

# Next Generation Process Emulation with Binee

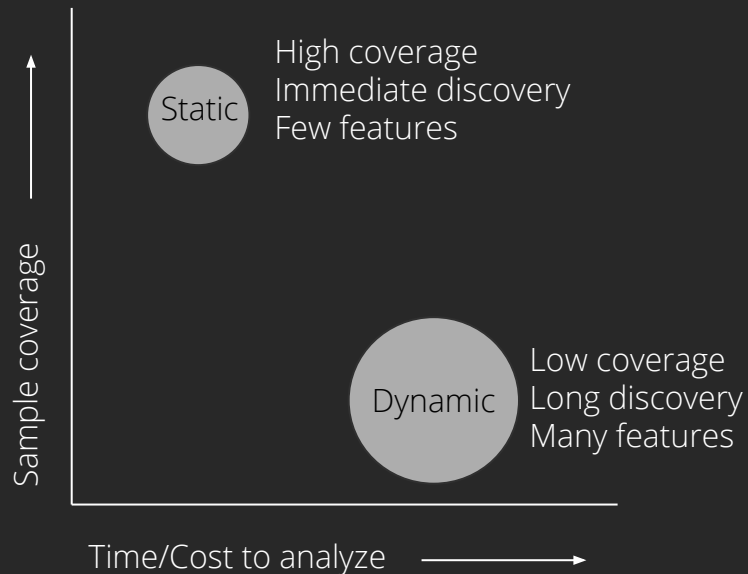
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# The Problem: getting information from binaries

Each sample contains some total set of information. Our goal is to extract as much of it as possible

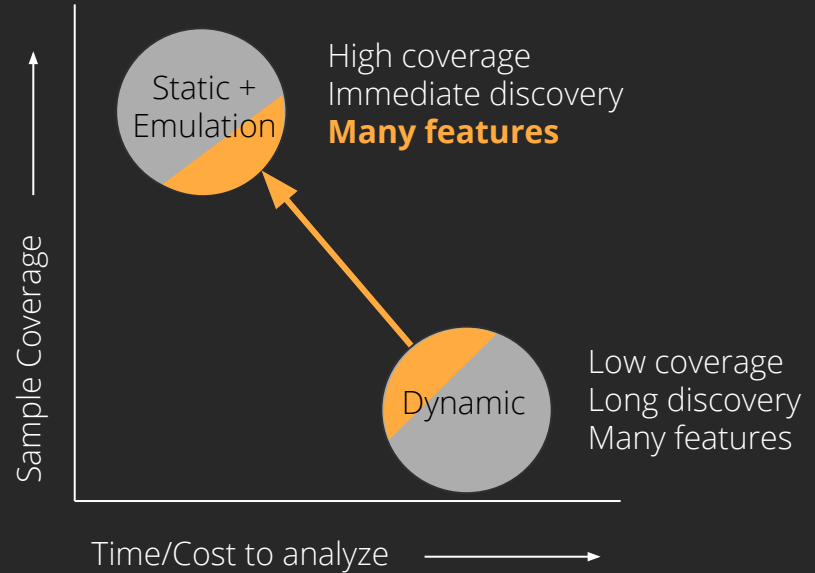
## Core Problems

1. Obfuscation hides much of the info
2. Anti-analysis is difficult to keep up with
3. Not all Malware is equal opportunity



# Our Goal: Reduce cost of information extraction

1. Reduce the cost of features extracted via dynamic analysis
2. Increase total number of features extracted via static analysis
3. Ideally, do both of these at scale



# The How: Emulation



Extend current emulators by mocking functions, system calls and OS subsystems

# Existing PE Emulators

- PyAna <https://github.com/PyAna/PyAna>
- Dutas <https://github.com/dungtv543/Dutas>
- Unicorn\_pe [https://github.com/hzqst/unicorn\\_pe](https://github.com/hzqst/unicorn_pe)
- Long list of other types of emulators  
<https://www.unicorn-engine.org/showcase/>

