

# **RTLSDR Scanner**

Wideband RF Spectrum Scanning

<http://eartoearoak.com/software/rtlsdr-scanner>

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## Contributors

Contributors to this document and the RTLSDR Scanner can be found at the GitHub page:  
<https://github.com/EarToEarOak/RTLSDR-Scanner/graphs/contributors>

## Further Information

General information: <http://eartoearoak.com/software/rtlsdr-scanner>

Installation instructions: <http://eartoearoak.com/software/rtlsdr-scanner/rtlsdr-scanner-installation>

Code repository: <https://github.com/EarToEarOak/RTLSDR-Scanner>

## Introduction

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### What is RTLSDR Scanner?

RTLSDR Scanner is a wideband spectrum analyser for RTLSDR dongles which allows the visualisation of radio frequency signals.

The software is cross-platform and runs under Linux, Windows and OS X.

RTLSDR Scanner provides both GUI and command line interfaces.

### Required Hardware

- A PC, Mac or an embedded Linux platform such as the Raspberry Pi.
- A compatible RTLSDR dongle, see the OsmoSDR page for more details at <http://sdr.osmocom.org/trac/wiki/rtl-sdr>

### Installation

Installation of the RTLSDR driver and library dependencies are beyond the scope of this document, further details can be found at: <http://eartoearoak.com/software/rtlsdr-scanner/rtlsdr-scanner-installation>

## **Common Terms**

### **Band Offset**

The frequency offset where data is taken from to give a smooth scan and overcome the non-linear frequency response of the dongle.

### **Calibration**

The frequency compensation to apply to scanning to overcome errors in the dongle, specified in parts per million (ppm).

### **Dongle**

The RTLSDR USB device to use to sample the radio data.

### **Dwell**

The time spent sampling at each frequency step, longer dwell times will slow the scanning speed but potentially reduce noise. For short-lived signals a fast dwell time should be used otherwise it's amplitude may be significantly reduced.

### **FFT Size**

The number of bins used for Fast Fourier Transform analysis, larger values give an increased frequency resolution but require more computational power and higher memory usage.

### **Gain**

The gain (amplification) specified in Decibels (dB) to set the dongle to during a scan.

### **Geometric Mean**

A type of mean (average) which indicates the typical value rather than the average value.

### **Local Oscillator (LO)**

The frequency offset to apply to scans if an external frequency converter (mixer) is used. Up and down converters are used to extend the tuning range to the dongle. For up-converters the offset is positive and negative for down-converters.

### **Mean**

The average.

## **Resolution Bandwidth (RBW)**

The minimum frequency between two separate peaks.

## **Scan**

One or more sweeps of the frequency range.

## **Server**

A dongle connected to a network which provides data via the *rtl\_tcp* utility.

## **Spectral Flatness**

A measure of how flat the spectrum is. Pure white noise has a flatness of 1, this will decrease towards zero as more distinct signals appear above the noise floor

## **Sweep**

A single pass of the frequency range.

## **Power Spectral Density**

The method for converting the radio data into a frequency spectrum.

## **Window Function**

A mathematical function used to reduce the effects of spectral leakage and noise when analysing data. Most users will probably want to leave this at it's default (Hamming window).

