# **Mission Pack Scripting**

Written by Unix-Ninja

### An Overview

To make The Hacker's Sandbox (THS) more flexible, its engine has been designed to be extendable through Lua script. Using Lua, you can access and manipulate most features of the engine, crafting your own Mission Packs, and creating rich, interactive worlds for players to explore and learn with.

The basic component of any Mission Pack is the Virtual Machine (VM). These are the simulated Unix-like boxes players will interact with directly and attempt to hack. Every Mission Pack must have at least ONE VM in order for the engine to properly load it.

Once loaded, you can use various functions to manipulate the VM before creating another one.

The only limit to the number of VMs you can create is the amount of RAM the player's machine can support. Each VM takes a fairly small amount of space, so you can realistically have many many VMs before you come into a problem.

# An Example

To illustrate a working Mission Pack, we will build a short "hello, world" for our engine. Then, I will describe each part of the example below.

```
1 -- THS Hello World!
2 -- A demonstration
3 -- Written by Unix-Ninja
4 
5 newVM("localhost")
6 addUser("bob", "password")
7 addFile({ name = "/home/bob/hello", content = "Hello, Bob!\n" })
8 mail({ to = "bob", from = "an email", subject = "Your test message", body = "Can you see me?\n" })
```

The first 3 lines are Lua comments. Use these to create annotations or blocks of information that the THS engine will ignore.

Line 4 is blank, and will be ignored by the engine.

Line 5 creates a new VM with the name "localhost".

Line 6 creates a new user named "bob", and gives him the password "password". This password will automatically be registered in the global rainbow table. It then automatically creates a home directory called "/home/bob/".

Line 7 creates a file named "hello" in the directory /home/bob/. It then places the content into the file, which can later be viewed inside the engine with utilities like cat.

Line 8 will send a mail message to user "bob" on the currently active VM (in this case "localhost"). The message will contain a from, subject, and body message as specified on that line.

Of course, your Mission Pack can become far more complex than this. With a little bit of imagination, you can script custom utilities and sequences to re-create just about any scenario.

As an aid to those learning Mission Pack scripting, the default Mission Pack "Destiny" has been left uncompiled and will run in interpreted form. This should make it easier for you to hack apart the code and see how various real-world challenges can be accomplished within the scripting engine.

**Please note:** Only the base, string, and math Lua libraries have been enabled in the engine. Other Lua libraries will not currently be available.

# The Hacker's Sandbox API available to Lua script

Below is a listing of the API functions available to Lua script. Any function with "{}" specified as an argument takes a Lua table as its only argument. Often, not all of the fields in these tables are required to be passed. Required fields will be underlined for clarification.

When VMs are created, they are added to a storage container. The last VM added to this contain is referred to as the significant VM. The VM which a user is currently logged into is referred to as the active VM.

# addDir ({ })

This function will add a directory to the significant VM. It takes the following arguments:

acl Unix access control list. (i.e. 777 )
name
Name of the directory to be created

## addDNS (name, record)

Insert A record entries into the global DNS map.

#### getDNS (name)

Retrieve the record for a specified entry from the global DNS map.

### addFile ({ })

Add a file to the significant VM. The parent directory for this file must exist in order for the file to be accessible. If an ACL is not specified, 644 will be defaulted. It takes the following arguments:

acl Unix access control list. (i.e. 777 )
name Name of the file to be created

content The content of the file to be seen when using cat

exec If specified, this is the name of a custom Lua function the

engine can run when the file is executed. A few builtin

procedures are available (p \*) to be used as well. These will be

described below

on delete If specified, this is the name of a custom Lua function the

engine can run when the file is deleted

### addGPU (description, power)

Add a virtual GPU compute device to the significant VM. It takes the following arguments:

description A short description of the card. This will appear in Ispci when the

machine is queried.

<u>power</u> The compute power of the device. Devices with a higher

computer power will perform compute operations faster. The cumulative power of all compute devices on your VM will be

used when determining compute operations.

### addNetDomain ([id|name])

Use this to add membership of a VM to the specified Network Domain. You can pass either a Domain ID or a Domain Name to this function.

# addService ({ })

Add a networking service to the significant VM. It takes the following arguments:

port Port number the service will run on

<u>name</u> Name of the service daemon

exec

poll This is the string that will be returned when the service is

polled. (i.e., when using portscan against the VM)

start If set to "true", the service will begin started

#### addUser (username, password)

This will add a user with the specified username and password to the significant VM. When a user is added, the password is registered with the global rainbow table, and a home directory is automatically created in the form of: /home/<username>/

#### cwd ()

This function will return the current working directory of the active VM.

### echo (...)

This function is similar to Lua's "print" function, except that it will not print a trailing newline character in the output.

