It Ain't Tasseography

10 Key Performance Indicators for MongoDB



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Questions about speed

MongoDB is a high-performance database, but how do I know that I'm getting the best performance?

We'll cover:

Tools

Performance Indicators

Remedies

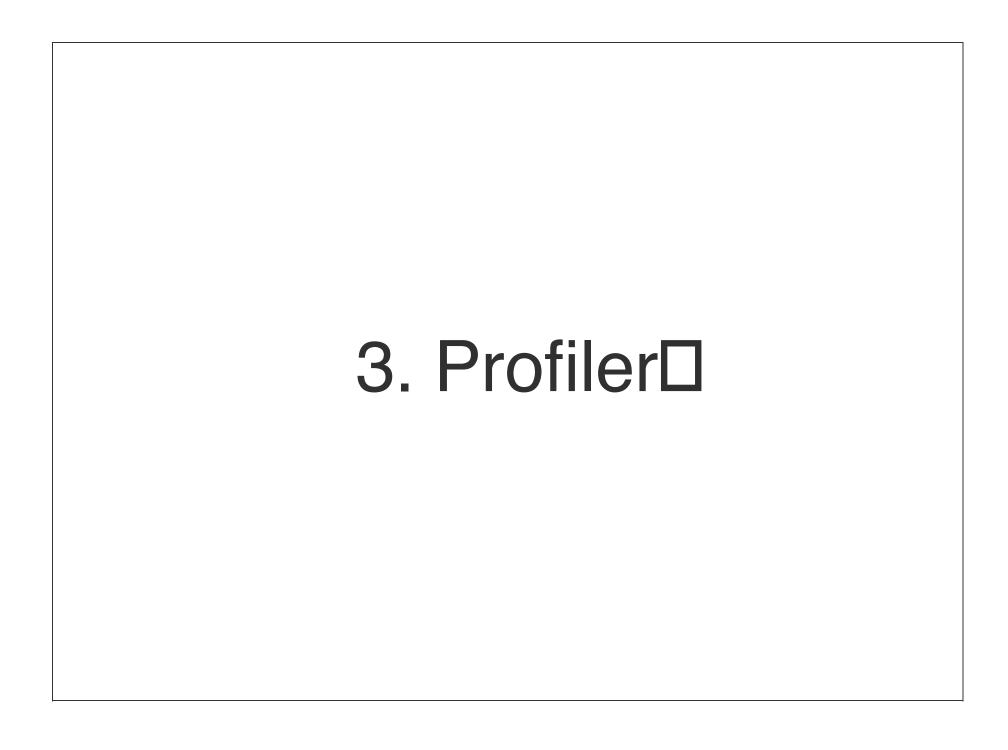
Prelude: Tools

1. mongostat

kyle@ubuntu:~\$ mongostat													
connected to: 127.0.0.1													
ins	ert	qu	ery up	date	delete	getmore	command	flushes	mapped	vsize	res	faults	locked %
0ut	CO	nn		time									
7	'344		0	0	0	0	1	Ø	12.8g	26g	9.78g	41	97.2
1k		2	10:1	6:18									
7	466		0	Ø	0	0	1	0	12 . 8g	26g	9.81g	21	94.9
1k		2	10:1	6:19									
7	'151		0	0	0	0	1	0	12.8g	26g	9.85g	34	94.9
1k		2	10:1	6:20									
7	277		0	0	0	0	1	0	12 . 8g	26g	9.88g	25	105
1k		2	10:16:21										
7	174		0	0	0	0	1	0	12 . 8g	26g	9.93g	34	81.4
1k		2	10:1	6:22									
5	758		0	0	0	0	1	0	12 . 8g	26g	9.95g	21	102
1k		2	10:16:23										
7	275		0	0	0	0	1	0	12 . 8g	26g	9.99g	34	95.1
1k		2	10:1	6:24									
7	636		0	0	0	0	1	0	12.8g	26g	10g	29	97.7
4.1	. 4	2	10.1	C - 3E									