# Graphical User Interface

## Main Window

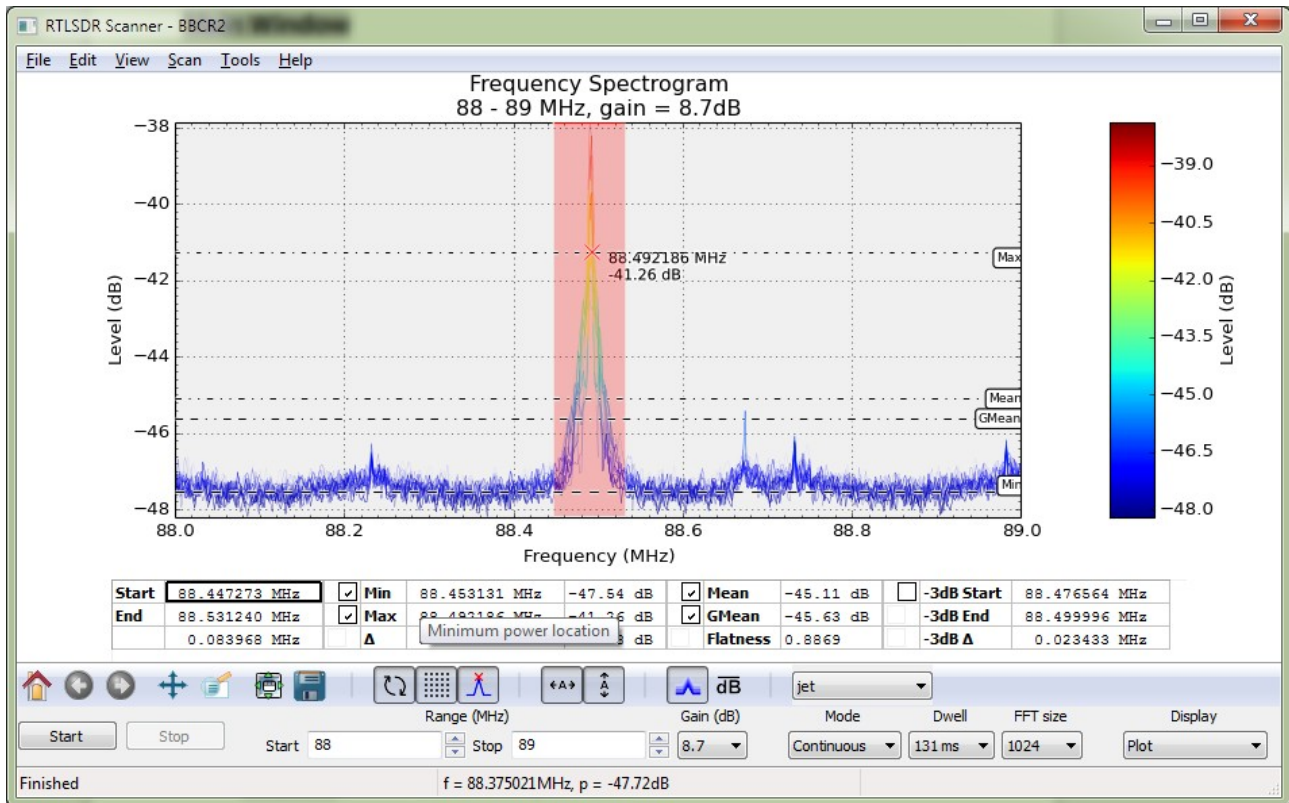


Image 1: Main Window

The main window is split into 4 main areas; the Menu Bar, the Graph, the Measurement Table and Tool Bar.

## Menu Bar

### File

- Open... Open a scan.
- Merge... Merge a scan with the current one.
- Backups... Restore a backup (enabled in the preferences window)/
- Recent Files... A list of recently used files.
- Save As... Save a scan.
- Export scan... Export a scan
- Export image... Export an image



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- Export image sequence...  
Export sweeps as multiple images.
- Export map...  
Export a signal map
- Export GPS track  
Export a GPX track log.
- Properties...  
Properties of the current scan.
- Exit  
Exit the program.

### *Edit*

- Preferences...  
Show the preferences page.
- Advanced prefs...  
Advanced software settings
- Number formatting...  
Adjust the precision of displayed numbers.
- Radio Devices...  
Radio settings.
- GPS...  
GPS settings.

### *View*

- Clear selection  
Clear a selection made by dragging with the middle mouse button.
- Show measurements  
Display the measurements table below the plot.
- Full screen  
Toggle full screen mode (F11).

### *Scan*

- Start  
Start a scan.
- Continue  
Start and append sweeps to the current scan.
- Stop  
Immediately stop the scan.
- Stop at end  
Stop scanning at the end of the current sweep.
- Delay...  
Add a delay between sweeps.

### *Tools*

- Compare...  
Compare two scans.
- Smooth...  
Smooth the spectrum.
- Auto Calibration...  
Attempt to calibrate the dongle with a known frequency.
- Track in Google Earth  
  
Show scan locations in Google Earth.

