

Defeating x64: The Evolution of the TDL Rootkit

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Who we are?

- > Malware researchers at ESET
 - rootkits analysis
 - developing cleaning tools
 - tracking new rootkit techniques
 - research cybercrime groups



Agenda

- ✓ Evolution of TDL rootkits
- ✓ Installation on x86 vs. x64
- ✓ TDL bootkit or how to bypass driver signature check
- ✓ How to debug bootkit with Bochs emulator
- √ Kernel-mode hooks
- ✓ TDL hidden file system layout
- √ Payload injection

√ TdlFsReader as a forensic tool





Evolution of rootkits

Evolution of rootkits features

x86

Dropper

bypassing HIPS/AV

privilege escalation

installing rootkit driver

Rootkit

self-defense

surviving reboot

injecting payload

Kernel mode

User mode

Evolution of rootkits features

x64

Dropper

bypassing HIPS/AV

privilege escalation

installing rootkit driver

Rootkit

self-defense

surviving reboot

bypassing signature check

bypassing MS PatchGuard

injecting payload

User mode

Kernel mode

Obstacles for 64-bit rootkits

- Kernel-Mode Code Signing Policy
 - ✓ It is "difficult" to load unsigned kernel-mode driver
- Kernel-Mode Patch Protection (Patch Guard):
 - √ SSDT (System Service Dispatch Table)
 - **✓ IDT (Interrupt Descriptor Table)**
 - √ GDT (Global Descriptor Table)
 - √ MSRs (Model Specific Registers)

Evolution of TDL rootkits

	TDL3/TDL3+	TDL4
Kernel-mode code representation	Base independent piece of code in hidden file system	PE image in the hidden file system
Surviving after reboot	Infecting disk miniport/random kernel-mode driver	Infecting MBR of the disk
Self-defense	Kernel-mode hooks, registry monitoring	Kernel-mode hooks, MBR monitoring
Injecting payload into processes in the system	tdlcmd.dll	cmd.dll/cmd64.dll
x64 support	×	
Complexity		

Evolution of TDL rootkits

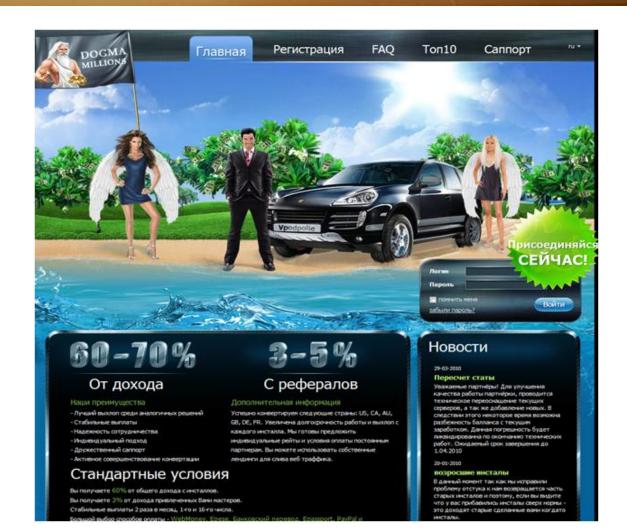
	TDL3/TDL3+	TDL4
Bypassing HIPS	AddPrintProcessor AddPrintProvidor	AddPrintProvidor, ZwConnectPort
Privilege Escalation	×	MS10-092
Installation mechanism	by loading kernel-mode driver	by loading kernel-mode driver overwriting MBR of the disk
Number of installed modules	4	10





Installation on x86 vs. x64

- VVIIICEGI



-VVIIITEGI-



Наши преимущества

- Лучший выхлоп среди аналогичных решений
- Стабильные выплаты
- Надежность сотруднячества
- Индивидуальный подход
- Дружественный саппорт
- Активное совершенствование конвертации

Дополнительная информация

Успешно конвертируем следующие страны: US, CA, AU, GB, DE, FR. Увеличень долгоорочность работы и выхлог с каждого инсталла. Мы готош предлажить индивидуальные рейты и условия опалты постоянным партичерам. Вы можете использовать собственные лекциями для слива веб траффика.

1.04.2010 20-01-2010

возросшие инсталы

техничноское переоснащение текущих серверов, а так же добавление новых. В следствые этого некоторое вреня возножна разбежность балланса с текущия

разисьмость записятся с техущисть будет заработикованная погрешность будет ликовидированна по окончанию технических работ. Ожидаеный срок завершения до

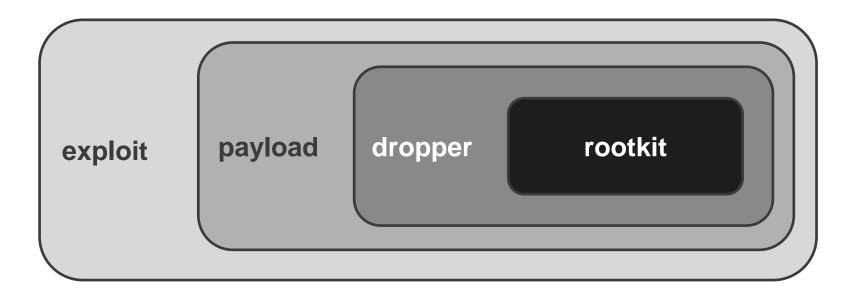
В данный помент так как ны исправили проблену отстука к ман возвращается часть старых несталов и поотому, если вы върште что у вас прибавились инсталы сверх норика это доходят старые сделанные вами когдато натталь.

Стандартные условия

Вы получаете 60% от общего дохода с инсталлов. Вы получаете 3% от дохода привлеченных Вани мастеров. Стабильные выплаты 2 раза в месяц, 1-го и 16-го числа.

