## **APPHYSICS 1**

# Science **Practices**

The table that follows presents the science practices that students should develop during the AP Physics 1 course. These practices form the basis of many tasks on the AP Physics 1 Exam.

The unit guides that follow embed and spiral these practices throughout the course, providing teachers with one way to integrate the practices into the course content with sufficient repetition to prepare students to transfer those science practices when taking the AP Physics 1 Exam.

More detailed information about teaching the science practices can be found in the Instructional Approaches section of this publication.



# AP PHYSICS 1

# Science Practices

Practice 1	Practice 2	Practice 3	Practice 4	Practice 5	Practice 6	Practice 7
Modeling The student can use representations and models to communicate scientific phenomena and solve scientific problems.	Mathematical Routines T The student can use mathematics appropriately.	Scientific Questioning The student can engage in scientific questioning to extend thinking or to guide investigations within the context of the AP course (not assessed on the AP Exam).	Experimental Methods • The student can plan and implement data- collection strategies in relation to a particular scientific question.	Data Analysis S The student can perform data analysis and evaluation of evidence.	Data Analysis	Making Connections T The student is able to connect and relate knowledge across various scales, concepts, and representations in and across domains.

justify the selection of a mathematical routine to The student can 72 The student can solve problems. create representations and models of natural or manmade phenomena and systems in the domain. The student can

and systems in the domain. describe representations and models of natural or man-made phenomena 11.2 The student can

outines to quantities that describe natural

apply mathematical

refine representations and models of natural or manmade phenomena and systems in the domain. The student can

natural phenomena.

and models to analyze problems qualitatively 1.4 The student can use representations situations or solve and quantitatively.

natural phenomena across multiple representations in 1.5 The student can reexpress key elements of the domain.

can pose scientific The student questions.

can refine scientific 3.2 The student questions. 3.3 The student can evaluate scientific questions.

78 The student can

phenomena.

estimate quantities

that describe

the kind of data needed ustify the selection of 4.1 The student can to answer a particular scientific question.

collecting data to answer can design a plan for a particular scientific 4.2 The student question.

collect data to answer 4.3 The student can a particular scientific question.

evaluate sources of data 4.4 The student can to answer a particular scientific question.

patterns or relationships. analyze data to identify 5.1 The student can

The student can

justify claims with

evidence.

measurements based on refine observations and 5.2 The student can data analysis.

construct explanations

of phenomena based

G2 The student can

on evidence produced

through scientific

practices.

provided by data sets in relation to a particular evaluate the evidence 5.3 The student can scientific question.

reasons that scientific theories are refined can articulate the 6:3 The student explanations and

or replaced.

predictions about natural can make claims and on scientific theories phenomena based G.4 The student and models.

scientific explanations. 6.5 The student can evaluate alternative

connect phenomena and models across spatial The student can and temporal scales.

enduring understandings generalize or extrapolate and across domain(s) to 72 The student can connect concepts in and/or big ideas. in and/or across

## **AP PHYSICS 1**

## Course Content

Based on the Understanding by Design® (Wiggins and McTighe) model, this course framework provides a clear and detailed description of the course requirements necessary for student success. The framework specifies what students must know, be able to do, and understand, with a focus on six big ideas that encompass core principles, theories, and processes of physics. The framework also encourages instruction that prepares students to make connections across domains through a broader way of thinking about the physical world.

## Big Ideas

The big ideas serve as the foundation of the course and allow students to create meaningful connections among concepts. They are often abstract concepts or themes that become threads that run throughout the course. Revisiting the big ideas and applying them in a variety of contexts allows students to develop deeper conceptual understanding. Below are the big ideas of the course and a brief description of each.

## **BIG IDEA 1: SYSTEMS (SYS)**

Objects and systems have properties such as mass and charge. Systems may have internal structure.

## **BIG IDEA 2: FIELDS (FLD)**

Fields existing in space can be used to explain interactions.

## **BIG IDEA 3: FORCE INTERACTIONS (INT)**

The interactions of an object with other objects can be described by forces.

## **BIG IDEA 4: CHANGE (CHA)**

Interactions between systems can result in changes in those systems.