### garbage ([size])

Return a string of garbage characters. If you can pass an integer for the size, which will return a string of the specified number of characters.

### getCWait (score)

Retrieve the number of seconds the compute system thinks you should sleep for the active VM based on the compute score given. You can pass the results of this function to sleep().

#### hash (string)

Return the vHash representation of the string passed to it. This function will register the plain with the global rainbow table.

### hostname ()

This function will return the hostname of the active VM.

### inNetDomain (hostname, [id|name])

Returns a boolean value indicating if the given hostname is a member of the specified Network Domain. You can pass either a Domain ID or a Domain Name to this function.

#### input ()

Prompt the user for input and returns the input as a string.

### isDir (string)

Using this function will return a boolean value. If the string entered exists **and** is a directory on the active VM, it will return true.

#### isFile (string)

Using this function will return a boolean value. If the string entered exists **and** is a file on the active VM, it will return true.

# login ({ })

This function will attempt to log the player into a specific user account on a given VM.

host Name of the VM to log in to

<u>user</u> The username of the user to log in to

password If specified, it will check to make sure the given password

matches the user's password before allowing the player to

log in. If not specified, the engine will attempt to log the player in to the account without requiring a password.

### logout ()

Logs the user out of whatever the topmost account in the shell stack is for the current VM.

### mail ({ })

Used to send a mail message to a given user. It takes the following arguments:

to The user to send the message to. If just the username is give

(i.e. "root"), then the mail will be sent to the user on the active VM. You can direct the message to a particular VM by specifying the route in the username via the "@" character. (i.e. to send a message to root on a VM named "jupiter", you would write the to field as: "root@jupiter")

<u>from</u> The name of the source of the message

subject A subject for your message

body The content of the message to be seen in the mail app

### md5 (string)

Returns a hex-encoded MD5 hash of the string passed to this function.

## newVM (hostname)

Create a new VM with the given hostname. Once specified, it becomes the significant VM and all functions affecting the significant VM will affect this machine. Once the game begins, the first machine is selected as the active VM. From that point, the active VM is any machine the player is logged into.

#### pause ()

Used to pause the game engine until keyboard input is detected.

#### quit ()

This function will end the game and leave the engine. (Please note, this call will not work in the intro() function.)

#### readfile (filename)

Grab the content of the file with the given filename on the active VM.

#### serviceRunning (hostname, servicename)

Returns a boolean value of the state of the given service on the VM specified by hostname. True means the service is currently running. False means the service is not currently running.

# setProperty ({ })

This function will set VM properties for the currently significant VM. It takes the following arguments:

uname Sets the uname of the VM

ip Sets the IP address of the VM (VMs are not reachable over a

network connection unless they have a unique IP address.)
When an IP is added, the machine's hostname is automatically

added to the global DNS map with this IP address.

on\_root If specified, this is the name of a custom Lua function to run

when the player has achieved root access on the active VM.

This will not trigger more than once per VM.

on\_login Calls the specified function whenever the player logs into an

account on the VM. This function will trigger whenever a

successful login is detected.

on\_logout Calls the specified function whenever the player logs out of an

account on the VM.

hint Set the text to be displayed when the player types "hint" while

logged into this VM.

netd Set the default Network Domain for this VM (additional Network

Domains can be added later.) If this option is not set, the VM is automatically added to Network Domain 1 (called "default").

# sleep (time)

Pauses the running engine for the number of seconds specified in time.

# startService (servicename)

This will start the service with the given service daemon name on the active VM.

# stopService (servicename)

This will stop the service with the given service daemon name on the active VM.

# timestamp()

Return the current Unix timestamp.

### **Builtin Exec Procedures**

These procedures can be passed to the exec param when adding files to a VM.

#### p hashcat

This procedure links to the built-in virtual hashcat instance. The virtual hashcat program uses a dynamically generated global rainbow table to perform lookups against the users you have added to a mission's VMs, and will return a match of the plain text password if found.

#### p portscan

This procedure links to the built-in portscan utility. This will query a virtual machine for running network services, and if accessible, return the output.

#### p pwd

This procedure links to the built-in pwd utility. It will return a string with the current working directory.

# Globals

The following globals are made available through the Lua API.

#### **VERSION**

This stores the value of the Hacker's Sandbox engine version. You can compare this number to check for a minimum feature set to be used with your mission pack.

# Hacking to Learn

The default mission pack (destiny.mis) is a regular ascii text file. It has been left uncompiled so you can feel free to examine the code, hack it apart, and get a good idea of how mission packs can be put together. The missions in this mission pack try to use different aspects of the API (sometimes in different ways) specifically so one may be able to learn some of the various techniques available. You should definitely take a little bit of time to read through this code and experiment. Happy hacking!