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Marcy received her Juris Doctor from New England School of Law in Boston, Massachusetts, and her Bachelor of Arts degree in Political Science and History from the College of Charleston in South Carolina.

Health Reimbursement Arrangements

- Final rule released on June 13 with effective date of January 1, 2020.
- Establishes two new HRA options:
 - Individual coverage HRAs: Allows employers to offer an HRA to be used for the purpose of purchasing individual health coverage in lieu of a traditional group health plan; intended for employers not offering a group health plan.
 - Excepted-benefit HRAs: Allows funds to be used for other coverage options, to include STPs; Available only if employers offer a group health plan and employers are not permitted to offer employees both an HRA for purchase of individual health coverage and an HRA for excepted benefits.

Individual coverage HRAs

- Allows employers to offer an HRA for tax-preferred funds to be used for the purpose of paying all or a portion of individual health coverage in lieu of a group health plan.
- Available on a class-by-class basis, with employers permitted to create classes of employees
 around certain employment distinctions, such as salaried workers versus hourly workers, fulltime workers versus part-time workers, and workers in certain geographic areas.
- Employers may offer either an individual coverage HRA or a traditional group health plan within an employee class, but may not offer employees a choice between the two.
- Employers will be able to maintain their existing group health plan for current enrollees, with new hires offered an individual coverage HRA.
- These plans must be offered on the same terms for all employees in a class of employees, although employers may increase the HRA amount for older workers and and for workers with more dependents.
- HRA sponsors would need to provide a disclosure to employees on the type of HRA being
 offered and to notify eligible participants that they would not be eligible for the ACA's
 advanced premium tax credits if receiving an HRA and enrolling in individual health
 coverage.

Excepted-benefit HRAs

 Permits an employer to offer employees an HRA for excepted benefits - but not individual coverage.

• Employers are not permitted to offer employees both an HRA for purchase of individual

health coverage and an HRA for excepted benefits.

 Permits employers that offer traditional group health plans to provide an HRA of up to \$1,800 per year, indexed to inflation, to reimburse an employee for certain qualified medical expenses, including premiums for short-term plans.

 Excepted benefits must not be an integral part of the health plan, the HRA must be made available under the same terms to similarly situated individuals, and the HRA cannot provide reimbursement for premiums for traditional health insurance coverage.

 This HRA could be available even if the employee doesn't enroll in the traditional group health plan.

Potential Legal Challenges to HRA Rule

- Does the Trump Administration have the legal authority to issue the rule to substantively change the nature of HRAs without changes in statute enacted by Congress?
- Does this rule cause potential issues with discrimination among employee classes?



Texas v. United States (precursor)

The 2012 landmark Supreme Court ruling in NFIB v. Sebelius upheld the ACA as constitutional and the individual mandate as permissible under Congress's taxing powers.

The 5-4 ruling, led by Chief Justice John Roberts concluded that Congress could not force people to purchase health insurance but could tax those who fail to do so.

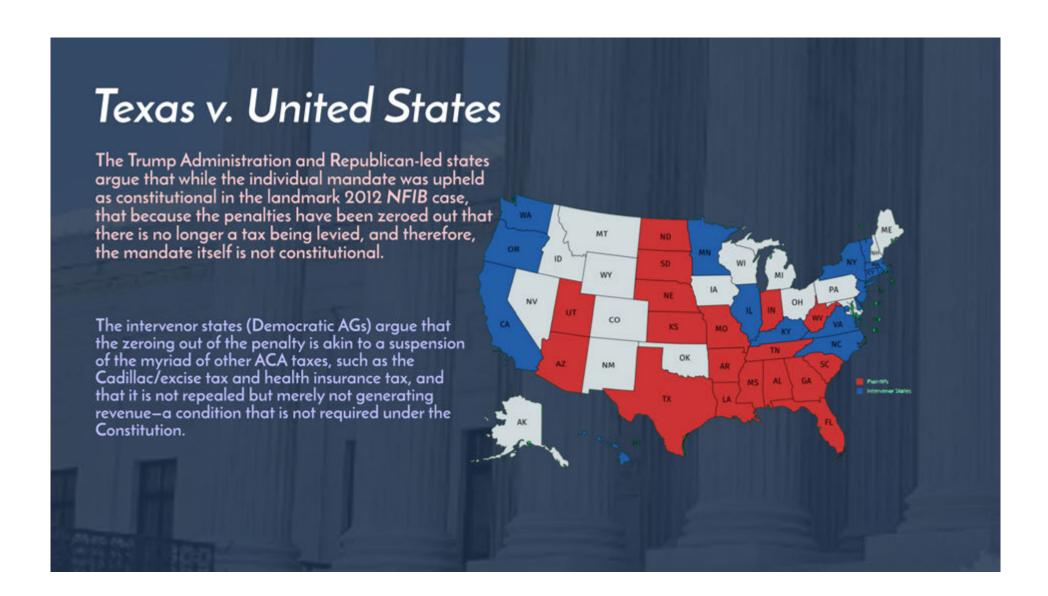
By upholding the mandate as a tax, the court did not consider the question of whether the ACA could exist if there was no mandate. This was potentially under review because the ACA does not include a severability clause to allow the law to exist if sections are struck down.