ольшой выбою способов оплаты - WebMoney, Epiese, Банковский перевод, Epiassport, PayPal и

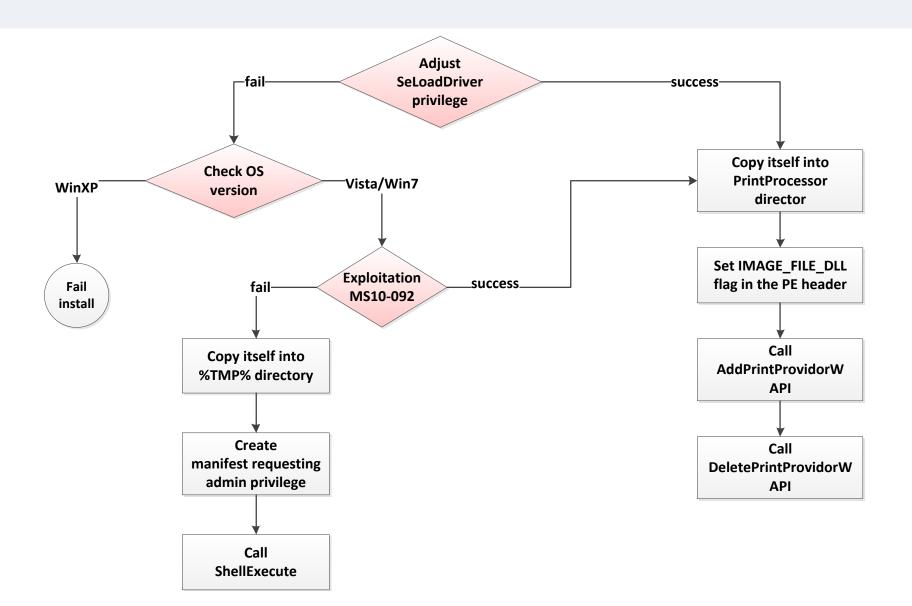
Installation stages



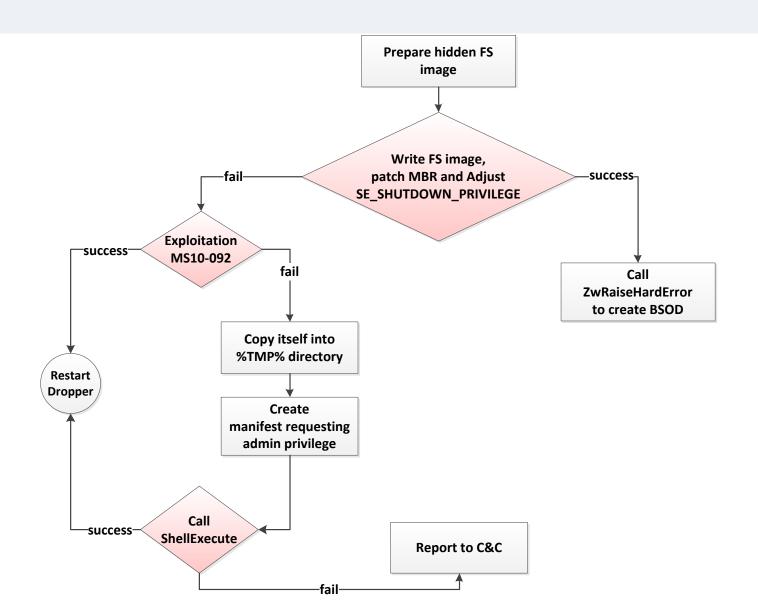
Dropped modules

Dropped modules	Description
mbr	original contents of the infected hard drive boot sector
ldr16	16-bit real-mode loader code
ldr32	fake kdcom.dll for x86 systems
ldr64	fake kdcom.dll for x64 systems
drv32	the main bootkit driver for x86 systems
drv64	the main bootkit driver for x64 systems
cmd.dll	payload to inject into 32-bit processes
cmd64.dll	payload to inject into 64-bit processes
cfg.ini	configuration information
bckfg.tmp	encrypted list of C&C URLs

Installation on x86



Installation on x64







TDL bootkit or how to bypass driver signature check

Types of integrity checks

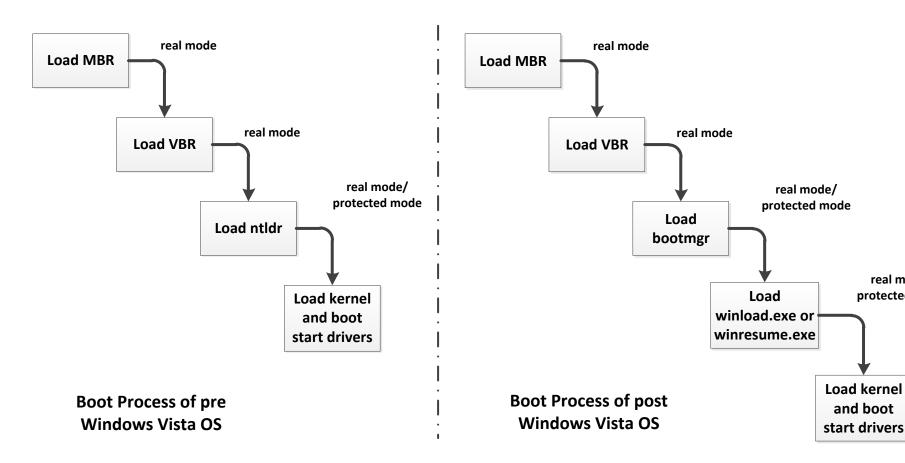
- PnP Device Installation Signing Requirements
- Kernel-Mode Code Signing Policy
 - ✓ Enforced on 64-bit version of Windows Vista and later versions

	64-bit Windows Vista and later	32-bit Windows Vista and later
Boot-start driver		
Non boot-start PnP driver		×
Non boot-start, non-PnP driver		(except stream protected media drivers)

Subverting KMCSP

- Abusing vulnerable signed legitimate kernel-mode driver
- Switching off kernel-mode code signing checks by altering BCD data:
 - ✓ abusing WinPe Mode
 - √ disabling signing check
 - ✓ patching Bootmgr and OS loader

