



```
System.out.println("hello, world!");
```

Round 1B 2008

[A. Crop Triangles](#)**B. Number Sets**[C. Mousetrap](#)[Contest Analysis](#)[Questions asked](#) 3**Submissions****Crop Triangles**

5pt	Not attempted 1445/2197 users correct (66%)
10pt	Not attempted 457/1287 users correct (36%)

**Number Sets**

10pt	Not attempted 777/1351 users correct (58%)
25pt	Not attempted 100/448 users correct (22%)

**Mousetrap**

15pt	Not attempted 610/862 users correct (71%)
35pt	Not attempted 95/387 users correct (25%)

**Top Scores**

mystic	100
nika	100
bmerly	100
dgozman	100
ilyaraz	100
misof	100
tourist	100
vlad89	100
lordmonsoon	100
falagar	100

Practice Mode

AmrKeleg94@gmail.com | [Contest scoreboard](#) | [Sign out](#)**Problem B. Number Sets**

This contest is open for practice. You can try every problem as many times as you like, though we won't keep track of which problems you solve. Read the [Quick-Start Guide](#) to get started.

Small input  
10 points

Solve B-small

Large input  
25 points

Solve B-large

**Problem**

You start with a sequence of consecutive integers. You want to group them into sets.

You are given the interval, and an integer **P**. Initially, each number in the interval is in its own set.

Then you consider each pair of integers in the interval. If the two integers share a prime factor which is at least **P**, then you merge the two sets to which the two integers belong.

How many different sets there will be at the end of this process?

**Input**

One line containing an integer **C**, the number of test cases in the input file.

For each test case, there will be one line containing three single-space-separated integers **A**, **B**, and **P**. **A** and **B** are the first and last integers in the interval, and **P** is the number as described above.

**Output**

For each test case, output one line containing the string "Case #X: Y" where X is the number of the test case, starting from 1, and Y is the number of sets.

**Limits****Small dataset**
 $1 \leq C \leq 10$ 
 $1 \leq A \leq B \leq 1000$ 
 $2 \leq P \leq B$ 
**Large dataset**
 $1 \leq C \leq 100$ 
 $1 \leq A \leq B \leq 10^{12}$ 
 $B \leq A + 1000000$ 
 $2 \leq P \leq B$ 
**Sample**

Input	Output
2	Case #1: 9
10 20 5	Case #2: 7
10 20 3	

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