

summary

business department





لممسوحة ضوئيا بـ CamScanner

Accounting for shareholder's equity

The Differences Between the Ordinary Shares and the Preference Shares

Ordinary shares	Preference shares	
1) The holders ranked after the preference	1)The holders have the right to take the	
shares 'holders for the dividends and the	Dividends and the liquidation distribution before the ordinary	
liquidation distribution.	shares' holders.	
2)The holders have the voting right	2) The holders do not havethe voting right in the general	
in the general assembly.	assembly.	
(US-GAAP) *Common Shares	US-GAAP) *Preferred Shares	
• الاسهم العاديه: يصنف حامل الاسهم العاديه دائما بعد حاملي الاسهم الممتازه حتى في	• الاسهم الممتازه: حاملي الاسهم الممتازه دائما بياخدو نسبتهم من توزيعات الارباح و الخسائر قبل اصحاب الاسهم العاديه	
توزيعات الارباح و الخسائر بياخدو نصيبهم بعد اصحاب الاسهم الممتازه و لو مفيش فلوس تتوزع مفيش اي مشاكل عادي جدا يعني مش بياخدو نسبه ثابته من التوزيعات دي	و بتكون نسبه ثابته	
• وليهم حق التصويت على قرارات الشركه في اجتماعات الجمعيه العموميه	• وليس لهم حق التصويت على قرارات الشركه في اجتماعات الجمعيه العموميه	

The Difference Between the Par Value and the Issuance Price of the Share

Par value	Issu	ance Price
 It is the face value of the share. It is the written amount on the share 	 It is the selling price of the or more than it only. 	e share and it maybe <u>equal par value</u>
القيمه الاسميه: و القيمه المطبوعه و المكتوبه على السهم و مش شرط انه يتداول بالقيمه المطبوعه عليه المطبوعه عليه المطبوعة ا	between them is share pr	re than the par value, the difference emium. سعر بيع السهم و ده ليه احتمالين يكون هو هو السعر المكتوب علي السه share premium



Components of Equity

is often classified on the statement of financial position into the following categories:

+Share capital ordinary (Number of ordinary issued shares x par value)	
+ share premium ordinary (Number of ordinary issued shares x premium)	
+ share capital preferences (Number of Preference issued shares x par value)	
+ share premium preference (Number of Preference issued shares x premium)	
+ Retained Earnings	
+/- accumulated other comprehensive income or Loss	
- treasury shares (repurchased shares)	
+Non controlling interest (minority interest)	
Total Equity	

- Contributed capital ordinary = Share capital ordinary +share Premium ordinary
- Contributed capital Preference = share capital Preference +share Premium Preference
- Total contributed capital = contributed capital ordinary + contributed capital Preference

Number of shares

The Authorized Shares, the Issued Shares, treasury shares and the Outstanding Shares

1) Authorized shares:

They are the maximum no. of shares that the co. can issue in the future.

اقصى عدد اسهم مصرح باصداراها ده العدد اللي الشركه ممكن تصدره و مش شرط تصدر كل العدد غالبا بتصدر اقل

2) Issued shares:

They are the portion of authorized shares that have been issued (sold) actually.

(They are the capital share that should be presented in the balance sheet as ordinary share or preference share.)

عدد الاسهم اللتي اصدرت فعليا من الشركه و مقسمه الى ordinary & Preference

3)Treasury shares:

They are the shares of the co. which Not sold (repurchased shares)

اسهم الخزينه هي جزء من الاسهم اللتي اصدرت و لسه لم تباع او اتباعت و اشترينها تاني و موجوده في الشركه

4)Outstanding shares:

They are the shares of the co. which available for salein the security exchange market.

②Outstanding shares= (Issued shares -Treasury shares)

الاسهم الموجوده فعليا و تم طرحها و بيعها في البورصه للمستثمرين و دي عباره عن الاسهم المصدره - الاسهم الغير المباعه



2 types of capital on the equity section

Contributed (Paid) capital	Earned capital
+Share capital (Number of issued shares x par value)	Retained earnings
+ share premium (Number of issued shares x premium)	Net income
	Other reserves
	 Accumulated other comprehensive income or loss
	Share Premium treasury
• يمثل الفلوس المحصله من اصحاب الاسهم العلاه علي هذه الاسهم	 يمثل الفلوس اللي زودت ال Capital خلال الفتره زي المكاسب NI و زي الارباح المحتجزه و الاحتياطيات النقديه و العلاوه على اسهم الخزينه

The equity section on the statement of financial Position

...

XXX company
The statement of financial position

At/.....