# Requirements: What are we adding/extending from current work?

1. Mechanism for loading up a PE file with its dependencies
2. Framework for defining function and API hooks
3. Mock OS subsystems such as
  - a. Memory management
  - b. Registry
  - c. File system
  - d. Userland process structures
4. Mock OS environment configuration file
  - a. Config file specifies language, keyboard, registry keys, etc...
  - b. Rapid transition from one Mock OS configuration to another

```
0x00401166: push eax
[1] 0x00401167: lea eax, [esp + 0x24]
[1] 0x0040116b: push eax
[1] 0x0040116c: push dword ptr [esp + 0x20]
[1] 0x00401170: call dword ptr [0x402008]
[1] 0x213fe000: F WriteFile(hFile = 0xa000055a, lpBuffer = 0xb7feff10, nNumberOfBytesToWrite = 0xb, lpNumberOfBytesWritten = 0xb7feff0c, lpOverlapped = 0x0) = 0xb
[1] 0x00401176: test eax, eax
[1] 0x00401178: jne 0xf
[1] 0x00401187: mov ecx, dword ptr [esp + 0x84]
[1] 0x0040118e: xor eax, eax
[1] 0x00401190: pop edi
[1] 0x00401191: pop esi
[1] 0x00401192: pop ebx
[1] 0x00401193: xor ecx, esp
[1] 0x00401195: call 0x51
[1] 0x004011e6: cmp ecx, dword ptr [0x403000]
[1] 0x004011ec: bnd jne 5
[1] 0x004011f1: bnd jmp 0x26e
[1] 0x0040145f: push ebp
[1] 0x00401460: mov ebp, esp
[1] 0x00401462: sub esp, 0x324
[1] 0x00401468: push 0x17
[1] 0x0040146a: call 0x955
[1] 0x00401dbf: jmp dword ptr [0x402024]
[1] 0x213f6500: F IsProcessorFeaturePresent(ProcessorFeature = 0x17) = 0x1
[1] 0x0040146f: test eax, eax
[1] 0x00401471: je 7
[1] 0x00401473: push 2
[1] 0x00401475: pop ecx
[1] 0x00401476: int 0x29
[1] 0x00401478: mov dword ptr [0x403118], eax
[1] 0x0040147d: mov dword ptr [0x403114], ecx
[1] 0x00401483: mov dword ptr [0x403110], edx
[1] 0x00401489: mov dword ptr [0x40310c], ebx
[1] 0x0040148f: mov dword ptr [0x403108], esi
[1] 0x00401495: mov dword ptr [0x403104], edi
[1] 0x0040149b: mov word ptr [0x403130], ss
[1] 0x004014a2: mov word ptr [0x403124], cs
[1] 0x004014a9: mov word ptr [0x403100], ds
[1] 0x004014b0: mov word ptr [0x4030fc], es
[1] 0x004014b7: mov word ptr [0x4030f8], fs
[1] 0x004014be: mov word ptr [0x4030f4], gs
[1] 0x004014c5: pushfd
[1] 0x004014c6: pop dword ptr [0x403128]
```

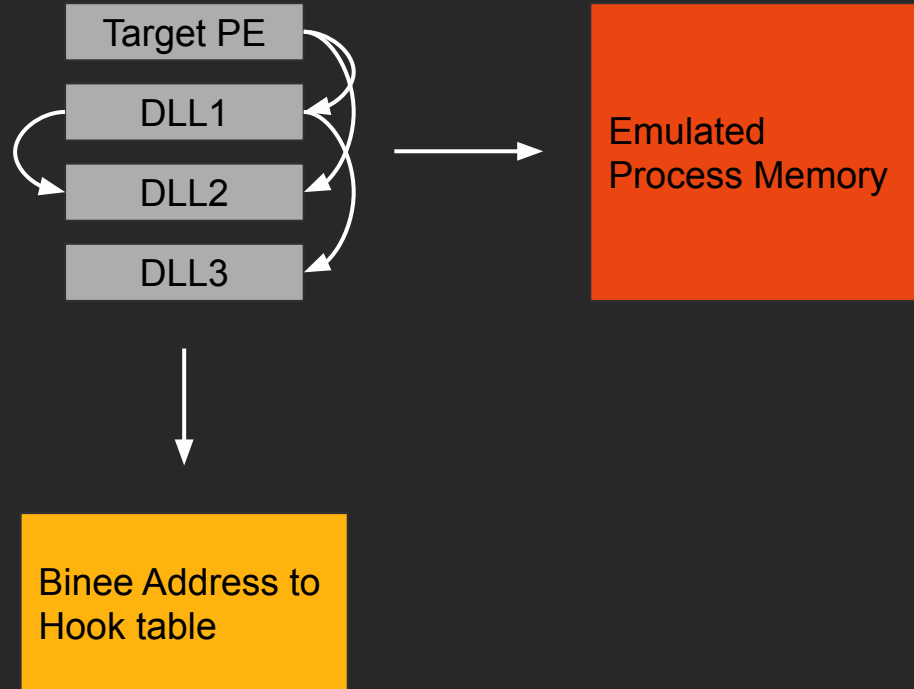
# Binee

Where to start? Parse the **PE** and **DLLs**, then map them into emulation memory...



