# HACKSHEET

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Web: https://github.com/berke1337/hacksheet

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### Terminology

Each command contains a list of flags that indicate the OS requirement: Linux (L), BSD (B), FreeBSD (F), Mac OS (M), UNIX (U), and Windows (W).

### Reconnaissance

### Scanning

- \* Ping sweep of subnet and host range
  U # nmap -sP 10.0.0.0/24 192.168.0.128-254
- ★ List all computers in network
  - W # net view
- \* Scan specific TCP and UDP ports
  - U # nmap -pT:21-25,80,U:5000-6000 target
- $\star$  TCP SYN scan without connecting
  - U # nmap -P0 -sS target
- \* Detect OS
  - U # nmap -0 target
  - U # pOf -s trace.pcap
- ★ Grab application banners
  - U # nmap -sV target
  - U # echo QUIT | nc target 1-1024

### Wireless

### Vulnerability Scanning

### Web

★ Look for web server vulnerabilities
U # nikto -host 10.0.0.1

### Hardening

### **Physical**

- \* Check devices
  - Hardware keylogger (e.g., USB dongles)
  - Rogue WiFi cards

### OS & Software

- ★ Check for suspicious package repositories
  - L # vi /etc/apt/sources.list (Ubuntu)
  - L # vi /etc/yum.repos.d/\* (RHEL/Fedora)
- \* Run package updates
  - L # yum upgrade package
  - L # apt-get upgrade package
- \* Update Kernel
  - L # yum update kernel (RHEL/Fedora)
  - L # apt-cache search linux-image; apt-get install linux-image-x.x.x-xx (Debian)
- \* Harden SSHD
  - U FAIL 2BAN
  - U # vi /etc/ssh/sshd\_config

Protocol 2

AllowUsers root admin webmaster

AllowGroup sshusers

PasswordAuthentication no

HostbasedAuthentication no

RSAAuthentication yes

PubkeyAuthentication yes

PermitEmptyPasswords no

PermitRootLogin no

ServerKeyBits 2048

IgnoreRhosts yes

RhostsAuthentication no

RhostsRSAAuthentication no

### User Management

- ★ Show account security settings
  - U # passwd -1 user
  - L # chage -1 user
  - W # net accounts
  - W # net accounts /domain
- \* View Users
  - W # wmic useraccount list brief
- ★ Look for users with root privileges
  - U # awk -F: '\$3 == 0 {print \$1}' /etc/passwd
  - W # net localgroup administratos
- ★ Look for users with empty passwords
  - U # awk -F: '\$2 == "" {print \$1}' /etc/shadow
- ★ Make passwords expire
  - W # wmic path Win32\_UserAccount Set
    PasswordExpires=True
  - W # wmic path Win32\_UserAccount where
    name="username" Set PasswordExpires=True
  - W # wmic path /Node:remotecomputer
    Win32\_UserAccount where name="username"
    Set PasswordExpires=True
  - L # chage -d 0 username
- ★ Set maximum number of login failures
  - L # faillog -M maxNumber -u username
  - L # faillog -r -u username
  - W # net accounts /lockoutthreshold: maxNumber
  - W # net accounts /lockoutduration: number 0 f Minutes
- ★ Verify group memberships
  - U # vi /etc/group (admin, sudo, wheel)
- ★ Check sudo users
  - U # visudo
- ★ Check crontab users
  - U # for u in \$(cut -f1 -d: /etc/passwd); do
    crontab -u \$u -l; done
- $\star$  Check remote authentication
  - U # vi ~/.rhosts
  - U # vi ~/.ssh/\*
- ★ Change passwords
  - U # pwgen -sy (generate strong passwords)
  - U # passwd user
  - W # net user user \*

