Started on	Wednesday, 19 October 2022, 7:36 AM
State	Finished
Completed on	Wednesday, 19 October 2022, 8:17 AM
Time taken	41 mins 14 secs
Marks	30.00/30.00
Grade	<b>10.00</b> out of 10.00 ( <b>100</b> %)
Feedback	Excellent!

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Each user has a password 6 characters long where each character is an uppercase letter, a lowercase letter, or a digit. Each password must contain at least one digit.

How many possible passwords are there?

- $\circ$  a.  $(26 + 10)^6 26^6$
- $\bullet$  b.  $(26 + 26 + 10)^6 (26 + 26)^6$
- oc. None of these
- $\circ$  d.  $(26 + 26 + 10)^6 10^6$
- $\circ$  e.  $(26 + 26 + 10)^6 (26 + 10)^6$

Question 2	
Correct	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	

Find 2<sup>100</sup> mod 15

a. 1

b. None of the other choices is correct

c. 2

d. 8

e. 4

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given the recursive definition of a set A:

BASIS STEP.  $1 \in A$ ,  $4 \in A$ ,  $5 \in A$ RECURSIVE STEP.  $x \in A \rightarrow x + 3 \in A$ 

Let B be the set  $\{x \in A \mid x < 15\}$  . Find B.

- a. None of the other choices is correct
- $\bullet$  b. B = {1, 4, 5, 7, 8}
- c. B = {1, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14}
- od. B = {1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14}
- $\bullet$  e. B = {1, 4, 5}



Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

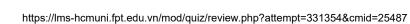
Consider the set A defined recursively by

 $1 \in A$ ;  $3 \in A$ ,

 $x \in A \rightarrow x + 4 \in A$ 

Find {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10} - A

- a. {2, 4, 6, 8, 10}
- b. None of these
- o. {2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10}
- od. {1, 3, 5, 7, 9}



Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Suppose you have 23 books (10 novels, 8 history books, and 5 math books). Assume that all 23 books are different. In how many ways can you

- 1) put the 23 books in a row on a shelf?
- 2) put the 23 books in a row on a shelf if the novels are on the left, the math books are in the middle, and the history books are on the right?
- a. 23!, 10! + 5! + 8!
- b. None of these
- o. 23!,  $10 \times 5 \times 8$



Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Suppose you wish to use the Principle of Mathematical Induction to prove P( n):  $1 \times 1! + 2 \times 2! + 3 \times 3! + ... + n \times n! = (n + 1)! - 1$  for all integers n > 0.

Write P(3).

- a. 23
- b. None of these
- o. 3×3!
- $\bullet$  d.  $1 \times 1! + 2 \times 2! + 3 \times 3! = 4! 1$
- e.  $1 \times 1! + 2 \times 2! + 3 \times 3!$



Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

- 1) Find the number of subsets of  $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,\}$  that contain the number 5.
- 2) Find the number of subsets of  $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,\}$  that do not contain the number 5.
- a.  $2^6, 2^6$
- b. None of these
- $\circ$  c.  $2^6$ ,  $2^7$  1
- o d.  $1 + 2^6, 2^7 1$

Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How many one-to-one functions are there from the set with three elements to a set with six elements?

- a. 18
- b. 30
- oc. None of the other choices is correct
- od. 120
- e. 6!





Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Give a <u>recursive definition</u> with initial condition(s) of the sequence  $a_1$  = 16,  $a_2$  = 13,  $a_3$  = 10,  $a_4$  = 7, ....

- a.  $a_1 = 16$ ,  $a_n = 3 a_{n-1}$ , for n > 1
- b. None of these
- oc.  $a_1 = 16$ ,  $a_n = a_{n-1} 3$  for n > 1
- od.  $a_1 = 16$ ,  $a_{n+1} = a_n 3$ , for n > 1





Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Consider the following procedure

procedure T(n: non-negative integer)

if n < 3 then return n

**else** return  $\{n + T(n-1) - T(n-2)\}$ 

Find T(3), T(4), T(5)

- a. 4, 7, 6
- b. None of these
- c. 5, 6, 7
- d. 4, 5, 6
- e. 4, 6, 7



	4	1
Question	- 1	
CUESTION		

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Give as good a big-oh estimate as possible for  $(nlogn + n)(n^2 + 1)$ .

