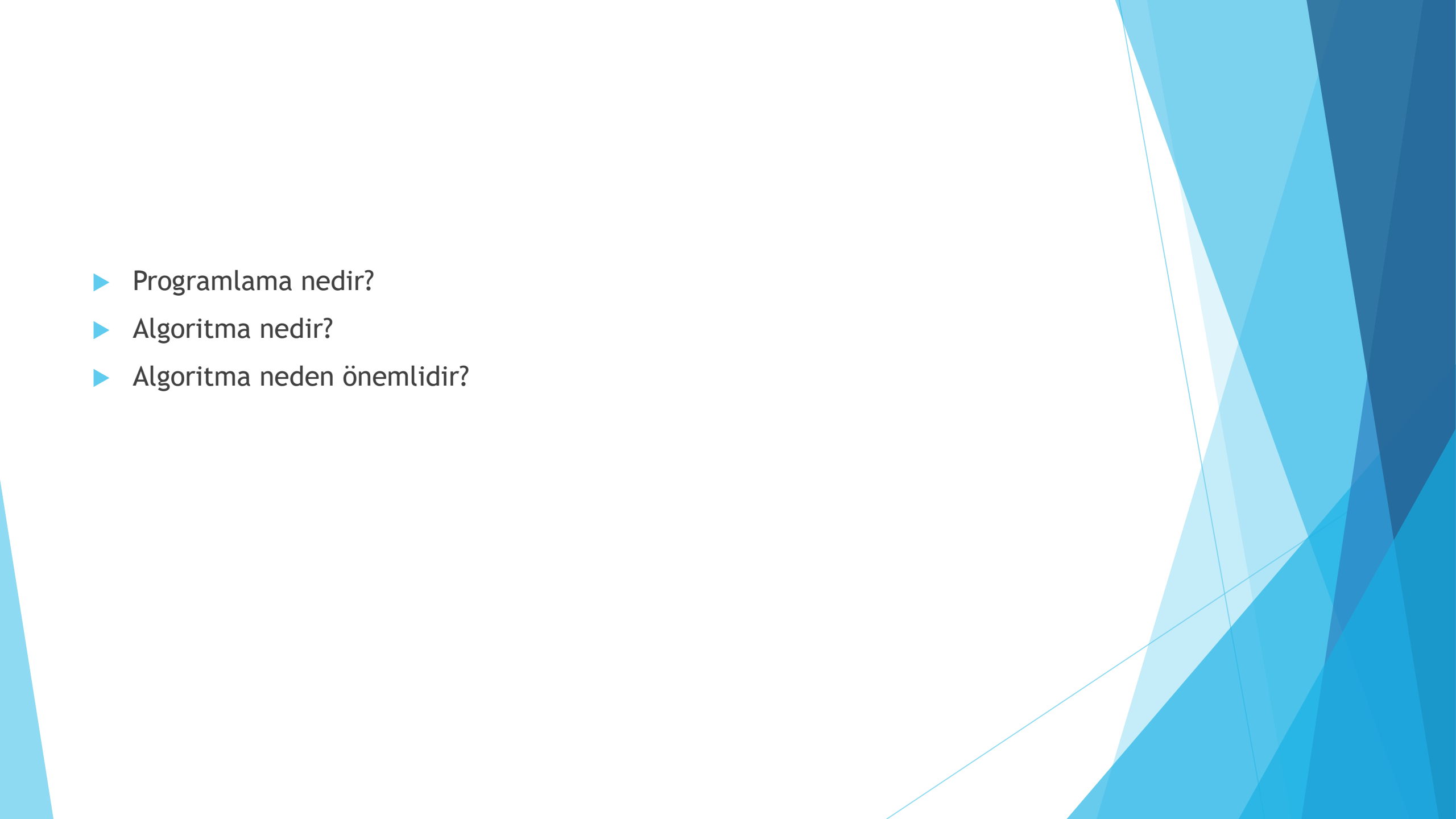
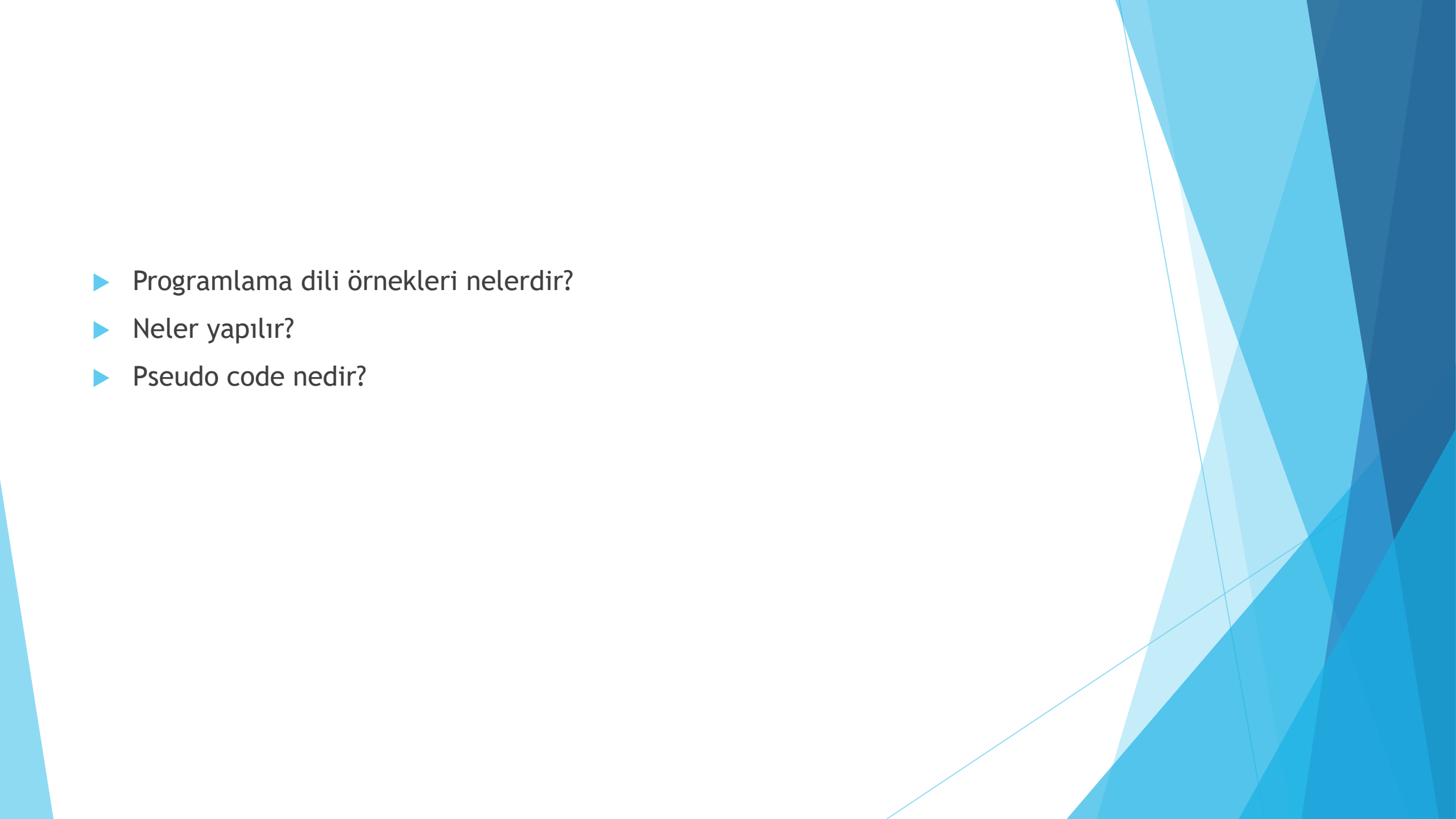