## RTLSDR Scanner

- Track in Google Maps  
Display a heatmap of loactions in a browser.
- GPS Satellites... Show the GPS signal strength if it's available.

### Help

- Help... Open up further information from the RTLSDR Scanner page.
- Check for updates... Check if an update is available.
- System information... Display details about the installation.
- About... Basic information about the program

### Graph












A plot of the scanned spectrum, three modes are currently available; Plot, Spectrogram and 3D Spectrogram.

A toolbar is available under the graph which allows panning and zooming in addition to plot specific commands.




The mouse wheel can be used to zoom 2 dimensional plots by first clicking the graph.

Further options are available by right-clicking the graph.

### Standard Controls

-  Home Zoom to the default limits of the plot.
-  Back Zoom to the previous view of the plot.
-  Forward Zoom to the next plot view.
-  Pan Pan the plot.
-  Zoom Zoom to an area of the plot.
-  Subplots Change the margins of the plot.
-  Save Save the current plot as an image.
-  Live update Update the plot as new data is processed (can be slow).
-  Grid Display a grid on the plot.
-  Auto frequency Auto range the frequency axis to display all data.
-  Auto level Auto range the level axis to display all data.








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-  Label peak      Display a marker and label at the most recent peak.
-  Smooth      Smooth data display (right-click to change).
-  Differentiate      Display the differentiated spectrum.
- Colour map      The mapping of levels to colour.

### Plot

A plot of the level versus frequency.



#### Additional Controls

-  Multiple peaks      Mark peaks above a threshold (right-click to change).
-  Fade plots      Fade previous sweeps
-  Average plots      Average all the sweeps.
-  Minimum      Plot the minimum of all sweeps
-  Maximum      Plot the maximum of all sweeps
-  Variance      Plot the variance of all sweeps
-  Delta      Plot the delta from the first sweep

### Spectrogram

A plot of time versus frequency, level is displayed as colour. Often called a waterfall plot.




#### Additional Controls

-  Auto time      Auto range the time axis to display all data.
-  Multiple peaks      Mark peaks above a threshold (right-click to change).

### 3D Spectrogram

A three dimensional plot of frequency versus time versus level.

#### Additional Controls

-  Auto time      Auto range the time axis to display all data.
-  Multiple peaks      Mark peaks above a threshold (right-click to change).
-  Wireframe      Plot the spectrum as a wireframe instead of colouring the faces.

### **Status**

Displays the status of the current scan, often faster than the other plot types.

### **Time Line**

Displays when sweeps occurred in time.

### **Preview**

A fast preview plot (needs [visvis](#)).

### **Measurement Table**

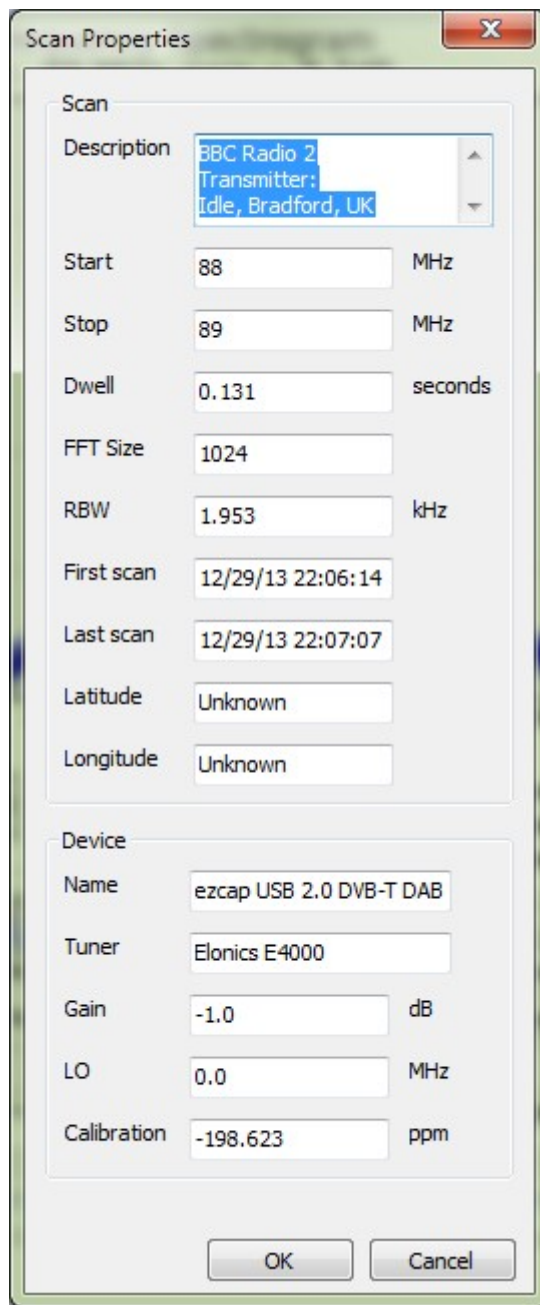
To perform measurements of the spectrum use the middle mouse button to drag a selection box over the area of interest (in Plot or Spectrogram displays). Measurements are taken from the last sweep.