Boot process of Windows OS



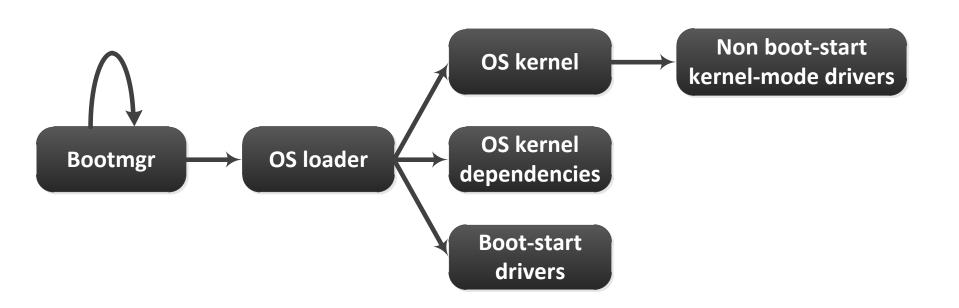
real mode/

protected mode

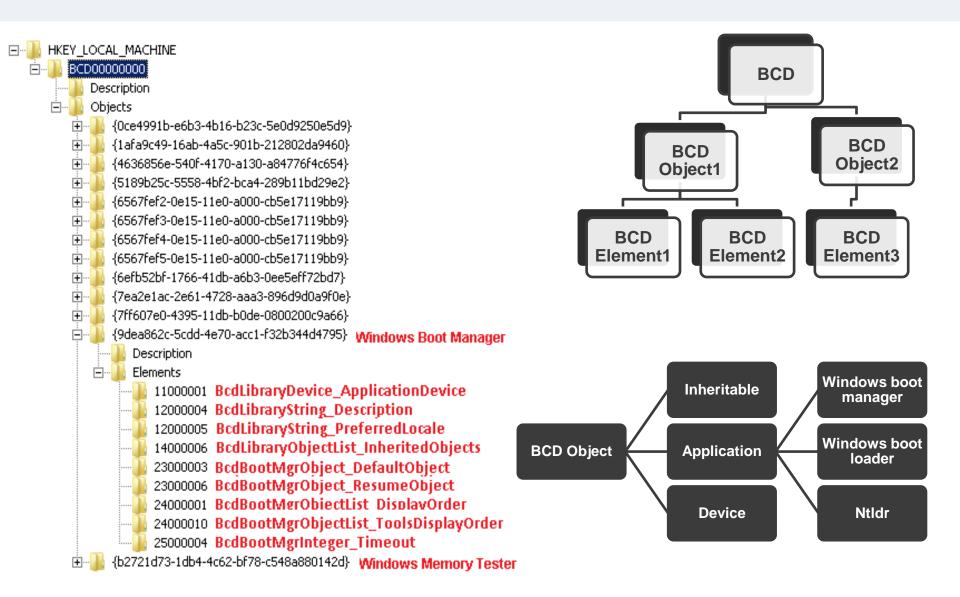
MBR - Master Boot Record

VBR - Volume Boot Record

Code integrity check



Boot Configuration Data (BCD)



BCD Elements determining KMCSP (before KB2506014)

BCD option	Description
BcdLibraryBoolean_DisableIntegrityCheck (0x16000020)	disables kernel-mode code integrity checks
BcdOSLoaderBoolean_WinPEMode (0x26000022)	instructs kernel to be loaded in preinstallation mode, disabling kernel-mode code integrity checks as a byproduct
BcdLibraryBoolean_AllowPrereleaseSignatures (0x16000049)	enables test signing

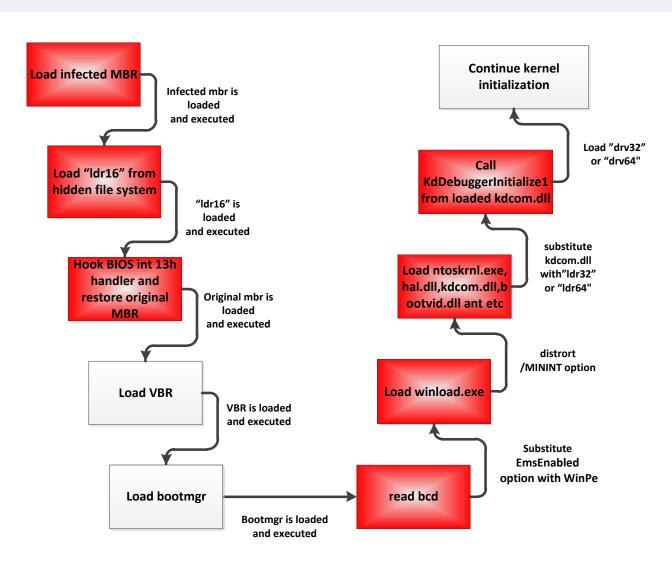
```
; BYTE __stdcall BlImgQueryCodeIntegrityBootOptions(BYTE *a2, BYTE *pOption, BYTE *AllowPreReleaseSign)
BlImgQueryCodeIntegrityBootOptions@12 proc near
                         edi, edi
                mov
                push
                         ebp
                mov
                         ebp, esp
                push
                         ecx
                push
                         esi
                         esi, [edx+14h]
                mov
                         eax, [ebp+var 1]
                lea.
                push
                         eax
                push
                         BcdLibraryBoolean DisableIntegrityChecks
                         esi
                push
                         BlGetBootOptionBoolean@12 ; BlGetBootOptionBoolean(x,x,x)
                call
                test
                         eax, eax
                jge
                         short 1oc 428742
                         [ebp+var 1], 0
                MOV
                                          : CODE XREF: BlImqQueryCodeIntegrityBootOptions(x,x,x)+1Bfj
loc 428742:
                         byte ptr [edx], 4
                test
                jz
                         short 1oc_428764
                         [ebp+var_1], 0
                CMP
                         short 1oc 428764
                jnz
                lea.
                         eax, [ebp+var 1]
                push
                         eax
                         BcdLibraryBoolean WinPEEnabled
                push
                push
                         esi
                         BlGetBootOptionBoolean@12 ; BlGetBootOptionBoolean(x,x,x)
                call
                test
                         eax, eax
                         short 1oc 428764
                jge
                         [ebp+var 1], 0
                mov
loc 428764:
                                          ; CODE XREF: BlImqQueryCodeIntegrityBootOptions(x,x,x)+24fj
                                          ; BlImgQueryCodeIntegrityBootOptions(x,x,x)+2Afj ...
                         eax, [ebp+pOption]
                mov
                         cl, [ebp+var_1]
                mov
                         [eax], cl
                mov
                         eax, [ebp+var_1]
                lea.
                push
                         eax
                push
                         BcdLibraryBoolean AllowPrereleaseSignatures
                push
                         esi
                          BlGetBootOptionBoolean@12; BlGetBootOptionBoolean(x,x,x)
                call
```