# Build hook table by linking DLLs outside emulator

1. Open PE and all dependencies
2. Update DLL base addresses
3. Update relocations
4. Build Binee exports lookup table
5. Resolve Import Address Tables for each
6. Map PE and DLLs into memory



# Overcoming Microsoft's ApiSet abstraction layer

Parse ApiSetSchema.dll (multiple versions) and load proper real dll.

```
0x6891e546  8d8dfbfdffff  lea ecx, [local_205h]
0x6891e54c  c785f4fdffff. mov dword [local_20ch], 0
0x6891e556  e8e0010000    call sub.api_ms_win_core_libraryloader_l1_2_0.dll_LoadLibraryExW_73b ;[4]
0x6891e55b  84c0          test al, al
0x6891e55d  0f85179c0100 jne 0x6893817a ;[5]
```



What is the **minimum** that the **malware** **needs** in order to continue proper execution?

```
0x00401098  6a00          push 0
0x0040109a  6880000000    push 0x80          ; 128
0x0040109f  6a02          push 2             ; 2
0x004010a1  6a00          push 0
0x004010a3  6a00          push 0
0x004010a5  68000000c0    push 0xc0000000
0x004010aa  68c4214000    push str.malfile.exe ; 0x4021c4 ; "malf
0x004010af  ff1500204000  call dword [sym.imp.KERNEL32.dll_CreateFileA]
0x004010b5  89442410      mov dword [local_10h], eax
0x004010b9  85c0          test eax, eax
0x004010bb  7515          jne 0x4010d2        ;[4]
0x004010bd  68d0214000    push str.error_opening_file_for_writing ; 0
0x004010c2  e8e9000000    call sub.api_ms_win_crt_stdio_l1_1_0.dll___acr
```

kernel32:CreateFileA

# Requirements for hooking

1. A mapping of real address to Binee's Hook for that specific function?
2. The calling convention used?
3. How many parameters are passed to the function?
4. Need to determine the return value if any?

```
type Hook struct {  
    Name          string  
    Parameters    []string  
    Fn            func(*WinEmulator, *Instruction) bool  
    Return        uint64  
    ...  
}
```

# Two types of hooks in Binee

**Full Hook**, where we define the implementation

```
emu.AddHook("", "Sleep", &Hook{
    Parameters: []string{"dwMilliseconds"},
    Fn: func(emu *WinEmulator, in *Instruction) bool {
        emu.Ticks += in.Args[0]
        return SkipFunctionStdCall(false, 0x0)(emu, in)
    },
})
```

**Partial Hook**, where the function itself is emulated within the DLL

```
emu.AddHook("", "GetCurrentThreadId", &Hook{Parameters: []string{}})
emu.AddHook("", "GetCurrentProcess", &Hook{Parameters: []string{}})
emu.AddHook("", "GetCurrentProcessId", &Hook{Parameters: []string{}})
```

Hook **Parameters** field defines how many parameters will be retrieved from emulator and The name/value pair in output

```
emu.AddHook("", "memset", &Hook{Parameters: []string{"dest", "char", "count"}})
```

**Output** is the following

```
[1] 0x21bc0780: P memset(dest = 0xb7feff1c, char = 0x0, count = 0x58)
```

# Example: Entry point execution

```
./binee -v tests/ConsoleApplication1_x86.exe
```

```
[1] 0x0040142d: call 0x3f4
```

```
[1] 0x00401821: mov ecx, dword ptr [0x403000]
```

```
[1] 0x0040183b: call 0xffffffff97
```

```
[1] 0x004017d2: push ebp
```

```
[1] 0x004017d3: mov ebp, esp
```

```
[1] 0x004017d5: sub esp, 0x14
```

```
[1] 0x004017d8: and dword ptr [ebp - 0xc], 0
```

```
[1] 0x004017dc: lea eax, [ebp - 0xc]
```

```
[1] 0x004017df: and dword ptr [ebp - 8], 0
```

```
[1] 0x004017e3: push eax
```

```
[1] 0x004017e4: call dword ptr [0x402014]
```

```
[1] 0x219690b0: F GetSystemTimeAsFileTime(lpSystemTimeAsFileTime = 0xb7feffe0) = 0xb7feffe0
```

```
[1] 0x004017ea: mov eax, dword ptr [ebp - 8]
```

```
[1] 0x004017ed: xor eax, dword ptr [ebp - 0xc]
```

```
[1] 0x004017f0: mov dword ptr [ebp - 4], eax
```

```
[1] 0x004017f3: call dword ptr [0x402018]
```

At this point, we have a **simple loader** that will handle all mappings of imports to their proper DLL.