2. serverStatus

```
db.serverStatus();
{
   "host" : "arete.local",
   "version" : "1.9.0-pre-",
   "process" : "mongod",
   "uptime" : 619052
}
// Lots more stats....
```



```
> db.setProfilingLevel(2)
{ "was" : 0, "slowms" : 100, "ok" : 1 }
```

```
> db.system.profile.find().sort({$natural: -1})
{ "ts" : ISODate("2011-05-24T14:20:09.711Z"),
  "info": "query docs.spreadsheets reslen:257
           nscanned:1805535
           query: { query: {}, $explain: true }
           nreturned:1 1407ms",
  "millis" : 1407 }
```

4. Monitoring service

Nagios

Munin

MMS

Indicators

1. Slow ops

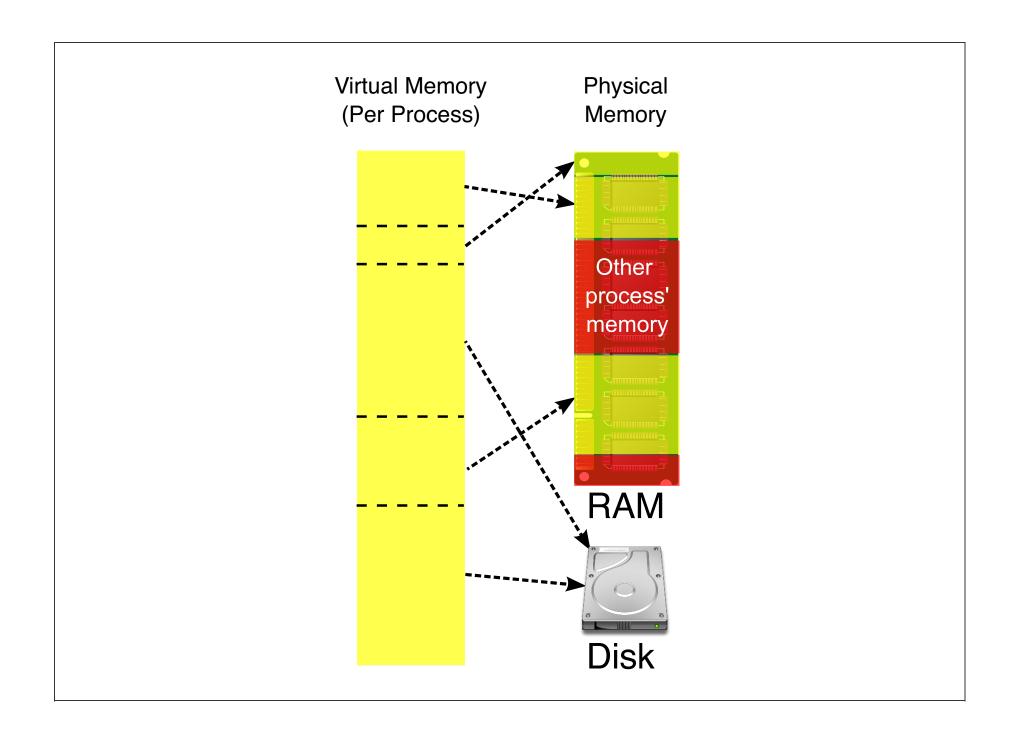
Here's how they appear in the log:

```
Sun May 22 19:01:47 [conn10]
  query docs.spreadsheets ntoreturn:100 reslen:510436
  nscanned:19976 { username: "Minner, Cori" }
  nreturned:100 147ms
```