Abusing Win PE mode: TDL4 modules

Module name	Description
mbr (infected)	infected MBR loads <i>Idr16</i> module and restores original MBR in memory
ldr16	hooks 13h interrupt to disable KMCSP and substitute kdcom.dll with ldr32 or ldr64
ldr32	reads TDL4's kernel-mode driver from hidden file system and maps it into kernel-mode address space
ldr64	implementation of <i>Idr32</i> module functionality for 64-bit OS

int 13h – service provided by BIOS to communicate to IDE HDD controller

Abusing Win PE mode: workflow



MS Patch (KB2506014)

- BcdOsLoaderBoolean_WinPEMode option no longer influences kernel-mode code signing policy
- Size of the export directory of kdcom.dll has been changed

MS Patch (KB2506014)

BlImqQueryCodeIntegrityBootOptions proc near

○ BcdOsLoa

influences

Size of the changed

```
[rsp+arg 8], rbx
   mov
   push
           rdi
   sub
           rsp, 20h
           r11, [rcx+18h]
   MOV
           rbx, r8
   MOV
           r10, rdx
   MOV
           r8, [rsp+28h+arg 0]
   lea
           edx, BcdLibraryBoolean DisableIntegrityCheck
   mov
           rcx, r11
   mov
           BlGetBootOptionBoolean
   call
           r9d, [rsp+28h+arg_0]
   MOVZX
           edi, edi
   xor
           eax, edi
   CMP
           r8, [rsp+28h+arg_0]
   lea.
           edx, BcdLibraryBoolean AllowPrereleaseSignatures
   mov
   cmov1
           r9d, eai
           rcx, r11
           [rsp+28h+arg_0], r9b
   mov
           [r10], r9b
   MOV
           BlGetBootOptionBoolean
   call
           ecx, [rsp+28h+arq 0]
   MOVZX
           eax, edi
   CMP
   cmov1
           ecx, edi
           [rbx], cl
   mov
           rbx, [rsp+28h+arg 8]
   mov
           rsp, 20h
   add
           rdi
   pop
BllmqQueryCodeIntegrityBootOptions endp
```

n no longer

СУ

has been

MS Patch (KB2506014)

- BcdOsLoaderBoolean_WinPEMode option no longer influences kernel-mode code signing policy
- Size of the export directory of *kdcom.dll* has been changed

Ordinal	Function RVA	Name Ordinal	Name RVA	Name
N/A	00001E3C	00001E7A	00001E60	00001EE6
(nFunctions)	Dword	Word	Dword	szAnsi
00000001	00001014	0000	0000608C	KdD0Transition
00000002	00001014	0001	0000609B	KdD3Transition
00000003	00001020	0002	000060AA	KdDebuggerInitialize0
00000004	00001104	0003	000060C0	KdDebuggerInitialize1
00000005	00001228	0004	000060D6	KdReceivePacket
00000006	00001008	0005	000060E6	KdReserved0
00000007	00001158	0006	000060F2	KdRestore
00000008	00001144	0007	000060FC	KdSave
00000009	00001608	0008	00006103	KdSendPacket

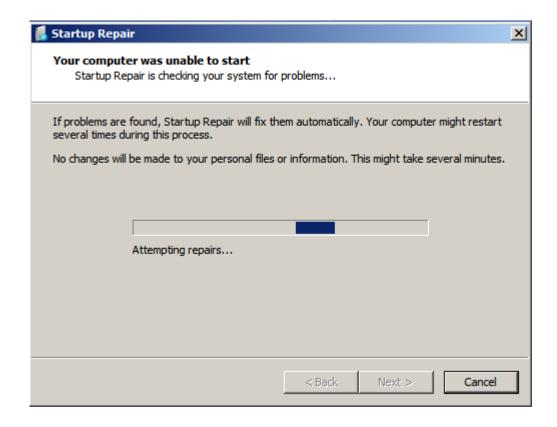
Bypassing KMCSP: another attempt

Patch Bootmgr and OS loader (winload.exe) to disable KMCSP:

```
; __int32 __stdcall I_CheckImageHashInCatalog(struct _CRYPTOAPI_BLOB *, unsigned __int8 *const )
                               ?I CheckImageHashInCatalog@@YAJPEAU CRYPTOAPI BLOB@@QEAE@Z proc near
                                                                        ; CODE XREF: MinCrypt CheckImageHash+2CTp
                                                                        ; MinCrypt CheckImageHash+52Tp
                                                                        : DATA XREF: ...
                               var 88
                                               = dword ptr -88h
                               var 80
                                               = qword ptr -80h
                               var 78
                                               = byte ptr -78h
                               var 68
                                               = dword ptr -68h
                               var 28
                                               = dword ptr -28h
                               Source2
                                               = qword ptr -20h
                                               = bute ptr -18h
                               var 18
                               arg 0
                                               = dword ptr 8
                                               <u>= qw</u>ord ptr 10h
                               arg_8
                               arq 10
                                               = qword ptr 18h
48 89 5C 24 10
                                                        [rsp+arg 8], rbx
                                               mov
48 89 6C 24 18
                                                        [rsp+arq 10], rbp
                                               mov
56
                                               push
57
                                               push
                                                        rdi
                                               push
                                                        r12
48 81 EC 90 00 00 00
                                                        rsp, 90h
8B 19
                                                        ebx, [rcx]
48 8B 69 08
                                                        rbp, [rcx+8]
                                               mov
4C 8R F2
                                               mov
                                                        r12, rdx
85 DB
                                                        ebx, ebx
                                               test
                                                        edi, 0C0000428h ; STATUS INVALID IMAGE HASH
BF 28 04 00 C0
```