We're basically done, right?



# Not inside of main yet...

Still have some functions that require user land memory objects that do not transition to kernel via system calls

We need **segment registers** to point to the correct memory locations (thanks @ceagle)

```
;-- KERNELBASE.dll_GetCurrentProcessId:
0x1011ef30    * 64a118000000    mov eax, dword fs:[0x18]    ; [0x18:4]=-1 ; 24
0x1011ef36    8b4020    mov eax, dword [eax + 0x20]    ; [0x20:4]=-1 ; 32
0x1011ef39    c3    ret
```

# Userland structures, TIB/PEB/kshareduser

We need a TIB and PEB with some reasonable values

Generally, these are configurable.

Many just need some NOP like value, e.g. NOP function pointer for approximate malware emulation.

# All address resolution and mappings are built outside of the emulator

```
type ThreadInformationBlock32 struct {  
    CurentSEH          uint32    //0x00  
    StackBaseHigh      uint32    //0x04  
    StackLimit         uint32    //0x08  
    SubSystemTib       uint32    //0x0c  
    FiberData          uint32    //0x10  
    ArbitraryDataSlock uint32    //0x14  
    LinearAddressOfTEB uint32    //0x18  
    EnvPtr             uint32    //0x1c  
    ProcessId          uint32    //0x20  
    CurrentThreadId     uint32    //0x24  
    ...  
}
```

PEs are parsed and loaded. Basic structures like the segment registers and TIB/PEB are mapped with minimum functionality.

We're defining the **entire environment** outside of the emulator...

# Almost Everything in Windows needs HANDLES

What is the minimum we need for a HANDLE in Binee?

1. An abstraction over subsystem data types
2. Helper methods for reading/writing/etc... to and from subsystems.

```
type Handle struct {  
    Path    string  
    Access  int32  
    File    *os.File  
    Info    os.FileInfo  
    RegKey  *RegKey  
    Thread  *Thread  
}
```

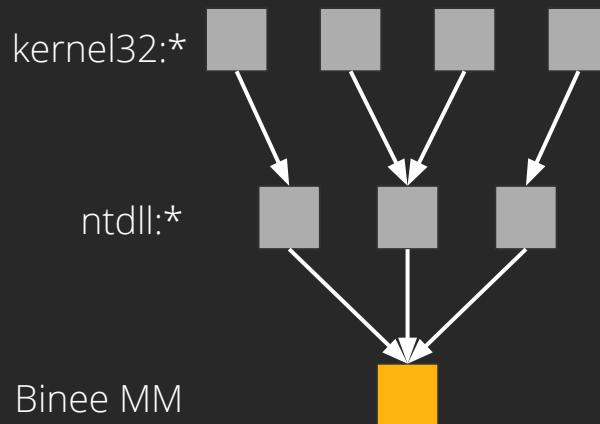
```
type WinEmulator struct {  
    ...  
    Handles      map[uint64]*Handle  
    ...  
}
```

# HANDLES get allocated directly from the Heap

The Heap plays a central role in Binee

The Heap is what enables and ultimately distributes HANDLES for all other emulation layers, including file IO and the registry.

Basically, anything not in the stack after execution has started goes into Binee's Heap Manager.



Now we have a decent core, at least with respect to the user land process. Now it is time to build out the **Mock OS subsystems**

# Starting with the Mock File System

What are the requirements for  
CreateFileA?

