# **Getting Started with OpenEnclave**

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#### 1. Introduction

This document provides a step-by-step tutorial to begin using the OpenEnclave SDK. It explains how to obtain, build, and install the SDK. It also describes how to build a few simple enclave applications.

#### 2. Licenses

Microsoft plans to release the OpenEnclave SDK under the MIT license, included here in the source distribution.

https://github.com/Microsoft/openenclave/blob/master/LICENSE

OpenEnclave builds on various third-party packages. It modifies and redistributes **libunwind** and in addition downloads other third-party packages on-the-fly during the build process. Licensing details for all third-party packages shown in the table below.

Package	License
dlmalloc	https://github.com/Microsoft/openenclave/blob/master/3rdparty/dlmalloc/LICENSE
musl libc	https://github.com/Microsoft/openenclave/blob/master/3rdparty/musl/COPYRIGHT
OpenSSL	https://github.com/Microsoft/openenclave/blob/master/3rdparty/openssl/LICENSE
libcxx	https://github.com/Microsoft/openenclave/blob/master/3rdparty/libcxx/LICENSE
libcxxrt	https://github.com/Microsoft/openenclave/blob/master/3rdparty/libcxxrt/LICENSE
libunwind	https://github.com/Microsoft/openenclave/blob/master/3rdparty/libunwind/LICENSE

# 3. Obtaining the source distribution

OpenEnclave is available from Github. Use the following command to download the source distribution.

# git clone https://github.com/Microsoft/openenclave

This creates a source tree under the directory called **openenclave**.

# 4. Quick Start

Chapters 5 through 7 discuss prerequisites, building, and installing in some detail. This chapter explains how to perform these steps quickly when one wishes to install OpenEnclave into the default location (/opt/openenclave). If this suffices, then perform the steps below, skip those chapters and proceed to chapter 8.

#### **Prerequisites**

Execute the following command from the root of the source tree to install the prerequisites (required packages, the SGX driver, and the SGX AESM service).

```
# make prereqs
```

#### Building

To configure for installation into the default location and to build, type the following command.

```
# ./configure
# make
```

#### Installing

The following command install OpenEnclave in the default location (/opt/openenclave).

```
# make install
```

### 5. Prerequisites

The following are prerequisites for building and running OpenEnclave.

- Intel® X86-64bit architecture with SGX1 or SGX2
- Ubuntu Desktop-16.04-LTS 64bits
- Various packages: build-essential, ocaml, automake, autoconf, libtool, wget, python, libssl-dev, libcurl4-openssl-dev, protobuf-compiler, libprotobuf-dev, build-essential, python, libssl-dev, libcurl4-openssl-dev, libprotobuf-dev, uuid-dev, libxml2-dev, cmake, pkg-config
- Intel® SGX Driver (/dev/isqx)
- Intel® SGX AESM Service (from the Intel® SGX SDK)

Once Linux and the various packages are installed, it is necessary to install the **SGX driver** and the **SGX AESM service**. These can be obtained from the following Github repositories.

https://github.com/01org/linux-sgx-driver

https://github.com/01org/linux-sgx

Both contain detailed instructions about building and installing these pieces. As a convenience, OpenEnclave provides a script for downloading, building and installing both the driver and the AESM service. From the root of the OpenEnclave source tree, type the following command:

```
# make prereqs
```

After this completes, verify that the AESM service is running as follows.

```
# service aesmd status
```

Look for the string "active (running)", usually highlighted in green.

### 6. Building

To build the OpenEnclave SDK, type the following command from the root of the source tree.

```
# ./configure
.
.
.
.
Configured for x86 64-ubuntu-linux-gnu
```

This configures for installation in the default location (**/opt/openenclave**). Configure provides options to install components in alternative locations. Use the --help option to display options for doing this. Once configured, just type make to build everything.

```
# make
```

This builds the entire OpenEnclave SDK, creating the following files.

Filename	Description
lib/host/liboehost.a	Library for building host applications
lib/enclave/liboeenclave.a	Core library for building enclave applications
lib/enclave/liboelibc.a	C runtime library for enclave
lib/enclave/liboelibcxx.a	C++ runtime library for enclave
bin/oesign	Utility for signing enclaves
bin/oegen	Utility for generating ECALL and OCALL stubs from IDL

Now that everything is built, try running the tests.

```
# make tests
```

# 7. Installing

To install the OpenEnclave SDK, type this command.

```
# make install
Created /opt/openenclave/lib/openenclave
Created /opt/openenclave/include/openenclave
Created /opt/openenclave/share/openenclave
Created /opt/openenclave/share/openenclave/enclave.mak
Source /opt/openenclave/share/openenclave/environment to initialize
the OpenEnclave environment
```

By default, all files are installed under **/opt/openenclave**. Source the given **environment** script to update the **PATH** and to define environment variables used by makefiles.

The following table shows where key components are installed.

Path	Description
/opt/openenclave/lib/openenclave/enclave	Enclave libraries
/opt/openenclave/lib/openenclave/host	Host libraries
/opt/openenclave/include/openenclave	Includes
/opt/openenclave/bin	Programs
/opt/openenclave/share/openenclave	Data files

### 8. Samples

Above the samples were installed here: **/opt/openenclave/share/openenclave/samples**. Copy these to another location. For example:

```
# cp -r /opt/openenclave/share/openenclave/samples /home/john/samples
```

Next source the environment script as follows:

```
# source /opt/openenclave/share/openenclave/environment
```

Finally, change to the new samples directory and build and run the samples.

```
# cd /home/john/samples
# make
# make run
.
```

If these samples run without an error, then OpenEnclave is installed and working correctly.