Bypassing KMCSP: Result

Bootmgr fails to verify OS loader's integrity



Bypassing KMCSP: Result

Bootmgr fails to verify OS loader's integrity

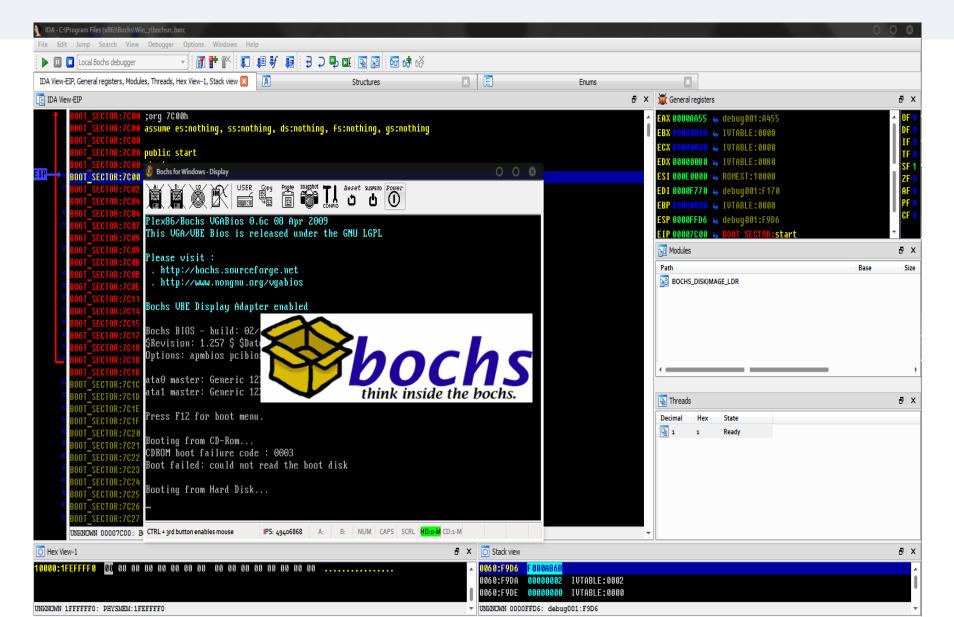
```
A problem has been detected and Windows has been shut down to prevent damage
to your computer.
PAGE_FAULT_IN_NONPAGED_AREA
If this is the first time you've seen this Stop error screen,
restart your computer. If this screen appears again, follow
these steps:
Check to make sure an n
                                 ware on software is properly installed.
If this is a new inst
                                                         re or enftware manufacturer
                                          y ur har w
for any windows updat s / u m) ht he d
If problems continue, disable or remove any newly installed hardware
or software. Disable BIOS memory options such as caching or shadowing. If you need to use Sufferior e to emove or disable components, restart your computer, press 18 c s la Advance I Sa tup options, and then select Safe Mode.
Technical information:
*** STOP: 0x00000050 (0xc1dB09A7,0x00000000,0x8050Fd6A,0x00000000)
```





Debugging the bootkit with Bochs

Bochs support starting from IDA 5.5

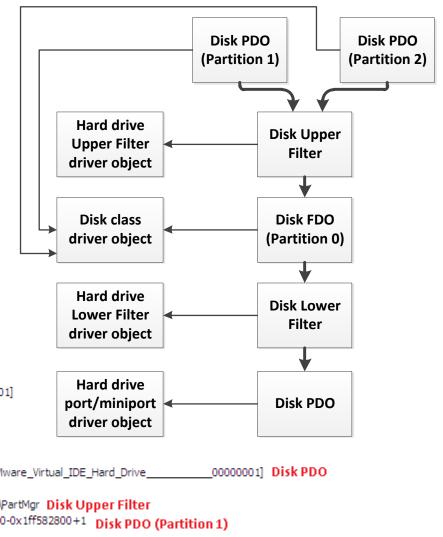






Kernel-mode hooks

Storage Device Stack



```
PDO \Pevice\NTPNP_PCI0003 - [PCI\VEN_8086&DEV_7111&SUBSYS_197615AD&REV_01]

FDO \Pevice\000000047

FDO \Pevice\Ide\PciIde0

PDO \Pevice\Ide\PciIde0Channel0-0 - [PCIIDE\IDEChannel]

FDO \Pevice\Ide\IdePort0

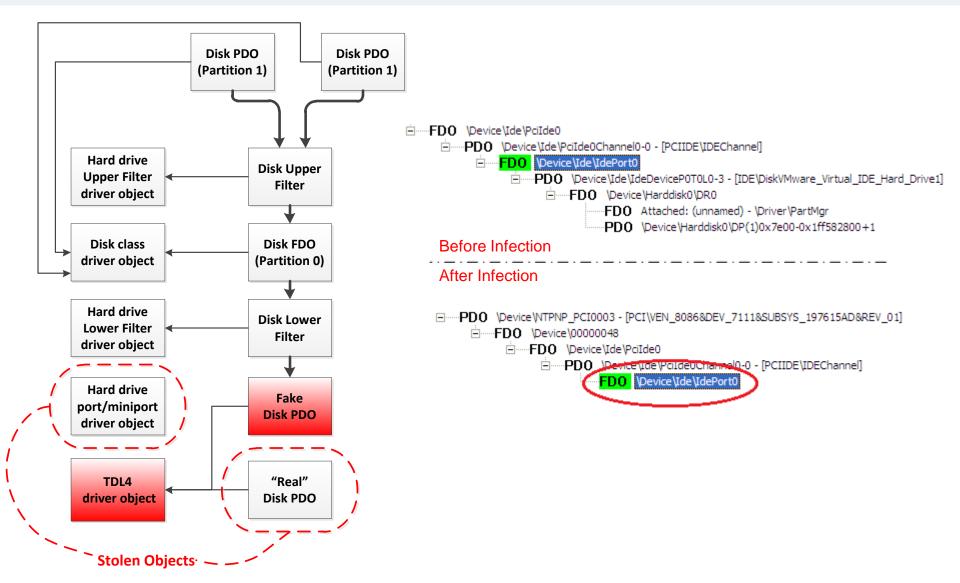
PDO \Pevice\Ide\IdePort0

PDO \Pevice\Ide\IdePort0

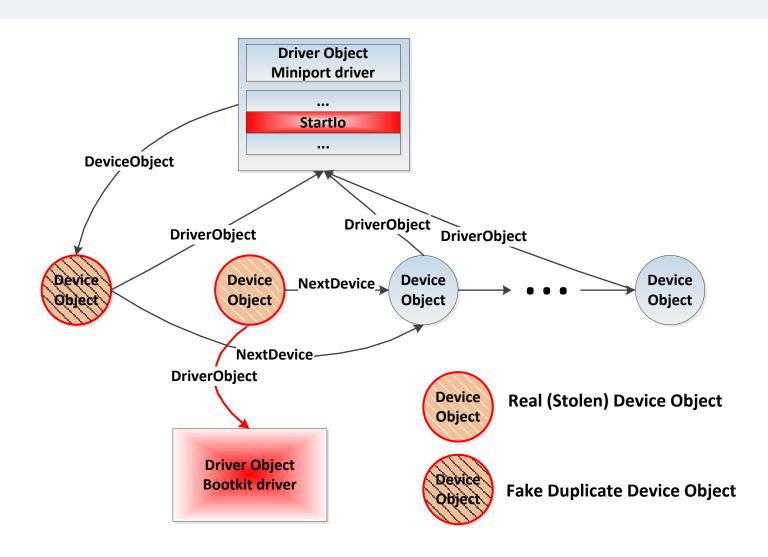
FDO \Pevice\IdePort0

FDO \Pev
```