#### File System Network **Forensics** \* Show firewall rules L # for t in nat mangle filter raw; do Processes iptables -t \$t -nL; done ★ Inspect startup items W # netsh firewall show portopening L # initctl show-config (upstart, Ubuntu) W # netsh firewall show allowedprogram F # less /etc/rc.local (deprecated) W # netsh firewall show config \* Secure mount points F # grep local\_start /etc/defaults/rc.conf \* Close ports U # mount -o nodev, noexec, nosuid /dev.. /tmp W Autoruns $\rightarrow$ Options $\rightarrow$ Filter Options $\boxtimes$ Verify code W # netsh advfirewall firewall add rule name="BlockAIM" \* Find SETUID and SETGID files and types protocol=TCP U # find / \( -perm -4000 -o -perm -2000 \) dir=out remoteport=4099 action=block -exec file \{\} \; \* Shut down SMB vulnerable services \* List file attributes U # crontab -e W Seconfig XP ☑Disable NetBIOS over TCP/IP L # lsattr /var/log/foo 0.4 \* \* \* find / (-perm - 4000 - o - perm(all interfaces) (all interfaces) (b) Disable SMB over TCP/IP B # ls -ol /var/log/foo -2000 \) -type f > /var/log/sidlog.new && $\square$ Disable RPC over TCP/IP $\rightarrow$ Apply $\rightarrow$ Yes W # cacls.exe file.txt diff /var/log/sidlog.new /var/log/sidlog && \* Check DNS resolver mv /var/log/sidlog.new /var/log/sidlog U # vi /etc/resolv.conf \* Find world/group writeable directories \* Disable IPv6 U # find / \( -perm -g+w -o -perm -o+w \) L # ipv6.disable=1 (add to kernel line) -type d -exec ls -ald \{\} \; L # vi /etc/sysctl.conf ★ File creation date \* Find all unsigned processes net.ipv6.conf.all.disable\_ipv6 = 1 W # dir /tc /od W ProcessExplorer Options $\rightarrow$ Verify Image Signatures net.ipv6.conf.<interface0>.disable\_ipv6 = 1 U # ls -li /etc | sort -n $\star$ View Process File Location net.ipv6.conf.<interfaceN>.disable\_ipv6 = 1 W PROCESSEXPLORER View $\rightarrow$ Select Columns... $\rightarrow$ Image vi /etc/hosts (comment IPv6 hosts) Path L # vi /etc/sysconfig/network ★ Display listening TCP/UDP ports NETWORKING\_IPV6=no LWU # netstat -tun IPV6INIT=no \* System file checker W TCPVIEW service network restart W # sfc /scannow B # netstat -p tcp -an | egrep L # vi /etc/modprobe.conf 'Proto | LISTEN | udp' install ipv6 /bin/true (append to file) U # lsof -nPi | awk '/LISTEN/' L # vi /etc/modprobe.conf (RHEL/CentOS) F # sockstat -4 -1 alias net-pf-10 off \* Check active connections to find backdoors $\star$ File signature serification L # vi /etc/modprobe.conf (Debian/Ubuntu) U # lsof -nPi | awk '/ESTABLISHED/' W # sigverif alias net-pf-10 off ★ Currently Running Tasks/Processes W SIGCHECK alias ipv6 off W # tasklist -svc W # reg add hklm\system\currentcontrolset\services\bigcup\_LU # ps aux | less W # sigcheck -e -u -s c:\ tcpip6\parameters /v DisabledComponents /t LU # top REG\_DWORD /d 255 LU # ps -u user \* Check network configuration ★ Kill Tasks/Processes L # vi /etc/network/interfaces (Ubuntu) W # taskkill -pid pid★ Make files append-only L # vi /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-eth\*

(RHEL)

LU # kill pid

L # chattr +a /var/log/foo

Users

### Cleanup

\* Kill all processes accessing a mount point
U # fuser -k -c /mnt/secret

### System Administration

### Date and Time

\* Set date and time
U # date MMddhhmm[[cc]yy]
W # date
W # time

### Networking

```
* Forward a TCP/UDP port

U # mkfifo f;
nc -1 80 < f | nc 127.0.0.1 6666 > f &

L # iptables -t nat -A OUTPUT | POSTROUTING \
-p tcp -s x.x.x.x -sport 80 -j SNAT \
-to-destination 6666

L # iptables -t nat -A INPUT | PREROUTING \
-p tcp -d x.x.x.x -dport 80 -j DNAT \
-to-destination :6666
```