- $\bigcirc$  a. o(n<sup>2</sup>)
- b. O(n<sup>3</sup>)
- oc. O(n²logn)
- od. None of these
- e. O(n<sup>3</sup>logn)



Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Suppose that a "word" is any string of **six letters** of the alphabet, with repeated letters allowed.

- 1) How many words end with KA?
- 2) How many words begin with K and end with A?
- a. 26<sup>4</sup>, 26<sup>4</sup>
- b. 26<sup>4</sup>, 2⋅26<sup>4</sup>
- o.  $26^4$ ,  $2.26^5 26^4$
- d. None of these
- e. 4·26, 4!·26<sup>2</sup>

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Give a recursive definition of the set

 $A = \{1, 5, 25, 125, 625, ...\}$ 

Which one is true?

- (i)  $1 \in A$ ;  $x \in A \rightarrow 5x \in A$
- (ii)  $1 \in A$ ;  $x \in A \rightarrow 5^x \in A$
- a. Only (i)
- b. Only (ii)
- oc. Neither
- d. Both

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following integers is **congruent** to -37 modulo 7?

- a. 57
- b. 40
- o. 37
- d. 49
- e. None of these



**~** 

Question 15

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following is a **recursive definition** of the function F(n) = 1 - 3n, n = 1, 2, 3, ...?

- a. F(1) = -2 and F(n) = -F(n-1) 3 for n > 1
- $\circ$  b. F(1) = -2 and F(n) = -F(n-1) + 3 for n > 1
- o. F(1) = -2 and F(n+1) = F(n) 3 for n > 1
- d. None of the other choices is correct
- e. F(1) = -2 and F(n) = F(n-1) 3 for n > 1



Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Consider the bubble sort algorithm

```
procedure bubblesort(a_1, ..., a_n : real numbers with <math>n \ge 2)

for i := 1 to n - 1

for j := 1 to n - i

if a_j > a_{j+1} then interchange a_j and a_{j+1}
\{a_1, ..., a_n \text{ is in increasing order}\}
```

Use the bubble sort to put 3, 2, 4, 1, 5 into increasing order. What is the order of the numbers after the second pass (i = 2)?

- a. 3, 1, 2, 4, 5
- ob. None of the other choices is correct
- c. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
- od. 2, 3, 1, 4, 5
- e. 2, 1, 3, 4, 5



Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Given the function

$$A(m,n) = \begin{cases} 2n & \text{if } m = 0\\ 0 & \text{if } m \ge 1 \text{ and } n = 0\\ 2 & \text{if } m \ge 1 \text{ and } n = 1\\ A(m-1, A(m, n-1)) & \text{if } m \ge 1 \text{ and } n \ge 2 \end{cases}$$

Find A(2, 2)

- o a. 1
- b. 4
- oc. 2
- od. 8
- e. None of these

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Consider all bit strings of length 8.

- 1) How many begin with 010?
- 2) How many begin with 01 and end with 10?
- $a. 2^5, 2.2^5 2^4$
- b. None of these
- c.  $2^5, 2^4$
- od. 10,8

Question 19

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

How many strings of **four ASCII characters** contain the character @ at least once?

[Note: There are 128 different ASCII characters.]

- a. None of the other choices is correct
- b. 4\*128 + 3\*128 + 2\*128 + 128
- o c. 128<sup>4</sup> 127<sup>4</sup>
- d. 128<sup>4</sup> 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Suppose that a "word" is any string of seven letters of the alphabet, with repeated letters allowed.