### **Tool Bar**

The tool bar is used to control the main functions of the scanner.

- Start                      Start a scan.
- Stop                      Immediately stop the scan.
- Range                    The frequency range.
  - Start                    The start frequency in megahertz.
  - Stop                    The end frequency in megahertz.
- Gain                      The dongle gain in Decibels.
- Mode                    Perform a single or multiple sweeps.
  - Single                  Only run a single sweep
  - Continuous            Run multiple sweeps until the scan is stopped
  - Maximum              Run until the maximum scans as defined in the preferences
- Dwell                    The dwell time for each scanning step.
- FFT Size                The number of FFT bins to calculate.
- Display                  The type of plot to display.

## Properties Window



The image shows a 'Scan Properties' dialog box with two main sections: 'Scan' and 'Device'. The 'Scan' section contains fields for Description, Start, Stop, Dwell, FFT Size, RBW, First scan, Last scan, Latitude, and Longitude. The 'Device' section contains fields for Name, Tuner, Gain, LO, and Calibration. At the bottom are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Scan	
Description	BBC Radio 2 Transmitter: Idle, Bradford, UK
Start	88 MHz
Stop	89 MHz
Dwell	0.131 seconds
FFT Size	1024
RBW	1.953 kHz
First scan	12/29/13 22:06:14
Last scan	12/29/13 22:07:07
Latitude	Unknown
Longitude	Unknown

Device	
Name	ezcap USB 2.0 DVB-T DAB
Tuner	Elonics E4000
Gain	-1.0 dB
LO	0.0 MHz
Calibration	-198.623 ppm

OK Cancel

*Image 2: Properties Window*

Displays the known properties of the scan. Latitude and longitude information may be edited here.

