
Model Analysis ToolKit (MATK) Documentation

Release 0

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MATK CLASSES

1.1 Latin Hypercube Sampling

This example demonstrates a Latin Hypercube Sampling of a 4 parameter 4 response model using the `lhs` function. The generation of diagnostic plots is demonstrated using `hist`, `panels`, and `corr`.

The script *sampling.py* is available in the *examples* folder of the repository or can be downloaded [here](#).

```
1 import sys,os
2 try:
3     import matk
4 except:
5     try:
6         sys.path.append(os.path.join('..','src','matk'))
7         import matk
8     except ImportError as err:
9         print 'Unable to load MATK module: '+str(err)
10 import numpy
11 from scipy import arange, randn, exp
12 try:
13     from collections import OrderedDict as dict
14 except:
15     print "Warning: collections module is not installed"
16     print "Ordering of observations will not be maintained in output"
17 from multiprocessing import freeze_support
18
19 # Model function
20 def dbexpl(p):
21     t=arange(0,100,20.)
22     y = (p['par1']*exp(-p['par2']*t) + p['par3']*exp(-p['par4']*t))
23     #nm = ['o1', 'o2', 'o3', 'o4', 'o5']
24     #return dict(zip(nm,y))
25     return y
26
27 def run():
28     # Setup MATK model with parameters
29     p = matk.matk(model=dbexpl)
30     p.add_par('par1',min=0,max=1)
31     p.add_par('par2',min=0,max=0.2)
32     p.add_par('par3',min=0,max=1)
33     p.add_par('par4',min=0,max=0.2)
34
35     # Create LHS sample
36     s = p.lhs('lhs', siz=500, seed=1000)
37
```

```
38     # Look at sample parameter histograms, correlations, and panels
39     s.samples.hist(ncols=2,title='Parameter Histograms')
40     s.samples.hist(ncols=2,title='Parameter Histograms',frequency=True)
41     parcor = s.samples.corr(plot=True, title='Parameter Correlations')
42     s.samples.panels(title='Parameter Panels')
43
44     # Run model with parameter samples
45     s.run( cpus=2, outfile='results.dat', logfile='log.dat',verbose=False)
46
47     # Look at response histograms, correlations, and panels
48     s.responses.hist(ncols=2,title='Model Response Histograms')
49     s.responses.hist(ncols=2,title='Model Response Histograms',frequency=True)
50     rescor = s.responses.corr(plot=True, title='Model Response Correlations')
51     s.responses.panels(title='Response Panels')
52
53     # Print and plot parameter/response correlations
54     print "\nPearson Correlation Coefficients:"
55     pcorr = s.corr(plot=True,title='Pearson Correlation Coefficients')
56     print "\nSpearman Correlation Coefficients:"
57     scorr = s.corr(plot=True,type='spearman',title='Spearman Rank Correlation Coefficients')
58     s.panels(figsize=(10,8))
59
60     # Freeze support is necessary for multiprocessing on windows
61     if __name__ == "__main__":
62         freeze_support()
63         run()
```

1.2 Calibration

```
1  import numpy as np
2  try:
3      import matk
4  except:
5      try:
6          sys.path.append(os.path.join('.', 'src', 'matk'))
7          import matk
8      except ImportError as err:
9          print 'Unable to load MATK module: '+str(err)
10 from multiprocessing import freeze_support
11
12 def fv(a):
13     a0 = a['a0']
14     a1 = a['a1']
15     a2 = a['a2']
16     X = np.array([1.,2.,3.,4.,5.,6.,7.,8.,9.,10.,11.,12.])
17
18     out = a0 / (1. + a1 * np.exp( X * a2))
19     return out
20     #obsnames = ['obs'+str(i) for i in range(1,len(out)+1)]
21     #return dict(zip(obsnames,out))
22
23 def run():
24     p = matk.matk(model=fv)
25     p.add_par('a0', value=0.7, min=-2000., max=2000.)
26     #p.add_par('a0', value=0.7)
27     #p.add_par('a1', value=10., min=-2000., max=2000.)
```

```
28     p.add_par('a1', value=10.)
29     #p.add_par('a2', value=-0.4, min=-20000., max=20000.)
30     p.add_par('a2', value=-0.4)
31     #p.forward()
32     p.obsvalues = [5.308,7.24,9.638,12.866,17.069,23.192,31.443,38.558,50.156,62.948,75.995,91.972]
33
34     p.calibrate(cpus=6,verbose=True)
35
36     # Freeze support is necessary for multiprocessing on windows
37     if __name__ == "__main__":
38         freeze_support()
39         run()
```


