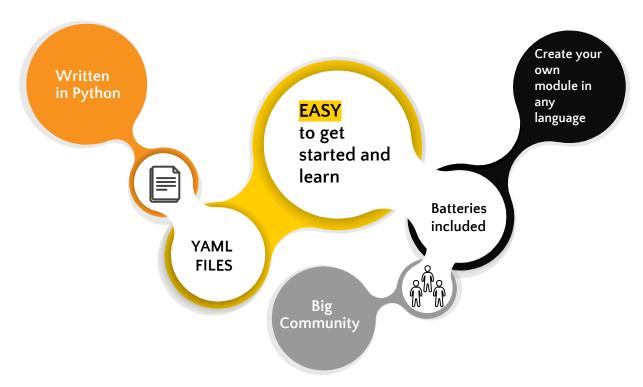
Puppet 2005

Chef 2009

Ansible

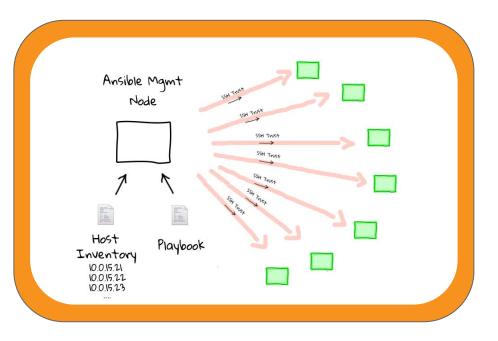
2012







How Ansible Works



- Over ssh
- Inventory
- Playbooks
- Tasks
- Modules
- Directory structure



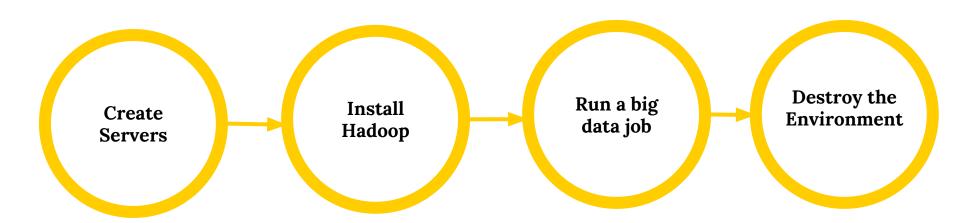
Directory Structure

busra@busra-notebook:~/ansible_project\$ tree

```
busra@busra-notebook:~/ansible_project$ cat hosts
ansible.cfg
hosts
                                                [webservers]
roles
                                                web01
                                                         ansible_host=10.0.0.1
   common
      - defaults
                                                [gitservers]
          main.yml
                                                git01
                                                         ansible host=10.0.1.4
          image.jpg
       handlers
        — main.yml
                                                busra@busra-notebook:~/ansible_project$ cat site.yml
        meta
          - main.yml
       tasks
                                                - hosts: all
          — main.yml
                                                  roles:
        templates
                                                     - common
        file.conf.j2
site.yml
```



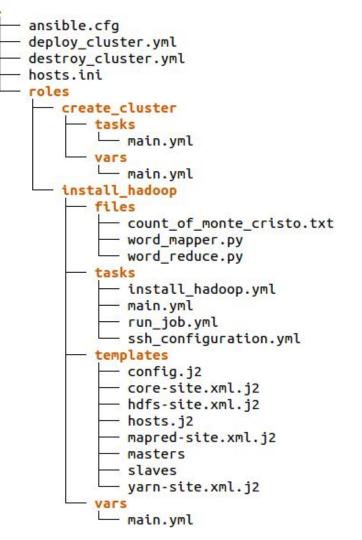
Case Study Explanation





How my project looks

directory structure





Host.ini file

```
[master]
master ansible_host=37.139.16.210

[slaves]
slave01 ansible_host=37.139.16.212
ansible_host=37.139.17.90
```



deploy_cluster.yml map hosts to roles

```
- name: Droplets
  hosts: localhost
  connection: local
  roles:

    create_cluster

  tags:

    create_cluster

- name: Hadoop
  hosts:
    - master
    - slaves
  become: true
  roles:

    install_hadoop

  tags:

    setup_hadoop
```

```
- name: Create droplet
 digital_ocean:
    state: present
   command: droplet
    ssh_key_ids: "{{ ssh_key_id }}"
   name: "{{ item }}"
   unique_name: yes
   api_token: "{{ api_token }}"
   size_id: "{{ size }}"
    region_id: "{{ region }}"
   image_id: "{{ image }}"
 with_items: "{{ list_of_servers }}"
  register: "droplets"
```



Create Droplet

with digital_ocean module



Hadoop Configuration

with template module

```
- name: Create core-site config
  template:
    src: core-site.xml.j2
    dest: "{{ hadoop_home }}/etc/hadoop/core-site.xml"
    owner: root
    group: root
```



If you need to say "yes" at some point...

you can do it with expect* module!

```
- name: Format namenode on master
expect:
    command: "{{ hadoop_home }}/bin/hdfs namenode -format"
    responses:
        Re-format: "Y"
    when: inventory_hostname in groups['master']
```



Destroy created servers now!

```
- name: Destroy droplet
  digital_ocean:
    api_token: "{{      api_token }}"
    state: absent
    command: droplet
    unique_name: yes
    name: "{{      item }}"
    with_items: "{{       list_of_servers }}"
```



```
champed: (stavett)
changed: [master]
changed: [utaved]
changed! [slavett]
Task (install hedoop : File]
changed: (maider)
changed: [slave#1]
charged stavet?
changed: [Haster]
changed: [stavett]
changed: [slavet2]
changed [manter]
changed (slavets)
changed [master]
changed [slawes]
changed: [11.44e62]
changed: [master]
```

changed slavers

changed (nlaveti) changed [master] changed [mlaveti]



Let's Review What We Have Seen



Easy to get started just like Python

Clean architecture







Straightforward configuration

Extendable module structure

Makes complex tasks easy



Any questions?

You can contact me via;

- linkedin.com/in/busrakoken
- <u>busra.koken@ericsson.com</u>
- Project Github link: github/busrakoken/cloudy-hadoop