## **BIG IDEA 5: CONSERVATION (CON)**

Changes that occur as a result of interactions are constrained by conservation laws.

## **BIG IDEA 6: WAVES (WAV)**

Waves can transfer energy and momentum from one location to another without the permanent transfer of mass and serve as a mathematical model for the description of other phenomena.

## UNITS

The course content is organized into commonly taught units. The units have been arranged in a logical sequence frequently found in many college courses and textbooks.

The 10 units in AP Physics 1 and their relevant weightings on the multiple-choice section of AP Exam are listed below.

Pacing recommendations at the unit level and on the Course at Glance provide suggestions for how teachers can cover both the required course content and the

Personal Progress Checks. The suggested class periods are based on a schedule in which the class meets five days a week for 45 minutes each day. While these recommendations have been made to aid in planning, teachers are free to adjust the pacing based on the needs of their students, alternate schedules (e.g., block scheduling), or their school's academic calendar.

## **TOPICS**

Each unit is divided into teachable segments called topics. Visit the topic pages (starting on page 36) to see all required content for each topic.

## **Exam Weighting for the Multiple-Choice Section of the AP Exam**

Units	Exam Weighting
Unit 1: Kinematics	10–16%
Unit 2: Dynamics	12-18%
Unit 3: Circular Motion and Gravitation	4-6%
Unit 4: Energy	16-24%
Unit 5: Momentum	10–16%
Unit 6: Simple Harmonic Motion	2-4%
Unit 7: Torque and Rotational Motion	10–16%
Unit 8: Electric Charge and Electric Force	4-6%
Unit 9: DC Circuits	6-8%
Unit 10: Mechanical Waves and Sound	12–16%

# **Spiraling the Big Ideas**The following table shows how the big ideas spiral across units by showing the units in which each big idea appears.

Big Ideas Unit 1	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6	Unit 7	Unit 8	Unit 9	Unit 10
	Kinematics		Circular Motion and Gravitation	Energy	Momentum	Simple Harmonic Motion	Torque and Rotational Motion	Electric Charge and Electric Force	DC Circuits	Mechanical Waves and Sound
1-Systems		5	<b>S</b>					<b>S</b>	<b>S</b>	
2-Fields FLD		5	•							
3-Force Interactions INT	•	5	•	•	5	<b>5</b>	5	<b>S</b>		
4-Change	5	5	•	•	<b>S</b>					
5-Conservation				5	5	5	0	0	<b>S</b>	er.
6-Waves										•

## Course at a Glance

## Plan

The Course at a Glance provides a useful visual organization of the AP Physics 1 course components, including:

- Sequence of units, along with approximate weighting and suggested pacing. Please note, pacing is based on 45-minute class periods, meeting five days each week for a full academic year.
- Progression of topics within each unit.
- Spiraling of the big ideas and science practices across units.

## Teach

## PRACTICES/SKILL CATEGORIES

Science practices spiral throughout the course.

- Modeling 2 Mathematical Routines
- Experimental Methods
- Data Analysis
- Scientific Questionina
- Argumentation Making Connections
- + Indicates 3 or more science pratices for a given topic. The individual topic page will show all the science practices.

## **BIG IDEAS**

Big ideas spiral across topics and units.

- SYS 1-Systems
- CHA 4-Change
- FLD 2-Fields
- CON 5-Conservation
- TNT 3-Force Interactions
- Wav 6-Waves

## Assess

Assign the Personal Progress Checks—either as homework or in class-for each unit. Each Personal Progress Check contains formative multiple-choice and free-response questions. The feedback from these checks shows students the areas where they need to focus.