- 1) How many words have no vowels?
- 2) How many words begin with a vowel and end with a vowel?
- a. 5.26<sup>6</sup>, 25.26<sup>5</sup>
- b. 21<sup>7</sup>, 25.26<sup>5</sup>
- $\circ$  c.  $21^7$ ,  $5.26^6 + 5.26^6$
- d. None of these

Question 21

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Determine whether the integers in the set {21, 34, 55} are pairwise relatively prime.

(That is, we need each pair of (21, 34), (34, 55), (21, 55) to be relatively prime)

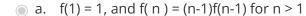
- $\bigcirc$  a. No, because gcd(21, 55)  $\neq$  1
- $\bigcirc$  b. No, because gcd(21, 34)  $\neq$  1
- $\bigcirc$  c. No, because gcd(34, 55)  $\neq$  1
- d. Yes



Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Give a recursive definition with initial condition(s) of f(n) = (n-1)!, n = 1, 2, 3, ...



- $\circ$  b. f(1) = 1, and f(n) = (n-1)f(n-2) for n > 1
- c. None of these
- od. f(1) = 0, and f(n) = (n-1)f(n-1) for n > 1
- e. f(1) = 1, and f(n) = nf(n-1) for n > 1



Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Estimate the best big-oh for the function

$$\frac{6n+4n^5-4}{7n^2}$$

- $\bigcirc$  a.  $O(n^2)$
- b. O(n³)
- o. O(n<sup>5</sup>)
- $\bigcirc$  d.  $O(n^4)$
- e. None of the other choices is correct

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Suppose that a "word" is any string of seven letters of the alphabet, with repeated letters allowed.

- 1) How many words begin with the letter K?
- 2) How many words begin with A or end with B?
- a. None of these
- $\odot$  b.  $26^6$ ,  $26^6 + 26^6 26^5$
- $\circ$  c.  $26^6$ ,  $26^6$   $26^5$
- d. 6!.26, 5!.26<sup>2</sup>
- e. 26<sup>6</sup>, 2.26<sup>6</sup>

Question 25

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Consider two set A, B such that |A| = 13, |A - B| = 10 and |B - A| = 2. Find |B|.

- a. 5
- o b. 8
- oc. 6
- od. 7

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Give the best big-oh estimate for the function

$$f(n) = 1 + 2 + 3 + ... + n$$

- $\bigcirc$  a.  $O(n^4)$
- b. None of these
- $\odot$  c.  $O(n^2)$
- $\circ$  d.  $O(n^3)$
- e. O(n)

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Find  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$ ,  $a_3$ ,  $a_4$  if  $a_n$  is recursively defined by:

BASIS STEP.  $a_1 = 3$ ,  $a_2 = 2$ 

RECURSIVE STEP.  $a_n = 4a_{n-1} - 3a_{n-2}$  for n > 2

- a. 3, 2, -1, -10
- o b. 3, 2, -1, -7
- oc. None of the other choices is correct
- d. 3, 2, 6, 18
- e. 2, 3, -1, -7



Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

The integers  $a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n$  are pairwise relatively prime if  $gcd(a_i, a_j) = 1$  whenever  $1 \le i < j \le n$ .

Suppose 21, 25, m are pairwise relative prime. Select m from the following integers or say that no such m.

- a. 6
- o b. 5
- o. 7
- d. 8
- e. No such m



Question 29
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Find a + b if
a = -37 mod 7
and b = 37 mod 7

a. 10
b. -1
c. 0
d. 7

e. None of these

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

To prove the  $2^n < n!$ , for  $n \ge 4$  we use mathematical induction.

Make the correct order for the following proof.

- 1. Suppose for every  $k \ge 4, 2^k < k!$
- 2. Therefore, the statement is true for every  $n \ge 4$ .
- 3.  $2^4 < 4!$
- 4. We have

$$2^{k+1} = 2 \cdot 2^k < 2 \cdot k! < \left(k+1\right)k! = \left(k+1\right)!$$

- a. None of the other choices is correct
- b. 3, 1, 4, 2
- o. 3, 1, 2, 4
- d. 1, 3, 2, 4
- e. 3, 2, 1, 4