### Databases

\* Export/Restore

```
mysql # mysqldump -u username -p database_name >
      dump.sql
mysql # mysql -u username -p database_name <</pre>
      dump.sql
 psql # pg_dump database_name > dump.sql
 psql # psql -d database_name -f dump.sql
★ Change user password
mysql # SET PASSWORD FOR 'root' =
      PASSWORD('new-pass'); FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
 psql # ALTER USER root WITH PASSWORD 'new-pass';
sqlcmd # ALTER LOGIN user WITH PASSWORD = 'pass';
      GO:
⋆ Add/Delete user
mysql # CREATE USER 'user'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED
      BY 'pass';
mysql # DROP USER user;
 psql # CREATE USER user-name WITH PASSWORD
      'pass' VALID UNTIL 'Jan 1 2014';
 psql # DROP USER user-name;
* Permissions
mysql # GRANT ALL ON db1.* TO 'foo'@'localhost';
      FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
mysal # GRANT SELECT ON db2.invoice TO
      'bar'@'localhost'; FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
mysql # REVOKE ALL ON *.* TO 'bar'@'localhost';
      FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
 psql # GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON *.* TO user;
 psql # REVOKE ALL PRIVILEGES ON *.* FROM user;
sqlcmd # GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON *.* TO
      windows-db-user [WITH GRANT OPTION]; GO;
sqlcmd # GRANT SELECT ON *.* TO user; GO;
```

sqlcmd # USE db-name; REVOKE ALL PRIVILGES FROM

sqlcmd # USE db-name; REVOKE [GRANT OPTION FOR]

user; GO;

ALTER FROM user: GO:

### Miscellaneous Windows Tasks

```
* Download File from Internet
    W # Powershell
    $source = "http:www.download.com/file.txt"
    $destination = "c:\temp\file.txt"
    $wc = New-Object System.Net.WebClient
    $wc.DownloadFile($source, $destination)

* driver query
    W # driverquery (-v)
```

### OpenSSL Certificate Manipulation

 $\star$  Generate a new private key and Certificate Signing Request

```
L # openssl req -out CSR.csr -new -newkey rsa: 2048 -nodes -keyout privateKey.key
```

 $\star$  Generate a self-signed certificate

```
L # openssl req -x509 -nodes -days 365
-newkey rsa:2048 -keyout privateKey.key
-out certificate.crt
```

 $\star$  Generate a certificate signing request (CSR) for an existing private key

```
L # openssl req -out CSR.csr -key privateKey.key -new
```

 $\star$  Generate a certificate signing request based on an existing certificate

```
L # openssl x509 -x509toreq -in
  certificate.crt -out CSR.csr -signkey
  privateKey.key
```

 $\star$  Remove a passphrase from a private key

L # openssl rsa -in privateKey.pem -out
newPrivateKey.pem

 $\star$  Check a Certificate Signing Request (CSR)

L # openssl req -text -noout -verify -in CSR.csr

★ Check a private key

L # openssl rsa -in privateKey.key -check

★ Check a certificate

L # openssl x509 -in certificate.crt -text -noout

★ Check a PKCS#12 file (.pfx or .p12)

L # openssl pkcs12 -info -in keyStore.p12

## References

- http://bit.ly/cmd-line-kung-fu
- http://bit.ly/useful-windows-one-liners
- http://bit.ly/vmware-esxi-reference
- http://bit.ly/ssl-commands

# Tool Downloads

- Sys Internals: http://bit.ly/sys-internals
- Seconfig XP: http://seconfig.sytes.net/