

Drupal Security Checklist

- 1. Integrate your security team early on in the development process to assure that your needs can be met in an acceptable timeframe.
 - Applications should periodically be reviewed by a third-party, to assure security.
 - Develop an ongoing security testing plan
 - Re-review the application whenever major changes have been made.
- 2. Harden the application and server architecture.
 - Protect risky Drupal files from the internet: install.php, cron.php, xmlrpc.php.
 - Harden PHP: https://www.owasp.org/index.php/PHP_Security_Cheat_Sheet
 - Harden the server: http://www.sans.org/score/checklists/linuxchecklist.pdf
- 3. Disallow weak passwords for privileged users and enforce a strong password policy.
 - Utilize the Password Policy Drupal module (https://drupal.org/project/password_policy) to enforce a password policy that meets your company security guidelines.
- 4. Implement Server, Application, and Drupal logging. Assure that logs are being stored on a separate and trusted server and actively review/parse these logs for security events.
- 5. Make sure that Development modules are not installed on production applications. Examples:
 - Devel module (https://drupal.org/project/devel)
 - Masquerade module (https://drupal.org/project/masquerade)
- 6. Review and apply all available Drupal security updates.
- 7. Disallow untrusted user roles from creating content using HTML (filtered / unfiltered) to avoid JavaScript inclusion. Also explicitly disallow PHP code execution.
 - While limited HTML is recommended by the Drupal community, a skilled attacker may still bypass these restrictions and attack a site or its users via user-generated content.
- 8. Check file permissions; verify there are no unintentional world-writeable files.
- 9. Implement CAPTCHA, Multifactor Authentication, or a similar mechanism in front of userregistration and login forms.
 - Assure that CAPTCHA challenges are forced on every form completion.
 - TFA https://www.drupal.org/project/tfa
 - CAPTCHA https://www.drupal.org/project/captcha
- 10. Install and run the Security Review module (https://drupal.org/project/security_review).
 - Verify and resolve any uncovered issues.
- 11. Regularly check the site-status report page and resolve any open issues.
- 12. Assure that the HTTPOnly flag is set to protect user sessions from attacks such as XSS.
 - Whenever possible, implement the Secure Flag as well, so sessions are not inadvertently passed in plain text over HTTP.
- 13. Protect the application with network and application layer firewalls and/or IDS/IPS.
- 14. Assure there are no resident phpinfo files / phpmyadmin installations / etc. accessible to users.