Returns a valid HANDLE into EAX  
register

```
6a00      push 0
6880000000 push 0x80 ; 128
6a02      push 2 ; 2
6a00      push 0
6a00      push 0
68000000c0 push 0xc0000000
68c4214000 push str.malfile.exe ; 0x4021c4 ; "malf
ff1500204000 call dword [sym.imp.KERNEL32.dll_CreateFileA]
89442410   mov dword [local_10h], eax
85c0      test eax, eax
7515      jne 0x4010d2 ;[4]
68d0214000 push str.error_opening_file_for_writing ; 0
e8e9000000 call sub.api_ms_win_crt_stdio_l1_1_0.dll___acr
```

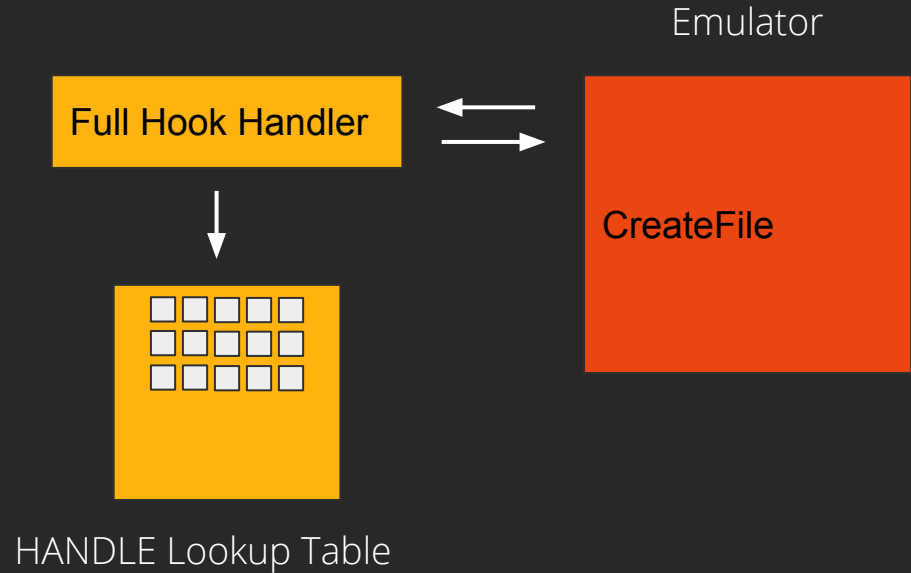


# Creating Files in the Mock File Subsystem

Full hook captures HANDLE from parameters to CreateFile

If file exists in Mock File System or permissions are for "write". Create a new Handle object and get unique ID from Heap Manager

Write HANDLE back to EAX



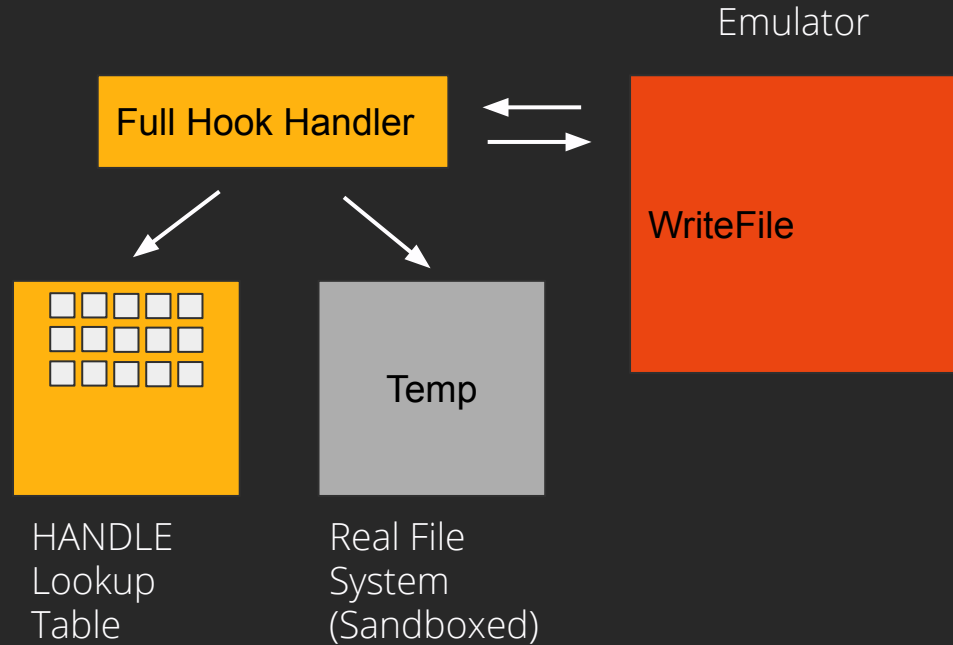
# Writing Files in the Mock File Subsystem

Full hook captures HANDLE from parameters to WriteFile

HANDLE is used as key to lookup actual Handle object outside of emulator

All writes are written to sandboxed file system for later analysis.