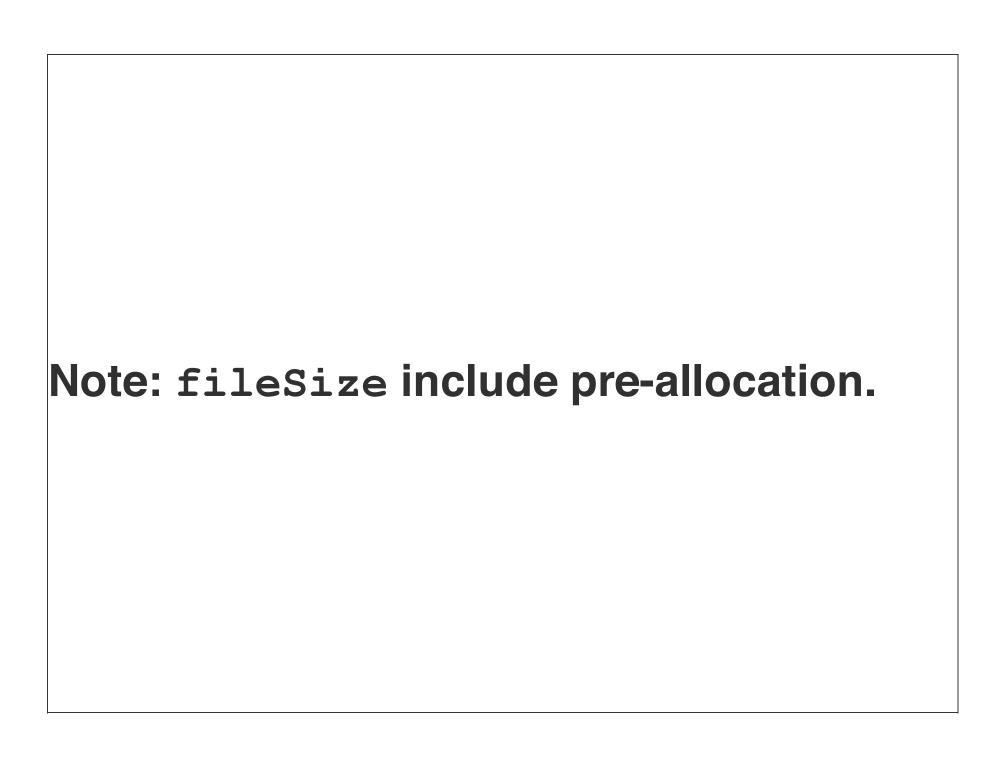
2. Replication lag

```
test-rs:PRIMARY> rs.status()
  "set": "test-rs",
  "date" : ISODate("2011-05-24T14:19:35Z"),
  "myState" : 1,
  "members" : [
      " id" : 0,
      "name": "localhost:30000",
      "stateStr" : "PRIMARY",
      "optimeDate": ISODate("2011-05-18T19:19:26Z"),
    } ,
     " id" : 1,
      "name": "localhost:30001",
      "stateStr" : "SECONDARY",
      "optimeDate" : ISODate("2011-05-22T14:14:29Z"),
```

3. Resident memory



```
use docs
> db.stats()
 "db" : "docs",
 "collections": 3,
  "objects": 805543,
  "avgObjSize": 5107.312096312674,
  "dataSize" : 4114159508, // \sim 4GB
  "storageSize" : 4282908160, // \sim 4GB
  "numExtents" : 33,
  "indexes" : 3,
                          // ~126MB
  "indexSize": 126984192,
  "fileSize": 8519680000, // ~8.5GB
  "ok" : 1
```



storageSize + indexSize = ~5GB

4. Page faults

```
> db.serverStatus().extra info
 "note": "fields vary by platform",
 "heap usage bytes" : 210656,
 "page faults" : 2381
```

5. Write-lock percentage

```
> db.serverStatus().globalLock
 "totalTime" : 194616196335,
  "lockTime" : 53865711,
 "ratio": 0.000276779178785711,
```

