# CS1632, Lecture 4: Test Plans and TM

Wonsun Ahn

You've got requirements. You're looking for defects.

## How?

## Develop a test plan!

## Formality

This could be as formal or informal as necessary.

 Think about what you are testing – what level of responsibility / tracking is necessary?

## What are you testing?

- Throw-away script?
- Development tool?
- Internal website?
- Enterprise software?
- Commercial software?
- Operating system?
- Avionics software?

## Testing is context-dependent

- How you test
- How much you test
- What tools you use
- What documentation you provide
- ...All vary based on software context.

#### Formal Test Plans

A test plan is a sequence of test cases.

A test case is the fundamental "unit" of a test plan.

## A test case mainly consists of...

- Preconditions: State of the system before testing
  - Environment / global variable values, ...
  - State of the screen, state of the database, ...
- Execution Steps: Steps to obtain postconditions
- Postconditions: State of the system after testing
  - Environment / global variables are set, ...
  - Output printed to screen, network packet sent, ...

See IEEE 829, "Standard for Software Test Documentation", for more details

## Example

Assuming an empty shopping cart, when I click "Buy Widget", the number of widgets in the shopping cart becomes one.

Preconditions: Empty shopping cart

Execution Steps: Click "Buy Widget"

Postconditions: Shopping cart displays one widget

#### We also want to add:

- Identifier: A way to identify the test case
  - Could be a number
  - Often a label, e.g. INVALID-PASSWORD-THREE-TIMES-TEST
- Test Case: A description of the test case

## If doing method unit testing, we also add

- Input values: Values passed as method arguments
- Output values: Value(s) returned from method

- Difference between input value and precondition?
  - Arguments passed directly to the method are input values
  - A global variable set before method is called is a precondition
  - User input entered before method is called is a precondition

## In full, a test case contains the following items

- Identifier
- Test Case
- Preconditions
- Input Values
- Execution Steps
- Output Values
- Postconditions

See IEEE 829, "Standard for Software Test Documentation", for more details

## Example

Assuming that the SORT\_ASCENDING flag is set, calling the sort method with [9,3,4,2] will return a new array sorted from high to low, i.e., [2,3,4,9].

**Precondition**: SORT\_ASCENDING flag is set

Input values: Array [9,3,4,2]

**Execution steps**: Call sort method with input values

Output values: Array [2,3,4,9]

Postconditions: None

## Another Example

```
int print_hello_world() {
    System.out.print("Hello World");
    return 1;
}
```

- Suppose you wanted to write a test case for above method:
  - What would be the output values? 1.
  - What would be the postconditions? Hello World is printed.

#### Test Plan

- A collection of test cases for testing a system
- These do not always test an entire system
- They may test a subsystem or related piece of functionality
  - Examples:
  - Database Connectivity Test Plan
  - Pop-up Warning Test Plan
  - Pressure Safety Lock Test Plan
  - Regression Test Plan

## Pressure Safety Lock Test Plan

LOW-PRESSURE-TEST **HIGH-PRESSURE-TEST SAFETY-LIGHT-TEST** SAFETY-LIGHT-OFF-TEST **RESET-SWITCH-TEST RESET-SWITCH2-TEST FAST-MOVEMENT-TEST** RAPID-CHANGE-TEST **GRADUAL-CHANGE-TEST** MEDIAN-PRESSURE-TEST LIGHT-FAILURE-TEST SENSOR-FAILURE-TEST SENSOR-INVALID-TEST

## A group of test plans make up a test suite...

- Regression Test Suite
  - Pressure Safety Regression Test Plan
  - Power Regulation Regression Test Plan
  - Water Flow Regression Test Plan
  - Control Flow Test Plan
  - Security Regression Test Plan
  - Secondary Safety Process Test Plan

#### Test Run — Actual execution

- Test run: An actual execution of a test plan or test suite.
- Analogy time: class vs object, test plan vs test run
  - The test plan is the structure, but you need to actually execute
- During the test run, the tester manually (or automatically)
   executes each test case and sets the status

#### Possible Statuses

- PASSED Completed with expected result
- FAILED Completed but unexpected result
- PAUSED Test paused in middle of execution
- RUNNING Test in the middle of execution
- BLOCKED Cannot be completed because precondition not fulfilled
- ERROR Problem with running test itself

#### Defects

- If the test case fails, a defect should be filed
  - Unless the test case has already failed, of course.
  - You don't need to re-file a duplicate
- We will talk about filing defects on the next lecture

## Creating a test plan...

- Start top-down: what is a good way to subdivide the system into features (test plans)?
- For a given feature (test plan), what aspects do I want to test?
- For each aspect, what test cases do I want that will hit different equivalence classes / success or failure cases / edge or corner cases / etc.?
- How deep should I go down?
- Test cases should be independent of each other, and reproducible!