Malware thinks file was written to proper location and continues as if everything is successful



```
[1] 0x20b05710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'ERROR_SUCCESS = 0x%x\n', p0 = 0x0) =
0x403380
[1] 0x21970b80: F CreateFileA(lpFileName = 'malfile.exe', dwDesiredAccess = 0xc0000000, dwShareMode = 0x0,
lpSecurityAttributes = 0x0, dwCreationDisposition = 0x2, dwFlagsAndAttributes = 0x80, hTemplateFile = 0x0)
= 0xa00007b6
[1] 0x219c8fbe: F VerSetConditionMask() = 0xa00007b6
[1] 0x20af60a0: P __acrt_iob_func() = 0xa00007b6
[1] 0x20b05710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'out = 0x%x\n', p0 = 0xa00007b6) =
0x403380
[1] 0x219c8fbe: F VerSetConditionMask() = 0x403380
[1] 0x20af60a0: P __acrt_iob_func() = 0x403380
[1] 0x20b05710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'out = 0x%x\n', p0 = 0x403380) = 0x403380
[1] 0x219c8fbe: F VerSetConditionMask() = 0x403380
[1] 0x20af60a0: P __acrt_iob_func() = 0x403380
[1] 0x20b05710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'out = 0x%x\n', p0 = 0x403380) = 0x403380
[1] 0x218f5780: P memset(dest = 0xb7feff1c, char = 0x0, count = 0x58) = 0xb7feff1c
[1] 0x21971000: F WriteFile(hFile = 0xa00007b6, lpBuffer = 0xb7feff10, nNumberOfBytesToWrite = 0xb,
lpNumberOfBytesWritten = 0xb7feff0c, lpOverlapped = 0x0) = 0xb
[1] 0x21969500: F IsProcessorFeaturePresent(ProcessorFeature = 0x17) = 0x1
[1] 0x2196cef0: F SetUnhandledExceptionFilter(lpTopLevelExceptionFilter = 0x0) = 0x4
```

And in the console

```
> ls temp  
malfile.exe  
> cat temp/malfile.exe  
hello world
```

Now you can **see the file contents**. Obviously  
trivial... more to come....

At this point, the **user space is largely mocked**.  
We also have the ability to hook functions, dump parameters and modify the call execution.  
Additionally, we have some mock HANDLES.

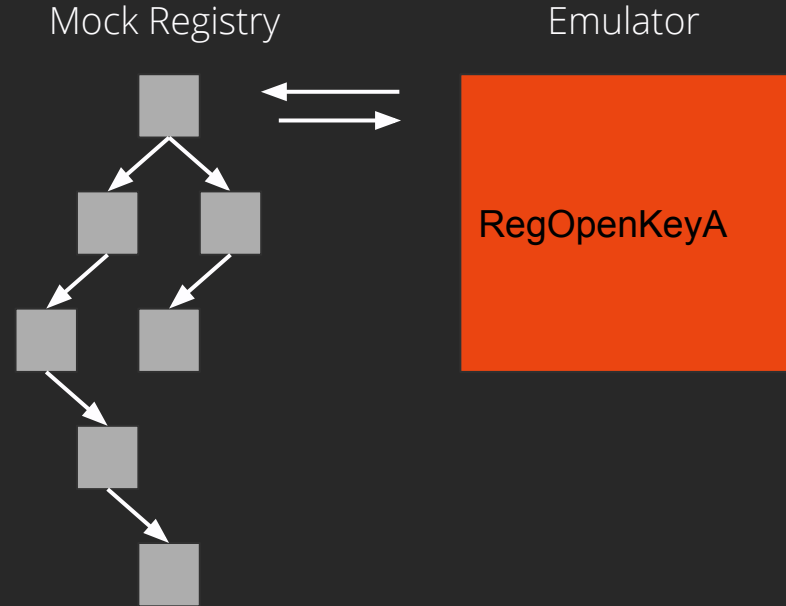
Can we **emulate more**?!