Stealing Miniport Driver Object



Stealing Miniport Device Object



Stealing Miniport Device Object

```
Driver Object
                                         Miniport driver
                                            Startla
ObfReferenceObject(OriginalDeviceObject);
ObMakeTemporaryObject(OriginalDeviceObject);
if ( 04
  && IoCreateDevice(
       OriginalMiniportDriverObject,
       &OriginalDeviceName,
       OriginalDeviceObject->DeviceType,
       OriginalDeviceObject->Characteristics,
       &FakeDeviceObject) >= 0 )
                                               // create fake device object with the same name
  FakeDeviceObject->Flags = OriginalDeviceObject->Flags;
  FakeDeviceObject->AttachedDevice = OriginalDeviceObject->AttachedDevice;
  FakeDeviceObject->DeviceObjectExtension = OriginalDeviceObject->DeviceObjectExtension;
  FakeDeviceObject->StackSize = OriginalDeviceObject->StackSize;
```

Bootkit driver



Fake Duplicate Device Object

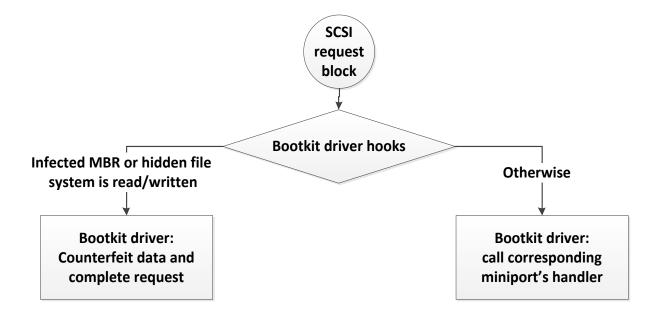
Filtering Disk Read/Write Requests

Filtered requests:

- ✓ IOCTL_ATA_PASS_THROUGH_DIRECT
- ✓ IOCTL_ATA_PASS_THROUGH;
- ✓ IRP_MJ_INTERNAL_DEVICE_CONTROL

O To protect:

- ✓ Infected MBR;
- √ Hidden file system from being read or overwritten





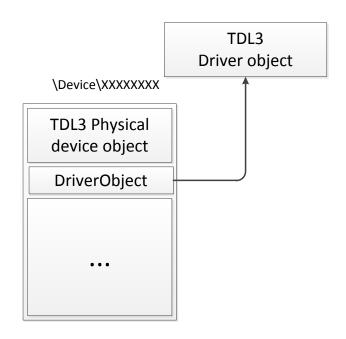


TDL hidden file system

TDL's hidden storage

- Reserve space in the end of the hard drive (not visible at file system level analysis)
- Encrypted contents (stream cipher: RC4, XOR-ing)
- o Implemented as a hidden volume in the system
- Can be accessed by standard APIs (CreateFile, ReadFile, WriteFile, SetFilePointer, CloseHandle)