## Traceability Matrix

- Consider:
  - One test case may test multiple requirements
  - One requirement may be tested by multiple test cases
  - It's a complex many-to-many relationship!
- Traceability Matrix: table that describes the relationship between requirements and test cases
  - How requirements are enforced throughout software development
  - Can tell us where we are missing test coverage, or have superfluous tests

## Good Traceability Matrix Example

REQ1: TEST\_CASE\_1, TEST\_CASE\_2

REQ2: TEST\_CASE\_3

REQ3: TEST\_CASE\_4, TEST\_CASE\_7

REQ4: TEST\_CASE\_5, TEST\_CASE\_9

REQ5: TEST\_CASE\_6, TEST\_CASE\_10

 All requirements have at least one test case associated with them; all test cases map to a requirement.

## Problematic Traceability Matrix 1

REQ1: TEST\_CASE\_1, TEST\_CASE\_2

REQ2:

REQ3: TEST\_CASE\_4, TEST\_CASE\_7

REQ4: TEST\_CASE\_5, TEST\_CASE\_9

REQ5: TEST\_CASE\_6, TEST\_CASE\_10

No test case is testing requirement 2!

## Problematic Traceability Matrix 2

REQ1: TEST\_CASE\_1, TEST\_CASE\_2

REQ2: TEST\_CASE\_3

REQ3: TEST CASE 4, TEST CASE 7

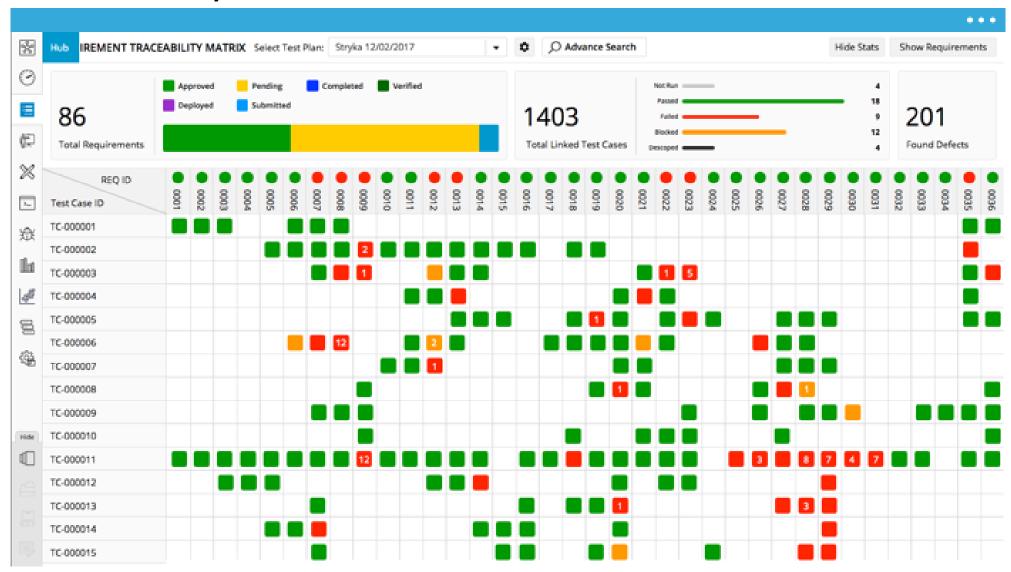
REQ4: TEST\_CASE\_5, TEST\_CASE\_9

REQ5: TEST\_CASE\_6, TEST\_CASE\_10

?????: TEST CASE 11

• What is test case 11 checking?

## Traceability Matrix in Actual Matrix Format



## Now Please Read Textbook Chapters 6 and 8

• In particular, read Chapter 8 carefully since that's mostly what you will be doing for our first in-class exercise on 9/11.