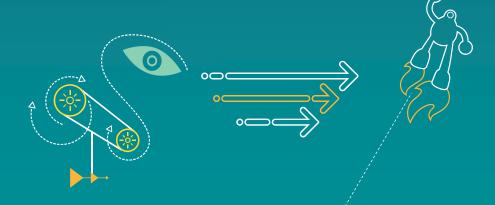
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QIIALCOMM[®]

Qualcomm Technologies, Inc.



Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
А	Aug 2014	Initial release

Contents

- Audio
- Camera





Audio

Boost使能后PMIC8916烧坏问题

■ 8916 PMIC芯片烧坏问题,请检查在确保基线代码有以下补丁

Issue SW change 1 : Change to Android SW driver Boost PA enable/disable sequence ensuring clock is present before the boost is enabled or disabled	CR 673800 (Ear path boost in bypass mode register sequence needs to be updated)	External patch https://www.codeaurora.org/cgit/quic/la/platform/vendor/qcom/msm8916_32/patch/?id=0d6cfc9b2e1c7a7e36157acef57217_165696a8c0
SW change 2: Fix the Boost PA current limit control bit that was incorrectly documented and therefore not enabled on r1.1 nor r2.0	675258 (8916: codec: PMIC heating issue requires default setting of ANALOG_CURRENT_LIMIT register)	https://www.codeaurora.org/cgit/quic/la/kernel/msm- 3.10/patch/?id=0a7482d797e08177b9b560c118b71e2919d70a e4
SW change 3 : msm8x16-wcd: make default spkr_ocp hold enable	688472 (PM8916 SPK BOOST/PA broken issue)	https://www.codeaurora.org/cgit/quic/la/kernel/msm- 3.10/patch/?id=5ffdd68ef6830da32a1f8fab8ecbb4f46bd95678
SW change 4: PMIC 2.0 will be damaged at the scenario below: 1 – Audio playback with headset connected 2 – Remove the headset, the playback will pause 3 – Resume the playback, w/o the headset, the PMIC blows up.	684711 (MSM 8916 LA 1.1: No voice on SPKR Phone when I remove the wired US headset device from phone during device switch from HPH to SPKR phone)	https://www.codeaurora.org/cgit/quic/la/kernel/msm-3.10/patch/?id=ac549a1aa1cb46382e18729a3e24142ac29bf39 0
SW change 5: Regression of CR 684711 on pre- CS	691605 (regression of CR 684711 on pre- CS)	https://www.codeaurora.org/cgit/quic/la/kernel/msm-3.10/patch/?id=f13ae605c001ef362da49b9f04929241ac89b21c

- 请尽量使用PMIC2.0
- 如果项目不使用BOOST可以通过修改mixer_paths.xml来关闭
 - 删除或注释掉 <ctl name="Speaker Boost" value="ENABLE" />

8916/8939如何使能数字MIC

- 在msm8916/8939-mtp/cdp.dtsi 和msm8916/8939-pinctrl.dtsi配置数字MIC的GPIO
- 在machine driver文件msm8x16.c中添加widget的定义和函数实现,主要是用于控制GPIO
 - SND_SOC_DAPM_MIC("Digital Mic1", msm8x16_dmic_event),
 - SND_SOC_DAPM_MIC("Digital Mic2", msm8x16_dmic_event),
- 在dtsi文件如: msm8916/8939-mtp.dtsi把DMIC添加到MIC BIAS的router中配置中
 - "DMIC1", "MIC BIAS Internal1",
 - "MIC BIAS Internal1", "Digital Mic1",
 - "DMIC2", "MIC BIAS Internal1",
 - "MIC BIAS Internal1", "Digital Mic2";
- - 更多的代码细节可以提case要求patch
- 验证方法
 - tinymix commands to be used
 - tinymix 'MultiMedia1 Mixer TERT_MI2S_TX' 1
 - tinymix 'DEC1 MUX' 'DMIC1'
 - tinycap /sdcard/pcm.wav -C 1 -R 48000