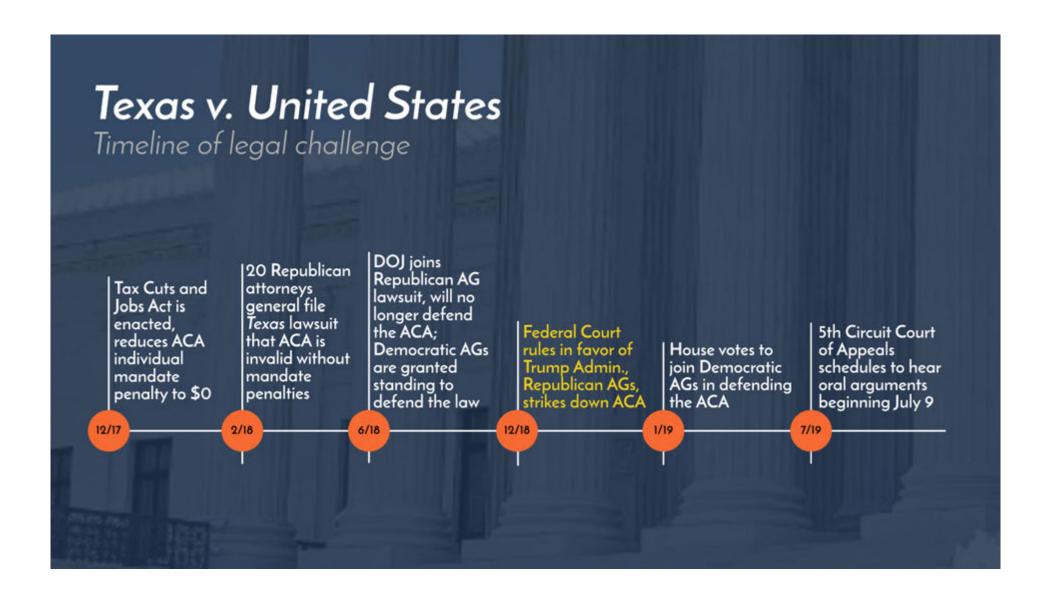
Majority:

Roberts Ginsburg Breyer Sotomayor Kagan

Dissenting:

Scalia Kennedy Thomas Alito





Texas v. United States

Supreme Court Preview

Since the 2012 NFIB ruling, two of the dissenting justices have been replaced by Trumpappointed justices. If the Texas case reaches the Supreme Court, it would still need to flip at least one of the majority-ruling justices who upheld the ACA and individual mandate in 2012.