Python Programlama Eğitimi

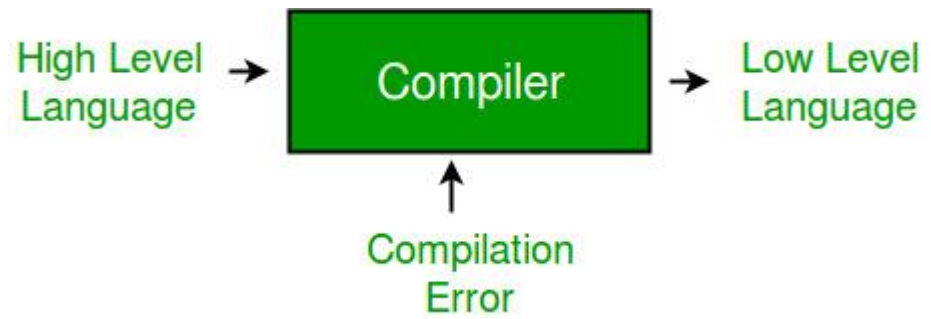
- 
- The background of the slide features abstract, overlapping geometric shapes in various shades of blue, ranging from light sky blue to deep navy blue. These shapes are primarily located on the right side of the slide, creating a modern, dynamic aesthetic.
- ▶ Programlama nedir?
 - ▶ Algoritma nedir?
 - ▶ Algoritma neden önemlidir?

► Assembly Nedir?


```
08048918    pushl   %ebp
08048919    movl    %esp,%ebp
0804891b    subl    $0x4,%esp
0804891e    movl    $0x0,0xffffffffc(%ebp)
08048925    cmpl    $0x63,0xffffffffc(%ebp)
08048929    jle     08048930
0804892b    jmp     08048948
0804892d    nop
0804892e    nop
0804892f    nop
08048930    movl    0xffffffffc(%ebp),%eax
08048933    pushl   %eax
08048934    pushl   $0x8049418
08048939    call    080487c0 <printf>
0804893e    addl    $0x8,%esp
08048941    incl    0xffffffffc(%ebp)
08048944    jmp     08048925
08048946    nop
08048947    nop
08048948    xorl    %eax,%eax
0804894a    jmp     0804894c
0804894c    leave
0804894d    ret
```

- 
- The background of the slide features abstract, overlapping geometric shapes in various shades of blue, ranging from light sky blue to deep navy blue. These shapes are primarily located on the right side of the slide, creating a modern, dynamic aesthetic.
- ▶ Programlama dili örnekleri nelerdir?
 - ▶ Neler yapılır?
 - ▶ Pseudo code nedir?