8916/8939耳机按键阀值配置

- 不同的耳机其耳机按键对应的电阻不一样,对其进行配置是一个必不可少的定制化工作
 - 1,测量MIC和地之间的电阻值,按下不同的按键,对应的值不一样
 - 2,把耳机插入测量IN2P的电压,按下不同的按键,对应的电压也不一样;另外记录什么都不按下MIC工作时候的电压
 - 3,得到以上的数值后,提case,我们会针对这些值提供寄存器和参数配置
 - 4,8916和以前的平台不一样,不是直接配置IN2P的DCE电压值,而是写寄存器
 - MSM8X16_WCD_A_ANALOG_MBHC_BTN0_ZDETL_CTL (0x153)
 - MSM8X16_WCD_A_ANALOG_MBHC_BTN1_ZDETM_CTL (0x154)
 - MSM8X16_WCD_A_ANALOG_MBHC_BTN2_ZDETH_CTL (0x155)
 - MSM8X16_WCD_A_ANALOG_MBHC_BTN3_CTL (0x156)
 - MSM8X16_WCD_A_ANALOG_MBHC_BTN4_CTL (0x157)
 - 寄存器的定义请参考文档80-NK808-2X PM8916 SOFTWARE INTERFACE FOR OEMS
 - 函数实现
 - 写寄存器的函数实现在wcd_program_btn_threshold中
 - def_tapan_mbhc_cal里面是配值, low用来定义为current source检测模式的值, high用来定义mic_bias检测模式的值
 - btn_low[0] = 25;
 - btn_high[0] = 25;
 - btn_low[1] = 50;
 - btn_high[1] = 50;
 - btn_low[2] = 75;
 - btn_high[2] = 75;
 - btn low[3] = 112;
 - btn_high[3] = 112;
 - btn low[4] = 137;
 - btn high[4] = 137;





Camera

Dump Camera输出帧

- 为什么需要dump camera 输出帧?
 - 有时候camera显示的预览帧不正常,或者拍出来的jpeg文件不正常,这时候就需要dump camera输出帧进行检查
- 如何dump camera输出帧:
 - Dump HAL层输出
 - \$ adb root
 - \$ adb shell chmod 777 /data
 - \$ adb shell setprop persist.camera.dumpimg <value>
 - Tip:
 - <value>决定了dump多少帧,怎么跳帧还有dump什么类型的帧
 - 31:16 决定dump多少帧。31:16可以设,如果设了就是设置dump多少帧,如果不设 (缺省0), 那么就默认dump 10 帧
 - 15:8 每次跳多少帧dump一帧。
 - 7: 0 dump什么类型的帧,可以组合设置. 比如想同时dump preview帧和snapshot帧。7:0设置成 1 + (1<<2) = 5
 - #define QCAMERA_DUMP_FRM_PREVIEW 1
 #define QCAMERA_DUMP_FRM_VIDEO (1<<1)
 #define QCAMERA_DUMP_FRM_SNAPSHOT (1<<2)
 #define QCAMERA_DUMP_FRM_THUMBNAIL (1<<3)
 #define QCAMERA_DUMP_FRM_RAW (1<<4)
 #define QCAMERA_DUMP_FRM_JPEG (1<<5)</p>
 - <value>必须是十进制数字,如655365. 655365 = 0xA0005,表示dump 10个preview帧和10个snapshot帧
 - 更多细节可以直接参看QCamera2HardwareInterface::dumpFrameToFile()函数实现

Dump Camera输出帧 - 续1

- Dump ISP输出帧
 - \$ adb root
 - \$ adb shell chmod 777 /data
 - \$ adb shell setprop persist.camera.isp.dump <value>
 - Tip
 - Dump preview 帧: <value>设置成 2
 - Dump snapshot 帧: <value>设置成 8
 - Dump Video 帧: <value>设置成 16
 - Dump类型可以组合使用,如想同时dump preview和video frame, <value>设置成2+16 = 18
 - 每次设置后,dump 10帧,如果想再dump 10帧,可以先设置<value>成0,然后重新设置<value>成想设置的值
 - 更多细节可以直接参看函数isp_ch_util_dump_frame()
- Dump的帧可以在/data目录下找到
- 如何使用dump出的帧定位问题
 - Dump出的YUV数据可以用YUV查看工具打开。选YUV420格式
 - 如果Dump ISP输出帧已经有问题,很可能sensor输出有问题,也有可能问题来至ISP模块
 - 如果ISP dump没问题,但是HAL层dump有问题。说明后处理模块如CPP/C2D有问题。
 - 如果ISP/HAL dump都没问题,那问题来至camera应用或者Graphic/Display,需要UI Framework team和 Graphic/Display team进一步分析