## Preferences Window

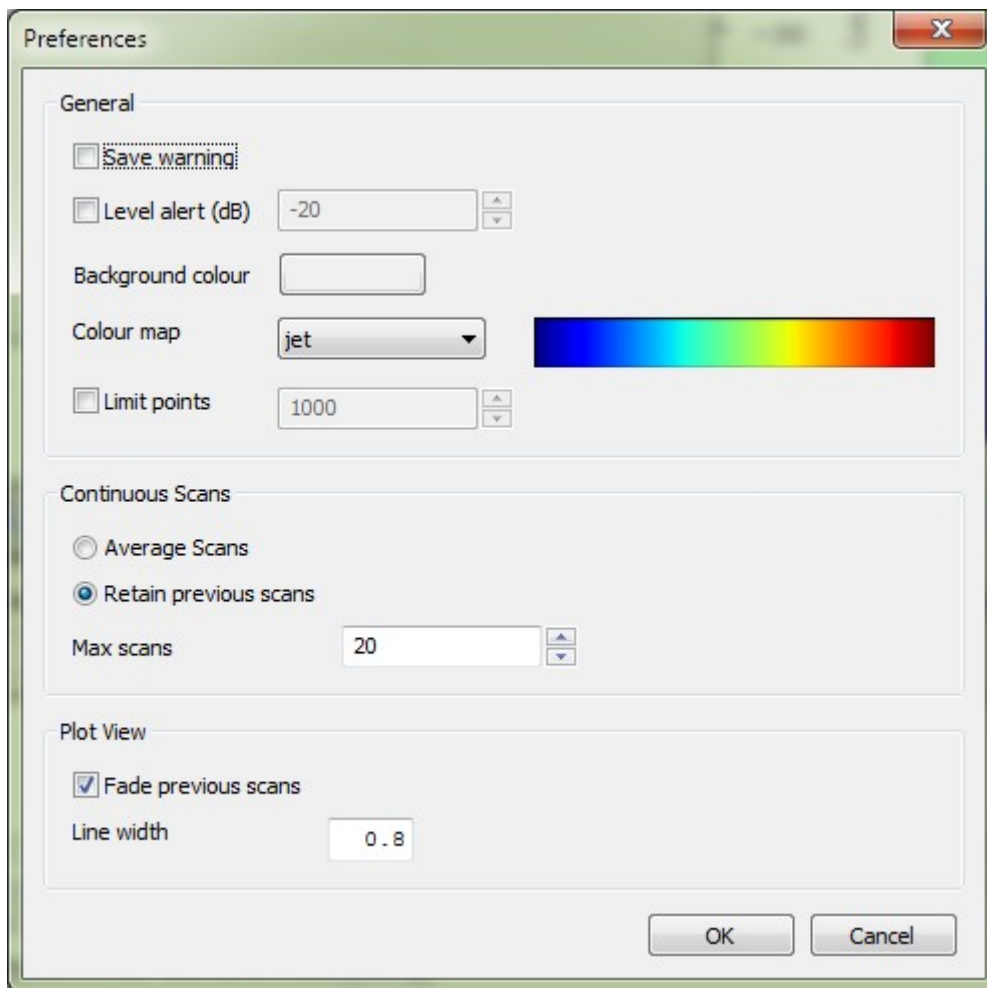


Image 3: Preferences Window

Allows generalised customisation of the software.

### General

- Save warning Warn if a scan has not been saved before overwriting or exiting.
- Level alert Beep if the scan level is equal or greater than this level.
- Background colour The background colour of graph planes.
- Colour map The mapping to convert a level to colour in the view.
- Limit points The maximum number of points to plot.

## Continuous Scans

Options pertaining to the continuous scan mode.

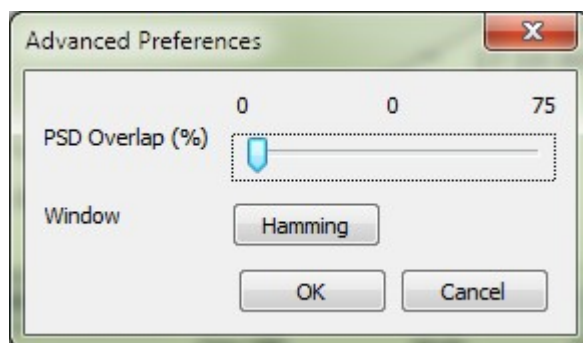
- Average scans      Average the current sweep with the previous one.
- Retain previous scans      Keep previous sweeps.
- Max scans      Maximum number of sweeps to keep

## Plot View

Settings related to the plot display

- Fade previous scans      Fade out older scans in the view.
- Line width      Line width to use when plotting

## Advanced Preferences Window



*Image 4: Advanced Preferences Window*

Advanced settings.

- PSD overlap      Overlap percentage for power spectral density calculations.
- Window      Change the window function used while scanning.

