### Advanced R Programming - Lecture 4

Leif Jonsson

Linköping University

leif.jonsson@ericsson.com leif.r.jonsson@liu.se

September 4, 2016

STIMA LiU

### Today

Linear algebra using R

Dynamic reporting with knitr and R-markdown

ggplot2

Object orientation

# Questions since last time?

# Big Bang Theory!



Figure: Rock-paper-scissors according to Sheldon!

## sheldon\_game

```
sheldon_game <- function(player1, player2){</pre>
         alt <- c("rock", "lizard", "spock", "scissors",
         stopifnot(player1 %in% alt, player2 %in% alt)
         alt1 <- which (alt %in% player1)
         alt2 <- which (alt %in% player2)
         if (any ((alt1 + c(1,3)) \frac{6}{2} 5 = alt2)) {
                 return ("Player_1_wins!")
        } else {
                 return (" Player _2 _ wins!")
         return("Draw!")
```

# Linear algebra in R

Basics in base

Uses LINPACK or LAPACK

Extra functionality : Matrix package (extra LAPACK functionality)

### Linear algebra

```
# Create matrix
A < - matrix(1:9, ncol=3)
# Block matrices
cbind(A,A)
rbind (A, A)
# Transpose
t(A)
# Addition and subtraction
A + A
A - A
# Matrix multiplication
A%*%A
```

### Linear algebra

```
# Eigenvalues
eigen (A)
# Determinants
det(A)
# Matrix factorization
svd(A)
qr(A)
# Cholesky decomposition
chol(A)
```

ggplot2

# Donald E. Knuth, Literate Programming, 1984

Let us change our traditional attitude to the construction of programs: Instead of imagining that our main task is to instruct a computer what to do, let us concentrate rather on explaining to humans what we want the computer to do.

- Donald E. Knuth, Literate Programming, 1984

# Background

Reproducible research

Dynamic reporting with knitr and R-markdown

Literate programming

Dynamic (repeated) reports

(Tutorials)

#### markdown



simple markup language

alternative to HTML (and LaTeX)

developed further by R-studio (see coursepage)

Add R to markdown

STIMA LiU

Add R to markdown



.rmd

Figure: Flow

#### Add R to markdown

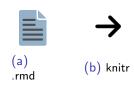


Figure: Flow

#### Add R to markdown

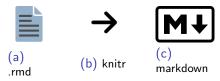
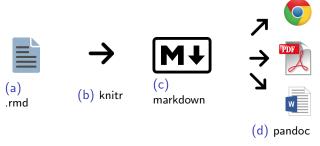


Figure: Flow

#### Add R to markdown



# Background

popular visualization package

"The grammar of graphics"

- the language of visualization

flexible

ggplot examples

# Background

Create a graph layer by layer

Store as object (print to plot)

Three (main) parts:

data The data to visualize (data.frame)
geom The geometric representation of data
aes The mapping of colors/shape to data

#### geom

aes

x y size color shape

# Special aes

geom Special aes

geom\_point point shape, point size

geom\_line line type, line size

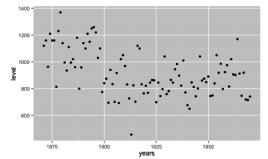
geom\_bar y min, y max, fill color, outline color

### GGPlot2: Example

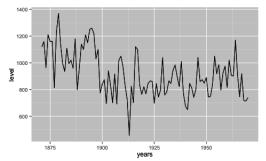
```
library(ggplot2)

# Preprocessing
data(Nile)
Nile <- as.data.frame(Nile)
colnames(Nile) <- "level"
Nile$years <- 1871:1970
Nile$period <- "-_1900"
Nile$period [Nile$years >= 1900] <- "1900_-_1945"
Nile$period [Nile$years > 1945] <- "1945_+_"
Nile$period <- as.factor(Nile$period)</pre>
```

# GGPlot2: geom\_point



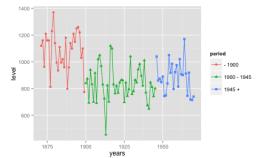
# GGPlot2: geom\_line



### GGPlot2: geom\_line + geom\_line + colors!

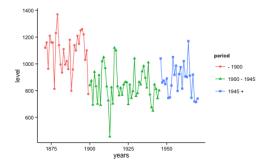
```
pl <-
        ggplot(data=Nile) +
        aes(x=years, y=level, color=period) +
        geom_line(aes(type=period)) +
       geom_point(aes(shape=period))
```

pΙ





### GGPlot2: use BW theme



### Object orientation

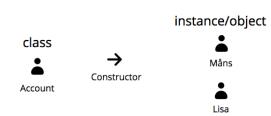
Programming paradigm

Mutable states

Key abstraction is "an object"

R is not purely object oriented

## Object orientation





Object orientation

### Object orientation

#### **Fields**

currency (12/24) : class variable current\_amount : object variable no\_withdraws : object variable

#### Methods

insert()
withdraw()

### Inheritance



Savings



methods from



Account

# Object orientation in R

S3

Simple

Methods belongs to functions

# Object orientation in R

S3	S4	
Simple	More formal	
Methods belongs	Methods belongs	
to functions	to functions	
	@Fields	
	Parents	

# Object orientation in R

S3		S4		RC	
Simple		More formal		Latest (R 2.12)	
Methods l	oelongs	Methods	belongs	no copy-on-modify	
to functions		to functions			
		@Fields		Methods	belongs
				to objects	
		Parents		Objects	have
				Fields an	d meth-
				ods \$	

**S**3

```
\# Create object x <- 1:100 class (x) <- "my_numeric"
```

STIMA LiU

**S**3

```
# Create object
x <- 1:100
class(x) <- "my_numeric"
# Create generic function
f <- function(x) UseMethod("f")</pre>
```

Linear algebra using R

### **RC**

```
# Create object with fields and methods
Account <- setRefClass("Account",
        fields = list (balance = "numeric"),
        methods = list(
                withdraw = function(x) {
                         balance <<- balance - x
                 deposit = function(x)  {
                         balance <<- balance + x
object$copy()
```

The End... for today. Questions? See you next time!

Object orientation