## **Kinematics**

~16-19 Class Periods

10-16% AP Exam Weighting



- 1.1 Position, Velocity, and Acceleration
- CHA +
- 1.2 Representations of Motion

## **Dynamics**

~19-22 Class Periods

12-18% AP Exam Weighting

SYS

2.1 Systems

2.2 The Gravitational Field

2.3 Contact Forces

2.4 Newton's First Law

+

2.5 Newton's Third Law and Free-Body **Diagrams** 

INT +

2.6 Newton's Second Law

CHA

2.7 Applications of Newton's Second Law

## Personal Progress Check 1

Multiple-choice: ~15 questions Free-response: 2 questions

- Experimental Design
- Paragraph Argument Short Answer

## Personal Progress Check 2

Multiple-choice: ~40 questions Free-response: 2 questions

- Quantitative/Qualitative Translation
- Short Answer



## Circular Motion and Gravitation

~7-9 Class Periods

4-6% AP Exam Weighting

**3.1** Vector Fields

3.2 Fundamental Forces

3.3 Gravitational and Electric Forces

3.4 Gravitational Field/
Acceleration Due
to Gravity on
Different Planets

3.5 Inertial vs.
Gravitational Mass

3.6 Centripetal Acceleration and Centripetal Force

3.7 Free-Body Diagrams
for Objects in Uniform
Circular Motion

3.8 Applications of
Circular Motion
and Gravitation

**UNIT 4** 

CHA

+

## Energy

~19-22 Class Periods 16-24% AP Exam Weighting

4.1 Open and Closed Systems: Energy

> 4.2 Work and Mechanical Energy

 4.3 Conservation of Energy, the Work-Energy Principle, and Power **Т**ІИ**U** 

CON

## Momentum

~12-15 Class Periods

10-16% AP Exam Weighting

5.1 Momentum and Impulse

5.2 Representations of
Changes in Momentum

5.3 Open and Closed Systems: Momentum

> 5.4 Conservation of Linear Momentum

## Personal Progress Check 3

Multiple-choice: ~40 questions Free-response: 2 questions

- Experimental Design
- Paragraph Argument Short Answer

## Personal Progress Check 4

Multiple-choice: ~30 questions Free-response: 2 questions

- Quantitative/Qualitative Translation
- Short Answer

## Personal Progress Check 5

Multiple-choice: ~35 questions Free-response: 2 questions

- Experimental Design
- Paragraph Argument Short Answer



≈2-5 Class Periods



6.1 Period of Simple **Harmonic Oscillators** 



6.2 Energy of a Simple Harmonic Oscillator UNIT Torque and **Rotational Motion** 

~12-17 Class Periods

10-16% AP Exam Weighting



7.1 Rotational Kinematics



+

7.2 Torque and Angular Acceleration



7.3 Angular Momentum and Torque



7.4 Conservation of **Angular Momentum**  UNIT 8

**Electric Charge** and Electric Force

~3-5 Class Periods

4-6% AP Exam Weighting

CON

8.1 Conservation of Charge





8.2 Electric Charge



8.3 Electric Force

## Personal Progress Check 6

Multiple-choice: ~20 questions Free-response: 2 questions

- Experimental Design
- Short Answer

## Personal Progress Check 7

Multiple-choice: ~40 questions Free-response: 2 questions

- Quantitative/Qualitative Translation
- Paragraph Argument Short Answer

## Personal Progress Check 8

Multiple-choice: ~15 questions Free-response: 2 questions

- Quantitative/Qualitative Translation
- Paragraph Argument Short Answer



## **DC** Circuits

≈9-12 Class Periods

6-8% AP Exam Weighting

9.1 Definition of a Circuit

9.2 Resistivity

SYS 4

9.3 Ohm's Law, Kirchhoff's Loop Rule (Resistors in CON + Series and Parallel)

CON +

9.4 Kirchhoff's Junction Rule, Ohm's Law (Resistors in Series and Parallel)

UNIT

Mechanical **Waves and Sound** 

~11-14 Class Periods

12-16% AP Exam Weighting

WAV

10.1 Properties of Waves

+

10.2 Periodic Waves

WAV +

WAV 10.3 Interference and Superposition + (Waves in Tubes and

on Strings)

## Personal Progress Check 9

Multiple-choice: ~30 questions Free-response: 2 questions

- Experimental Design
- Short Answer

## Personal Progress Check 10

Multiple-choice: ~30 questions Free-response: 2 questions

- Quantitative/Qualitative Translation
- Paragraph Argument Short Answer