# Mock Registry Subsystem

Full Hook on Registry functions

Our hook interacts with the Mock Registry subsystem that lives outside of the emulation

Mock Registry has helper functions to automatically convert data to proper types and copy raw bytes back into emulation memory



# Configuration files defines OS environment quickly

- Yaml definitions to describe as much of the OS context as possible
  - Usernames, machine name, time, CodePage, OS version, etc...
- All data gets loaded into the emulated userland memory

```
root: "os/win10_32/"
```

```
code_page_identifier: 0x4e4
```

```
registry:
```

```
HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\AutoIt v3\AutoIt\Include: "yep"
```

[illegible]

```
[1] 0x2230c420: F RegOpenKeyExA(hKey = 'HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE', lpSubKey =  
'SYSTEM\ControlSet001\Control\Windows', ulOptions = 0x0, samDesired = 0x20019, phkResult = 0xb7feff40) =  
0x0  
[1] 0x20b05710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'successfully opened key %s\n', p0 =  
'SYSTEM\ControlSet001\Control\Windows') = 0x403378  
[1] 0x2230c3e0: F RegQueryValueExA(key = 0xa000099c, lpValueName = 'ComponentizedBuild', lpReserved = 0x0,  
lpType = 0xb7feff44, lpData = 0xb7feff4c, lpcbData = 0xb7feff48) = 0x0  
[1] 0x20b05710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'status code = 0x%x\n', p0 = 0x0) =  
0x403378  
[1] 0x20b05710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'ComponentizedBuild = %d\n', p0 = 0x1) =  
0x403378  
[1] 0x2230c3e0: F RegQueryValueExA(key = 0xa000099c, lpValueName = 'CSDBuildNumber', lpReserved = 0x0,  
lpType = 0xb7feff44, lpData = 0xb7feff4c, lpcbData = 0xb7feff48) = 0x0  
[1] 0x20af60a0: P __acrt_iob_func() = 0x0  
[1] 0x20b05710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'CSDBuildNumber = %d\n', p0 = 0x194) =  
0x403378  
[1] 0x2230c1d0: F RegCloseKey(key = 0xa000099c) = 0x0  
[1] 0x22336bd0: F RegCreateKeyA(hKey = 'HKEY_CURRENT_USER', lpSubKey = 'Software\Binee', phkResult =  
0xb7feff40) = 0x0  
[1] 0x20b05710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'successfully opened key %s\n', p0 =  
'Software\Binee') = 0x403378  
[1] 0x22337640: F RegSetValueA(hKey = '', lpSubKey = 'Testing', dwType = 0x1, lpData = 0xb7feff80, cbData =  
0x0) = 0x57
```



Configuration files can be used to make subtle modifications to the **mock environment** which allows you to rapidly test malware in diverse environments

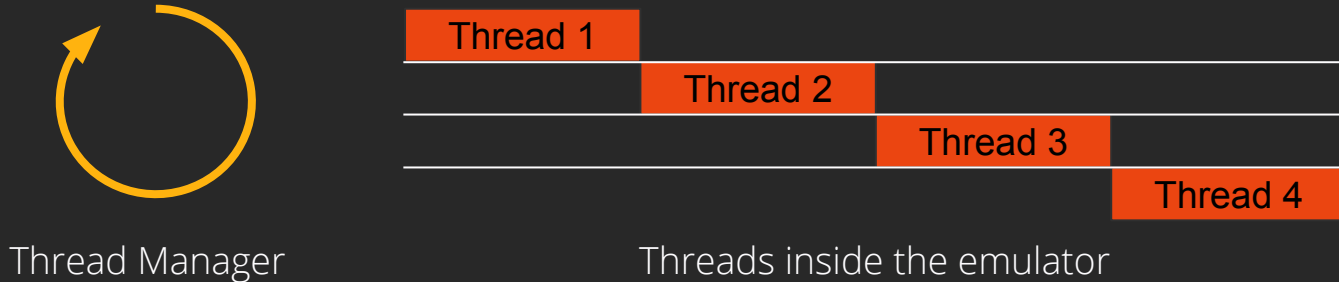
Let's do more...

# Mocked Threading

Round robin scheduler approximately simulates a multi-thread environment.

Time slices are configurable but equal for each “thread” of execution. Thread manager handles all the context switching and saving of registers.