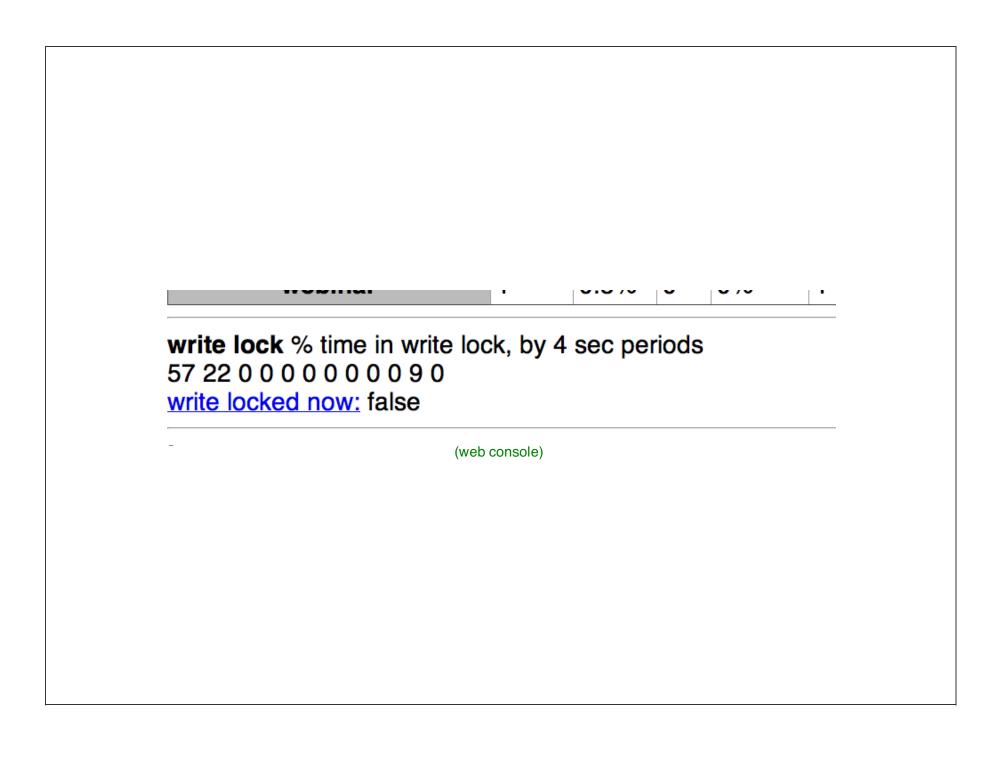
Concurrency

One writer OR many readers.

Global.

Yields on long-running ops.

ΔlockTime / ΔtotalTime



High lock percentage?

You're probably paging.

6. Reader- and writer-queues

```
> db.serverStatus().globalLock
"globalLock" : {
    "totalTime": 430154769,
    "lockTime" : 17547681,
    "ratio": 0.0407938776101306,
    "currentQueue" : {
      "total" : 1,
      "readers" : 1,
      "writers" : 0
    "activeClients" : {
      "total" : 2,
      "readers" : 1,
      "writers": 1
```

```
> db.currentOp()
  "inprog" : [
     "opid" : 194285,
      "active" : true,
      "lockType" : "read",
      "waitingForLock" : true,
      "secs running" : 0,
      "op" : "query",
      "ns": "docs.spreadsheets",
      "query" : {
       "username" : "Auxier, Han"
      },
      "client": "127.0.0.1:64918",
      "desc" : "conn"
```

If you have dozens of ops waiting for locks, you've got a problem.

7. Background flushing

```
> db.serverStatus().backgroundFlushing
 "flushes" : 5634,
  "total ms" : 83556,
  "average ms": 14.830670926517572,
  "last ms" : 4,
  "last finished" : ISODate("2011-05-24T14:30:00.863Z")
```







Disk considerations

RAID

SSD

SAN?

8. Connections

```
> db.serverStatus().connections
{ "current" : 2, "available" : 202 }
```

9. Network bytes in and out

```
> db.serverStatus().network
{ "bytesIn" : 1132782538, "bytesOut" : 518175
```

10. Fragmentation

```
> db.spreadsheets.stats()
 "ns": "docs.spreadsheets",
  "size": 8200046932, // 8GB
  "storageSize" : 11807223808, // 11GB
 // Extra space for new documents.
  "paddingFactor" : 1.4302,
  // Does index size seem reasonable?
  "totalIndexSize": 345964544,
  "indexSizes" : {
    " id ": 66772992,
    "username 1 filename 1" : 146079744,
    "username 1 updated at 1": 133111808
  },
  "ok" : 1
```

The magic number is: 2

storageSize / size < 2

Is it greater than 2?

Might not be reclaiming free space as quickly as needed.

Padding might not be correctly calibrated.

```
db.runCommand({compact: 1})
```

paddingFactor < 2

Is it greater than 2?

You might have the wrong data model.

Too many growing embedded documents?

See MongoDB Schema Design.

Compact command

```
// In MongoDB 1.9+
db.runCommand({ compact : 'spreadsheets' });
```

Summary