NFIB Majority: Dissenting:

Kagan

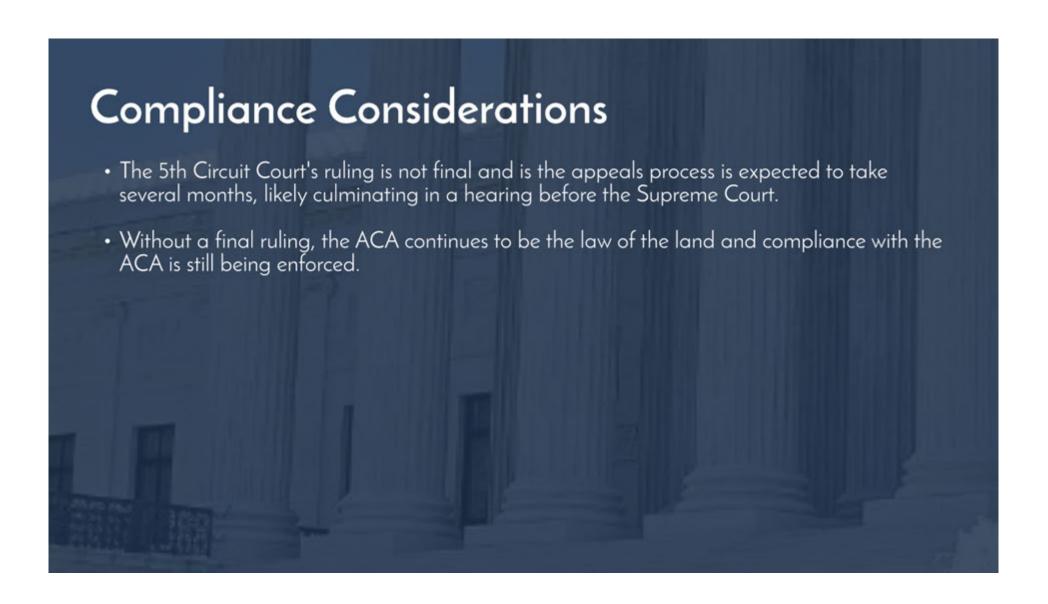
Roberts Scalia (seat now held by Gorsuch) Ginsburg

Kennedy (seat now held by Kavanaugh)

Thomas Brever Alito Sotomayor



If courts strike the ACA, the Trump Administration would lose virtually all rule-making powers currently used for its healthcare agenda on prescription drug reform, opioid response, provider reimbursement, value-based care and cost containment efforts.





Association Health Plans

- Changes the definition of a bona fide association, allowing an association to be created for the purpose of offering insurance
- · It must offer at least one other service for members, besides insurance coverage
- May be formed not just with groups that share a common interest, but also groups whose
 members are in the same trade, industry, line of business or profession, regardless of
 location or alternatively, to be based on location
- All employer members of the group would be counted together as a large group each small employer would not have to be counted based on their own size
- Individual employers, as well as any of their individual employees could not be rated based on health status.
- It allows working owners, even if they have no other employees, to be considered as both the employer and employee and participate in the AHP
- State laws are not preempted. States have regulatory authority today over both fully insured and self-funded MEWAs. Self-insured plans also aren't exempt from all ACA requirements and most have comprehensive coverage.

Association Health Plans

Staggered implementation dates:

September 1, 2018 - All associations (new or existing) may establish a fully insured AHP

January 1, 2019 - Existing associations that sponsored an AHP on or before the date the final rule was published may establish a self-funded AHP

April 1, 2019 - All other associations (new or existing) may establish a self-funded AHP

Legal Challenge to AHP Final Rule

State of New York v. United States Department of Labor

In March, U.S. District Court Judge John Bates, a George W. Bush appointee, ruled that the Administration's efforts to expand the availability of health plans that don't meet the coverage rules of the ACA, and arguably violate ERISA, is a deliberate and illegal "end run" around the federal healthcare law.

Judge Bates specifically cited what many believe to be a direct violation of ERISA in the AHP rule's attempt to change the definition of employer to allow an association to be formed for the sole purpose of offering health insurance – as long as one other service is provided to members – and to allow working owners with no employees to be counted as both the employer and employee in joining a group AHP.

ERISA, signed into law in 1974, established standards for private-sector pension, health and other employee benefit plans, increasing protections for plan participants and their families.

Status Pending Appeal

The Administration opted to appeal the lower court's ruling to the D.C. Court of Appeals and has not rescinded or revised the final rule.

The Administration released two rounds of guidance on the AHP rule pending appeal:

- April 2019 Guidance confirms that state insurance departments continue to have the authority to oversee AHPs and that claims must be paid.
- May 2019 Guidance confirms that AHPs cannot market to or enroll new members, although previously-existing AHPs are allowed to continue to operate.