MATK CLASSES

2.1 MATK

class `matk.matk` (*model='', model_args=None, model_kwargs=None, cpus=1, workdir_base=None, workdir=None, results_file=None, seed=None, sample_size=10, hosts={}*)

Class for Model Analysis ToolKit (MATK) module

Jac (*h=0.001, cpus=1, workdir_base=None, save=True, reuse_dirs=False*)

Numerical Jacobian calculation

Parameters *h* (*fl64 or ndarray(fl64)*) – Parameter increment, single value or array with *npar* values

Returns *ndarray(fl64)* – Jacobian matrix

MCMC (*nruns=10000, burn=1000, init_error_std=1.0, max_error_std=100.0, verbose=1*)

Perform Markov Chain Monte Carlo sampling using pymc package

Parameters

- **nruns** (*int*) – Number of MCMC iterations (samples)
- **burn** (*int*) – Number of initial samples to burn (discard)
- **verbose** (*int*) – verbosity of output
- **init_error_std** (*fl64*) – Initial standard deviation of residuals
- **max_error_std** (*fl64*) – Maximum standard deviation of residuals that will be considered

Returns *pymc MCMC object*

add_obs (*name, sim=None, weight=1.0, value=None*)

Add observation to problem

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – Observation name
- **sim** (*fl64*) – Simulated value
- **weight** (*fl64*) – Observation weight
- **value** (*fl64*) – Value of observation

Returns *Observation object*

add_par (*name, **kwargs*)

Add parameter to problem

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – Name of parameter
- **kwargs** – keyword arguments passed to parameter class

calibrate (*cpus=1, maxiter=100, lambdax=0.001, minchange=1e-16, minlambdax=1e-06, verbose=False, workdir=None, reuse_dirs=False, h=1e-06*)

Calibrate MATK model using Levenberg-Marquardt algorithm based on original code written by Ernesto P. Adorio PhD. (UPDEPP at Clarkfield, Pampanga)

Parameters

- **cpus** (*int*) – Number of cpus to use
- **maxiter** (*int*) – Maximum number of iterations
- **lambdax** (*fl64*) – Initial Marquardt lambda
- **minchange** (*fl64*) – Minimum change between successive ChiSquares
- **minlambdax** (*fl4*) – Minimum lambda value
- **verbose** (*bool*) – If True, additional information written to screen during calibration

Returns best fit parameters found by routine

Returns best Sum of squares.

Returns covariance matrix

copy_sampleset (*oldname, newname=None*)

Copy sampleset

Parameters

- **oldname** (*str*) – Name of sampleset to copy
- **newname** (*str*) – Name of new sampleset

cpus

Set number of cpus to use for concurrent model evaluations

create_sampleset (*samples, name=None, responses=None, indices=None, index_start=1*)

Add sample set to problem

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – Name of sample set
- **samples** (*list(fl64), ndarray(fl64)*) – Matrix of parameter samples with npar columns in order of `matk.pars.keys()`
- **responses** (*list(fl64), ndarray(fl64)*) – Matrix of associated responses with nobs columns in order `matk.obs.keys()` if observation exists (existence of observations is not required)
- **indices** (*list(int), ndarray(int)*) – Sample indices to use when creating working directories and output files

emcee (*lnprob=None, nwalkers=100, nsamples=500, burnin=50, pos0=None*)

Perform Markov Chain Monte Carlo sampling using emcee package

Parameters

- **lnprob** (*function*) – Function specifying the natural logarithm of the likelihood function
- **nwalkers** (*int*) – Number of random walkers
- **nsamples** (*int*) – Number of samples per walker
- **burnin** (*int*) – Number of “burn-in” samples per walker to be discarded

- **pos0** (*list*) – list of initial positions for the walkers

Returns numpy array containing samples

forward (*pardict=None, workdir=None, reuse_dirs=False, job_number=None, hostname=None, processor=None*)