# 9. Uninstalling

To uninstall OpenEnclave, use the **oeuninstall** script (in the installed bin directory). For example, to run it from the default location do this.

```
# source /opt/openenclave/bin/oeuninstall
```

This script silently removes all installed components.

# 10. Developing a simple enclave (echo)

This chapter shows how to develop a simple enclave called **echo**. The next chapter explains how to use this enclave in a host application. This example is included in the installed samples directory (see **/opt/openenclave/share/openenclave/samples/hello**).

#### The ECALL

The **echo** enclave implements a single **ECALL** named **EnclaveEcho()**, which is called by the host (in the next chapter). This function has the following signature.

```
OE_ECALL void EnclaveEcho(void* args);
```

The **args** parameter can be whatever the host and the enclave agree on. In this case **args** is a pointer to a zero-terminated string. The **OE\_ECALL** macro exports the function and injects it into a special section (**.ecall**) in the ELF image. When the host loads the enclave, it builds a table of all **ECALLs** exported by the enclave.

#### The Echo enclave Listing

Here's the full listing for the echo enclave (enc.c):

```
#include <openenclave/enclave.h>

OE_ECALL void EnclaveEcho(void* args)
{
    OE_CallHost("HostEcho", args);
}
```

Notice **EnclaveEcho()** performs an **OCALL**, calling the host's **HostEcho()** function with the same arguments.

### Compiling enc.c

This sample includes a makefile for building this enclave, but to be more instructive, this chapter shows how to build components from scratch. First, we define the **INCLUDES** make variable as follows.

INCLUDES=-I/opt/openenclave/include/openenclave/enclave

This is the directory that contains the **<openenclave.h>** header, as well as C headers files.

Next, we define the **CFLAGS** make variable as follows.

```
CFLAGS=-02 -nostdinc -fPIC
```

Finally, we compile the source file.

```
gcc -c $(CFLAGS) $(INCLUDES) enc.c
```

This produces **enc.o**.

#### Linking the enclave

Next, we link the enclave to produce **echoenc.so**. First, we define the **LDFLAGS** make variable.

```
LDFLAGS=\
    -nostdlib \
    -nodefaultlibs \
    -nostartfiles \
    -Wl, --no-undefined \
    -Wl, -Bstatic \
    -Wl, -Bsymbolic \
    -Wl, -export-dynamic \
    -Wl, -pie \
    -Wl, -eOE Main
```

The -eOE\_Main option requires some explanation (see the Id man page about other options). This option specifies the name of the entry point for the enclave. The linker stores the virtual address of the OE\_Main() function in the ELF header (EIf64\_Ehdr.e\_entry) of the resulting binary. When the enclave is instantiated by the host, this entry point is copied to each TCS (Thread Control Structure) in the image. When the host invokes the SGX EENTER instruction on a TCS, the hardware fetches the entry point from the TCS and jumps to that address and the OE\_Main() function begins to execute.

Next, we define the LIBRARIES make variable.

```
LIBRARIES=-L/opt/openenclave/lib/openenclave/enclave -loeenclave
```

The **LIBRARIES** make variable specifies the enclave library, which contains the enclave intrinsics, including the **OE\_Main()** entry point. Note that this sample uses neither a C or C++ runtime library. Other samples will show how these are used.

Finally, we link the enclave.

```
gcc $(LDFLAGS) $(LIBRARIES) enc.o -o echoenc.so
```

### Signing the enclave

The final step in creating an enclave is to sign it with the **oesign** tool. This tool takes the following parameters.

```
# oesign
Usage: oesign ENCLAVE CONFFILE KEYFILE
```

The **CONFFILE** argument is the name of a configuration file that defines enclave settings, such as stack size, heap size, and the maximum number of threads (TCSs). Here is a sample:

```
# echo.conf
Debug=1
NumHeapPages=1024
NumStackPages=1024
NumTCS=16
```

The **KEYFILE** argument is a private RSA key used to sign the enclave.

A self-signed private key can be generated using OpenSSL as follows.

```
# openssl genrsa -out private.pem -3 3072
```

Then the public key can be generated from this key as follows.

```
# openssl rsa -in private.pem -pubout -out public.pem
```

Finally, we sign the enclave as follows.

```
# oesign echoenc.so echo.conf private.pem
Created echoenc.signed.so
```

# 11. Developing a simple host (echohost)

Next, we develop a host to run the **echoenc.signed.so** enclave that we developed in the previous chapter. The listing follows.

```
result = OE_CreateEnclave(argv[1], OE_FLAG_DEBUG, &enclave);
if (result != OE_OK)
{
    fprintf(stderr, "%s: OE_CreateEnclave(): %u\n", argv[0], result);
    return 1;
}

result = OE_CallEnclave(enclave, "EnclaveEcho", "Hello");
if (result != OE_OK)
{
    fprintf(stderr, "%s: OE_CallEnclave(): %u\n", argv[0], result);
    return 1;
}

OE_TerminateEnclave(enclave);
return 0;
}
```

This host performs the following tasks:

- Defines an OCALL: HostEcho()
- Instantiates an enclave: OE\_CreateEnclave()
- Calls into the enclave: **OE\_CallEnclave()**
- Terminates the enclave: **OE\_TerminateEnclave()**

After building the host application, we are ready to run the host.

```
# host/echohost ./enc/echoenc.signed.so
Hello
```