S. 1170 is currently pending in the Senate with 28 cosponsors (all Republican) that would codify the AHP rules into statute. It is **not** expected to become law under the current Congress.



Short-Term Plans

- The final rule effectively ends the policy established by the Obama Administration in 2016 restricting the length of time for STPs.
- It restores the maximum duration of STPs to up to 364 days as previously permitted, with the ability to renew for up to 36 months at the carrier's discretion.
- Includes increased consumer protections, specifically requiring insurers to clearly
 disclose the type of policy the individual is choosing and that these plans do not
 offer the same coverage as individual plans under the ACA.
- Defers to state regulators on the implementation of the rule:
 - States are permitted to adopt a definition with a shorter maximum initial duration, prohibit renewals or extensions of short-term plans, or require additional insurer disclosures.
- STPs cannot be used in conjunction with the new individual coverage HRAs, but are eligible for the new excepted benefit HRAs.

Legal Challenge to STP Final Rule

Association for Community Affiliated Plans v. United States Department of the Treasury

A coalition of consumer advocates sued the Trump Administration to have the STP final rule rescinded, arguing that the rule is against Congressional intent of the ACA, and is destabilizing insurance markets with plans marketed as primary coverage.

In May, U.S. District Court Judge Richard Leon heard oral arguments. A ruling is expected in the coming weeks, but is expected to uphold the STP final rule. Regardless of the ruling, it is expected to be appealed.

The House voted 234-183 in May to rescind the STP final rule. However, given the Republican control of the Senate, attempts to rescind any Trump Administration guidance are effectively moot.

Trump Administration Priorities

Selling Insurance Across State Lines

 RFI issued in March asks how to eliminate barriers for insurers to sell health insurance coverage across state lines. NAHU submitted comments in May noting concerns with uneven state oversight, negligible advantages, and the importance of not preempting or impeding on the role of states as the primary regulators of health insurance.

America First Prescription Drug Initiative

- Prescription drug rebating rule is expecting very soon and would eliminate rebates from pharmaceutical companies to PBMs in Medicare Part D and in Medicaid managed care organizations. NAHU submitted comments in April.
- HHS issued final rule in May to require pharmaceutical companies to disclose drug prices in direct-to-consumer advertising. Drugs will now be required to include the list price if it is equal to or greater than \$35 for a month's supply or the usual course of therapy.

Trump Administration Priorities

2020 Payment Parameters

- Modifies the duties and training requirements for navigators, who are now authorized but not required to provide certain types of assistance, including post-enrollment assistance.
- Provides greater flexibility for direct-enrollment entities and additional oversight and transparency. Web brokers will be required to provide the agency with a list of brokers and agents that use their platforms.
- Added several definitions related to web brokers.
- Did not make changes to cost-sharing reductions, re-enrollments, cost-sharing, or mid-year formulary changes.

Preserving Grandfathered Plans

 RFI issued in February asked for input on the maintenance of grandfathered plans under the ACA. NAHU submitted comments in March on grandfathered and grandmothered plans, ERISA electronic distribution rules, and our support of high risk pools and reinsurance.

Legislative Advocacy



NAHU regularly works directly with policymakers to support or oppose legislation and regulations that impact our industry.

In some situations, bringing less attention to an issue may be the most beneficial to achieving our policy objective.

Operation Shout! is NAHU's premier grassroots tool for members.

In order to amplify our message and maximize our reach, we utilize Operation Shout for NAHU members to send messages to their legislators asking them to support or oppose certain bills or to alert them of major legislative issues.

With the combined voice of our members we can help to underscore the importance of our message and the extensiveness of our agent and broker community.



Coalition Efforts

NAHU belongs to several industry related coalitions that help to amplify our message in Washington and work strategically to achieve the best results for our policy issues.

