HACKSHEET

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Web: https://github.com/berke1337/hacksheet

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Terminology

Each command contains a list of flags that indicate the OS requirement: Linux (L), BSD (B), FreeBSD (F), Mac OS (M), UNIX (U), and Windows (W).

General Utility

Useful Powershell Commands

* Download File from Internet

W # Powershell
\$source = "ht"

\$source = "http:www.download.com/file.txt"
\$destination = "c:\temp\file.txt"
\$wc = New-Object System.Net.WebClient
\$wc.DownloadFile(\$source, \$destination)

Date and Time

★ Set date and time

U # date MMddhhmm[[cc]yy]

W # date

W # time

Reconnaissance

Scanning

* Ping sweep of subnet and host range

U # nmap -sP 10.0.0.0/24 192.168.0.128-254

 \star List all computers in network

W # net view

 \star Scan specific TCP and UDP ports

U # nmap -pT:21-25,80,U:5000-6000 target

 \star TCP SYN scan without connecting

U # nmap -PO -sS target

⋆ Detect OS

U # nmap -O target

U # pOf -s trace.pcap

 \star Grab application banners

U # nmap -sV target

U # echo QUIT | nc target 1-1024

Wireless

Vulnerability Scanning

Web

* Look for web server vulnerabilities
U # nikto -host 10.0.0.1

Hardening

Physical

- * Check devices
 - Hardware keylogger (e.g., USB dongles)
 - Rogue WiFi cards

OS & Software

 \star Check for package repositories

L # vi /etc/apt/sources.list (Ubuntu)

L # vi /etc/yum.repos.d/* (RHEL/Fedora)

 \star Run package updates

L # yum upgrade package

L # apt-get upgrade package

- ⋆ Update Kernel
 - L # yum update kernel (RHEL/Fedora)
 - L # apt-cache search linux-image; apt-get install linux-image-x.x.x-xx (Debian)

* Harden SSHD

U FAIL2BAN

U # vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config

Protocol 2

AllowUsers root admin webmaster

AllowGroup sshusers

PasswordAuthentication no

HostbasedAuthentication no

RSAAuthentication yes

PubkeyAuthentication yes

PermitEmptyPasswords no

PermitRootLogin no

ServerKeyBits 2048

IgnoreRhosts ves

RhostsAuthentication no

RhostsRSAAuthentication no

User Management

File System

```
* Show account security settings
    U # passwd -1 user
    L # chage -l user
    W # net accounts
    W # net accounts /domain
* View Users
    W # wmic useraccount list brief
* Look for users with root privileges
    U # awk -F: '$3 == 0 {print $1}' /etc/passwd
    W # net localgroup administratos
★ Look for users with empty passwords
    U # awk -F: '$2 == "" {print $1}' /etc/shadow
* Make passwords expire
    W # wmic path Win32_UserAccount Set
      PasswordExpires=True
    W # wmic path Win32_UserAccount where
      name="username" Set PasswordExpires=True
    W # wmic path /Node: remotecomputer
      Win32_UserAccount where name="username"
      Set PasswordExpires=True
    L # chage -d 0 username
* Set maximum number of login failures
    L # faillog -M maxNumber -u username
    L # failog -r -u username
    W # net accounts /lockoutthreshold: maxNumber
   W # net accounts /lockoutduration: number Of Minutes System file checker
* Verify group memberships
    U # vi /etc/group (admin, sudo, wheel)
* Check sudo users
    U # visudo
★ Check crontab users
    U # for u in $(cut -f1 -d: /etc/passwd); do
      crontab -u $u -1: done
* Check remote authentication
    U # vi ~/.rhosts
    U # vi ~/.ssh/*
* Change passwords
    U # pwgen -sy (generate strong passwords)
    U # passwd user
```

W # net user user *

```
★ Secure mount points
    U # mount -o nodev, noexec, nosuid /dev.. /tmp * Close ports
* List file attributes
    L # lsattr /var/log/foo
    B # ls -ol /var/log/foo
    W # cacls.exe file.txt
⋆ File creation date
    W # dir /tc /od
    U # ls -li /etc | sort -n
    W # sfc /scannow
★ File signature serification
    W # sigverif
    W SIGCHECK
    W # sigcheck -e -u -s c:\
* Make files append-only
```