Run MATK model using current values

Parameters

- **pardict** (*dict*) – Dictionary of parameter values keyed by parameter names
- **workdir** (*str*) – Name of directory where model will be run. It will be created if it does not exist
- **reuse_dirs** (*bool*) – If True and workdir exists, the model will reuse the directory
- **job_number** (*int*) – Sample id
- **hostname** (*str*) – Name of host to run job on, will be passed to MATK model as kwarg 'hostname'
- **processor** (*str or int*) – Processor id to run job on, will be passed to MATK model as kwarg 'processor'

Returns int – 0: Successful run, 1: workdir exists

levmar (*workdir=None, reuse_dirs=False, max_iter=1000, full_output=True*)

Calibrate MATK model using levmar package

Parameters

- **workdir** (*str*) – Name of directory where model will be run. It will be created if it does not exist
- **reuse_dirs** (*bool*) – If True and workdir exists, the model will reuse the directory
- **max_iter** (*int*) – Maximum number of iterations
- **full_output** – If True, additional output displayed during calibration

Returns levmar output

lhs (*name=None, siz=None, noCorrRestr=False, corrmatrix=None, seed=None, index_start=1*)

Draw lhs samples of parameter values from scipy.stats module distribution

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – Name of sample set to be created
- **siz** (*int*) – Number of samples to generate, ignored if samples are provided
- **noCorrRestr** (*bool*) – If True, correlation structure is not enforced on sample, use if siz is less than number of parameters
- **corrmatrix** (*matrix*) – Correlation matrix
- **seed** (*int*) – Random seed to allow replication of samples
- **index_start** – Starting value for sample indices

Type int

Returns matrix – Parameter samples

lmfit (*maxfev=0, report_fit=True, cpus=1, epsfcn=None, xtol=1e-07, ftol=1e-07, workdir=None, verbose=False, **kwargs*)

Calibrate MATK model using lmfit package

Parameters

- **maxfev** (*int*) – Max number of function evaluations, if 0, 100*(npars+1) will be used
- **report_fit** (*bool*) – If True, parameter statistics and correlations are printed to the screen
- **cpus** (*int*) – Number of cpus to use for concurrent simulations during jacobian approximation
- **epsfcn** (*float*) – jacobian finite difference approximation increment
- **xtol** (*float*) – Relative error in approximate solution
- **ftol** (*float*) – Relative error in the desired sum of squares
- **workdir** (*str*) – Name of directory to use for model runs, calibrated parameters will be run there after calibration
- **verbose** (*bool*) – If true, print diagnostic information to the screen

Returns lmfit minimizer object

Additional keyword arguments will be passed to scipy leastsq function: <http://docs.scipy.org/doc/scipy-0.15.1/reference/generated/scipy.optimize.leastsq.html>

make_workdir (*workdir=None, reuse_dirs=False*)

Create a working directory

Parameters

- **workdir** (*str*) – Name of directory where model will be run. It will be created if it does not exist
- **reuse_dirs** (*bool*) – If True and workdir exists, the model will reuse the directory

Returns int – 0: Successful run, 1: workdir exists

model

Python function that runs model

model_args

Tuple of extra arguments to MATK model expected to come after parameter dictionary

model_kwargs

Dictionary of extra keyword arguments to MATK model expected to come after parameter dictionary and model_args

obsnames

Get observation names

obsvalues

Observation values

obsweights

Get observation names

pardist_pars

Get parameters needed by parameter distributions

pardists

Get parameter probabilistic distributions

parmaxs

Get parameter lower bounds

parmins

Get parameter lower bounds

parnames

Get parameter names

parstudy (*name=None, nvals=2*)

Generate parameter study samples

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – Name of sample set to be created
- **outfile** (*str*) – Name of file where samples will be written. If outfile=None, no file is written.
- **nvals** (*int or list(int)*) – number of values for each parameter

Returns ndarray(float64) – Array of samples

parvalues

Parameter values

read_sampleset (*file, name=None*)

Read MATK output file and assemble corresponding sampleset with responses.