## Radio Devices Window

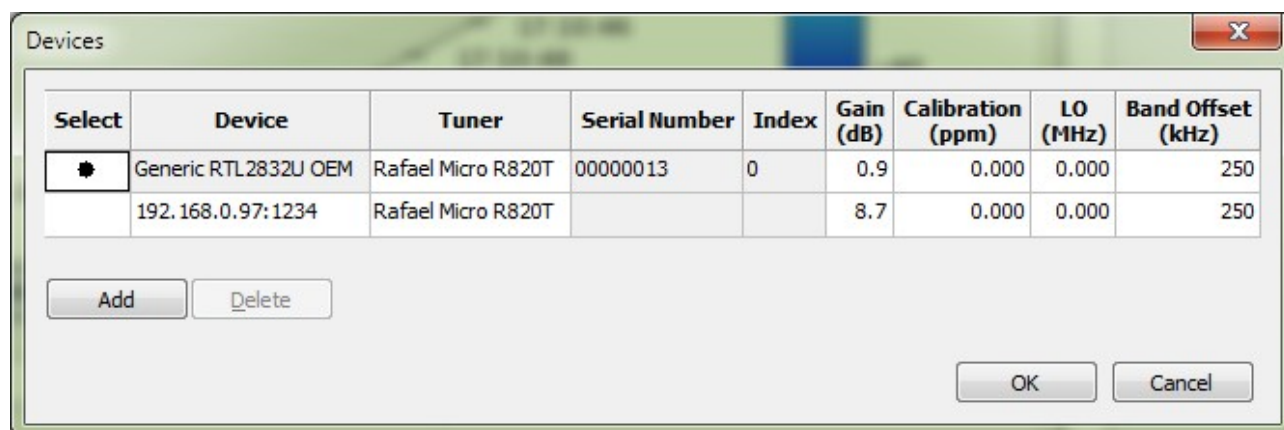


Image 5: Devices Window

A list of currently detected dongles and server settings.

- **Select** Use this column to select a device to scan with.
- **Device** Displays the name of the dongle or the host and port of a server.
- **Tuner** The tuner type in the dongle.
- **Serial Number** The serial number of the dongle (not supported for servers)
- **Index** The USB index of the dongle.
- **Gain** The gain to set the dongle to in Decibels.
- **Calibration** The frequency calibration to apply to the dongle in parts per million.
- **LO** Local oscillator offset – used with frequency converters.
- **Band offset...** Click to open the band offset window.
- **Add** Add a server
- **Delete** Delete the currently select server



## GPS Window

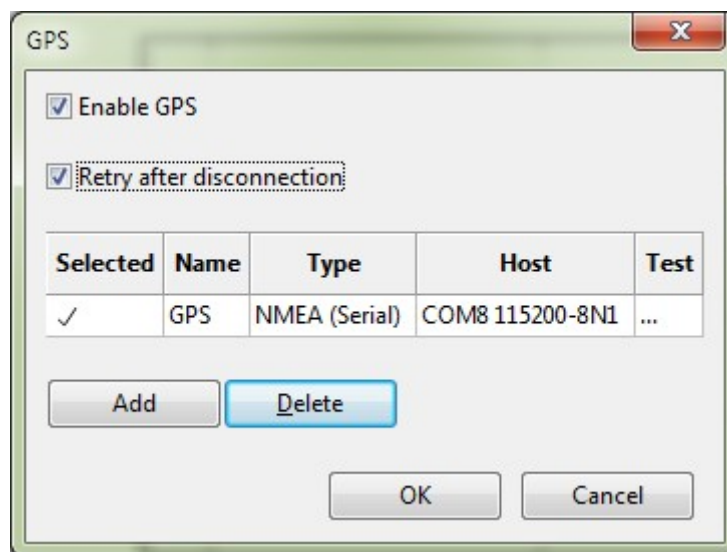


Image 6: GPS Window

Enabling GPS allows maps of signals to be built up, either NMEA or GPSd is supported.

The type can be set to:

- GPSd                      A GPSd daemon.
- GPSd (Legacy)        Older GPSd daemons.
- NMEA (Serial)        NMEA serial connection.
- NMEA (Server)        NMEA of TCP/IP.

The host is a standard host name and option port for NMEA (Server) and both GPSd options. For NMEA (Serial), clicking the host allows the communication port settings to be changed.

Click the 'Test' entry to try the current settings.