L # chattr +a /var/log/foo

```
Network
* Show firewall rules
    L # for t in nat mangle filter raw; do
      iptables -t $t -nL; done
    W # netsh firewall show portopening
    W # netsh firewall show allowedprogram
    W # netsh firewall show config
    W # netsh advfirewall firewall add rule
      name="BlockAIM"
      protocol=TCP
      dir=out remoteport=4099 action=block
* Shut down SMB vulnerable services
    W SECONFIG XP Disable NetBIOS over TCP/IP
      (all interfaces)  

| Disable SMB over TCP/IP |
      \squareDisable RPC over TCP/IP \rightarrow Apply \rightarrow Yes
* Check DNS resolver
    U # vi /etc/resolv.conf
★ Disable IPv6
    L # ipv6.disable=1 (add to kernel line)
   L # vi /etc/sysctl.conf
      net.ipv6.conf.all.disable_ipv6 = 1
      net.ipv6.conf.<interface0>.disable_ipv6 = 1
      net.ipv6.conf.<interfaceN>.disable_ipv6 = 1
      vi /etc/hosts (comment IPv6 hosts)
   L # vi /etc/sysconfig/network
      NETWORKING_IPV6=no
      IPV6INIT=no
      service network restart
   L # vi /etc/modprobe.conf
      install ipv6 /bin/true (append to file)
   L # vi /etc/modprobe.conf (RHEL/CentOS)
      alias net-pf-10 off
   L # vi /etc/modprobe.conf (Debian/Ubuntu)
      alias net-pf-10 off
      alias ipv6 off
   W # reg add hklm\system\currentcontrolset\services\
      tcpip6\parameters /v DisabledComponents /t
      REG_DWORD /d 255
★ Check network configuration
    L # vi /etc/network/interfaces (Ubuntu)
   L # vi /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth*
```

(RHEL)

Forensics

Processes

```
★ Inspect startup items
    L # initctl show-config (upstart, Ubuntu)
    F # less /etc/rc.local (deprecated)
    F # grep local_start /etc/defaults/rc.conf
    W Autoruns \rightarrow Options \rightarrow Filter Options \boxtimesVerify code
      signatures ZHide Microsoft entries
* Find SETUID and SETGID files and types
    U # find / \( -perm -4000 -o -perm -2000 \)
      -exec file \{\} \;
    U # crontab -e
      0 4 * * * find / \( -perm -4000 -o -perm
      -2000 \) -type f > /var/log/sidlog.new &&
      diff /var/log/sidlog.new /var/log/sidlog &&
      mv /var/log/sidlog.new /var/log/sidlog
* Find world/group writeable directories
    U # find / \( -perm -g+w -o -perm -o+w \)
      -type d -exec ls -ald \{\\}\;
* Find all unsigned processes
    W PROCESSEXPLORER Options → Verify Image Signatures
* View Process File Location
    W ProcessExplorer View → Select Columns... → Image
      Path
★ Display listening TCP/UDP ports
  LWU # netstat -tun
    W TCPVIEW
    B # netstat -p tcp -an | egrep
      'Proto|LISTEN|udp'
    U # lsof -nPi | awk '/LISTEN/'
    F # sockstat -4 -1
* Check active connections to find backdoors
    U # lsof -nPi | awk '/ESTABLISHED/'
★ Currently Running Tasks/Processes
    W # tasklist -svc
   LU # ps aux | less
   LU # top
   LU # ps -u user
★ Kill Tasks/Processes
    W # taskkill -pid pid
   LU # kill pid
```

Users

```
* Inspect logged in and past users

U # W

U # last | head

U # ps -ef | awk '$6 != "?"' (interactive procs)

W PsLoggedOn

W Task Manager (open as administrator) -> Users

Tab

W # wmic computersystem get username

W # wmic /node: remotecomputer computersystem

get username
```

• Seconfig XP: http://seconfig.sytes.net/

Cleanup

* Kill all processes accessing a mount point
U # fuser -k -c /mnt/secret

Drivers

* Driver query
W # driverquery (-v)

Databases

```
* Export/Restore a MySQL Database
U # mysqldump -u username -p database_name >
dump.sql
U # mysql -u username -p database_name <
dump.sql
* Export/Restore a PostgreSQL Database
U # pg_dump database_name > dump.sql
```

U # psql -d database_name -f dump.sql

References

- http://bit.ly/cmd-line-kung-fu
- http://www.robvanderwoude.com/ntadmincommands. php
- http://pubs.vmware.com/vsphere-50/topic/com.
 vmware.ICbase/PDF/vsphere-esxi-vcenter-server-50-security-guide.
 pdf

Very Useful Downloads

• Sys Internals: http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/sysinternals/bb842062