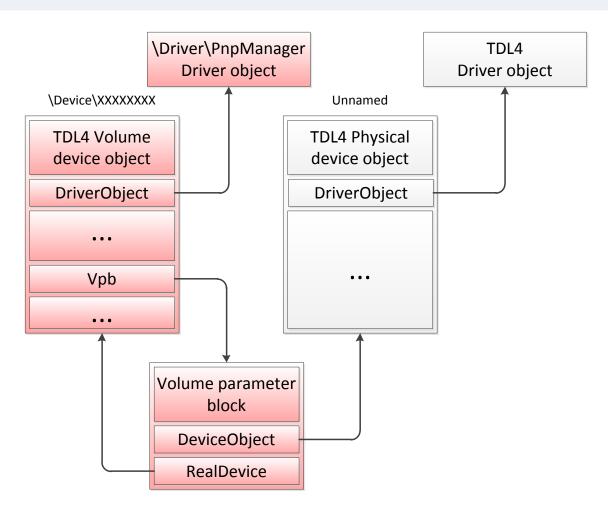
TDL3/TDL3+ Rootkit Device Stack



XXXXXXXX - random 8-character ASCII string

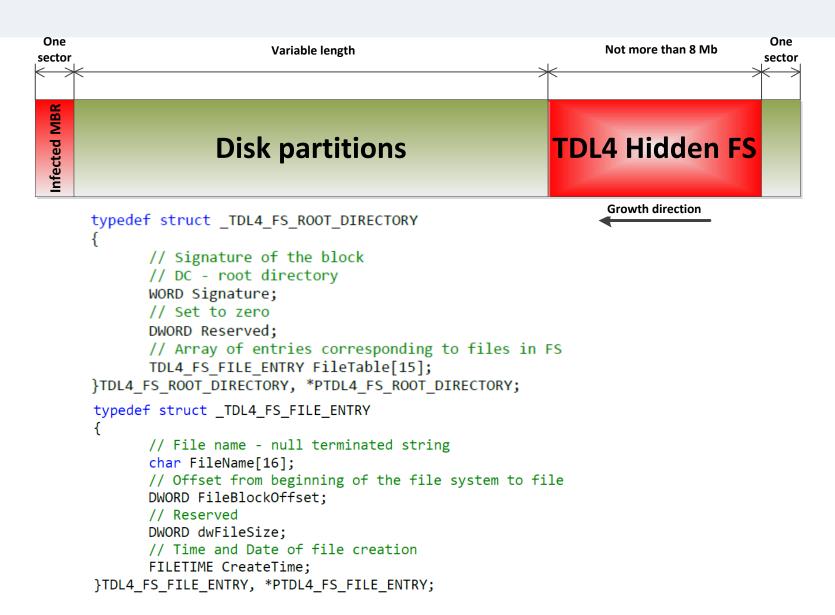
\\?\globalroot\device\XXXXXXXX\YYYYYYYY\file_name - for user-mode components \device\XXXXXXX\YYYYYYYY\file_name - for kernel-mode components

TDL4 Device Stack



XXXXXXXX – random 32-bit hexadecimal integer

TDL4 File System Layout

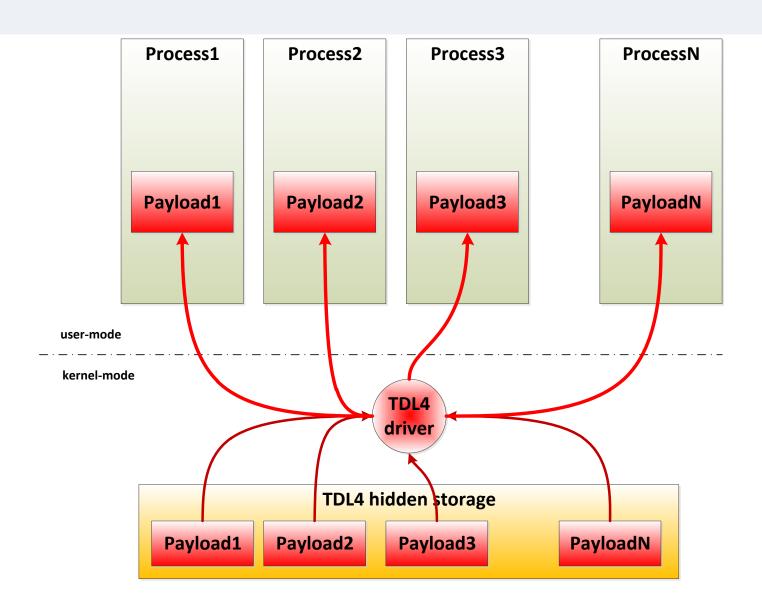




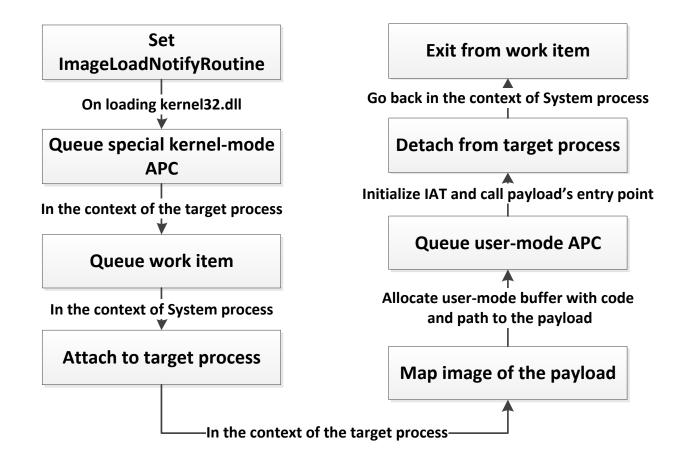


Payload injection

Injecting payload into target process



Injecting workflow







TDL4 cleaning approach

How to remove TDL

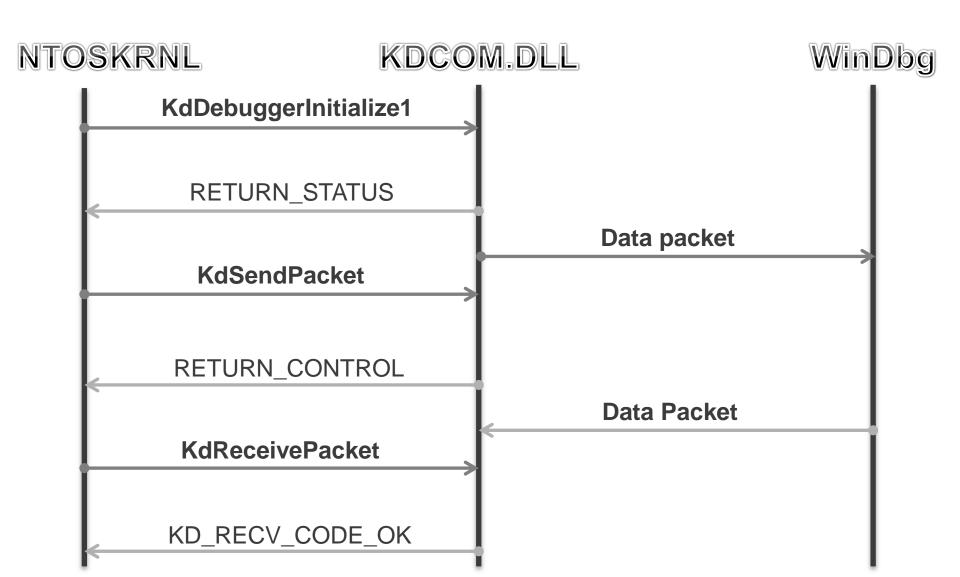
- Defeat self defense:
 - ✓ Disable WORK_ITEM checking infected MBR and kernel-mode hooks
 - ✓ Remove hooks of storage miniport device object
- Restore original MBR