## Window Function Window

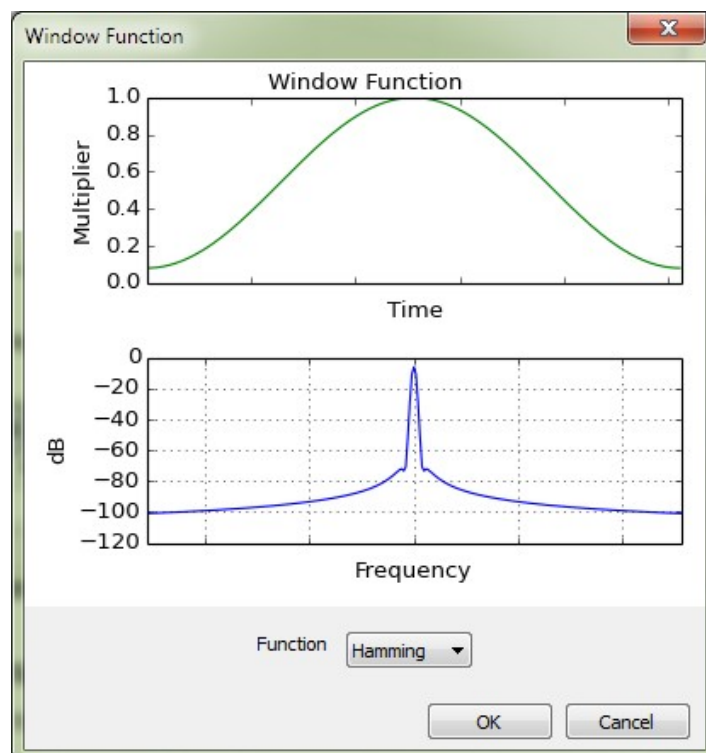


Image 7: Window Function

Allows the setting of the window function that the scanner applies to incoming samples. This window is meant primarily for educational purposes as the default Hamming window gives the best results.

The first graph (green) displays how the window function tapers off data at the beginning and end of the sample to reduce leakage and noise when the sample is converted into frequency data.

The bottom graph (blue) displays the frequency response of the window function. The software takes data from the flattest sections of the graph ignoring the large peak which corresponds to 0Hz.

## Compare Window

Allows you to load two different scans and display the difference between them if their frequency bins coincide.

The first plot is shown in blue, the second in green and the difference in red.

## Auto Calibration Window

Basic calibration to a **known** signal.

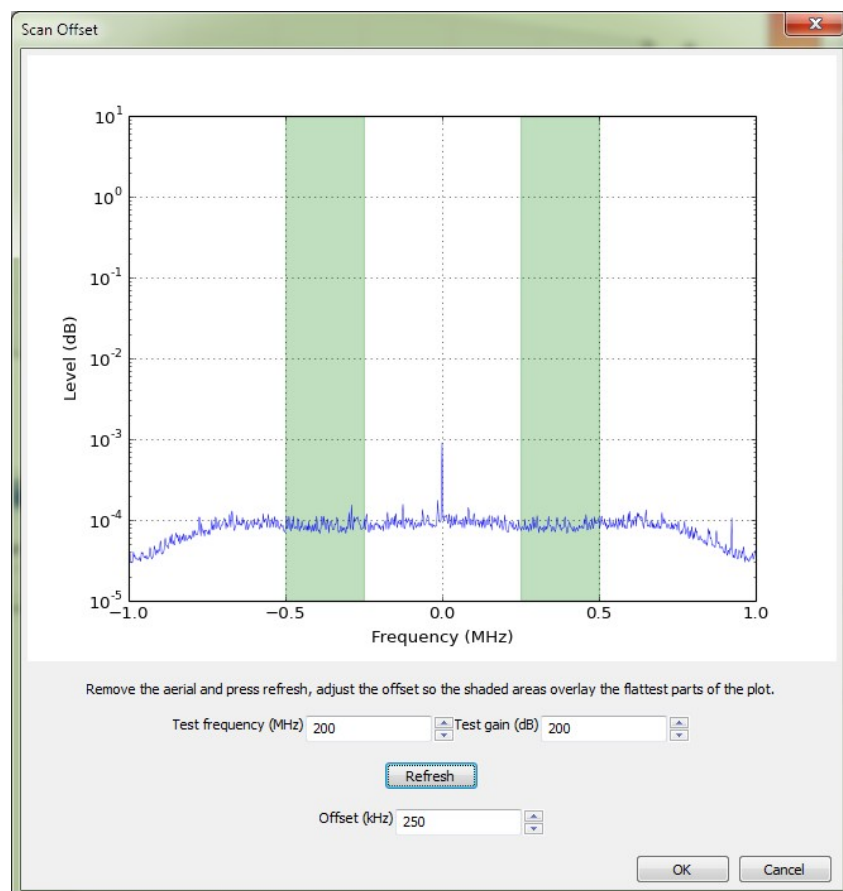
Set the frequency and press calibrate, if you are happy with the result click OK.