动态打开HAL/mm-camera-interface/mm-jpeg-interface log

- MSM8916可以设置persist.camera.hal.debug.mask属性来动态打开HAL/mm-camera-interface/mm-jpeg-interface的log
- 如何设置?
 - \$ adb root
 - \$ adb shell setprop persist.camera.hal.debug.mask <value>
 - Tip:
 - 31:28: debug log level
 - 低27位: 模块选择 (只用了3bit)
 - #define HAL_DEBUG_MASK_HAL (1<<0)
 - #define HAL_DEBUG_MASK_MM_CAMERA_INTERFACE (1<<1)
 - #define HAL_DEBUG_MASK_MM_JPEG_INTERFACE (1<<2)
 - <value>默认值是268435463。 268435463 = 0x10000007。即默认打开HAL/mm-camera-interface/mm-jpeg-interface HIGH level log

打开sensor module log

- 何时需要打开?
 - Sensor驱动问题
 - Resolution选择异常
 - 闪光灯开闪异常(同时要开AE Clog和内核flash驱动log)
 - 摄像头打开时间 KPI break down。可以得到power up, write init reg, setting resource等时间
- 如何打开?
 - 在文件vendor/qcom/proprietary/mm-camera/mm-camera2/mediacontroller/modules/sensors/module/sensor_dbg.h中进入 "#define SLOG_LOW"
 - 重新编译libmmcamera2_sensor_modules.so等模块
 - Push到设备,重启即可
 - \$ adb root
 - \$ adb remount
 - \$ adb push path/to/libmmcamera2_sensor_modules.so /system/vendor/lib/
 - \$ adb reboot
- 如何打开更多log,请参考80-NL239-33 Linux_Camera_Debugging_Guide

如何得到preview 的fps

- 方法一
 - 设置"persist.debug.sf.showfps"为1
 - \$ adb root
 - \$ adb shell setprop persist.debug.sf.showfps 1
 - 抓adb log, 在log中搜索关键字 PROFILE_PREVIEW_FRAMES_PER_SECOND
- 方法二
 - 不用设置"persist.debug.sf.showfps",直接在带时间戳的adb log中过滤出同时包含 mm_stream_read_msm_frame和"stream type 1"的行
 - 数出每一秒同时包含mm_stream_read_msm_frame和"stream type 1"的行数即为preview的fps

Camera SW常见问题Q/A

- 如何对拍照插值,比如0.3MP插值到1.3MP?
 - 请参考<u>80-NK847-1</u>App_Notes_MSM_8x26_and_8x10_12_Camera_Snapshot_Upscale_Porting, 该文档对MSM8916同样适用. 如果希望加入的插值分辨率被所有的camera app识别到,请回退下面修改:
 - https://www.codeaurora.org/cgit/quic/la/platform/hardware/qcom/camera/commit/?id=89c30a73902f8fc
 3d1ebec98eebc8bef222f9fcb
- 想对拍照的帧通过第三方算法进行处理,但是HAL层得到的YUV数据对齐如何处理?
 - stride = PAD_TO_SIZE(width, 64)
 - scanline = PAD_TO_SIZE(height, 64)
 - len = PAD_TO_SIZE(stride*scanline, 0)
 - 可参考QCamera2HardwareInterface::dumpFrameToFile()处理帧数据
- 引入第三方算法做图像后处理拍出来的照片为何有灰色条纹?
 - 需在第三方算法处理后,JPEG压缩前调用cleanInvalidateCache()清一下缓存
 - QCameraMemory *memObj = (QCameraMemory *)main_frame->mem_info;
 - memObj->cleanInvalidateCache(main_frame->buf_idx);

Camera SW常见问题Q/A - 续1

- HDR 拍出来的照片没效果,但是同一个驱动在另外一个基线上是正常的,这是为什么?
 - 需要在<sensorname>_lib.c中正确设置sensor_num_HDR_frame_skip。
 - 如果sensor_set_aec_init_settings()如下,把sensor_num_HDR_frame_skip设置成和 sensor_num_frame_skip一样的值:

```
sensor_set_aec_init_settings()
{
...
ctrl->s_data->ae_bracket_info.apply_index = 0;
ctrl->s_data->ae_bracket_info.sof_counter = aec_data->valid_entries;
...
}
```

 如果sensor_set_aec_init_settings()如下, 把sensor_num_HDR_frame_skip设置成 sensor_num_frame_skip-1

```
sensor_set_aec_init_settings()
{
...
ctrl->s_data->ae_bracket_info.apply_index = 1;
ctrl->s_data->ae_bracket_info.sof_counter = aec_data->valid_entries - 1;
...
```

Questions?

You may also submit questions to:

https://support.cdmatech.com