Debugging bootkit with WinDbg

WinDbg and kdcom.dll



TDL4 and kdcom.dll

original routine

modified routine

```
public KdDebuggerInitialize1
                                          KdDebuggerInitialize1 proc near ; DATA XREF: .text:off_100010581o
                                                                   offset NotifuRoutine : NotifuRoutine
                                                           push
                                                                  PsSetCreateThreadNotifyRoutine
                                                           call
                                                           retn
                                           KdDebuggerInitialize1 endp
 void stdcall NotifyRoutine(HANDLE, HANDLE, BOOLEAN)
NotifyRoutine
                                        : DATA XREF: CallbackRoutine+1CETo
                proc near
                                         ; KdDebuggerInitialize11o
                        dword 100017F0, 0
                CMP
                jnz
                        short locret 1000179D
                        offset DriverEntry
                push
                push
                       IoCreateDriver
                call
                xor
                        ecx, ecx
                test
                        eax, eax
                setns
                        c1
                        dword_100017F0, ecx
                mov
                                        ; CODE XREF: NotifyRoutine+71j
locret_1000179D:
                        0Ch
                retn
NotifyRoutine
                endp
```

TDL4 and kdcom.dll

original export table

Name	Address	Ordinal
	80010386	1
	80010386	2
KdDebuggerInitialize0	800103A6	3
KdDebuggerInitialize1	8001044C	4
	80010F4C	5
KdRestore	80010460	6
KdSave	80010456	7
	800111B2	8
→ HalInitSystem(x,x)	80010CE6	

modified export table

Name	Address	Ordinal
	1000171A	1
	10001724	2
KdDebuggerInitialize0	100017A0	3
KdDebuggerInitialize1	100017AC	4
	100017DC	5
KdRestore	100017C6	6
KdSave	100017BA	7
KdSendPacket	100017D2	8
DriverEntry	1000172E	

```
; void __stdcall NotifyRoutine(HANDLE, HANDLE, BOOLEAN)
NotifyRoutine
                 proc near
                                           ; DATA XREF: CallbackRoutine+1CETo
                                           ; KdDebuggerInitialize11o
                         dword_10017F0, 0
                 cmp
                 jnz
                         short locret 1000179D
                 push
                         o<mark>ffset vriverEntry</mark>
                 push
                         IoCreateDriver
                 call
                 xor
                         ecx, ecx
                         eax, eax
                 test
                 setns
                         dword_100017F0, ecx
                 mov
locret_1000179D:
                                           ; CODE XREF: NotifyRoutine+71j
                         0Ch
                 retn
NotifyRoutine
                 endp
```

How to debug TDL4 with WinDbg

 Patch *Idr16* to disable *kdcom.dll* substitution

 Reboot the system and attach to it with WinDbg

Manually load drv32/drv64



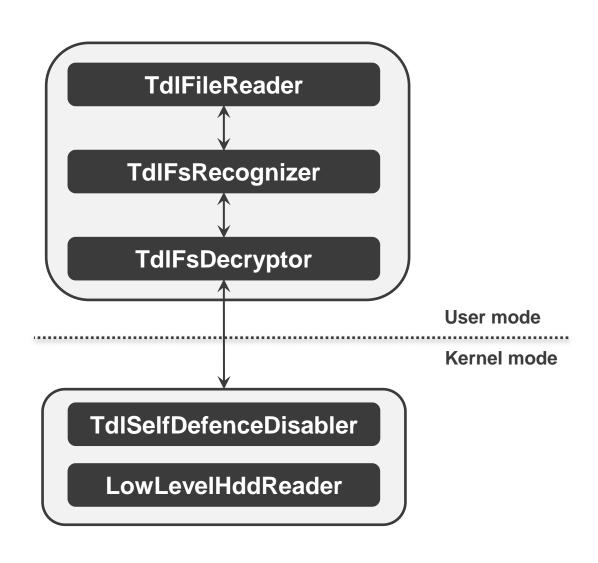


TdlFsReader as a forensic tool

TdlFsReader as a forensic tool



TdlFsReader architecture

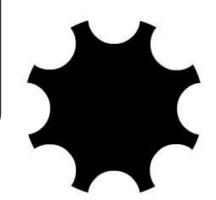


TdlFsReader architecture



FsCheckVersion

FsStructureParser



TdlFsDecryptor

TdlCheckVersion

TdlDecryptor

TdlSelfDefenceDisabler

TdlUnHooker

HddBlockReader

Conclusion

- Win64/Olmarik (TDL4) is the first widely spread rootkit targeting Win x64
- Return to old-school techniques of infecting MBR
- The only possible way of debugging bootkit is to use emulators (Bochs, QEMU)
- o TDL4 is highly resistant to forensic analysis
- TdlFsReader will be shared amongst malware researchers

References

√"The Evolution of TDL: Conquering x64"

http://www.eset.com/us/resources/white-papers/The_Evolution_of_TDL.pdf

√"Rooting about in TDSS"

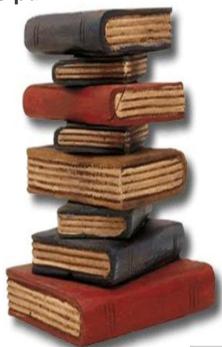
http://www.eset.com/us/resources/white-papers/Rooting-about-in-TDSS.pdf

√"TDL3: The Rootkit of All Evil?"

http://www.eset.com/us/resources/white-papers/TDL3-Analysis.pdf

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Questions





Thank you for your attention;)



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