Suitable signals are constant, unwavering signals such as that from a signal generator.

Real world sources such as FM radio transmissions can be used although the precision is reduced.

In these cases it is recommended to set the dwell time to 1000ms to reduce errors.

## Band Offset Window



*Image 8: Band Offset Window*

This window allows you to select the flattest part of the spectrum returned by the dongle, to improve the quality of the scan.

- Disconnect the antenna from the dongle and ideally replace it with a 50 ohm load.
- Press refresh and wait for the spectrum to be displayed.
- Adjust the offset so the green bars cover the flattest section.

## Command Line Interface

---

Scanning can be initiated from the command line.

### Format

```
rtlsdr_scan.py  [-h]
                [-s START] [-e END]
                [-g GAIN] [-d DWELL] [-f FFT] [-l LO]
                [-i INDEX | -r REMOTE]
                [file]
```

### Switches

#### File

The file name to save the scan to, either ending in '.rfs' for native file or '.csv' to export to a comma separated values file.

#### Start

-s, --start                Start of the frequency range in megahertz.

#### End

-e, --end                End of the frequency range in megahertz.

#### Sweeps

-w, --sweeps            Number of sweeps in a scan.

#### Delay

-d, --delay            Delay between sweeps in seconds.

#### Gain

-g, --gain            Scan gain in Decibels (optional, default – 0dB).

#### Dwell

-d, --dwell            Dwell time in seconds (optional, default – 131ms).

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### FFT

`-f, --fft` The number of FFT bins (optional, default – 1024).

### LO

`-l, --lo` The local oscillator offset in megahertz (optional, default – 0MHz).

### Index

`-i, --index` The zero-based index of the dongle (optional, cannot be used with `-r`).

### Remote

`-r, --remote` The server host and port (optional, cannot be used with `-i`).

### Config

`-c, --config` Path to a configuration file.

### Help

`-h, --help` Display help information (optional).

## Examples

Scan from 88 to 108 MHz, saving to 'scan.rfs'

```
rtlsdr_scan.py -s 88 -e 108 scan.rfs
```

Scan from 430 to 436MHz, with a gain of 8.7dB and a dwell of 16ms, saving to 'test.rfs':

```
rtlsdr_scan.py -s 430 -e 436 -g 8.7 -d 16 test.rfs
```

Scanning using a second dongle:

```
rtlsdr_scan.py -s 88 -e 108 -d 1 scan.rfs
```

Scan using a server by name:

```
rtlsdr_scan.py -s 88 -e 108 -r rtlserver:1234 scan.rfs
```

Scan using a server by address:

```
rtlsdr_scan.py -s 88 -e 108 -r 192.168.0.22:1234 scan.rfs
```

## Configuration File

---

When using the command line a configuration file can be loaded which specifies extra parameters.

An example 'gps.conf' is included with the source.

### Format

The file consists of sections and options for that section.

Sections are enclosed in square brackets:

[section]

Options take the form:

option = value

### Sections

#### GPS

##### *Port*

The serial port to use (required).

##### *Baud*

The baud rate, defaults to 115200 (optional).

##### *Bits*

The number of data bits, defaults to 8 (optional).

##### *Parity*

The parity. N, E, O, M and S correspond to None, Even, Odd, Mark, Space respectively.

Defaults to N (optional).

##### *Stops*

The number of stop bits, defaults to 1 (optional).

##### *Soft*

Enable software flow control, defaults to false (optional)

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