COALITION AGAINST

SURPRISE MEDICAL BILLING



PARTNERSHIP FOR **EMPLOYER-SPONSORED COVERAGE** HEALTHCARE LEADERSHIP C&UNCIL







HEALTH COVERAGE



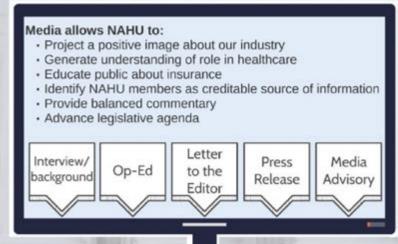






Stop the 40% tax on health benefits

Media







NAHU's legislative efforts are made possible because of our longstanding relationships that we have forged with Senators and members of Congress who support our issues and backed legislation to help agents, brokers, employers, and consumers alike.

Through its combined contributions of agents and brokers across the country, HUPAC is able to support legislators who have a proven record of fighting on our behalf.

HUPAC funds allow NAHU to have a seat at the table and a voice in the discussion as policymakers consider healthcare reform legislation.







I INDUSTRY HEADLINES

Smart benefits: Certain wellness program incentive limits eliminated Jan. 1

decades: In 2014, the ESOC based final rules describing how ACA and DNA soph is employer-isportant solviers programs. The final ACA rules and the financines to employee into severe disability-instead sections or underline medical section as part of a program routelffin socied 30 persion of the solid loss of self-only health coverings, while the final ONA rules steed the employee could life an investical of all on 30 persion of the solid cost of investigation as employee which exploses provides information about their health violation as part of the employee inchines approach.

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Commercial, managed care insurance sectors profits | 1 4 II II

realtifus monjano. Commercial and managed care payers experienced significant third quarter profits, The control of the co

Health care has become a big issue for many Americans over the past few years. As Health can has become a big save for many Americans over the paint for years. As the costs of what the continues to save finalise without health instruction are looking for-moting without providing needed services. The Federica Triads Commission excently embedded that allered jumps and down a Princial-sead operation must be accounted of continues of the allered jumps and down a Princial-sead operation must be accounted of collecting mass than \$100 million thy praying on Americans in search of health missaces, selfor place consumes worknots given the fill fill self of throughold of people missaces, selfor place consumes worknots given the fill fill self of throughold of people accounted.

PLUS experts: One of the biggest gaps in cyber is explaining it to customers

* Trump Administration Sweks Greater Marketplace Verification Standards What's one of the biggest gaps in cyber? Good communication between the insurance induciny and customers, who are in need of more than just produce to help protect them from risks in the repolly changing digital world. That was the consensus from a panel of expents speaking recently at the annual PLUS conference in dountown San Diego, CA. Register for Next Yosek's Webinst on the Election's Impact on Healthcare Issues

What the Amazon, Berkshire Hathaway, JPMorgan deal | 1 w 0 = means for payers

and JPMorgan Chase is either the major disruptor everyone in the industry has been awaiting or means little except to the three companies involved. Since the firms have



November 9, 2018

ACAPrime Reporting

a Fast Facts

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total Seeks Repost
of Cadillat and
Premium Taxes in
Lame Duck

Healthcare Happy Hout: Can Ghothel Government Achieve Compromise in Healthcare shead of 20007

Save \$100 on Capital

Open Envolvment Is Underway, Are You Conflor?

- As a result of Tuesdar's molecum atections. Democratic will stress the Husse of Representations and Republicans have expanded their Senate majority for the 118th Congress.
- beginning in January.
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- There is price held baild resource on healthcare signified toware, multiple planes, featuress and total, which whether segant their feet cloud programs.
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Midtern Election Results in Soll Government and

The middern elections on Tuesday repulled in a rotum to divided poleniment, as Democrats will recise the House d'Rapnesental and Republicans expended their Senate majority. Read More

NAHU Seeks Repeal of Cadillac and Premium Taxes in

tame duck session through red-December block of their attention is expected to be focused on . Read More

Healthcare Happy Hour: Can Divided Government Achieve Compromise in Healthcare shead of 20207

One of the most-hipped middern stackings in memory came to a close on Tuesday, and New Y Warry W. Suchner, John Creans and Chris Hartmann analide the results and ehalther could mean. Read More

State Spotlight: Utah, Idaho and Nebraska Vote in Favor of Medicald Expansion

Tuesday's midwim elections, which could edend coverage to an estimated 325,000 lose income people... Read More

Trump Administration Seeks Greater Marketplace Verification Standards

On Findmantine CRE insural a proposed rule related to annural find

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The Democrate have taken back the House and Republicans have expanded their requirity in the Senate, ensuring ten years, of decided government, Read More

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 State Spelight Utah, state and Netrania Vote in Favor of Medicaid Expansion Early registration is available now through hovember 28 for NVHC/s 29b Avious Capital Continence For more than a quarter pertury. NAVA) members have been. Read More

Open Enrollment is Underway: Are You Certified?