- ▶ Compiler nedir?
- ▶ Interpreter nedir?



- ▶ Syntax nedir?
- ▶ Indentation nedir?

- 
- The background of the slide features abstract, overlapping geometric shapes in various shades of blue, ranging from light sky blue to deep navy blue. These shapes are primarily located on the right side and bottom of the frame, creating a modern, dynamic aesthetic.
- ▶ Variable
 - ▶ String
 - ▶ Integer

Temel Veri Tipleri

- ▶ Integer
- ▶ Long
- ▶ Float
- ▶ String
- ▶ Boolean
- ▶ List
- ▶ Tuple
- ▶ Dict

Python Mathematical Operators

- ▶ +
- ▶ -
- ▶ *
- ▶ /
- ▶ %
- ▶ **
- ▶ //

Python Comparison Operators

▶ ==

▶ !=

▶ <

▶ >

▶ <=

▶ >=

Python Assignment Operators

- ▶ `=`
- ▶ `+=`
- ▶ `-=`
- ▶ `*=`
- ▶ `/=`
- ▶ `%=`
- ▶ `**=`
- ▶ `//=`

Python Logical Operators

- ▶ And
- ▶ Or
- ▶ Not

AND



Inputs		Output
A	B	C
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

OR



Inputs		Output
A	B	C
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

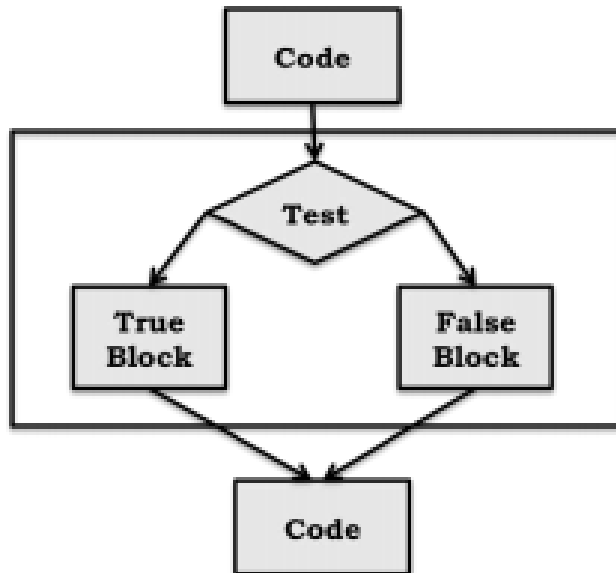
NOT



Input	Output
A	C
0	1
1	0

If Else

- If else nedir, ne işe yarar?



```
if x%2 == 0:
    if x%3 == 0:
        print 'Divisible by 2 and 3'
    else:
        print 'Divisible by 2 and not by 3'
elif x%3 == 0:
    print 'Divisible by 3 and not by 2'
```

The elif in the above code stands for “else if.”

Yorum Satırı

```
#This is a comment  
print("Hello, World!")
```

```
print("Hello, World!") #This is a comment
```

```
"""
```

```
This is a comment  
written in  
more than just one line
```

```
"""
```

```
print("Hello, World!")
```

Input Alma

- ▶

```
print('Enter your name:')  
x = input()  
print('Hello, ' + x)
```
- ▶

```
x = input('Enter your name:')  
print('Hello, ' + x)
```


Python Type Casting

► `x = int(1)`
`y = int(2.8)`
`z = int("3")`
`x = float(1)`
`y = float(2.8)`
`z = float("3")`
`w = float("4.2")`
`x = str("s1")`
`y = str(2)`
`z = str(3.0)`

String Concatenation and Formatting

- ▶ `str1 = "Hello"`
`str2 = "World"`
`str1 + str2`
- ▶ `Fname = "John"`
`Lname = "Doe"`
`Age = "24"`
`print "{} {} is {} years old." format(fname, lname, age)`
- ▶ `int a = 5`
`hi = "Hello"`
`print(hi + str(a))`

Örnek Çalışma Soruları

- ▶ 1'den 10'a kadar rakamları ekrana yaz.
- ▶ 1'den 10'a kadar Rakam = 1 şeklinde ekrana yaz.
- ▶ 1'den 10'a kadar çift sayıları if kullanarak ekrana yaz.
- ▶ 1'den 10'a kadar çift sayıları if kullanmadan ekrana yaz.
- ▶ 1'den 10'a kadar faktoriyelleri ekrana yaz.
- ▶ Küp çizdirme, piramit çizdirme
- ▶ Asal sayılar