Parameters

- **name** (*str*) – Name of sample set
- **file** (*str*) – Path to MATK output file

residuals

Get least squares values

results_file

Set the name of the results_file for parallel runs

seed

Set the seed for random sampling

simvalues

Simulated values :returns: list(float64) – simulated values in order of matk.obs.keys()

ssr

Sum of squared residuals

workdir

Set the base name for parallel working directories

workdir_base

Set the base name for parallel working directories

workdir_index

Set the working directory index for parallel runs

2.2 Parameter

```
class matk.parameter.Parameter(name, value=None, vary=True, min=None, max=None, expr=None,
                                discrete_vals=[], discrete_counts=[], **kwargs)
```

MATK parameter class

dist

Probabilistic distribution of parameter belonging to scipy.stats module

dist_pars

Distribution parameters required by self.dist e.g. if dist == uniform, dist_pars = (min,max-min)
if dist == norm, dist_pars = (mean,stdev))

expr

Mathematical expression to use to evaluate value

setup_bounds ()

set up Minuit-style internal/external parameter transformation of min/max bounds.

returns internal value for parameter from self.value (which holds the external, user-expected value). This internal values should actually be used in a fit...

As a side-effect, this also defines the self.from_internal method used to re-calculate self.value from the internal value, applying the inverse Minuit-style transformation. This method should be called prior to passing a Parameter to the user-defined objective function.

This code borrows heavily from JJ Helmus' leastsqbound.py

value

Parameter value

vary

Boolean indicating whether or not to vary parameter

2.3 Observation

class `matk.observation.Observation` (*name, sim=None, weight=1.0, value=None*)

MATK observation class

name

Observation name

residual

Observation value minus simulated value

sim

Simulated value generated by MATK model

value

Observation value

weight

Weight to apply to simulated values

2.4 SampleSet

class `matk.sampleset.SampleSet` (*name, samples, parent, index_start=1, **kwargs*)

MATK SampleSet class - Stores information related to a sample including parameter samples, associated responses, and sample indices

calc_sse ()

Calculate sum of squared errors (sse) for all samples

Returns `lst(fl64)`

corr (*type*='pearson', *plot*=False, *printout*=True, *plotvals*=True, *figsize*=None, *title*=None)

Calculate correlation coefficients of parameters and responses

Parameters

- **type** (*str*) – Type of correlation coefficient (pearson by default, spearman also available)
- **plot** (*bool*) – If True, plot correlation matrix
- **printout** (*bool*) – If True, print correlation matrix with row and column headings
- **plotvals** (*bool*) – If True, print correlation coefficients on plot matrix
- **figsize** (*tuple*(*fl64*,*fl64*)) – Width and height of figure in inches
- **title** (*str*) – Title of plot

Returns ndarray(*fl64*) – Correlation coefficients

index_start

Starting integer value for sample indices

indices

Array of sample indices

main_effects ()

For each parameter, compile array of main effects.

name

Sample set name

obsnames

Array of observation names

panels (*type*='pearson', *alpha*=0.2, *figsize*=None, *title*=None, *tight*=False, *symbol*='.', *fontsize*=None, *corrfontsize*=None, *ms*=5, *mins*=None, *maxs*=None, *frequency*=False, *bins*=10, *ylim*=None, *labels*=[], *filename*=None, *xticks*=2, *yticks*=2)

Plot histograms, scatterplots, and correlation coefficients in paired matrix

Parameters

- **type** (*str*) – Type of correlation coefficient (pearson by default, spearman also available)
- **alpha** (*float*) – Histogram color shading
- **figsize** (*tuple*(*fl64*,*fl64*)) – Width and height of figure in inches
- **title** (*str*) – Title of plot
- **tight** (*bool*) – Use matplotlib tight layout
- **symbol** (*str*) – matplotlib symbol for scatterplots
- **fontsize** (*fl64*) – Size of font for axis labels
- **corrfontsize** (*fl64*) – Size of font for correlation coefficients
- **ms** (*fl64*) – Scatterplot marker size
- **frequency** (*bool*) – If True, the first element of the return tuple will be the counts normalized by the length of data, i.e., $n/\text{len}(x)$
- **bins** (*int*) – Number of bins in histograms
- **ylim** (*tuples - 2 element tuples with y limits for histograms*) – y-axis limits for histograms.
- **labels** (*lst(str)*) – Names to use instead of parameter names in plot

- **filename** (*int*) – Name of file to save plot. File ending determines plot type (pdf, png, ps, eps, etc.). Plot types available depends on the matplotlib backend in use on the system. Plot will not be displayed.
- **xticks** – Number of ticks along x axes
- **yticks** – Number of ticks along y axes

pardict (*index*)

Get parameter dictionary for sample with specified index

Parameters **index** (*int*) – Sample index

Returns dict(fl64)

parnames

Array of observation names

rank_parameter_frequencies ()