December 15 for the federal marketplace. Read More

HUPAC Roundup: A Congressional Split

It was a manumental event around the country with Election Cay taking center stage on Turesday. After an intense before for Congress over the sout several months. Read More

What We're Reading

Although Congressional elections took carrier stage his week, significant healthcare changes were made as well... Read More

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Operation Shout!

Take Action

NAHU is very concerned about ongoing discussions in Congress that would undermine the employer-sponsored health insurance system by eliminating or placing a cap on the employer is a sortial to the health insurance. More than 175 million Americans currently incerve their coverage through this system, largely due to the tax exclusion where employers is possible contributions for an employer's incertain insurance that are excluded from that employer's compensation for income and payroll tax purposes. Eliminating the exclusion to would eliminate the incerently for employer promoted insurance writing capping it would degreate the benefit and serve as a tax increase for middle-class Americans.

The emology encessed system is highly efficient at providing American workers and their femilies with affordable coverage options through group purchasing and its associated economies of scale by spreading risk and avoiding all exists selection. Eliminating the succlusion would eliminate most of the benefits of employee-sponsored insurance, including the means for spreading risk among healthy and uthreathly individuals and group purchasing efficiencies. Capping the exclusion for employees would deviate the benefit and result in a significant tax increase for misolectics. Americans, forcing many to single employee should not significant tax increase for misolectics. Americans, forcing many to single employee should be also the visual and the control of the contr with the typical rise in healthcare expenses.

The employer exclusion tax benefit makes employer-sponsored health insurance a valuable senefit for workers. We urge Conjess to maintain the system that has worked for Americans for decades, and present employer-sponsored health insurance through the Americans no declades, and present employers proposition presim instance innount for continuation of the employer suclusion because it preserves the employer system for health insurance for the vast majority of Americans. Over the coming weeks, as Congress discusses venous healthcare reform proposals, we want to be sure that they hear directly from agents, brakes and employee about the value of the employer has exclusion. You can help us spread the message by taking action below

- 1. Contact your senators and representative. Send an Operation Shout today esking your fraceast registators to copose the elimination or cap of the employer tax exclusion of health insurance in any healthcare reform legislative proposals. You can also call your legislations at the numbers below.
 2. Tell your employer clients to take addion. Your employer clients would be most directly impacted by the elimination or cap of the employer tax exclusion. Tell them to taxe action sharing any the exclusion must be preserved in any healthcare reform regislative proposals. Tell them to taxe action bears and the proposals are all the employers and the proposals. Tell them to taxe action bears of including the proposals who works closely with employers to the proposal tax end using employers proposals health insurance, you clients. Studies from your clients will demonstrate the value of the exclusion and the need to preserve it. We will share your stories with appropriate legislations and staff. You can share your story taxe. staff. You can share your story back.

Take action today and tell your federal legislators to keep the employer exclusion tax benefit!

Take Action

Don't want to send an email? No problem, you can also reach your legislators by phone. Rep. George Holding (R) can be reached at (202) 226-2032. Ben. Richard Surf (R) can be reached at (202) 226-2144. Sen. Thom Tillis (R) can be reached at (202) 224-6342.

This call no action is designed as on email message no year legislature. You are valueme no use the property near

Contribute!

Few other industries are as heavily regulated as health insurance. Your success, and that of your clients, is directly dependent upon the actions of Congress. It is absolutely critical that we help those Congressional candidates who support private sector health insurance.

Support legislators who fight for agents and brokers and the employer-based system



Resources

As insurance brokers trained in risk management, it is our job to analyze and identify risks that might adversely affect our client's business objectives. Compliance with federal statutes and regulations in the areas of insurance, labor and taxes is a daunting task for many of our employer clients.

With the NAHU Compliance Corner, you now have a one-stop place to find the majority of federal statutes that affect the employee benefits world.