Authorized Capital:		
# of shares authorized at Par value \$	-	
Paid (Contributed) Capital		
Share Capital	XXX	
Share Premium	XXX	
Paid contributed capital		XXXX
Earned capital		
Retained earnings	XXX	
Net income	XXX	
Other reserves	XXX	
Share Premium treasury	XXX	
Earned capital		XXX
 (-)treasury shares 	(xxx)	(xxx)
Total equity		Xxxx



Issuing shares For cash

When the co. issues its shares by the par value or more than. The entry of issuance of the ordinary (preference) shares will be as follows:

يتم اصدار السهم بالسعر المطبوع عليه او اعلى و لو اعلى من السعر المطبوع عليه في الحاله دي يكون في Premium و ده بنحسبه عباره عن الفرق بين ال (issuance price - par value) وهنا بناخد الفلوس اللي بيعنا بيها Cash

the issuance Entry will be as follow:

Date	Explanation	Dr	Cr
Issuing	Cash+ (1)	Xxx	
date	Share capital (ordinary or preference + (2)		Xxx
	Share premium (ordinary or preference + (3)		

No. of shares (Ordinary or Preference):

- 1) cash = No. issued shares x issuance Price (selling price)
- 2) share capital = No. issued shares x par value
- 3) share premium = No. issued shares x (issuance price par value)

Issuing shares For Non cash

في الحاله دي الشركه هتشتري Asset او هتستفيد باي خدمه ولكن بدل ما هتدفع فلوس cash هنصدر اسهم shares هنبيع السهم و لكن مقابل اننا هناخد Asset في الحاله دي هنسجل ال Asset بال Market value بتاعه لكن لو ال (not given) MV هنستخدم ال MV of shares

The general rule:

Companies should record shares issued for services or property other than cashat the fair value of the goods or services received.

MV of assets is Known so we record asset by its Market value لو القيمه السوقيه للاصل معروفه في الحاله دي هنسجله بال MV of shares ونسجل بيها الاصل لو القيمه السوقيه للاصل معروفه في الحاله دي هنسجله بال MV of shares

1-the issuance Entry for ordinary shares:

Explanation	Dr	Cr
Asset or expense +	Xx	
Share capital (ordinary or Preference) +		XX
Share premium (ordinary or preference)+		XX



Accounting for treasury shares

1- (Purchasing) treasury Shares: (Reacquisition of Shares)

The co. uses the cost method to account for treasury shares.

Treasury shares, reduce shareholders' equity.

هنا الشركه هتعيد شراء الاسهم بتاعتها تاني وهتاخدها تحطها في الخزنه معني كده ان ال Cash هيقل في ال Cr وال Treasury shares هتريد في ال Dr هتريد في ال

Treasury shares (+)		Xx	
	Cash(-)		Xx

2- (Selling) of treasury Shares:

A company sell the treasury shares by selling Price

Above Cost The Selling Price > Cost of T.S.	Below Cost (2) The Selling Price < Cost of T.S.
We record the difference as:	1)Decreasethe "Share-premium-Treasury"if there is a credit balance in this account.
Share premium(Treasury), and the entrywill be as follows:	2)If there is no balance of Share-premium-Treasury."account or the balance is less thanthe difference, we decrease the "R/E" by the
Cash (selling Price) (+) Treasury shares(Cost) Share Premium (treasury) Xx Xx Xx Yx Yx Treasury shares بس بسعر اعلي من التكلفه يعني	
ه المكسب ده هنحمله علي ال Share premium treasury و طبيعته Cr المكسب ده هنحمله علي ال Cr المكسب ده هنحمله علي ال	خد بالك احنا هنا هنبيع ال Treasury shares بس بسعر بيع اقل من التكلفه يعني بخساره الخساره ييزيد في بيزيد في Share Preimum treasury من رصيد ال RE ونقللها هنحمل الخساره دي على ال RE ونقللها



Accounting for Preference shares

Types of Preference Shares

Allocating Dividends between ordinary shares and Preference shares but Dividends should be Paid to Preference shares First

• Annual Dividends of Preference shares = Par Value of Preference shares x % Dividends rate

1st:Cumulative or non-cumulative preference share:

Cumulative Preference share	Non Cumulative Preference share
It means any dividends not paid in previous year (s)	It means the shareholders take the dividends in the year of
to preference share (dividend in arrears), must be paid in the year of	distribution only, so, no previous years dividends (no dividends in
distribution firstly before distributing any dividends to the ordinary share.	arrears).
تراكمي بمعني ان حتى لو الشركه لم توزع ارياح السنه اللي فاتت او اللي قبلها لكن هتوزع السنه دي بياخد	ده بقي لو الشركه ما وزعتش ارياح السنه اللي فاتت او اللي قبلها لكن هتوزع السنه دي بياخد
حقه القديم الاول بتاع السنين المتأخره و بعد كده ياخد ارياح السنه الجديده	توزيعات ارباح السنه دي بس لكن اللي مش بياخد التوزيعات المتأخره

2nd Participative or Non Participative Preference shares

Participative preference share	Non - participative preference share
it means that the preference shareholders will participate the ordinary	It means the remainder of dividends
shareholdersin the excessive dividends over the rate of preference	will be to the ordinary shareholders only.
shares dividends. There are 2 kinds of participation as follows:	
1- Full participation.	
2- Limited participation (with maximum %).	Non Participative معناه ان بعد ما بياخد نصيبه من الارياح كده حلو اوي و الباقي يتوزع على
Participative بمعني انه بعد ما بياخد نصبيه في الارباح و كله تمام بيشارك كمان ال ordinary في الباقي با اما	Common بشکل طبیعی
بيقسمه معاه او بياخد ب limit معين	

Convertible Preference Shares : الأسهم الممتازة القابلة للتحويل (Convertible Preference Shares الأسهم الممتازة القابلة للاستدعاء) (Callable Preference Shares الأسهم الممتازة القابلة للاسترداد (Redeemable Preference Shares