Yields a printout of parameter value frequencies in the sample set

returns An array of tuples, each containing the parameter name tagged as min or max and a second tuple containing the parameter value and the frequency of its appearance in the sample set.

recarray

Structured (record) array of samples

run (*cpus=1, workdir_base=None, save=True, reuse_dirs=False, outfile=None, logfile=None, verbose=True, hosts={}*)

Run model using values in samples for parameter values If samples are not specified, LHS samples are produced

Parameters

- **cpus** (*int,dict(lst)*) – number of cpus; alternatively, dictionary of lists of processor ids keyed by hostnames to run models on (i.e. on a cluster); hostname provided as kwarg to model (hostname=<hostname>); processor id provided as kwarg to model (processor=<processor id>)
- **workdir_base** (*str*) – Base name for model run folders, run index is appended to workdir_base
- **save** (*bool*) – If True, model files and folders will not be deleted during parallel model execution
- **reuse_dirs** (*bool*) – Will use existing directories if True, will return an error if False and directory exists
- **outfile** (*str*) – File to write results to
- **logfile** (*str*) – File to write details of run to during execution
- **hosts** (*lst(str)*) – Option deprecated, use cpus instead

Returns tuple(ndarray(fl64),ndarray(fl64)) - (Matrix of responses from sampled model runs size rows by npar columns, Parameter samples, same as input samples if provided)

savetxt (*outfile*)

Save sampleset to file

Parameters **outfile** (*str*) – Name of file where sampleset will be written

subset (*boolfcn, obs, *args, **kwargs*)

Collect samples based on response values, remove all others

Parameters

- **boolfcn** – Function that returns true for samples to keep and false for samples to remove
- **obs** (*str*) – Name of response to apply boolfcn to
- **args** – Additional arguments to add to boolfcn
- **kwargs** – Keyword arguments to add to boolfcn

```
matk.sampleset.hist(rc, ncols=4, figsize=None, alpha=0.2, title=None, tight=False, mins=None,
                    maxs=None, frequency=False, bins=10, ylim=None, printout=True, labels=[],
                    filename=None, fontsize=None, xticks=3)
```

Plot histograms of dataset

Parameters

- **ncols** (*int*) – Number of columns in plot matrix
- **figsize** (*tuple(fl64,fl64)*) – Width and height of figure in inches
- **alpha** (*float*) – Histogram color shading
- **title** (*str*) – Title of plot
- **tight** (*bool*) – Use matplotlib tight layout
- **mins** (*lst(fl64)*) – Minimum values of recarray fields
- **maxs** (*lst(fl64)*) – Maximum values of recarray fields
- **frequency** (*bool*) – If True, the first element of the return tuple will be the counts normalized by the length of data, i.e., $n/\text{len}(x)$
- **bins** (*int or lst(lst(int))*) – If an integer is given, bins + 1 bin edges are returned. Unequally spaced bins are supported if bins is a list of sequences for each histogram.
- **ylim** (*tuples - 2 element tuple with y limits for histograms*) – y-axis limits for histograms.
- **labels** (*lst(str)*) – Names to use instead of parameter names in plot
- **filename** (*str*) – Name of file to save plot. File ending determines plot type (pdf, png, ps, eps, etc.). Plot types available depends on the matplotlib backend in use on the system. Plot will not be displayed.
- **fontsize** (*fl64*) – Size of font
- **xticks** (*int*) – Number of ticks on axes

Returns *dict(lst(int),lst(fl64))* - dictionary of histogram data (counts,bins) keyed by name

```
matk.sampleset.corr(rc1, rc2, type='pearson', plot=False, printout=True, plotvals=True, fig-
                    size=None, title=None)
```

Calculate correlation coefficients of parameters and responses

Parameters

- **rc1** – Data
- **rc2** – Data
- **type** (*str*) – Type of correlation coefficient (pearson by default, spearman also available)
- **plot** (*bool*) – If True, plot correlation matrix
- **printout** (*bool*) – If True, print correlation matrix with row and column headings
- **plotvals** (*bool*) – If True, print correlation coefficients on plot matrix
- **figsize** (*tuple(fl64,fl64)*) – Width and height of figure in inches

- **title** (*str*) – Title of plot

Returns ndarray(float64) – Correlation coefficients

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