Allows us to hand wave (punt for later) most multithreading issues.



```
[1] 0x20ae3f80: F CreateThread(lpThreadAttributes = 0x0, dwStackSize = 0x0, lpStartAddress = 0x401040,
lpParameter = 0xa01007ee, dwCreationFlags = 0x0, lpThreadId = 0x0) = 0x3
[1] 0x20ae06d0: F GetProcessHeap() = 0x123456
[2] 0x20dd0710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'tid %d, count %d\n', p0 = 0x0, p1 = 0x0)
= 0x403378
[3] 0x20dc10a0: P __acrt_iob_func() = 0xa01007ee
[1] 0x20b3f05a: F HeapAlloc(hHeap = 0x123456, dwFlags = 0x8, dwBytes = 0x4) = 0xa0200826
[1] 0x20ae3f80: F CreateThread(lpThreadAttributes = 0x0, dwStackSize = 0x0, lpStartAddress = 0x401040,
lpParameter = 0xa0200826, dwCreationFlags = 0x0, lpThreadId = 0x0) = 0x4
[2] 0x20dc10a0: P __acrt_iob_func() = 0x403378
[3] 0x20dd0710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'tid %d, count %d\n', p0 = 0x1, p1 = 0x0)
= 0x403378
[1] 0x20aeaaaf0: **WaitForMultipleObjects**() = 0xb7feffa4
[1] 0x2011e5a0: **WaitForMultipleObjects**() = 0xb7feffa4
[2] 0x20dc10a0: P __acrt_iob_func() = 0x403378
[4] 0x20dc10a0: P __acrt_iob_func() = 0xa0200826
[1] 0x2011e5d0: **WaitForMultipleObjectsEx**() = 0xb7feffa4
[3] 0x20dc10a0: P __acrt_iob_func() = 0x403378
[2] 0x20dd0710: F __stdio_common_vfprintf(stream = 0x0, format = 'tid %d, count %d\n', p0 = 0x0, p1 = 0x1)
= 0x403378
```

# Increasing fidelity with proper DllMain execution

Need to setup stack for DllMain call, set up proper values for DLLs loaded by the PE.

Call this for every DLL loaded by the PE.

But how to do this in the emulator?

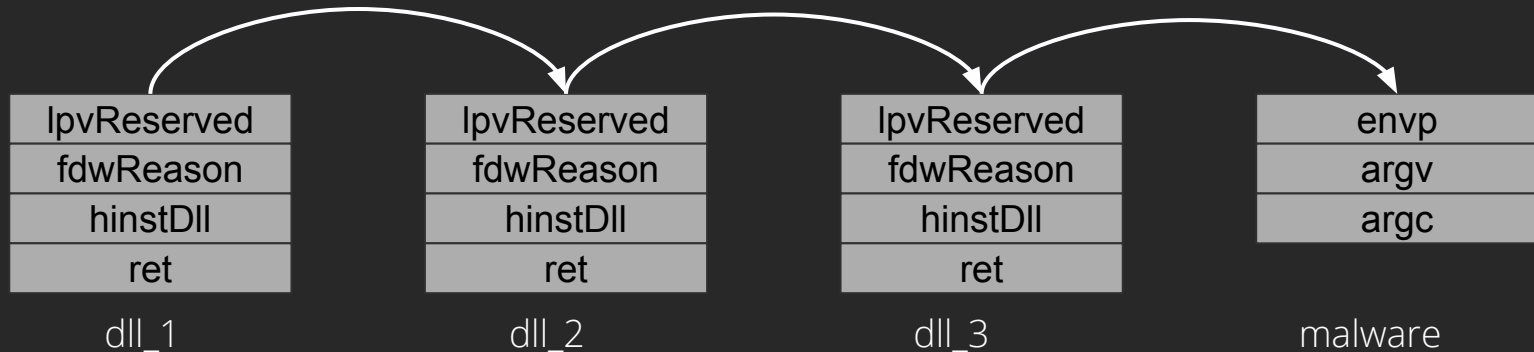
Start emulation at each DllMain and stop at ???

```
BOOL WINAPI DllMain(  
    _In_ HINSTANCE hinstDLL,  
    _In_ DWORD      fdwReason,  
    _In_ LPVOID      lpvReserved  
);
```

# ROP Gadgets — an easy shortcut to loading DLLs

A simpler approach is to only start the emulator once when the entire process space is layed out. However, the start point is no longer the PE entry point.

Instead, entry point is now the start of our ROP chain that calls each loaded DllMain in order and ending with the PE's entry point address



# Demos

- ea6<sha256> shows unpacking and service starting
- ecc<sha256> shows unpacking and wrote malicious dll to disk, loaded dll and executed it

# We've open-sourced this — What's next

- Increase fidelity with high quality hooks
- Single step mode, debugger style
- Networking stack and implementation, including hooks
- Add ELF (\*nix) and Mach-O (macOS) support
- Anti-Emulation

Thank you and come hack with us

<https://github.com/carbonblack/binee>